## Analysis on Netflix Movies & TV Shows

Netflix is a popular service that people across the world use for entertainment. In this EDA, I will explore the netflix-shows dataset through visualizations and graphs using matplotlib and seaborn.

## Package Install and Import

First, we wil install and import necessary packages

```
import jovian
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib
```

```
netflix_titles_df = pd.read_csv('netflix_titles.csv')
netflix_titles_df.head()
```

	show_id	type	title	director	cast	country	date_added	release_year	rating	duration	listec
0	<b>s</b> 1	Movie	Dick Johnson Is Dead	Kirsten Johnson	NaN	United States	September 25, 2021	2020	PG- 13	90 min	Documenta
1	s2	TV Show	Blood & Water	NaN	Ama Qamata, Khosi Ngema, Gail Mabalane, Thaban	South Africa	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	2 Seasons	Internatio TV Shows, Dramas, Myste
2	<b>s</b> 3	TV Show	Ganglands	Julien Leclercq	Sami Bouajila, Tracy Gotoas, Samuel Jouy, Nabi	NaN	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	1 Season	Crime Sho Internatio TV Shows, A
3	s4	TV Show	Jailbirds New Orleans	NaN	NaN	NaN	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	1 Season	Docuser Reality
4	s5	TV Show	Kota Factory	NaN	Mayur More, Jitendra Kumar, Ranjan Raj, Alam K	India	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	2 Seasons	Internatio TV Sho Romantic Shows, T\

## **Data Prepartion and Cleaning**

```
netflix_titles_df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 8807 entries, 0 to 8806
Data columns (total 12 columns):
    Column
                  Non-Null Count Dtype
                  _____
    -----
0
    show_id
                  8807 non-null
                                  object
 1
    type
                  8807 non-null
                                 object
 2
    title
                  8807 non-null
                                  object
 3
                  6173 non-null
    director
                                  object
 4
    cast
                  7982 non-null
                                  object
 5
    country
                  7976 non-null
                                  object
 6
    date_added
                  8797 non-null
                                  object
    release_year 8807 non-null
 7
                                  int64
                  8803 non-null
                                  object
 8
    rating
 9
    duration
                  8804 non-null
                                  object
    listed_in 8807 non-null
                                  object
   description 8807 non-null
                                  object
dtypes: int64(1), object(11)
memory usage: 825.8+ KB
```

There are 8,807 entries and 12 columns to work in this EDA. Right off the bat there are a few columns that contain null values ('director','cast','country','rating').

```
netflix_titles_df.nunique()
show_id
                 8807
                    2
type
                 8807
title
director
                 4528
                 7692
cast
country
                 748
date_added
                 1767
                   74
release_year
                   17
rating
duration
                  220
listed_in
                  514
                 8775
description
dtype: int64
```

#### Handling Null Values

We can see that for each of the columns, there are a lot different unique values for some of them. It makes sense that show\_id is large it is a unique key used to identify a movie/show. title, director, cast, country, date\_added, listed\_in, and description contain many unique values as well.

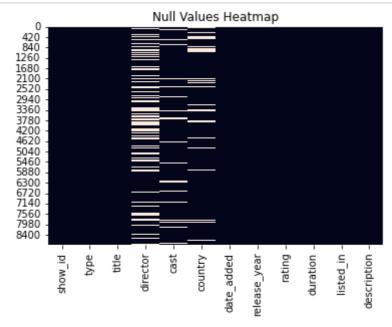
```
netflix_titles_df.isnull().values.any()
```

True

```
netflix_titles_df.isnull().sum().sum()
```

4307

```
sns.heatmap(netflix_titles_df.isnull(), cbar=False)
plt.title('Null Values Heatmap')
plt.show()
```



```
netflix_titles_df.isnull().sum()
```

show_id	0					
type	0					
title	0					
director	2634					
cast	825					
country	831					
date_added	10					
release_year	0					
rating	4					
duration	3					
listed_in	0					
description	0					
dtype: int64						

Above in the heatmap and table, we can see that there are quite a few null values in the dataset. There are a total of 4,307 null values across the entire dataset with 2,634 missing points under 'director', 825 under 'cast', 831 under 'country', 10 under 'date\_added', 4 under 'rating', and 3 under 'duration'. We will have to handle all null data points before we can dive into EDA and modeling

```
netflix_titles_df['director'].fillna('No Director', inplace=True)
netflix_titles_df['cast'].fillna('No Cast', inplace=True)
netflix_titles_df['country'].fillna('Country Unavailable', inplace=True)
netflix_titles_df.dropna(subset=['date_added','rating','duration'],inplace=True)
```

```
netflix_titles_df.isnull().any()
show_id
                 False
type
                 False
title
                 False
director
                 False
cast
                 False
country
                 False
date_added
                 False
release_year
                 False
                 False
rating
duration
                 False
listed_in
                 False
description
                 False
dtype: bool
```

For null values, the easiest way to get rid of them would be to delete the rows with the missing data. However, this wouldn't be beneficial to our EDA since there is loss of information. Since 'director', 'cast', and 'country' contain the majority of null values, I will choose to treat each missing value as unavailable. The other two labels 'date\_added' and 'rating' contains an insignificant portion of the data so I will drop them from the dataset. After, we can see that there are no more null values in the dataset.

#### Splitting the Dataset

Since the dataset can either contain movies or shows, it'd be nice to have datasets for both so we can take a deep dive into just Netflix movies or Netflix TV shows so we will create two new datasets. One for movies and the other one for shows.

```
netflix_movies_df = netflix_titles_df[netflix_titles_df['type']=='Movie'].copy()
netflix_movies_df.head()
```

	show_id	type	title	director	cast	country	date_added	release_year	rating	duration	
0	s1	Movie	Dick Johnson Is Dead	Kirsten Johnson	No Cast	United States	September 25, 2021	2020	PG- 13	90 min	D
6	s7	Movie	My Little Pony: A New Generation	Robert Cullen, José Luis Ucha	Vanessa Hudgens, Kimiko Glenn, James Marsden,	Country Unavailable	September 24, 2021	2021	PG	91 min	F

	show_id	type	title	director	cast	country	date_added	release_year	rating	duration
7	s8	Movie	Sankofa	Haile Gerima	Kofi Ghanaba, Oyafunmike Ogunlano, Alexandra D	United States, Ghana, Burkina Faso, United Kin	September 24, 2021	1993	TV- MA	125 min
9	s10	Movie	The Starling	Theodore Melfi	Melissa McCarthy, Chris O'Dowd, Kevin Kline, T	United States	September 24, 2021	2021	PG- 13	104 min
12	s13	Movie	Je Suis Karl	Christian Schwochow	Luna Wedler, Jannis Niewöhner, Milan Peschel,	Germany, Czech Republic	September 23, 2021	2021	TV- MA	127 min

netflix\_movies\_df = netflix\_titles\_df[netflix\_titles\_df['type']=='TV Show'].copy()
netflix\_movies\_df.head()

	show_id	type	title	director	cast	country	date_added	release_year	rating	duration	list
1	s2	TV Show	Blood & Water	No Director	Ama Qamata, Khosi Ngema, Gail Mabalane, Thaban	South Africa	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	2 Seasons	Internat TV SI TV Dra TV Mys
2	s3	TV Show	Ganglands	Julien Leclercq	Sami Bouajila, Tracy Gotoas, Samuel Jouy, Nabi	Country Unavailable	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	1 Season	Crin SI Internat TV SI TV
3	s4	TV Show	Jailbirds New Orleans	No Director	No Cast	Country Unavailable	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	1 Season	Docus Reali
4	<b>s</b> 5	TV Show	Kota Factory	No Director	Mayur More, Jitendra Kumar, Ranjan Raj, Alam K	India	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	2 Seasons	Internat TV SI Rom TV SI
5	s6	TV Show	Midnight Mass	Mike Flanagan	Kate Siegel, Zach Gilford, Hamish Linklater, H	Country Unavailable	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	1 Season	TV Dra TV H TV Mys

# **Exploratory Analysis and Visualization**

First we will begin analysis on the entire Netflix dataset consisting of both movies and shows. Revisiting the data, let us see how it looked like again.

ne	<pre>netflix_titles_df.head()</pre>											
	show_id	type	title	director	cast	country	date_added	release_year	rating	duration	I	
0	s1	Movie	Dick Johnson Is Dead	Kirsten Johnson	No Cast	United States	September 25, 2021	2020	PG- 13	90 min	Docume	
1	s2	TV Show	Blood & Water	No Director	Ama Qamata, Khosi Ngema, Gail Mabalane, Thaban	South Africa	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	2 Seasons	Interr TV Sho Drar M	
2	s3	TV Show	Ganglands	Julien Leclercq	Sami Bouajila, Tracy Gotoas, Samuel Jouy, Nabi	Country Unavailable	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	1 Season	Cı Interr TV Sh	
3	s4	TV Show	Jailbirds New Orleans	No Director	No Cast	Country Unavailable	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	1 Season	Doc Re	
4	s5	TV Show	Kota Factory	No Director	Mayur More, Jitendra Kumar, Ranjan Raj, Alam K	India	September 24, 2021	2021	TV- MA	2 Seasons	Interr TV Roma Show	

### **Netflix Film Types: Movie or TV Show**

It'd be interesting to see the comparison between the total number of movies and shows in this dataset just to get an idea of which one is the majority.

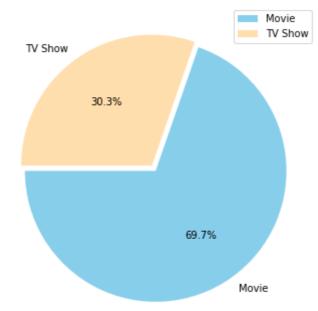
```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,5))
sns.barplot(x = "movies",data = netflix_titles_df.type, palette="pastel");
plt.title("Count of Movies and TV Shows")
plt.xlabel('Movie/TV Show')
plt.ylabel('Total Count')
plt.show()
```

```
4 plt.xlabel('Movie/TV Show')
File c:\program files\python38\lib\site-packages\seaborn\_decorators.py:46, in
_deprecate_positional_args.<locals>.inner_f(*args, **kwargs)
     36
            warnings.warn(
     37
                "Pass the following variable{} as {}keyword arg{}: {}. "
                "From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument "
     38
   (\ldots)
     43
                FutureWarning
     44
     45 kwargs.update({k: arg for k, arg in zip(sig.parameters, args)})
---> 46 return f(**kwargs)
File c:\program files\python38\lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:3182, in
barplot(x, y, hue, data, order, hue_order, estimator, ci, n_boot, units, seed, orient,
color, palette, saturation, errcolor, errwidth, capsize, dodge, ax, **kwargs)
   3169 @_deprecate_positional_args
  3170 def barplot(
            *,
   3171
   (\ldots)
   3179
            **kwargs,
  3180 ):
-> 3182
            plotter = _BarPlotter(x, y, hue, data, order, hue_order,
   3183
                                  estimator, ci, n_boot, units, seed,
                                  orient, color, palette, saturation,
   3184
   3185
                                  errcolor, errwidth, capsize, dodge)
   3187
            if ax is None:
   3188
                ax = plt.gca()
File c:\program files\python38\lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:1584, in
_BarPlotter.__init__(self, x, y, hue, data, order, hue_order, estimator, ci, n_boot,
units, seed, orient, color, palette, saturation, errcolor, errwidth, capsize, dodge)
   1579 def __init__(self, x, y, hue, data, order, hue_order,
   1580
                     estimator, ci, n_boot, units, seed,
                     orient, color, palette, saturation, errcolor,
   1581
                     errwidth, capsize, dodge):
   1582
  1583
            """Initialize the plotter."""
-> 1584
            self.establish_variables(x, y, hue, data, orient,
   1585
                                     order, hue_order, units)
            self.establish_colors(color, palette, saturation)
   1586
   1587
            self.estimate_statistic(estimator, ci, n_boot, seed)
File c:\program files\python38\lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:153, in
_CategoricalPlotter.establish_variables(self, x, y, hue, data, orient, order, hue_order,
units)
            if isinstance(var, str):
    151
    152
                err = "Could not interpret input '{}'".format(var)
                raise ValueError(err)
--> 153
    155 # Figure out the plotting orientation
```

ValueError: Could not interpret input 'movies'
<Figure size 504x360 with 0 Axes>

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
plt.title("% of Netflix Titles that are either Movies or TV Shows")
g = plt.pie(netflix_titles_df.type.value_counts(), explode=(0.025,0.025), labels=netfli
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





So there are roughly 4,000+ movies and almost 2,000 shows with movies being the majority. This makes sense since shows are always an ongoing thing and have episodes. If we were to do a headcount of TV show episodes vs. movies, I am sure that TV shows would come out as the majority. However, in terms of title, there are far more movie titles (68.5%) than TV show titles (31.5%).

#### **Netflix Film Ratings**

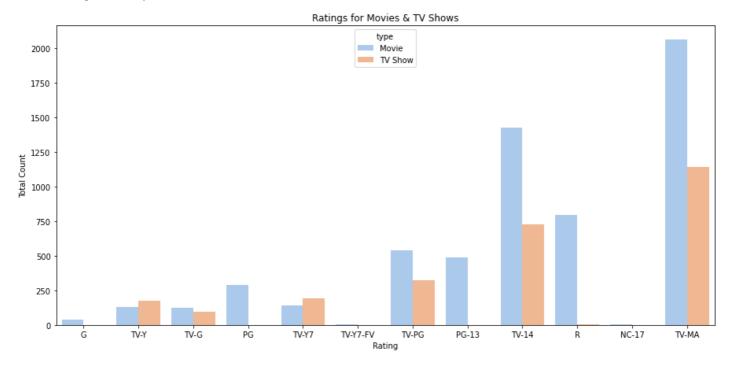
Now, we will explore the ratings which are based on the film rating system. The ordering of the ratings will be based on the age of the respective audience from youngest to oldest. We will not include the ratings 'NR' and 'UR' in the visuals since they stand for unrated and non-rated content.

```
order = ['G', 'TV-Y', 'TV-G', 'PG', 'TV-Y7', 'TV-Y7-FV', 'TV-PG', 'PG-13', 'TV-14', 'R
plt.figure(figsize=(15,7))
g = sns.countplot(netflix_titles_df.rating, hue=netflix_titles_df.type, order=order, pa
plt.title("Ratings for Movies & TV Shows")
plt.xlabel("Rating")
plt.ylabel("Total Count")
plt.show()
```

c:\program files\python38\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning:

Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(



import jovian

jovian.commit()