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How to Load Kaggle Datasets Directly into Google Colab?



Kaustubh Gupta - June 19, 2021

Beginner Data Science Database Project Resource

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Introduction

Almost every data science aspirant uses Kaggle. It houses datasets for every domain. You can get a dataset for every possible use case ranging from the entertainment industry, medical, e-commerce, and even astronomy. Its users practice on various datasets to test out their skills in the field of Data Science and Machine learning.

The Kaggle datasets can have varying sizes. Some datasets can be as small as under 1MB and as large as 100 GB. Also, some of the Deep learning practices require GPU support that can boost the training time. Google Colab is a promising platform that can help beginners to test out their code in the cloud environment.

In this article, I will explain how to load the datasets directly from Kaggle to Google Colab notebooks.

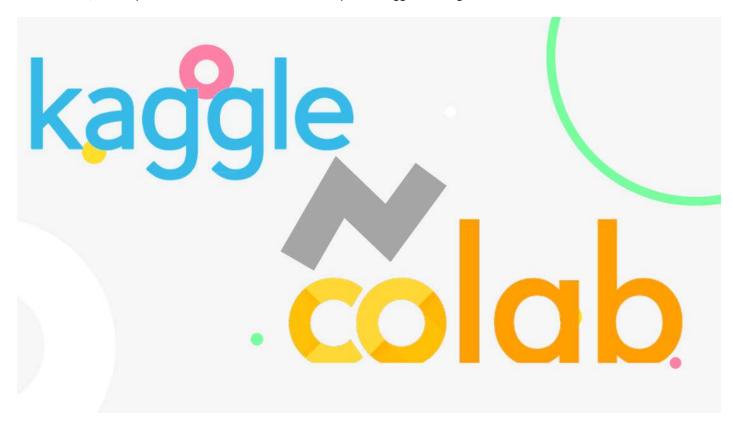
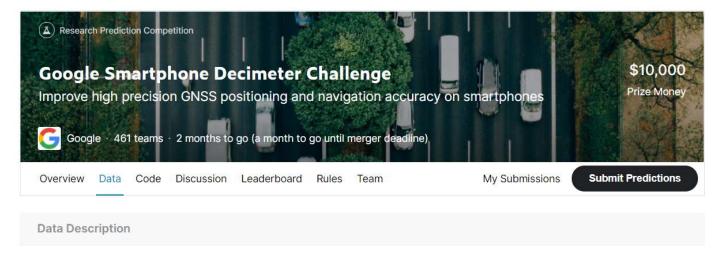


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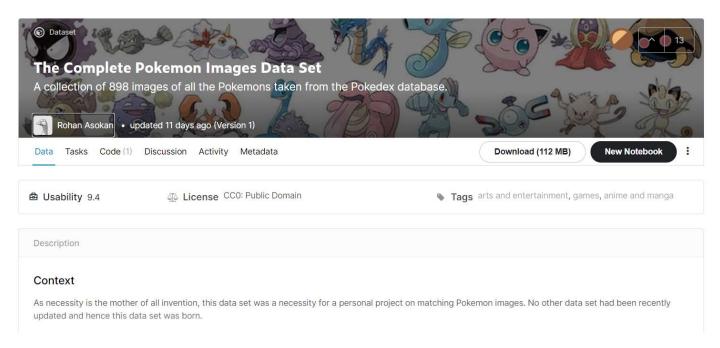
Step 1: Select any dataset from Kaggle



This challenge provides data from a variety of instruments useful for determining a phone's position: signals from GPS satellites, accelerometer readings, gyroscope readings, and more.

As this challenge's design is focused on post-processing applications such as lane-level mapping, future data along a route will be

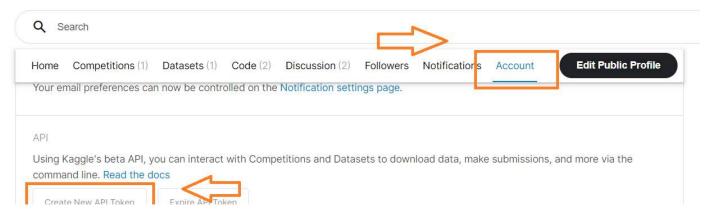
Screenshot from Google Smartphone Decimeter Challenge



Screenshot from The Complete Pokemon Images Data Set

Step 2: Download API Credentials

To download data from Kaggle, you need to authenticate with the Kaggle services. For this purpose, you need an API token. This token can be easily generated from the profile section of your Kaggle account. Simply, navigate to your Kaggle profile and then,



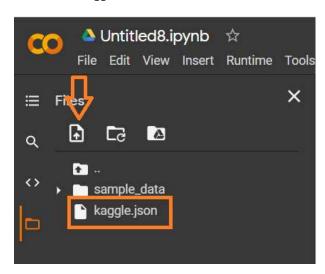
Click the Account tab and then scroll down to the API section (Screenshot from Kaggle profile)

A file named "kaggle.json" will be download which contains the username and the API key.

This is a one-time step and you don't need to generate the credentials every time you download the dataset.

Step 3: Setup the Colab Notebook

Fire up a Google Colab notebook and connect it to the cloud instance (basically start the notebook interface). Then, upload the "kaggle.json" file that you just downloaded from Kaggle.



Screenshot from Colab interface

Now you are all set to run the commands need to load the dataset. Follow along with these commands:

Note: Here we will run all the Linux and installation commands starting with "!". As Colab instances are Linux-based, you can run all the Linux commands in the code cells.

1. Install the Kaggle library

! pip install kaggle

2. Make a directory named ".kaggle"

! mkdir ~/.kaggle

3. Copy the "kaggle.json" into this new directory

! cp kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/

4. Allocate the required permission for this file.

! chmod 600 ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json

The colab notebook is now ready to download datasets from Kaggle.

```
[2] 1 ! pip install -q kaggle

[3] 1 ! mkdir ~/.kaggle

[4] 1 ! cp kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/

[5] 1 ! chmod 600 ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json
```

All the commands needed to set up the colab notebook

Step 4: Download datasets

Kaggle host two types of datasets: Competitions and Datasets. The procedure to download any type remains the same with just minor changes.

Downloading Competitions dataset:

```
! kaggle competitions download <name-of-competition>
```

Here, the name of the competition is not the bold title displayed over the background. It is the slug of the competition link followed after the "/c/". Consider our example link:

"https://www.kaggle.com/c/google-smartphone-decimeter-challenge"

"google-smartphone-decimeter-challenge" is the name of the competition to be passed in the Kaggle command. This will start downloading the data under the allocated storage in the instance:

```
| Looks like you're using an outdated API Version, please consider updating (server 1.5.12 / client 1.5.4)
| Downloading accumulated_delta_range_state_bit_map.json to /content | 0% 0.00/103 [00:00<?, ?B/s] | 100% 103/103 [00:00<00:00, 193kB/s] | Downloading constellation_type_mapping.csv to /content | 0% 0.00/103 [00:00<00:00, 86.3kB/s] | 100% 103/103 [00:00<00:00, 86.3kB/s] | Downloading raw_state_bit_map.json to /content | 0% 0.00/447 [00:00<?, ?B/s] | 100% 447/447 [00:00<?, ?B/s] | 100% 447/447 [00:00<00:00, 1.08MB/s] | Downloading Mi8_GnssLog.21o.zip to /content | 0% 0.00/1.21M [00:00<00:00, 82.3MB/s] | 100% 1.21M/1.21M [00:00<00:00, 82.3MB/s] | Downloading SPAN_Mi8_10Hz.nmea.zip to /content | 0% 0.00/1380 [00:00<2.28/s] | 20/s |
```

The output of the command (Notebook screenshot)

Downloading Datasets:

These datasets are not part of any competition. You can download these datasets by:

```
! kaggle datasets download <name-of-dataset>
```

Here, the name of the dataset is the "user-name/dataset-name". You can simply copy the trailing text after "www.kaggle.com/". Therefore, in our case,

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```
Downloading the-complete-pokemon-images-data-set.zip to /content
87% 97.0M/111M [00:02<00:00, 33.5MB/s]
100% 111M/111M [00:02<00:00, 47.3MB/s]</pre>
```

The output of the command (Notebook screenshot)

In case you get a dataset with a zip extension, you can simply use the unzip command of Linux to extract the data:

```
! unzip <name-of-file>
```

Bonus Tips

Tip 1: Download Specific Files

You just saw how to download datasets from Kaggle in Google Colab. It is possible that you are only concerned about a specific file and want to download only that file. Then you can use the "-f" flag followed by name of the file. This will download only that specific file. The "-f" flag works for both competitions and datasets command.

Example:

The output of the command (Notebook screenshot)

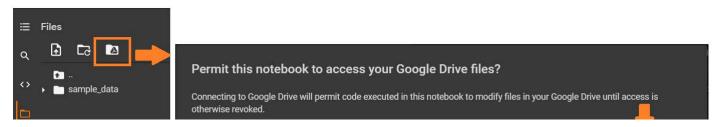
You can check out Kaggle API official documentation for more features and commands.

Tip 2: Load Kaggle Credentials from Google Drive

In step 3, you uploaded the "kaggle.json" when executing the notebook. All the files uploaded in the storage provided while running the notebook are not retained after the termination of the notebook.

It means that you need to upload the JSON file every time the notebook is reloaded or restarted. To avoid this manual work,

- 1. Simply upload the "kaggle.json" to your Google Drive. For simplicity, upload it in the root folder rather than any folder structure.
- 2. Next, mount the drive to your notebook:



3. The initial command for installing the Kaggle library and creating a directory named ".kaggle" remains the same:

```
! pip install kaggle
! mkdir ~/.kaggle
```

4. Now, you need to copy the "kaggle.json" file from the mounted google drive to the current instance storage. The Google drive is mounted under the "./content/drive/MyDrive" path. Just run the copy command as used in Linux:

```
!cp /content/drive/MyDrive/kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json
```

Now you can easily use your Kaggle competitions and datasets command to download the datasets. This method has the added advantage of not uploading the credential file on every notebook re-run.

```
| 1 | !kaggle competitions download google-smartphone-decimeter-challenge -f baseline_locations_train.csv
| Downloading baseline_locations_train.csv.zip to /content | 0% 0.00/1.74M [00:00<?, ?B/s] | 100% 1.74M/1.74M [00:00<00:00, 58.1MB/s]
```

Downloading dataset after configuring API key

Benefits of Using Google Colab

Google Colab is a great platform to practice data science questions. One of the major benefits of the Colab is the free GPU support. Data science aspirants, in the beginning, are short of computation resources, and therefore using Google Colab solves their hardware problems. The Colab notebooks run on Linux instances and therefore, you can run all the usual Linux commands and interact with the kernel more easily.

The RAM and disk allocation are more than enough for practice datasets but if your research requires more compute power, you can opt for the paid program "Colab pro".



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Screenshot from colab pro

About the Author

Hi, I am Kaustubh Gupta, a Python Developer capable of Web Scraping, Automations, Data Science, a bit of Backend Web Development with knowledge of CSS and Bootstrap, Android App Developer in Python. I explore everything that can use Python. I am currently mastering Machine learning algorithms along with real-world applications involving a mixture of all tech stacks.

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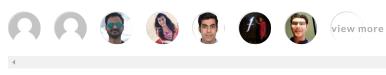


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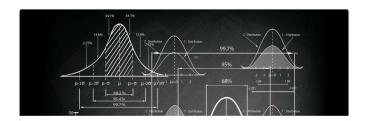
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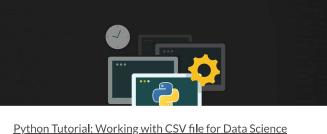
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