EE24BTECH11041 - Mohit

- 1) Find the maximum and minimum values of $x + \sin 2x$ on $(0, 2\pi)$ Solution:
 - a) Theoritical Solution:-

$$y = x + \sin 2x \tag{1.1}$$

(1.2)

Differentiating on both side,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + 2\cos 2x\tag{1.3}$$

Putting $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$

$$1 + 2\cos 2x = 0\tag{1.4}$$

$$\cos 2x = -\frac{1}{2} \tag{1.5}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}\cos\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \tag{1.6}$$

The value of x we get in interval in $(0, 2\pi)$,

$$x = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \tag{1.7}$$

Again differentaiting, Equation 1.6,

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -4\sin 2x\tag{1.8}$$

Putting the value of x in Equation 1.8 ,We will get $-4\sin 2x$ negative for $x = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}$ and positive for $x = \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$

Hence, we will get maxima for $x = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}$ and minima for $x = \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$

Value of Function when maxima occur is is 1.91 and 5.05 and when maxima occur is 1.23 and 4.36.

But we have to consider initial and final values of Function in interval $(0, 2\pi)$.

Value of function at x = 0 is 0 and at $x = 2\pi$ is 6.29 Therefore, minimum value of function is 0 and maximum value 2π .

CODING LOGIC:-

Define the function:

$$f(x) = x + \sin(2x) \tag{1.9}$$

Set parameters for gradient descent and ascent:

- a) Learning rate $(\eta) = 0.01$
- b) Maximum iterations = 10,000
- c) Tolerance = 1×10^{-6}

Initialize starting points

start points =
$$linspace(0, 2\pi, 50)$$
 (1.10)

A range of 50 equally spaced starting points between 0 and 2π is chosen to search for critical points.

Use C functions for gradient descent and ascent

And Value of x changes as:-

$$\eta = 0.01

(1.11)$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + \eta \frac{dy}{dx_n}$$
, when gradient is positive (1.12)

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \eta \frac{dy}{dx_n}$$
, when gradient is negative (1.13)

Change in value of x depends on gradient,

Find critical points - For each starting point, we use both gradient descent and ascent to find the corresponding critical points:

Classify critical points:

a) Minima are identified by checking the slope:

$$f(x+1\times10^{-3}) - f(x-1\times10^{-3}) > 0$$
 (1.14)

b) Maxima are identified by :-

$$f(x+1\times 10^{-3}) - f(x-1\times 10^{-3}) < 0$$
 (1.15)

