Testing Document

PacMan

version: 1

Group F8

1155127434 HO Chun Lung Terrance

Department of Philosophy, The Chinese University of Hong Kong 1155143519 WOO Pok

Department of Physics, The Chinese University of Hong Kong 1155157839 NG Yu Chun Thomas

Department of Computer Science and Engineering, The Chinese University of Hong Kong 1155157719 LEUNG Kit Lun Jay

Department of Computer Science and Engineering, The Chinese University of Hong Kong 1155143569 MOK Owen

Department of Mathematics, The Chinese University of Hong Kong

May 6, 2023

Contents

1	TES	T PLAN	2
2	TES	T CASES	2
	2.1	User Management	2
	2.2	LeaderBoard	4
	2.3	Shop System	6
	2.4	Setting	7
	2.5	Game Status	9
	2.6	Character's Movement and controls	10

1 TEST PLAN

In order to test the software properly, we will apply a bigbang approach of software testing. We consider for each functionality of the software, there will be pure approaches (black- or white-box testing). To be specific, for complicated functionalities (mostly inter-module functionals and implementational functionals), we choose to apply black-box testing; for simple functionalities (mostly mono-module functionals and object reactions), we choose to apply white-box testing. Afterall, we will integrate the modules and test the whole system directly.

The testing will be under following environment:

- Software: Unity (version 2021.3.17f1), Windows7
- · Hardware:
 - CPU: i5-8300
 - NVidia-GTX960M
 - 8GB-2400MHZ

We list out the functionalities to be tested:

1. Black box testing:

- (a) User Management
- (b) Menu UI
- (c) LeaderBoard
- (d) Shop system
- (e) Setting
- (f) Game Status
- (g) Player control
- (h) Ghost AI & Status

2 TEST CASES

2.1 User Management

For UserManagement, we will focus on the black box testing on Login, Logout and SignUp. On the Login panel, there are 2 input fields: EMAIL and PASSWORDS for user input. With correct inputs, clicking The 'LOGIN' button should direct the user to the main menu. Else it should stay at the login panel.

On the SignUp panel, there are 4 input fields: USER NAME, EMAIL, PASSWORDS, CON-FIRM PASSWORDS for user input. Where USER NAME should not be empty, EMAIL should with format of email, and PASSWORD should be the same as the CONFIRM PASSWORD. With valid inputs, clicking The 'SignUp' button should direct the user to the main menu. Else it should stay at the signUp panel.

On the main menu, the LOG OUT button should direct the user to the login panel and save the user data to the database. Assume the following accounts is stored in the database:

- 1. email: j5@j.com password: 55555555
- 2. email: test@gmail.com password: J1234567

- 1. Test Case 1: Login with correct email and password.
 - (a) Input: fill EMAIL with "j5@j.com" and PASSWORD with "55555555"
 - (b) Expected output: Login Successfully with UserName Jest5 and switch to main menu.
- 1. Test Case 2: Login with correct email and incorrect password.
 - (a) Input: fill EMAIL with "j5@j.com" and PASSWORD with "55555554"
 - (b) Expected output: error occured with error message.
- 1. Test Case 3: Login with both incorrect email and password.
 - (a) Input: fill EMAIL with "tes@gmail.com" and PASSWORD with "J1234567"
 - (b) Expected output: error occured with error message.
- 1. Test Case 2: Login with correct email and incorrect password.
 - (a) Input: fill EMAIL with "j5@j.com" and PASSWORD with "55555554"
 - (b) Expected output: error occured with error message.
- 1. Test Case 3: Login with both incorrect email and password.
 - (a) Input: fill EMAIL with "tes@gmail.com" and PASSWORD with "J1234567"
 - (b) Expected output: error occured with error message.
- 1. Test Case 4: Login with correct email and other user's password.
 - (a) Input: fill EMAIL with "test@gmail.com" and PASSWORD with "55555555"

- (b) Expected output: error occured with error message.
- 1. Test Case 5: Sign up with all valid input.
 - (a) Input: fill USER NAME with "t1", EMAIL with "test5@gmail.com" and PASSWORD with "J5555555" and CONFIRM PASSWORD "J5555555"
 - (b) Expected output: error occured with error message.
- 1. Test Case 6: Sign up with invalid username.
 - (a) Input: fill USER NAME with "", EMAIL with "test5@gmail.com" and PASSWORD with "J5555555" and CONFIRM PASSWORD "J5555555"
 - (b) Expected output: error occured with error message.
- 1. Test Case 8: Sign up with invalid password.
 - (a) Input: fill USER NAME with "t1", EMAIL with "test5@gmail.com" and PASSWORD with "J555555" and CONFIRM PASSWORD "J5555555"
 - (b) Expected output: error occured with error message.
- 1. Test Case 9: Sign up with empty confirm password.
 - (a) Input: fill USER NAME with "t1", EMAIL with "test5@gmail.com" and PASSWORD with "J5555555" and CONFIRM PASSWORD ""
 - (b) Expected output: error occured with error message.
- 1. Test Case 10: Logout.
 - (a) Input: click LOG OUT button
 - (b) Expected output: logged out and switch to login panel.

The above results to be successful under the assumption of black box testing.

2.2 LeaderBoard

For LeaderBoard, we will focus on the black box testing on attempting adding the score to the leaderboard. If the score of the current player is higher than the minScore on the leaderboard, the leaderboard will update. Assume the current leaderboard is:

1. Cheater 525380

- 2. Cheater 625370
- 3. Cheater 69 6969
- 4. Thomas D 6789
- 5. Min 1000

And the current username is "TEST".

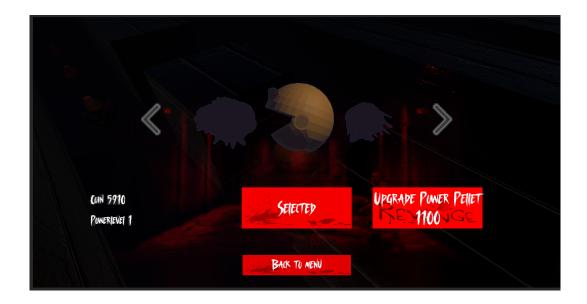
Inputs and expected outputs

- 1. Test Case 1: Go to the leaderboard with score 1500
 - (a) Input: click LEADERBOARD with score 1500
 - (b) Expected output: replaces "5. Min 1000" with "5. TEST 1500"
- 1. Test Case 2: Go to the leaderboard with score 7000
 - (a) Input: click LEADERBOARD with score 7000
 - (b) Expected output: the last 3 places become:
 - 3. Min 7000
 - 4. Cheater 69 6969
 - 5. Thomas D 6789
- 1. Test Case 3: Go to the leaderboard with score 99999
 - (a) Input: click LEADERBOARD with score 99999
 - (b) Expected output: the leaderboard becomes:
 - 1. TEST 99999
 - 2. Cheater 525380
 - 3. Cheater 625370
 - 4. Cheater69 6969
 - 5. Thomas D 6789
- 1. Test Case 4: Go to the leaderboard with score 87
 - (a) Input: click LEADERBOARD with score 87
 - (b) Expected output: No update.

Results

The above results to be successful under the assumption of black box testing.

2.3 Shop System



Under the assumption of black box testing, we focus on the functionalities of each button:

- 1. The 'selected' button should be changed to 'buy' or 'select' when the character focus is changed, and should be clickable to select the character.
- 2. The upgrade button should be changing the power level and coins and the value inside the button.
- 3. the 'back to menu' button should be able to direct player to the menu.
- 4. The left right button should beable to change the character shown.

- 1. Test Case 1: upgrade power pellet
 - (a) Input: Clicking the upgrade button
 - (b) Expected Output: coin decreased, powerlevel and value on the button increased.
- 2. Test Case 2: Clicking the back to menu button
 - (a) Input: click the button
 - (b) Expected Output: Back to menu
- 3. Test Case 3: Change to other character, and buy it.
 - (a) Input: click left right button and buy.

- (b) Expected Output: character changed, and it will be successfully bought if coins enough, coins decresed, and button becomes selected; unsuccessful purchase will remain everything unchanged.
- 4. Test Case 4: Clicking blank space
 - (a) Input: Clicking on blank area.
 - (b) Expected Output: No output.

The above results to be successful under the assumption of black box testing.

2.4 Setting



Under the assumption of black box testing, we focus on the functionalities of each button:

- 1. Name can be changed in the change name field, by clicking the change button.
- 2. Music and Effect Volume can be adjusted.
- 3. Done button will direct user to previous page.

- 1. Test Case 1: Directly clicking change button
 - (a) Input: Clicking the change button

- (b) Expected Output: The name cannot be changed
- 2. Test Case 2: Input a new name and click the change button
 - (a) Input: new name, change button
 - (b) Expected Output: Name is changed.
- 3. Test Case 3: Adjust Music Volume to 0.
 - (a) Input: adjust the slider of music volume
 - (b) Expected Output: No music is played.
- 4. Test Case 4: Adjust Effect Volume to 0.
 - (a) Input: adjust the slider of effect volume
 - (b) Expected Output: No sound effect is played.
- 5. Test Case 5: Adjust Music Volume to nonzero.
 - (a) Input: adjust the slider of music volume
 - (b) Expected Output: music volume varies with slider.
- 6. Test Case 6: Adjust Effect Volume to nonzero.
 - (a) Input: adjust the slider of effect volume
 - (b) Expected Output: effect volume varies with slider.
- 7. Test Case 7: Clicking done button with different entrance
 - (a) Input: Go to setting from different entrance, and click the done button
 - (b) Expected Output: Returning the previous page.

The above results to be successful under the assumption of black box testing.

2.5 Game Status



Under the assumption of black box testing, we focus on the functionalities of each button:

- 1. By clcking spacebar, we can enter the pause section
- 2. Resume button allows player resume the game
- 3. Restart button allows player restart the game
- 4. Settings button allows player enter setting page
- 5. Quit to menu allows player to halt the game

- 1. Test Case 1: Never pressing spacebar during the game
 - (a) Input: Usual game control
 - (b) Expected Output: The pause section is never been called.
- 2. Test Case 2: Pressing spacebar anytime during the game
 - (a) Input: press the spacebar
 - (b) Expected Output: Pause section is called
- 3. Test Case 3: Clicking resume button
 - (a) Input: resume button

- (b) Expected Output: Game continued.
- 4. Test Case 4: Clicking restart button
 - (a) Input: restart button
 - (b) Expected Output: Game restart
- 5. Test Case 5: Clicking settings button
 - (a) Input: settings button
 - (b) Expected Output: entering settings
- 6. Test Case 6: Clicking Quit to menu button
 - (a) Input: quit to menu
 - (b) Expected Output: diresting player to menu

The above results to be successful under the assumption of black box testing.

2.6 Character's Movement and controls

For character movement control (both the player and the enemies), the main class of interest is the movement class controlling the player's action. We will be focusing on white box testing on the function SetDirection().

And here is the function update() in movement.cs who take care of the variable NextDirection.

```
private void Update() {
   if (nextDirection != Vector3.zero) {
      SetDirection(nextDirection);
   }

   // Add this debug line to log the current nextDirection value
   Debug.Log("Current nextDirection: " + nextDirection.ToString());
}
```

Here we added debug message for checking the validity of the output direction sequence.

- 1. Test Case 1: Pacman moves in an open path
 - (a) Input: targetDir = Vector3.forward(0, 0, 1)
 - (b) Expected Output: direction and nextDirection should be set to Vector3.forward, and the appropriate rotation should be calculated.
- 2. Test Case 2: Pacman moves in a blocked path without forced movement
 - (a) Input: targetDir = Vector3.left (1, 0, 0) and a wall in the left direction
 - (b) Expected Output: nextDirection should be set to Vector3.left, but direction should not change.
- 3. Test Case 3: Pacman moves in a blocked path with forced movement

- (a) Input: targetDir = Vector3.left(1, 0, 0), a wall in the left direction, and forced = true
- (b) Expected Output: direction and nextDirection should be set to Vector3.left, and the appropriate rotation should be calculated.
- 4. Test Case 4: Pacman changes direction when a previous blocked path becomes unblocked
 - (a) Input: Pacman is moving forward (0, 0, 1) and attempted to turn left (1, 0, 0) but it was blocked. The wall blocking the path is now removed.
 - (b) Expected Output: direction and nextDirection should be set to Vector3.left, and the appropriate rotation should be calculated.

Outputs and analysis

Here are the output log messages:

1. Test Case 1: Pacman moves in an open path

```
SetDirection() called with target direction: (0, 0, 1) and forced:

False

Path is not blocked. Setting direction and nextDirection to: (0, 0, 1)

Calculated rotation: (0, 0, 0)

Current direction: (0, 0, 1), nextDirection: (0, 0, 1), rotation: (0, 0, 0)
```

2. Test Case 2: Pacman moves in a blocked path without forced movement

```
SetDirection() called with target direction: (1, 0, 0) and forced:

False

Path is blocked. Setting nextDirection to: (1, 0, 0)

Current direction: (previous direction), nextDirection: (1, 0, 0),

rotation: (previous rotation)
```

3. Test Case 3: Pacman moves in a blocked path with forced movement

```
SetDirection() called with target direction: (1, 0, 0) and forced:

True

Path is not blocked. Setting direction and nextDirection to: (1, 0, 0)

Calculated rotation: (0, 270, 0)

Current direction: (1, 0, 0), nextDirection: (1, 0, 0), rotation: (0, 270, 0)
```

4. Test Case 4: Pacman changes direction when a previous blocked path becomes unblocked

```
Current nextDirection: (1, 0, 0)

SetDirection() called with target direction: (1, 0, 0) and forced:

False

Path is not blocked. Setting direction and nextDirection to: (1, 0, 0)

Calculated rotation: (0, 270, 0)

Current direction: (1, 0, 0), nextDirection: (1, 0, 0), rotation: (0, 270, 0)
```

The test cases are successful. Furthermore, simple black box testing (on modules other than this one, or say the overall movement ability) was also done when testing this current module. We conclude that we did not discover significant faults on the character movement feature.