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Assignment 1 Probability And Random Processes

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12.13.6.18: Question. If Pr(A|B) > Pr(A), then which of the following is correct :

(A)
$$Pr(B|A) < Pr(B)$$

(B)
$$Pr(AB) < Pr(A)Pr(B)$$

(C)
$$Pr(B|A) > Pr(B)$$

(D)
$$Pr(B|A) = Pr(B)$$

Answer: (C) Pr(B|A) > Pr(B). **Solution:** We know:

$$\Pr(A|B) > \Pr(A) \tag{1}$$

$$= \frac{\Pr(AB)}{\Pr(B)} > \Pr(A) \tag{2}$$

$$= \Pr(AB) > \Pr(A)\Pr(B) \tag{3}$$

(A) To find, Pr(B|A)

$$Pr(B|A) = \frac{Pr(AB)}{Pr(A)}$$
 (4)

Dividing Pr(A) on both sides of (??)

$$= \frac{\Pr(AB)}{\Pr(A)} > \frac{\Pr(A)\Pr(B)}{\Pr(A)}$$
 (5)

$$= \Pr(B|A) > \Pr(B) \tag{6}$$

But given Pr(B|A) < Pr(B) so option (A) is incorrect

(B) from equation (??) we have

$$= \Pr(AB) > \Pr(A)\Pr(B) \tag{7}$$

Therefore, option (B) is incorrect

(C) from equation (??) we have

$$= \Pr(B|A) > \Pr(B) \tag{8}$$

which matches the given option Therefore, option (C) is correct

(D) from equation (??) we have

$$= \Pr(B|A) > \Pr(B) \tag{9}$$

but given Pr(B|A) = Pr(B)

Therefore, option (D) is incorrect