Overview

The project is a gradebook system designed to manage student grades for a course. Its purpose is to demonstrate core OOP principles—encapsulation, inheritance, and composition—while working with dynamic data structures (like ArrayLists or custom ListADTs). The system reads student data (including a series of grade entries) from a file, allows modifications to individual grades or the entire roster, and calculates current scores as well as needed averages for target grades. Look for the To-Do in the Solution.java and fill those methods based on the project gradebook.

Class Design and Relationships

1. Person Class

Purpose:

Serves as the base class containing common personal information.

Attributes:

- firstName
- lastName
- nationality
- age

Design Principle:

Encapsulation is used to hide details about a person while providing public methods (like toString()) to access that information.

2. Student Class (extends Person)

Purpose:

Represents a student enrolled in the course and adds course-specific information.

Additional Attributes:

- major (the student's field of study)
- andrewID (unique identifier)
- A private list (or a custom ListADT) of Grade objects, representing the student's assignment grades.

Methods:

- addGrade(Grade g) : Adds a new grade entry.
- changeGrade(String assignment, int newScore): Modifies a specific grade entry.
- getCurrentScore(): Computes the weighted average of all grades.
- getCurrentLetterGrade(): Determines the letter grade based on the computed

score.

 whatDoINeed(char targetGrade): Calculates the required average on remaining assignments to achieve a target letter grade.

Design Principle:

Inheritance is used to extend the Person class, and *composition* is used by holding a collection of Grade objects.

3. Grade Class

Purpose:

Encapsulates details about a single grade entry.

Attributes:

- assignmentName (e.g., "HW1", "Q1", "MT", "F")
- score (an integer value representing the grade)
- weight (a double value computed based on the assignment type; fixed weights such as 0.07 for homework, 0.015 for quizzes, etc.)

Methods:

- Getter methods for each attribute.
- setScore(int newScore) : Updates the score.

Design Principle:

Encapsulation and abstraction allow the Grade class to manage its own state and behavior related to weight calculation.

4. GradeBook Class

Purpose:

Manages a collection of Student objects and provides methods for operations on the overall course data.

Attributes:

A dynamic list (or a custom ListADT) of Student objects.

• Key Methods:

Constructor:

 Reads a file (e.g., S18grades.txt) and creates Student objects along with their grade entries.

toString():

Returns a formatted string representation of the entire roster.

printlndividualGrades(String id):

Prints all grade entries for a given student identified by their Andrew ID.

printGradesByMajor(String major):

Prints the information and grades for all students in a specified major.

removeStudent(String id):

Removes a student from the list based on their Andrew ID.

changeGrade(String id, String assignment, int newgrade):

• Finds the student by ID and updates the grade for a specific assignment.

addGradeToAll():

 Prompts the user for a new assignment and then adds this assignment (with a user-specified grade) to every student.

printCurrentGrade(String id):

 Computes and prints the current letter grade of a student based on their weighted average.

whatDolNeed(String id, char grade):

 Determines what score a student needs on the remaining coursework to reach a desired letter grade.

updateDatabase(String filename):

 Writes the current state of the gradebook back to a file so it can be reloaded later.

Design Principle:

The GradeBook class demonstrates the *Single Responsibility Principle* by managing the collection of students and orchestrating operations on them, while delegating student-specific behavior to the Student class.

Testing and Main Method

Main Method:

The project includes a main() method that serves as a test harness. This method is responsible for:

- Instantiating the GradeBook (by reading the provided data file).
- Calling methods on the GradeBook to test each feature.
- Using conditional logic (if / else) to verify that each operation works as expected.
- Running a suite of around 30 test cases that cover:
 - File reading and GradeBook creation.
 - Individual and bulk operations on student grades.
 - Error handling for non-existent student IDs or assignments.
 - Grade calculations and database updates.