

Data Visualization with Python

Cheat Sheet: Plotting with Matplotlib using Pandas

Plot Type	Description	Pandas Function	Example	Visual
Line Plot	Shows trends and changes over time	<pre>DataFrame.plot.line() DataFrame.plot(kind = 'line')</pre>	<pre>df.plot(x='year', y='sales', kind='line')</pre>	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Area Plot	Displays data series as filled areas, showing the relationship between them	DataFrame.plot.area() DataFrame.plot(kind = 'area')	df.plot(kind='area')	900 900 900 900 900 900 900 900 900 900
Histogram	Displays bars representing the data count in each interval/bin	<pre>Series.plot.hist() Series.plot(kind = 'hist', bins = n)</pre>	<pre>s.plot(kind='hist', bins=10) df['age'].plot(kind='hist', bins=10)</pre>	To a second seco
Bar Chart	Displays data using rectangular bars	DataFrame.plot.bar() DataFrame.plot(kind = 'bar')	df.plot(kind='bar')	
Pie Chart	Displays data as a circular plot divided into slices, representing proportions or percentages of a whole	Series.plot.pie() Series.plot(kind = 'pie') DataFrame.plot.pie(y, labels) DataFrame.plot(kind = 'pie')	<pre>s.plot(kind='pie',autopct='%1.1f%%') df.plot(x='Category',y='Percentage',kind='pie')</pre>	1981 1982 2 1983
Box Plot	Displays the distribution of a dataset along with key statistical measures	<pre>DataFrame.plot.box() DataFrame.plot(kind = 'box')</pre>	<pre>df_can.plot(kind='box')</pre>	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Scatter Plot	Uses Cartesian coordinates to display values for two variables	<pre>DataFrame.plot.scatter() DataFrame.plot(x, y, kind = 'scatter')</pre>	<pre>df.plot(x='Height', y='Weight', kind='scatter')</pre>	Scatter Pot with Protiver Correlation 123 133 130 131 131 132 142 142 153 154 155 155 156 157 157 158 158 158 158 158 158

Cheat Sheet: Plotting directly with Matplotlib

Plot Type	Description	Matplotlib Function	Example	Visual
Line Plot	Shows trends and changes over time	plt.plot()	<pre>plt.plot(x, y, color='red', linewidth=2)</pre>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Area Plot	Display data series as filled areas	plt.fill_between()	<pre>plt.fill_between(x, y1, y2, color='blue', alpha=0.5)</pre>	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Histogram	Displays bars representing the data count in each interval/bin	plt.hist()	<pre>plt.hist(data, bins=10, color='orange', edgecolor='black')</pre>	Age coor below in Years, Detroet
				Sample Bar Plot

Bar Chart	Displays data using rectangular bars	plt.bar()	plt.bar(x, height, color='green', width=0.5)	The state of the s
Pie Chart	Displays data as a circular plot divided into slices, representing proportions or percentages of a whole	plt.pie()	<pre>plt.pie(sizes, labels=labels, colors=colors, explode=explode)</pre>	1982 1982 1983
Box Plot	Displays the distribution of a dataset along with key statistical measures	plt.boxplot()	plt.boxplot(data, notch=True)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Scatter Plot	Uses Cartesian coordinates to display values for two variables	plt.scatter()	<pre>plt.scatter(x, y, color='purple', marker='o', s=50)</pre>	Scatter Plot without Collision
Subplotting	Creating multiple plots on one figure	plt.subplots()	<pre>fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=2)</pre>	
Customization	Customizing plot: adding labels, title, legend, grid	Various customization	<pre>plt.title('Title') plt.xlabel('X Label') plt.ylabel('Y Label') plt.legend() plt.grid(True)</pre>	

Author(s)

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