

# **KRUSKAL ALGORITHM FOR MINIMUM SPANNING TREE USING OPENMP IN C**

The algorithm finds the minimum spanning tree for the given graph using kruskal's method through parallelism.

Graph is stored in an adjacent matrix.

## **Kruskal Method**

1. The edges of the given graph are stored with their weights in a data structure (in this case an array of edge structure type which has the edge(vertices) and the weight).
2. The stored edges are sorted by their weight in increasing order.
3. In this step each vertex is checked, if it is already visited or not and if it forms a cycle or not.

If visited or forms a cycle the vertex is rejected and next vertex is considered.

If not visited or doesn't form a cycle and not found in the merge list, then the vertex is merged with rest of the vertices which fulfill the above conditions. This goes on till all the vertices are visited.

The total number of edges in the MST will be one less than the number of vertices in the graph.

The algorithm is converted to a parallel program using OpenMP (C has an inbuilt library called `omp.h`) in C. This was done by the use of section function of OMP library.

The Kruskal function in the program was divided into three sections for execution in parallel.

## **First Section**

This section is where all the edges in the graphs are stored in an array of edge structure type containing the location of the edge and its weight.

The sorting happens here i.e. the edges are sorted by their weight in increasing order.

## **Second Section**

This section is just for initializing of the belong edge array with the vertices/node of the graph from 0 to 8 (as the graph taken has 9 nodes and starts with 0). This array is used to confirm if the node belongs to the selected edges or not.

## **Third Section**

This is the final parallel section in the code where there are two sets, one set has all the visited edges which will make a MST and other one has the edges which have yet to be visited and this section also checks for a cycle formed by the taking various edges so that an edge can be avoided.

All the edges that make a MST are stored in an array of edge structure type with their edges and respective weights. Now adding all the weights in this array gives the minimum cost for the given graph.

## The Kruskal Program in C using OpenMP

```
//minimum spanning tree using kruskal algorithm
#include <stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>

#define max 81
#define nodes 9

typedef struct edge
{
    int u, v, wt;
}edge;

typedef struct edgelist
{
    edge elist[max]; //for storing the all the egdes with their weigths
    int n; //for total number of edges in the graph
}edgelist;

//nodelist will give all the edges in the graph..
//spanlist will give the minimum spannning edges for MST..
edgelist nodelist, spanlist;

//Graph taken form-->http://www.ggu.ac.in/download/Class-Note13/ds%20lecture%20notes%20graph12.11.13.pdf--Fig.9.21-Page 7
int graph[nodes][nodes]= {{0,2,0,7,4,0,0,10,3},{2,0,2,0,7,4,0,0,6},{0,2,0,5,0,2,1,0,4},
{7,0,5,0,0,0,6,5,1},{4,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,0},{0,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0},{0,0,1,6,0,0,0,0,0},{10,0,0,5,0,0,0,0,0},
{3,6,4,1,0,0,0,0,0}};

void edgelist_sort()
{
    //sorting the nodelsit
    int i, j;
    edge temp;

    for(i=0; i<nodelist.n; i++)
        for(j=i+1; j<nodelist.n; j++)
            if(nodelist.elist[i].wt > nodelist.elist[j].wt)
            {
                //performing swaping
                temp = nodelist.elist[i];
                nodelist.elist[i] = nodelist.elist[j];
                nodelist.elist[j] = temp;
            } //end of if
} //end of sort_edgelsit()

void join_sets(int edge_belongs[], int s1, int s2)
{
    int i=0;
    //will tell us if the copy of an egde exits in the nodelist..
    for(i=0; i<nodes; i++)
```

```

        if(edge_belongs[i]==s2)
            edge_belongs[i]=1;
    }//end of union1()

int cost_calculation(int t)
{
    int i=0, cost=0;
    printf("\n*****\n\nThe
Minimum Spanning Tree for thread %d\n", t);
    for(i=0; i<spanlist.n; i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", spanlist.elist[i].u, spanlist.elist[i].v, spanlist.elist[i].wt);
        cost+=spanlist.elist[i].wt;
    }
    //printing the total cost
    printf("\n\nThe Total Cost for the Graph is %d\n", cost);

    return cost;
}//end of cost_calculation()

void kruskal(int thread)
{
    int i, j;
    int edge_belongs[nodes];
    int set1, set2;
    #pragma omp parallel sections num_threads(thread) default(none) shared(graph, nodelist,
spanlist, edge_belongs, set1, set2) private(i,j)
    {
        //getting all the edges from the graph given
        #pragma omp section
        {
            nodelist.n=0;

            for(i=0; i<nodes; i++)
            {
                for(j=0; j<nodes; j++)
                {
                    if(graph[i][j]!=0)
                    {
                        nodelist.elist[nodelist.n].u = i;
                        nodelist.elist[nodelist.n].v = j;
                        nodelist.elist[nodelist.n].wt = graph[i][j];
                        nodelist.n++;
                    }
                }
            }
            //end of for-j
        }
        //end of for-i

        //sorting the edges according to increasing order of weight
        edgelist_sort();
    }
    //end of parallel section-1
}

```

```

        #pragma omp section
        {
            for(i=0; i<nodes; i++)
                edge_belongs[i] = i;//verties/node starts from 0
        }//end of parallel section-2

        #pragma omp section
        {
            spanlist.n = 0;

            for(i=0; i<nodelist.n; i++)
            {
                set1 = edge_belongs[nodelist.elist[i].u];
                set2 = edge_belongs[nodelist.elist[i].v];

                if(set1 != set2)//avoiding the same node i.e 1,2 and 2,1(taking only
one)
                {
                    spanlist.elist[spanlist.n] = nodelist.elist[i];
                    spanlist.n++;
                    join_sets(edge_belongs, set1, set2);
                }//end of if
            }//end of for-i
        }//end of parallel section-3
    }//end of the parallel code
}//end of kruskal()

int main()
{
    int i=0, j=0, total_cost=0;
    float total_time=0.0;
    //taking 20 threads.
    int threads[] = {1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30, 34, 38, 42, 46, 50, 54, 58, 62};

    //printing the adjacent matrix.
    printf("\n*****KRUSKAL'S ALGOTITHM FOR MINIMUM SPANNING TREE
USING OPENMP*****");
    printf("\nThe number of verties taken for the graph is 9.\n(Vertie starts from 0 to 8)\n*****\n");
    printf("\nThe Adjacent Matrix --\n");
    for(i=0; i<nodes; i++)
    {
        for(j=0; j<nodes; j++)
            printf("%d\t", graph[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }

    //running threads
    printf("\n*****\n");
    for(i=0; i<20; i++)
    {

```

```

float start=omp_get_wtime();

kruskal(threads[i]);

float end=omp_get_wtime();
float time=end-start;

total_time+=time;
//printing the edges of MST along with their weights
total_cost+=cost_calculation(threads[i]);
printf("%d Thread Takes\t%f Time\n", threads[i],time);
}

printf("\n*****\n\nThe
Average Cost of MST for 20 different threads is %d\nThe Average Time taken by 20 different
threads is %f", total_cost/20, total_time/20);
printf("\n*****XXXXXX*****");
return 0;
} //end of main()

```

### Output for Kruskal Program using OpenMP in C

\*\*\*\*\*KRUSKAL'S ALGORITHM FOR MINIMUM SPANNING TREE USING  
OPENMP\*\*\*\*\*

The number of vertices taken for the graph is 9.  
(Vertex starts from 0 to 8)

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The Adjacent Matrix --

0	2	0	7	4	0	0	10	3
2	0	2	0	7	4	0	0	6
0	2	0	5	0	2	1	0	4
7	0	5	0	0	0	6	5	1
4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	6	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
3	6	4	1	0	0	0	0	0

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 1

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2

5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2
8	0	3
0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4
7	3	5
3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6
3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134

1 Thread Takes 0.000061 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 2

0	1	2
0	3	7
0	4	4
0	7	10
0	8	3
1	0	2
1	2	2
1	4	7
1	5	4
1	8	6
2	1	2
2	3	5
2	5	2
0	1	2
2	8	4
3	0	7
3	2	5
3	6	6
3	7	5
1	0	2
4	0	4
4	1	7

5	2	2
1	2	2
6	3	6
7	0	10
7	3	5
8	0	3
8	1	6
8	2	4
2	1	2

The Total Cost for the Graph is 138  
 2 Thread Takes 0.000305 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 4

0	1	2
0	3	7
0	4	4
0	7	10
0	8	3
1	0	2
1	2	2
1	4	7
1	5	4
1	8	6
2	1	2
2	3	5
2	5	2
0	1	2
2	8	4
3	0	7
3	2	5
3	6	6
3	7	5
1	0	2
4	0	4
4	1	7
5	2	2
1	2	2
6	3	6
7	0	10
7	3	5
8	0	3
8	1	6
8	2	4
2	1	2

The Total Cost for the Graph is 138  
 4 Thread Takes 0.000183 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 6

0	1	2
0	3	7
0	4	4
0	7	10
0	8	3
1	0	2
1	2	2
1	4	7
1	5	4
1	8	6
0	8	3
2	3	5
1	5	4
0	4	4
2	8	4
3	0	7
3	2	5
3	6	6
3	7	5
1	5	4
4	0	4
4	1	7
0	4	4
2	8	4
6	3	6
7	0	10
7	3	5
1	5	4
8	1	6
3	7	5
2	3	5

The Total Cost for the Graph is 154  
 6 Thread Takes 0.000122 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 8

The Total Cost for the Graph is 0  
 8 Thread Takes 0.002258 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 10

0	1	2
0	3	7
0	4	4
0	7	10
0	8	3
1	0	2
1	2	2
1	4	7
1	5	4



1	8	6
2	1	2
2	3	5
2	5	2
2	6	1
2	8	4
3	0	7
3	2	5
3	6	6
3	7	5
3	8	1
4	0	4
4	1	7
5	2	2
6	2	1
6	3	6
7	0	10
7	3	5
8	0	3
8	1	6
8	2	4
8	3	1

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
 10 Thread Takes      0.000092 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 12

0	1	2
0	3	7
0	4	4
0	7	10
0	4	4
0	4	4
0	8	3
1	4	7
1	5	4
1	8	6
0	4	6
2	3	5
2	3	5
0	4	4
2	8	4
3	0	7
3	2	5
3	6	6
3	7	5
1	5	4
4	0	4
4	1	7
0	4	4
0	8	3

6	3	6
7	0	10
7	3	5
8	0	3
8	1	6
8	2	4
0	8	3

The Total Cost for the Graph is 157  
 12 Thread Takes      0.000061 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 14

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2
8	0	3
0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4
7	3	5
3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6
3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
 14 Thread Takes      0.000122 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 18

2	6	1
3	8	1

6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2
8	0	3
0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4
7	3	5
3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6
3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
 18 Thread Takes      0.000153 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 22

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2
8	0	3
0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4

7	3	5
3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6
3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
 22 Thread Takes      0.000092 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 26

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2
8	0	3
0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4
7	3	5
3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6
3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
26 Thread Takes      0.000122 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 30

0	1	2
0	3	7
0	4	4
0	7	10
0	8	3
1	0	2
1	2	2
1	4	7
1	5	4
1	8	6
2	1	2
2	3	5
2	5	2
2	6	1
2	8	4
3	0	7
3	2	5
3	6	6
3	7	5
3	8	1
4	0	4
4	1	7
5	2	2
6	2	1
6	3	6
7	0	10
7	3	5
8	0	3
8	1	6
8	2	4
8	3	1

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
30 Thread Takes      0.000122 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 34

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2

8	0	3
0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4
7	3	5
3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6
3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
 34 Thread Takes      0.000122 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 38

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2
8	0	3
0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4
7	3	5
3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6

3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
 38 Thread Takes      0.000122 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 42

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
2	1	2
0	3	10
0	7	10
0	3	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
1	4	7
1	8	6
2	3	5
2	3	5
2	3	5
2	8	4
3	0	7
3	2	5
3	6	6
3	7	5
1	5	4
4	0	4
4	1	7
0	4	4
2	8	4
6	3	6
7	0	10
7	3	5
1	5	4
8	1	6
8	2	4
4	0	4

The Total Cost for the Graph is 163  
 42 Thread Takes      0.000153 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 46

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1

8	3	1
0	8	3
0	7	10
0	3	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
1	8	6
0	4	4
2	3	5
1	5	4
0	4	4
2	8	4
3	0	7
3	2	5
3	6	6
3	7	5
1	5	4
4	0	4
4	1	7
0	4	4
0	8	3
6	3	6
7	0	10
7	3	5
8	0	3
8	1	6
8	2	4
0	8	3

The Total Cost for the Graph is 147  
 46 Thread Takes      0.000153 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 50

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2
8	0	3
0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4
7	3	5



3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6
3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
50 Thread Takes      0.000153 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 54

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2
8	0	3
0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4
7	3	5
3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6
3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134

54 Thread Takes      0.000244 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 58

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
1	5	4
0	7	10
0	3	7
0	7	10
0	7	10
0	3	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
3	0	7
1	4	7
3	6	6
1	8	6
2	3	5
3	2	5
4	1	7
3	7	5
2	8	4
6	3	6
7	0	10
7	3	5
1	5	4
8	1	6
8	2	4
4	0	4

The Total Cost for the Graph is 163

58 Thread Takes      0.000214 Time

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The Minimum Spanning Tree for thread 62

2	6	1
3	8	1
6	2	1
8	3	1
2	5	2
0	1	2
1	0	2
5	2	2
1	2	2
2	1	2
8	0	3

0	8	3
0	4	4
2	8	4
1	5	4
8	2	4
4	0	4
7	3	5
3	2	5
3	7	5
2	3	5
1	8	6
8	1	6
6	3	6
3	6	6
3	0	7
1	4	7
0	3	7
4	1	7
7	0	10
0	7	10

The Total Cost for the Graph is 134  
62 Thread Takes      0.000183 Time

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The Average Cost of MST for 20 different threads is 133  
The Average Time taken by 20 different threads is 0.000252  
\*\*\*\*\*XXXXXX\*\*\*\*\*