

# 12.9.7.3

EE24BTECH11041 - Mohit

- 1) From the differential equation representing the family of curves given by  $(x - a)^2 + y^2 = a^2$ , where  $a$  is an arbitrary constant. **Solution:-**

a) Simplifying the equation to,

$$x^2 - 2ax + 2y^2 = 0 \quad (1.1)$$

$$a = \frac{x^2 + 2y^2}{2x} \quad (1.2)$$

b) Differentiating the Equation 1 with respect to  $x$

$$2x - 2a + 4y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \quad (1.3)$$

c) Substituting 2nd equation in 3rd equation

$$\frac{x^2 - 2y}{x} + 4y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \quad (1.4)$$

The given differential equation is:

$$\frac{x^2 - y}{x} + 4y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \quad (1.5)$$

d) **Simplify the equation:**

Rewrite the equation:

$$\frac{x^2}{x} - \frac{2y}{x} + 4y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \quad (1.6)$$

$$x - \frac{2y}{x} + 4y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \quad (1.7)$$

$$x + 4y \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2y}{x}. \quad (1.8)$$

Rearranging gives:

$$4y \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2y}{x} - x. \quad (1.9)$$

e) **Separate the variables:**

Divide through by  $y$  (assuming  $y \neq 0$ ):

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2}{x} - \frac{x}{y} \right) \quad (1.10)$$

f) **CODING LOGIC:** The solution for the differential equation can be graphically solved using coding by using below logic :

$$x_0 = 0.001 \quad (1.11)$$

$$y_0 = 0.031 \quad (1.12)$$

$$h = 0.01 \quad (1.13)$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h \cdot \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right) \quad (1.14)$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h \cdot \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2}{x} - \frac{x}{y} \right) \right) \quad (1.15)$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h \quad (1.16)$$

Solving Question for a=1

