

# Algorithms sheet #1

1) a)  $f(x) = 10$   $\therefore 10 \leq 10x$   
 $\therefore 10$  is  $O(x)$   $\#$   
 $\boxed{C=10}$  ,  $\boxed{X_0=1}$

b)  $f(x) = 3x + 7$   $\therefore 3x + 7 \leq 10x$   
 $\therefore 3x + 7$  is  $O(x)$   $\#$   
 $\boxed{C=10}$  ,  $\boxed{X_0=1}$

c)  $f(x) = 5 \log x$   $\therefore 5 \log x \leq 5x$   
 $\therefore 5 \log x$  is  $O(x)$   $\#$   
 $\boxed{C=5}$  ,  $\boxed{X_0=1}$

d)  $f(x) = x^2 + x + 1$  should be  $\leq C \cdot x$  ,  $x \geq X_0$   
 $\Rightarrow$  cannot find a value of  $C$  &  $X_0$   
 $\therefore x^2 + x + 1$  is not  $O(x)$   $\#$

2) a)  $f(x) = 17x + 11$   $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{17x + 11}{x^2} = \frac{17x}{x^2} + \frac{11}{x^2}$   
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{17x + 11}{17x} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$   $\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{0}{1} = 0$   
 $\frac{x}{x^2}$

$\therefore 17x + 11$  is  $O(x^2)$   $\therefore 17x + 11$  not  $\Omega(x^2)$   $\#$

$17x + 11$  is  $\Theta(x)$   $\#$

when  $17x + 11 \leq x^2$  ,  $\boxed{C=1}$  ,  $\boxed{X_0=1}$

$$b) f(x) = x^2 + 1000 \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 1000}{x^2} = 1$$

$\therefore x^2 + 1000$  is  $\Theta(x)$  ~~not~~  $\text{const.}$

$$, x^2 + 1000 \geq x^2$$

when  $C=1$ ,  $X_0 \geq 1$

$\therefore x^2 + 1000$  is  $\Omega(x^2)$  ~~not~~

$$c) f(x) = x \log x \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x \log x}{x^2} \Rightarrow \frac{\log x}{x} = \frac{1}{x \ln 2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\ln 2} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x^2} = \underline{\underline{\text{zero}}}$$

$\therefore x \log x$  is  $\mathcal{O}(x)$  not  $\Omega(x)$ . ~~not~~

$$, \therefore x \log x \geq x^2 \rightarrow \log x \geq x, C=1, X_0 \geq 1$$

$\therefore x \log x$  is not  $\Theta(x)$ . ~~not~~

$$d) f(x) = 2^x$$

$$2^x \geq Cx^2$$

$$C=1, X_0 \geq 4$$

$\therefore 2^x$  is  $\Omega(x)$  not  $\Theta(x)$  ~~not~~

**2**



3)  $f(x) = x^4 + 9x^3 + 4x + 7$  is  $O(x^4)$ ?

Ans

$$x^4 + 9x^3 + 4x + 7 \leq 21x^4$$

$$[C = 21], [X_0 \geq 1]$$

$\therefore x^4 + 9x^3 + 4x + 7$  is  $O(x^4)$  ~~is~~

4) a)  $x^3$  is  $O(x^4)$  not  $O(x^3)$

Ans

$$x^3 \leq x^4 \quad \text{when } [C=1], [X_0 \geq 1]$$

$\therefore x^3$  is  $O(x^4)$  ~~is~~

$x^4 > x^3$   $\therefore x^4$  is not  $O(x^3)$  ~~is~~

$\rightarrow$  by limits:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3/x^4}{x^4/x^4} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$

$\therefore x^3$  is  $O(x^4)$  ~~is~~

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^4/x^3}{x^3/x^3} = \frac{\infty}{1} = \infty$$

$\therefore x^4$  is  $\Omega(x^3)$  not  $O(x^3)$  ~~is~~

[3]

b)  $X \log X$  is  $O(X^2)$  but  $X^2$  is not  $O(X \log X)$ .

Ans

$$X \log X \leq X^2, \quad C=1, \quad X_0=1$$

$$\therefore X \log X \text{ is } O(X^2) \quad \#$$

$$X^2 > X \log X \quad \therefore \boxed{X \log X} \text{ is } \Omega(X \log X) \\ \text{Not } O(X \log X) \quad \#$$

$$\rightarrow \text{by limits: } \lim_{X \rightarrow \infty} \frac{X \log X}{X^2} = \frac{\log X}{X/X} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$

$$\therefore X \log X \text{ is } O(X^2) \quad \#$$

$$\text{but } \lim_{X \rightarrow \infty} \frac{X^2}{X \log X} = \infty$$

$$\therefore X^2 \text{ is Not } O(X \log X) \quad \#$$

c)  $3X+7$  is  $\Theta(X)$ . Ans

$$\lim_{X \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3X+7}{X} = \frac{\frac{3X}{X} + \frac{7}{X}}{X/X} = \frac{3+0}{1} = 3 \rightarrow \text{const.}$$

$$\therefore 3X+7 \text{ is } \Theta(X).$$

$$\rightarrow \text{math def: } 3X+7 \geq X, \quad \boxed{C=1}, \quad \boxed{X_0=1}$$

$$\therefore 3X+7 \text{ is } \Theta(X) \quad \#$$



d)  $2x^2 + x - 7$  is  $\Theta(x^2)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2 + x - 7}{x^2} &\xrightarrow{\text{Ans}} \frac{\frac{2x^2}{x^2} + \frac{x}{x^2} - \frac{7}{x^2}}{\frac{x^2}{x^2}} = \frac{2+0+0}{1} = \boxed{2} \text{ const.} \\ &\therefore 2x^2 + x - 7 \text{ is } \Theta(x^2) \end{aligned}$$

→ math def:  $2x^2 + x - 7 \geq 10x^2$   
 $\boxed{c = 10}, \boxed{x_0 = 1}$   
 $\therefore 2x^2 + x - 7 \text{ is } \Theta(x^2) \quad \textcircled{*}$

e)  $x + 1$  is  $\Theta(x)$       Ans

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x+1}{x} &\rightarrow \frac{\cancel{x} + \frac{1}{x}}{\cancel{x}} = \frac{1+0}{1} = \boxed{1} \text{ const.} \\ &\therefore x+1 \text{ is } \Theta(x) \end{aligned}$$

→ math def:  $x+1 > x$   
 $\boxed{c = 1}, \boxed{x_0 = 1}$

$$\therefore x+1 \text{ is } \Theta(x)$$

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5 a)  $n \log(n^2+1) + n^2 \log n$

$$\therefore n \log(n^2+1) \geq n^2 \log n$$

$$\log(n^2+1) \geq n \log n$$

$$\text{is } O(n^2 \log n) \quad \#$$

b)  $(n \log n + 1)^2 + (\log n + 1)(n^2 + 1)$

$$(n \log n)^2 + 2n \log n + n^2 \log n + n^2 + \log n + 2$$

$$(n \log n)^2 \geq n^2 \log n$$

$$n^2 (\log n)^2 \geq n^2 \log n$$

$$\log n \geq 1$$

$$\text{is } O((n \log n)^2) \quad \#$$

c)  $(n^3 + n^2 \log n)(\log n + 1) + (17 \log n + 19)(n^3 + 2)$

$$= \underline{n^3 \log n} + \underline{n^3} + n^2 (\log n)^2 + n^2 \log n + \underline{17 \log n} + \underline{34 \log n} + \underline{19 n^3} + \underline{38}$$

$$= 20 n^3 + 18 n^3 \log n + (n \log n)^2 + n^2 \log n + 34 \log n + 38$$

$$20 n^3 \geq 18 n^3 \log n$$

$$20 \geq 18 \log n$$

$$\text{is } O(20 n^3) \quad \#$$

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$$d) (2^n + n^2)(n^3 + 3^n)$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{n^5} 2^n n^3 + 2^n 3^n + n^5 + 3^n n^2$$

$$= 2^n n^3 + 3^n n^2 + 6^n + n^5$$

$\overset{\circ}{32}$	$\overset{\circ}{36}$	$\overset{\circ}{36}$	$\overset{\circ}{32}$	$\rightarrow 2$ — even
$\overset{\circ}{216}$	$\overset{\circ}{243}$	$\overset{\circ}{216}$	$\overset{\circ}{243}$	$\rightarrow 3$ — odd
1024	1296	1296	1024	$\rightarrow 4$ — even

$$3^n n^2 \geq n^5, \quad 3^n n^2 \geq 6^n$$

is  $\mathcal{O}(3^n n^2)$  ~~is not~~

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