**Lead Scoring Case Study** 

# Improving Lead Conversion for X Education

Predictive model for Identifying Hot Leads

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## **Problem Statement**

#### Current Scenario

- X Education markets online courses to industry professionals.
- Visitors land on the website through various channels (websites, search engines, referrals).
- Visitors can browse courses, fill out forms, or watch videos.
- Leads are generated when visitors provide their email or phone number.
- Sales team contacts leads via calls and emails.
- Current conversion rate: ~30%.

#### Challenges

- High volume of leads with low conversion efficiency.
- Inefficient allocation of sales team efforts.

## **Goals to Achieve**

#### Objective

Improve the lead conversion rate for X Education by identifying and prioritizing "Hot Leads" that are most likely to convert into paying customers, aiming for a target lead conversion rate of 80%.

#### Solution Approach

- Develop a predictive model to assign a lead score to each lead.
- Focus sales efforts on leads with higher scores to increase conversion rates.

### Expected Outcome

- Improved lead conversion rate.
- More efficient sales team operations.

## Strategy - Analysis Approach

- Data Cleaning and Preparation
- Feature Engineering and Scaling
- EDA Exploratory Data Analysis
- Model Building
  - Model Type: **Logistic Regression**
  - Used Recursive Feature Elimination to shortlist top 20 features and then did manual fine tuning using VIF and p-values to further optimize the model.

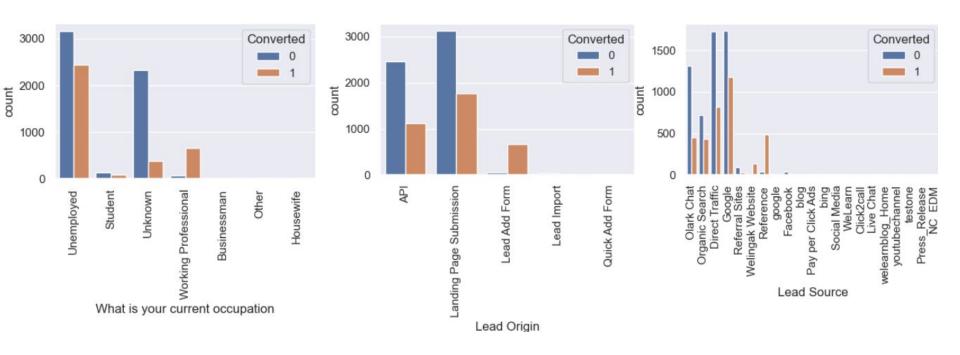
#### Model Validation

- Used validation metrics like Accuracy, Sensitivity, Specificity and predictive values.
- Determining optimal cut-off value using these metrics.
- Testing on Test Data using the optimal cut-off obtained.

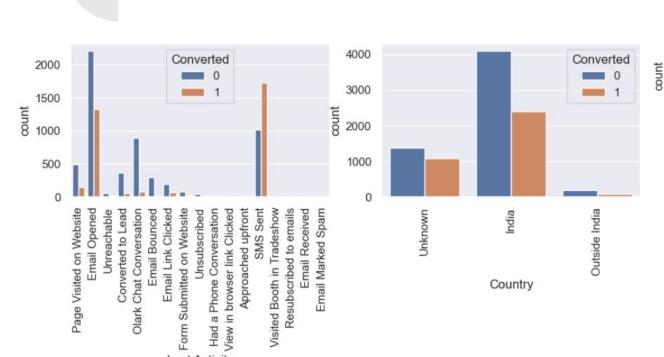


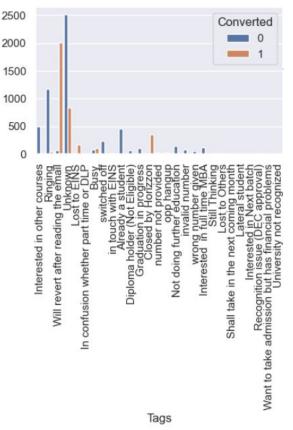
## **Exploratory Data Analysis**

Here are some graphs for reference



## **Exploratory Data Analysis -II**





## Variables impacting the conversion rate

Lead Source\_Wellin gak\_website Last Activity\_SMS Sent What is your current occupation\_Un employed

What is your current occupation\_Wo rking Professional

Tags\_Closed by Horizzon

Tags\_Intereste d in full time MBA Tags\_Intereste d in other courses

Tags\_lost to EINS

Tags\_Not doing further education

Tags\_Ringing

Last Notable Activity\_Modified

Last Notable
Activity\_Email
Link Clicked

Tags\_Will revert after reading the email

Tags\_invalid number

Tags\_opp hangup Tags\_switched off

Lead Quality\_Worst



With this cut-off, the final Model has achieved the following metrics:

- Accuracy: 91.9%

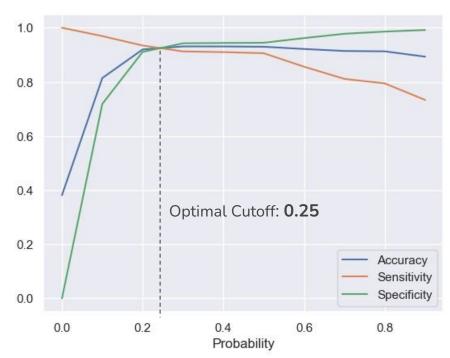
- Sensitivity: 93.4%

Using the same cutoff on the Test data, we still managed to achieve:

- Accuracy: 92.2%

- Sensitivity: 94.8%

Hence, we have a good model.



## **Conclusion and Recommendations**

#### **Key Takeaways:**

- Before Model Implementation, **Conversion rate** was 30% and after Model Implementation it comes out to be >90% on both Train and Test sets.
- By focusing on leads with higher scores, the **sales team** can prioritize efforts on the most promising leads, thus **increasing overall efficiency**.
- The logistic regression model demonstrated **high Accuracy, Sensitivity, and Specificity**, indicating reliable performance across both the training and test sets.

#### Recommendations:

- Continuous Model refinement with new data to ensure it adapts to changing trends and behaviors.
- Conduct **training sessions to help the sales team** understand and effectively use lead scores in their outreach efforts.
- Implement a feedback loop to continuously **monitor conversion rates** and gather insights for further optimization.
- Explore additional features and data sources to enhance the model's predictive power (e.g., social media engagement, advanced demographic data).

## **THANK YOU:)**

## Appendix

# Model Evaluation - Precision and Recall on Train dataset

Based on the precision-recall curve, we had obtained an optimal cutoff of 0.41. However, we wanted to proceed with the Accuracy, Sensitivity and Specificity curves, so we have illustrated that approach.

