Introduction to Python

Exercise Answers

- 1. Start the Python interpreter. On turing, enter the command python3. On other systems, it might be something more specific like python3.8
- 2. You should be presented with a Python prompt. Type in the following (make sure you understand what each statement is doing):

```
1 + 2
type(1 + 2)
1 + 2 ** 3
type (1 + 2 ** 3)
15 / 2
type(15 / 2)
15 // 2
type(15 // 2)
15 % 2
type(15 % 2)
type("Hello, World!")
"Hello, World!"
print("Hello, World!")
print("Hello, World!")
print("Hello, " + "World!")
```

o print("Hello, ", "World!")

3. Type exit() (or press Ctrl-D) to exit the interpreter. Create a file named hello.py with the following content, and then execute the program by running the command python3 hello.py

```
print("Hello, World!")
```

- 4. Make the file executable (i.e. use chmod) and try to run it: ./hello.py
- 5. The system responds with an error. This is because it doesn't know how to interpret the program. Add the following as the first line of the file and then execute it again. This time the system knows which interpreter to use.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
```

6. Examine the following program, making sure you understand what it does. Then execute the program and verify it performs as you expected.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
name = input("Please enter your name: ")
print("Hello " + name + "!\n")
first = input("Please enter the first number: ")
first = int(first)
second = input("Please enter the second number: ")
second = int(second)
if first < second:
 print(first, "is less than", second)
elif second < first:</pre>
 print(first, "is greater than", second)
else:
 print(first, "is equal to", second)
 print("Did you do that on purpose?")
average = (first + second) / 2
print("The average of the two numbers is: " + str(average))
```

- 7. [This exercise should be submitted through the Assessments section of Moodle for <u>Tutorial Exercise 2</u>] Write a program that asks the user to enter their age (in years). If the user is 100 or older, tell them "You've already turned 100!". Otherwise, if they are less than 0, tell them "Try again after you are born!". If neither of these cases apply, calculate the number of years before they turn 100 and output the message "You will be 100 in x years!" (where x is replaced by the number of years before they turn 100). You must use an if...elif...else statement for this problem.
- 8. Write a Python program that implements the following pseudocode:
 - o Display the message "How many hours did you work?"
 - Input hours
 - Display the message "How much do you get paid per hour?"
 - Input rate
 - Calculate the pay due as the number of hours worked multiplied by the pay rate
 - o If the number of hours is less than 10, add a bonus equal to their pay rate for one hour
 - o If the number of hours is greater than 100, add a bonus equal to their pay rate for five hours
 - Display the pay due to the user

```
hours_input = input("How many hours did you work? ")
rate_input = input("How much do you get paid per hour? ")

hours = int(hours_input)
rate = float(rate_input)
rate_cents = int(100 * rate) # floats are not exact, so better to use int for currency calculations

pay = hours * rate_cents

if hours < 10:
    pay = pay + 1 * rate_cents
elif hours > 100:
    pay = pay + 5 * rate_cents

pay_dollars = round(pay / 100, 2)
print("Pay due: $", pay_dollars)
```

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