

Determinar $f'(x)$, $f''(x)$, $f'''(x)$,
 $f^{(4)}(x)$ de función $f(x) = 2^x$
 con $h = 0.1$, centradas. $x = 3$

$$f'(x_0) = \frac{f(x_0 + h) - f(x_0 - h)}{2h}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(3) &= \frac{f(3+0.1) - f(3-0.1)}{2(0.1)} \\ &= \frac{f(3.1) - f(2.9)}{0.2} = \frac{2^{3.1} - 2^{2.9}}{0.2} \\ &= 5.54961884 \end{aligned}$$

Valor Verdadero

$$f(x) = 2^x \rightarrow f'(x) = \ln(2) 2^x$$

$$f'(3) = \ln(2)(2^3) = 8 \ln 2$$

$$E_r = \left| \frac{8 \ln 2 - 5.54961884}{8 \ln 2} \right|$$

$$= 8.009474115 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$E_{\%} = E_r(100)$$

$$= 8.009474115 \times 10^{-2} \text{ R/}$$

$$f''(x_0) = \frac{f(x_0+h) - 2f(x_0) + f(x_0-h)}{h^2}$$

$$f''(3) = \frac{f(3+0.1) - 2f(3) + f(3-0.1)}{(0.1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2^{3.1} - 2(2)^3 + 2^{2.9}}{0.01}$$

$$= 3.845163258$$

$$f'(x) = \ln 2 (2^x) \rightarrow f''(x) = (\ln 2)^2 2^x$$

$$E_r = \left| \frac{(\ln 2)^2 (2)^3 - 3.845163258}{(\ln 2)^2 (2)^3} \right|$$

$$= 4.00441513 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$E\% = E_r (100)$$

$$= 4.00441513 \times 10^{-2} \%$$

$$f'''(x) = \frac{f(x_0+2h) - 2f(x_0+h) + 2f(x_0-h) - f(x_0-2h)}{2h^3}$$

$$f'''(3) = \frac{f(3+0.2) - 2f(3+0.1) + 2f(3-0.1) - f(3-0.2)}{2(0.1)^3}$$

$$= \frac{2^{3.2} - 2(2^{3.1}) + 2(2^{2.9}) - 2^{2.8}}{2 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$= 2.667348808$$

$$f''(x) = (\ln 2)^2 2^x \rightarrow f'''(x) = (\ln 2)^3 2^x$$

$$E_r = \left| \frac{(\ln 2)^3 2^3 - 2.667398808}{(\ln 2)^3 2^3} \right|$$

$$= 1.201709772 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$E\% = E_r \times 100$$

$$= 1.201709772 \times 10^{-1}\%$$