OpenAPI tools - Agent Development Kit

Source URL: https://google.github.io/adk-docs/tools/openapi-tools/

OpenAPI Integration

Currently supported in Python

Integrating REST APIs with OpenAPI

ADK simplifies interacting with external REST APIs by automatically generating callable tools directly from an OpenAPI Specification (v3.x). This eliminates the need to manually define individual function tools for each API endpoint.

Core Benefit

Use OpenAPIToolset to instantly create agent tools (RestApiTool) from your existing API documentation (OpenAPI spec), enabling agents to seamlessly call your web services.

Key Components

- OpenAPIToolset: This is the primary class you'll use. You initialize it with your OpenAPI specification, and it handles the parsing and generation of tools.
- RestApiTool: This class represents a single, callable API operation (like GET /pets/{petId} or POST /pets). OpenAPIToolset creates one RestApiTool instance for each operation defined in your spec.

How it Works

The process involves these main steps when you use <code>OpenAPIToolset</code>:

1. Initialization & Parsing:

- 2. You provide the OpenAPI specification to OpenAPIToolset either as a Python dictionary, a JSON string, or a YAML string.
- 3. The toolset internally parses the spec, resolving any internal references (\$ref) to understand the complete API structure.

4. Operation Discovery:

5. It identifies all valid API operations (e.g., GET, POST, PUT, DELETE) defined within the paths object of your specification.

6. Tool Generation:

- 7. For each discovered operation, OpenAPIToolset automatically creates a corresponding RestApiTool instance.
- 8. **Tool Name**: Derived from the <code>operationId</code> in the spec (converted to <code>snake_case</code>, max 60 chars). If <code>operationId</code> is missing, a name is generated from the method and path.
- 9. **Tool Description**: Uses the summary or description from the operation for the LLM.
- API Details: Stores the required HTTP method, path, server base URL, parameters (path, query, header, cookie), and request body schema internally.
- 11. RestApiTool Functionality: Each generated RestApiTool:
- 12. **Schema Generation**: Dynamically creates a FunctionDeclaration based on the operation's parameters and request body. This schema tells the LLM how to call the tool (what arguments are expected).
- 13. **Execution**: When called by the LLM, it constructs the correct HTTP request (URL, headers, query params, body) using the arguments provided by the LLM and the details from the OpenAPI spec. It handles authentication (if configured) and executes the API call using the requests library.
- 14. **Response Handling**: Returns the API response (typically JSON) back to the agent flow.
- 15. **Authentication**: You can configure global authentication (like API keys or OAuth see <u>Authentication</u> for details) when initializing

OpenAPIToolset. This authentication configuration is automatically applied to all generated RestApiTool instances.

Usage Workflow

Follow these steps to integrate an OpenAPI spec into your agent:

- 1. **Obtain Spec**: Get your OpenAPI specification document (e.g., load from a .json or .yaml file, fetch from a URL).
- 2. Instantiate Toolset: Create an OpenAPIToolset instance, passing the spec content and type (spec_str/spec_dict, spec_str_type).
 Provide authentication details (auth_scheme, auth_credential) if required by the API.
- ``` from google.adk.tools.openapi_tool.openapi_spec_parser.openapi_toolset import OpenAPIToolset
- # Example with a JSON string openapi_spec_json = '...' # Your OpenAPI JSON string toolset = OpenAPIToolset(spec_str=openapi_spec_json, spec_str_type="json")
- # Example with a dictionary # openapi_spec_dict = {...} # Your OpenAPI spec as a dict # toolset = OpenAPIToolset(spec_dict=openapi_spec_dict)
- `` 3. **Add to Agent**: Include the retrieved tools in your LImAgent 's tools` list.
- ``` from google.adk.agents import LlmAgent
- my_agent = LlmAgent(name="api_interacting_agent", model="gemini-2.0-flash", # Or your preferred model tools=[toolset], # Pass the toolset # ... other agent config ...)
- `` 4. **Instruct Agent**: Update your agent's instructions to inform it about the new API capabilities and the names of the tools it can use (e.g., list_pets, create_pet). The tool descriptions generated from the spec will also help the LLM. 5. **Run Agent**: Execute your agent using the Runner. When the LLM determines it needs to call one of the APIs, it will generate a function call targeting the

appropriate RestApiTool`, which will then handle the HTTP request automatically.

Example¶

This example demonstrates generating tools from a simple Pet Store OpenAPI spec (using httpbin.org for mock responses) and interacting with them via an agent.

Code: Pet Store API

openapi_example.py

```
# Copyright 2025 Google LLC
# Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
# you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
# You may obtain a copy of the License at
      http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
# Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
# distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
# WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or impl
# See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
# limitations under the License.
import asyncio
import uuid # For unique session IDs
from dotenv import load dotenv
from google.adk.agents import LlmAgent
from google.adk.runners import Runner
from google.adk.sessions import InMemorySessionService
from google.genai import types
# --- OpenAPI Tool Imports ---
```

```
from google.adk.tools.openapi tool.openapi spec parser.openapi toolset
# --- Load Environment Variables (If ADK tools need them, e.g., API ke
load dotenv() # Create a .env file in the same directory if needed
# --- Constants ---
APP NAME OPENAPI = "openapi petstore app"
USER ID OPENAPI = "user openapi 1"
SESSION ID OPENAPI = f"session openapi {uuid.uuid4()}" # Unique session
AGENT NAME OPENAPI = "petstore manager agent"
GEMINI MODEL = "gemini-2.0-flash"
# --- Sample OpenAPI Specification (JSON String) ---
# A basic Pet Store API example using httpbin.org as a mock server
openapi spec string = """
  "openapi": "3.0.0",
  "info": {
    "title": "Simple Pet Store API (Mock)",
    "version": "1.0.1",
    "description": "An API to manage pets in a store, using httpbin for
  },
  "servers": [
      "url": "https://httpbin.org",
      "description": "Mock server (httpbin.org)"
   }
  ],
  "paths": {
    "/get": {
      "get": {
        "summary": "List all pets (Simulated)",
        "operationId": "listPets",
        "description": "Simulates returning a list of pets. Uses httpk
        "parameters": [
```

```
"name": "limit",
        "in": "query",
        "description": "Maximum number of pets to return",
        "required": false,
        "schema": { "type": "integer", "format": "int32" }
      },
      {
         "name": "status",
         "in": "query",
         "description": "Filter pets by status",
         "required": false,
         "schema": { "type": "string", "enum": ["available", "pend
     }
   ],
    "responses": {
      "200": {
        "description": "A list of pets (echoed query params).",
        "content": { "application/json": { "schema": { "type": "ok
  }
},
"/post": {
  "post": {
    "summary": "Create a pet (Simulated)",
    "operationId": "createPet",
    "description": "Simulates adding a new pet. Uses httpbin's /po
    "requestBody": {
      "description": "Pet object to add",
      "required": true,
      "content": {
        "application/json": {
          "schema": {
            "type": "object",
            "required": ["name"],
            "properties": {
```

```
"name": {"type": "string", "description": "Name of t
              "tag": {"type": "string", "description": "Optional t
          }
    },
    "responses": {
      "201": {
        "description": "Pet created successfully (echoed request k
        "content": { "application/json": { "schema": { "type": "ok
  }
},
"/get?petId={petId}": {
  "get": {
    "summary": "Info for a specific pet (Simulated)",
    "operationId": "showPetById",
    "description": "Simulates returning info for a pet ID. Uses ht
    "parameters": [
        "name": "petId",
        "in": "path",
        "description": "This is actually passed as a query param t
        "required": true,
        "schema": { "type": "integer", "format": "int64" }
      }
    ],
    "responses": {
      "200": {
        "description": "Information about the pet (echoed query pa
        "content": { "application/json": { "schema": { "type": "ok
      "404": { "description": "Pet not found (simulated)" }
```

```
11 11 11
# --- Create OpenAPIToolset ---
petstore toolset = OpenAPIToolset(
    spec str=openapi spec string,
   spec str type='json',
    # No authentication needed for httpbin.org
)
# --- Agent Definition ---
root agent = LlmAgent(
    name=AGENT NAME OPENAPI,
   model=GEMINI MODEL,
    tools=[petstore toolset], # Pass the list of RestApiTool objects
    instruction="""You are a Pet Store assistant managing pets via an
    Use the available tools to fulfill user requests.
    When creating a pet, confirm the details echoed back by the API.
    When listing pets, mention any filters used (like limit or status)
    When showing a pet by ID, state the ID you requested.
    """,
    description="Manages a Pet Store using tools generated from an Ope
)
# --- Session and Runner Setup ---
async def setup session and runner():
    session service openapi = InMemorySessionService()
    runner openapi = Runner (
        agent=root agent,
        app name=APP NAME OPENAPI,
        session service=session service openapi,
    await session service openapi.create session(
```

```
app name=APP NAME OPENAPI,
        user id=USER ID OPENAPI,
        session id=SESSION ID OPENAPI,
    return runner openapi
# --- Agent Interaction Function ---
async def call openapi agent async (query, runner openapi):
   print("\n--- Running OpenAPI Pet Store Agent ---")
   print(f"Query: {query}")
    content = types.Content(role='user', parts=[types.Part(text=query)
    final response text = "Agent did not provide a final text response
    try:
        async for event in runner openapi.run async(
            user id=USER ID OPENAPI, session id=SESSION ID OPENAPI, ne
            ):
            # Optional: Detailed event logging for debugging
            # print(f" DEBUG Event: Author={event.author}, Type={'Fir
            if event.get function calls():
                call = event.get function calls()[0]
                print(f" Agent Action: Called function '{call.name}'
            elif event.get function responses():
                response = event.get function responses()[0]
                print(f" Agent Action: Received response for '{respon
                # print(f" Tool Response Snippet: {str(response.response.
            elif event.is final response() and event.content and event
                # Capture the last final text response
                final response text = event.content.parts[0].text.stri
        print(f"Agent Final Response: {final response text}")
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"An error occurred during agent run: {e}")
        import traceback
        traceback.print exc() # Print full traceback for errors
```

```
print("-" * 30)
# --- Run Examples ---
async def run openapi example():
    runner openapi = await setup session and runner()
    # Trigger listPets
   await call openapi agent async ("Show me the pets available.", runr
    # Trigger createPet
   await call openapi agent async ("Please add a new dog named 'Dukey'
    # Trigger showPetById
   await call openapi agent async ("Get info for pet with ID 123.", ru
# --- Execute ---
if name == " main ":
    print("Executing OpenAPI example...")
    # Use asyncio.run() for top-level execution
   try:
        asyncio.run(run openapi example())
    except RuntimeError as e:
        if "cannot be called from a running event loop" in str(e):
            print("Info: Cannot run asyncio.run from a running event ]
            # If in Jupyter/Colab, you might need to run like this:
            # await run openapi example()
        else:
            raise e
   print("OpenAPI example finished.")
```