

JQuery and JavaScript Ajax Quick Reference Cheat Sheet by dwapi via cheatography.com/43665/cs/13123/

Typical Ajax Call \$.ajax({ // \$.post, \$.get and \$.getJson are preferred var xhttp = new XMLHttpRequest(); url: "demo test.txt", xhttp.o nr ead yst ate change = function() { // readyState 4 = request finished. type: "GET or POST", con ten tType: "application/x-www-form-urlencoded" if (this.r ea dyState == 4 && this.s tatu // Do Stuff con ten tType: "application/json" complete(xhr, status), }; xhttp.o pe n("G ET| POS T", " url ", true); error (xhr, status, error), // var data = JSON.s tri ngi fy({"em ail ": " he suc cess: function(result, status, xhr) { \$("#div1").html(result); : " 101 010 "}); xhttp.send(data^ or " Query Params ");

JQuery AJAX GET POST getJSON Shorthand

\$.post form data can be serialized with: \$("#myform").serialize()

QueryString params for \$.get can be generated (from a hash) with \$.param(myHash)

Loading Scripts and Remote Page Fragments	
\$("#myDiv").load("demo_test.txt");	loads the content of the file "demo_test.txt" into #myDiv element
\$("#myDiv").load("demo_test.txt #p1");	Parses DOM from demo_test.txt for #p1 and loads content of #p1 into #myDiv
<pre>\$.getScript("demo_ajax_script.js");</pre>	Load a JavaScript file from the server using a GET HTTP request, then execute it.

JOuery Low Level Interface

JQuery Low Level Interface	
\$.ajaxPrefilter()	Handle custom Ajax options or modify existing options before each request is sent and before they are processed by \$.ajax()
jQuery.ajaxSetup()	Set global default values for future Ajax requests. Its use is not recommended.
jQuery.ajaxTran- sport()	Creates an object that handles the actual transmission of Ajax data



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