

DOUBLE TUTORIAL 9

First Hour

Question 1. Which of the following function a rational function?

(a) $y = \sqrt[4]{x}$,

(b) $y = \frac{1}{x}$,

(c) $y = 2x^2 - 3x + 4$,

(d) $y = \frac{1-x}{\sqrt{x}}$,

(e) $\frac{1}{7}x + \sqrt{7}$,

(f) $y = x$.

Question 2. Solve the following equations for x .

(a) $\frac{x-6}{2x+1} = 0$,

(b) $\frac{x^2+2x+1}{x+1} = 0$.

Question 3. For each function from Q2 find the intervals where the function is negative/positive.

Question 4. For the rational function $y = \frac{x(x+2)}{x^2-1}$ find zeros, asymptotes, intervals where the function is negative/positive, and sketch (very roughly!) the graph on the domain $[-4, 2]$. Compare the result with the graph sketched by WolframAlpha: <https://www.wolframalpha.com>

Second Hour

Question 1.

(a) What is the right angle in degrees and in radians?

(b) What is the angle in radians?

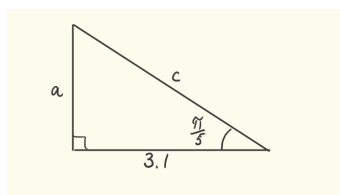
(i) 180° , (ii) 45° , (iii) 60° , (iv) 73° .

(b) What is the angle in degrees?

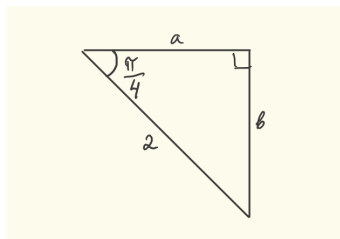
(i) $\frac{\pi}{6}$, (ii) $\frac{3\pi}{4}$, (iii) 1 radian, (iv) 2.5 radians.

Question 2. For the following right triangles

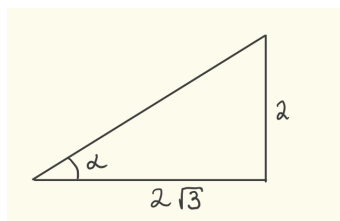
(a) find the lengths of sides a and c



(b) find the lengths of sides a and b



(c) find angle α in radians and in degrees.



Question 3. Sketch the unit circle. Mark the following angles on the sketch

(a) 0, (b) $\frac{\pi}{3}$, (c) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$, (d) π (e) $\frac{4\pi}{3}$, (f) $\frac{5\pi}{3}$, (g) 2π , (h) $\frac{7\pi}{3}$, (i) $\frac{8\pi}{3}$.

Write out the values for \sin , \cos , and \tan for each of these angles.

Question 4. Write out all angles with

(a) $\cos x = 0$, (b) $\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$, (c) $\tan x = -1$.

Use a correct notation.

Question 5. Given that $\cos t = \frac{1}{3}$ and $\sin t = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$, fill out the following table. For this first sketch the unit circle and mark angles t , $t + \frac{\pi}{2}$, $t + \pi$, $t + \frac{3\pi}{2}$, and $t + 2\pi$ on the unit circle.

	t	$t + \frac{\pi}{2}$	$t + \pi$	$t + \frac{3\pi}{2}$	$t + 2\pi$
cos	$\frac{1}{3}$				
sin	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$				
tan					