

- ① Determinar el polinomio de grado menor o igual a 3. que interpola por diferencias divididas.

X	-2	-1	1	2
f(x)	-5	1	1	7

vamos a determinar los coeficientes de P(x)

Columna	①	②	③	④	⑤
Fila	X	f(x)			
①	-2	-5			
②	-1	1	6		
③	1	1	0	-2	
④	2	7	6	2	1

Diagram illustrating the calculation of divided differences (b<sub>0</sub>, b<sub>1</sub>, b<sub>2</sub>, b<sub>3</sub>) for the polynomial interpolation.

Columna ③

Fila ②  $\frac{1 - (-5)}{-1 - (-2)} = \frac{6}{1} = 6$

Fila ③  $\frac{1 - 1}{1 - (-1)} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$

Fila ④  $\frac{7 - 1}{2 - 1} = \frac{6}{1} = 6$

Columna ④

Fila ③  $\frac{0 - 6}{1 - (-2)} = \frac{-6}{3} = -2$

Columna ④

Fila ④  $\frac{6 - 0}{2 - (-1)} = \frac{6}{3} = 2$

Columna ⑤ Fila ④  $\frac{2 - (-2)}{2 - (-2)} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$

Determinar la parte literal.

para  $b_0 \rightarrow (X - X_0) = (X - (-2)) = (X + 2)$

para  $b_2 \rightarrow (X - X_0)(X - X_1) = (X - (-2))(X - (-1))$

$$= (X + 2)(X + 1)$$

$$= X^2 + 3X + 2.$$

Para  $b_3 \rightarrow (X - X_0)(X - X_1)(X - X_2) = (X^2 + 3X + 2)(X - 1)$

$$= X^3 - X^2 + 3X^2 - 3X + 2X - 2$$

$$= X^3 + 2X^2 - X - 2.$$

Para el polinomio de Newton

$$P_n(x) = b_0 + b_1(X - X_0) + b_2(X - X_0)(X - X_1) + b_3(X - X_0)(X - X_1)(X - X_2)$$

$$b_0 = -5 \quad b_1 = 6 \quad b_2 = -2 \quad b_3 = 1$$

$$P_3(X) = -5 + 6(X + 2) - 2(X^2 + 3X + 2) + 1(X^3 + 2X^2 - X - 2)$$

$$= -5 + 6X + 12 - 2X^2 - 6X - 4 + X^3 + 2X^2 - X - 2$$

$$= X^3 + 0X^2 - X + 1$$

$$= X^3 - X + 1$$