

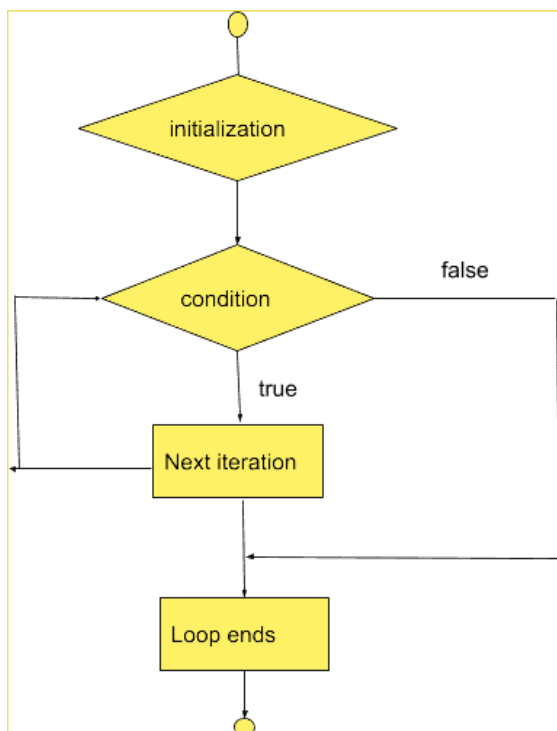
## 08-For Loop

A for loop is a control flow structure in programming that iterates over a sequence of elements, such as a range of numbers, items in a list, or characters in a string. It is an entry-controlled loop, meaning it determines the number of iterations before entering the loop. The for loop provides a concise way of writing the loop control structure in a single line, unlike other loops where initialization, condition, and increment/decrement steps are specified separately.

### Syntax of For Loop:

```
for (initialization; condition; update) {  
    // code block to be executed  
}
```

- **Initialization:** This step sets the starting value of the loop control variable.
- **Condition:** This is the test condition that must be true for the loop to continue executing.
- **Update:** This modifies the loop control variable after each iteration.



### Example and Output

#### Code Example:

```
public class Hello {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
// Example 1: Printing "Hi" with indices
```

```
for (int i = 0; i <= 4; i++) {  
    System.out.println("Hi " + i);  
}
```

```
Output Clear  
java -cp /tmp/6B1TpL7Fdp/Hello  
Hi 0  
Hi 1  
Hi 2  
Hi 3  
Hi 4
```

```
// Example 2: Nested for loops to display days and working hours
```

```
for (int i = 1; i <= 7; i++) {  
    System.out.println("Day " + i);  
    for (int j = 1; j <= 9; j++) {  
        System.out.println(" " + (j + 8) + " - " + (j + 9));  
    }  
}
```

```
Output
java -cp /tmp/6It4hc0Tqg/Hello
Day 1
9 - 10
10 - 11
11 - 12
12 - 13
13 - 14
14 - 15
15 - 16
16 - 17
17 - 18
Day 2
9 - 10
10 - 11
11 - 12
12 - 13
13 - 14
14 - 15
15 - 16
16 - 17
17 - 18
Day 3
9 - 10
10 - 11
11 - 12
12 - 13
13 - 14
14 - 15
15 - 16
16 - 17
17 - 18
Day 4
9 - 10
10 - 11
11 - 12
12 - 13
13 - 14
14 - 15
15 - 16
16 - 17
17 - 18
Day 5
9 - 10
10 - 11
11 - 12
12 - 13
13 - 14
14 - 15
15 - 16
16 - 17
17 - 18
== Code Execution Successful ==
```

// Example 3: For loop with initialization outside the loop

```
int i = 1;
for (; i <= 5;) {
    System.out.println("DAY " + i);
    i++;
}
}
```

## Output

Clear

```
java -cp /tmp/BJGVilGiMR/Hello
```

DAY 1

DAY 2

DAY 3

DAY 4

DAY 5