## Import same libraries

```
In [1]: import pickle import numpy as np import os
```

```
In [2]: from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force\_remount=True).

```
In [3]: directory_path = '/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/'
```

```
In [4]: OHE_sex = pickle.load(open(directory_path + 'OHE_sex.pkl', 'rb'))
OHE_embarked = pickle.load(open(directory_path + 'OHE_embarked.pkl', 'rb'))
DTC = pickle.load(open(directory_path + 'DTC.pkl', 'rb'))
```

Here I just created objects to store the files after loading the dumped files using load, So we did same procedure just instead of 'dump' we did 'load' and instead of 'wb' we did 'rb'.

```
In [5]: test_input = np.array([2, 'male', 31.0, 0, 0, 10.5, 'S'], dtype=object).reshape(1,7)
```

Created object test\_input and loaded input as per format of our X\_test\_transformed in our previous file, declared data type as object and reshape our array as (1, 7)

Here, in our code:

Pclass --> 2

Sex -->male

Age -->31.0

SibSp --> 0 Parch --> 0 Fare --> 10.5 Dollars

Embarked --> S

Now direcly use models we loaded using pickle.

```
In [6]: test input
 Out[6]: array([[2, 'male', 31.0, 0, 0, 10.5, 'S']], dtype=object)
 In [7]: test input sex = OHE sex.transform(test input[:, 1].reshape(1, 1))
         /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/base.py:439: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but On
         eHotEncoder was fitted with feature names
           warnings.warn(
 In [8]: | test input sex
 Out[8]: array([[0., 1.]])
 In [9]: test input embarked = OHE embarked.transform(test input[:, -1].reshape(1, 1))
In [10]: test input embarked
Out[10]: array([[0., 0., 1.]])
In [11]: test input age = test input[:, 2].reshape(1, 1)
In [12]: test input age
Out[12]: array([[31.0]], dtype=object)
In [13]: test input transformed = np.concatenate((test input[:,[0, 3, 4, 5]],
                                                  test input age,
                                                  test input sex,
                                                  test input embarked), axis=1)
In [14]: test input transformed
Out[14]: array([[2, 0, 0, 10.5, 31.0, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0]], dtype=object)
```

Then, I created object test\_input\_transformed where we concatenate the results same format as X\_train\_transformed

```
np.concatenate((test_input[:, [0, 3, 4, 5]], test_input_age, test_input_sex, test_input_embarked), axis = 1)
```

Then predicted whether passenger will survive or not.

```
In [16]: DTC.predict(test_input_transformed)
Out[16]: array([1])
```