EXPERIMENT NO. 9: AJAX

Name of Student	Mohit Patil
Class Roll No	D15A_36
D.O.P.	06/03/2025
D.O.S.	13/03/2025
Sign and Grade	

AIM: To study AJAX

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Create a registration page having fields like **Name**, **College**, **Username**, and **Password** (password is to be entered twice).

Validate the form by checking:

- a. Name field is not empty
- b. Username is not same as existing entries
- c. Password and Confirm Password fields match
- d. Auto-suggest college names
- e. On successful registration, show the message "Successfully Registered" below the Submit button

Let all page updates be **asynchronously loaded**. Implement using **XMLHttpRequest Object**

THEORY:

1. How do Synchronous and Asynchronous Requests differ?

Synchronous Requests	Asynchronous Requests
Blocks the execution of code	Doesn't block the execution
Waits for the server response	Continues executing while waiting for response

Slower user experience	Faster, smoother user experience
Used less in modern web applications	Preferred in modern web applications

2. Describe various properties and methods used in XMLHttpRequest Object Properties:

• readyState: Describes the state of the request (0 to 4)

• status: HTTP status code (e.g., 200 = OK)

responseText: Gets the response data as a string

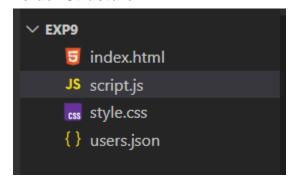
responseXML: Gets the response data as XML

Methods:

- open(method, url, async): Initializes the request
- send(data): Sends the request
- setRequestHeader(header, value): Sets HTTP headers
- onreadystatechange: Event triggered when readyState changes

CODE:

a) Folder Structure



b) index.html

```
</head>
  <body>
    <div class="container">
      <h1>Register</h1>
      <form id="registerForm">
         <input type="text" id="name" placeholder="Name"</pre>
  required />
         <input type="text" id="college" placeholder="College"</pre>
  list="collegeList" required />
         <datalist id="collegeList"></datalist>
         <input type="text" id="username"</pre>
  placeholder="Username" required />
         <input type="password" id="password"</pre>
  placeholder="Password" required />
         <input type="password" id="confirmPassword"</pre>
  placeholder="Confirm Password" required />
         <button type="submit">Register</putton>
       </form>
       <div id="message"></div>
       <button id="addNewBtn" style="display:none;">Add
  New</button>
    </div>
    <script src="script.js"></script>
  </body>
  </html>
c) script.js
  document.getElementById('registerForm').addEventListener('s
  ubmit', function (e) {
    e.preventDefault();
    const name =
  document.getElementById('name').value.trim();
    const college =
  document.getElementById('college').value.trim();
```

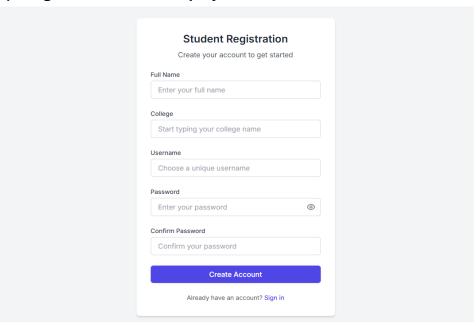
```
const username =
document.getElementById('username').value.trim();
  const password =
document.getElementById('password').value;
  const confirmPassword =
document.getElementById('confirmPassword').value;
  const messageBox = document.getElementById('message');
  const addNewBtn = document.getElementById('addNewBtn');
 messageBox.innerText = '';
 messageBox.style.color = 'red';
  addNewBtn.style.display = 'none';
  if (!name) {
    messageBox.innerText = 'Name cannot be empty!';
    return;
  if (password !== confirmPassword) {
    messageBox.innerText = 'Passwords do not match!';
   return;
  }
  const xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();
  xhr.open('GET', 'http://localhost:3000/users', true);
  xhr.onload = function () {
    if (xhr.status === 200) {
      const users = JSON.parse(xhr.responseText);
      const userExists = users.some(user => user.username
=== username);
      if (userExists) {
        messageBox.innerText = 'Username already exists!';
      } else {
        const newUser = {
```

```
name,
          college,
          username,
          password
        };
        const xhrPost = new XMLHttpRequest();
        xhrPost.open('POST', 'http://localhost:3000/users',
true);
        xhrPost.setRequestHeader('Content-Type',
'application/json');
        xhrPost.onload = function () {
          if (xhrPost.status === 201) {
            messageBox.innerText = '♥ Successfully
Registered!';
            messageBox.style.color = 'green';
            addNewBtn.style.display = 'inline-block';
            // Disable form fields
            document.querySelectorAll('#registerForm input,
#registerForm button[type="submit"]').forEach(el => {
              el.disabled = true;
            });
          } else {
            messageBox.innerText = 'Something went wrong!';
          }
        };
        xhrPost.send(JSON.stringify(newUser));
      }
    }
  };
  xhr.send();
});
// Add new button reset
```

```
document.getElementById('addNewBtn').addEventListener('clic
  k', function () {
    document.getElementById('registerForm').reset();
    document.getElementById('message').innerText = '';
    this.style.display = 'none';
    // Enable form again
    document.querySelectorAll('#registerForm input,
  #registerForm button[type="submit"]').forEach(el => {
      el.disabled = false;
    });
  });
  // Auto-suggest colleges
  const collegeNames = ["VESIT", "DJ Sanghvi", "Sardar
  Patel", "KJ Somaiya", "VJTI"];
  const datalist = document.getElementById("collegeList");
  collegeNames.forEach(name => {
    const option = document.createElement("option");
    option.value = name;
    datalist.appendChild(option);
  });
d) users.json
    "users": []
```

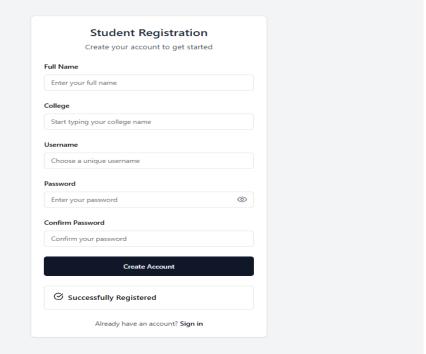
OUTPUT:

a) Registration Form Display



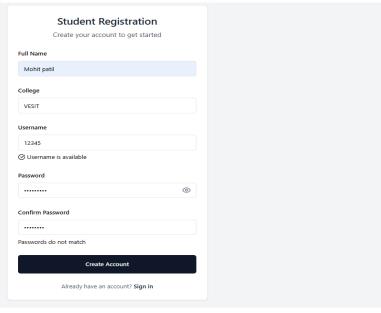
This screenshot displays the registration form with input fields for Name, College, Username, Password, and Confirm Password, ensuring that the Name field is not left empty.

b) Successful Registration Message



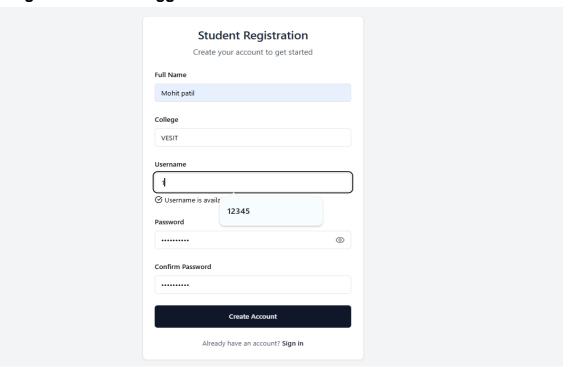
This screenshot shows the "Successfully Registered!" message, which appears after a successful registration.

c) Password Match Confirmation



This screenshot confirms that the **Password and Re-typed Password match**, ensuring data integrity.

d) College Name Auto-suggestion



This screenshot demonstrates the **auto-suggestion feature for the College field**, where users can choose from suggested college names.

CONCLUSION:

The experiment successfully demonstrated the use of the XMLHttpRequest object to implement AJAX-based asynchronous form submission and validation. Key features such as form field validation, duplicate username detection, password match checking, and college name auto-suggestions were efficiently implemented without reloading the page. This experiment highlighted the effectiveness of AJAX in enhancing user experience by allowing dynamic content updates and real-time feedback during user interaction.