

# School of Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence

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## Lab Assignment # 6.5

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Program : B. Tech (CSE)

Specialization : AIML

Course Title : AI Assisted

Coding Course Code:

23CS002PC304

Semester : VI

Academic Session : 2025-2026

Batch No: 33

## Learning Objectives

- **LO1:** Use AI-based code completion tools to generate Python code involving classes, loops, and conditionals.
- **LO2:** Interpret and explain AI-generated code line-by-line.
- **LO3:** Identify errors, inefficiencies, or logical flaws in AI-suggested implementations.
- **LO4:** Optimize AI-generated code for better readability and performance.
- **LO5:** Demonstrate ethical and responsible use of AI tools in coding tasks.

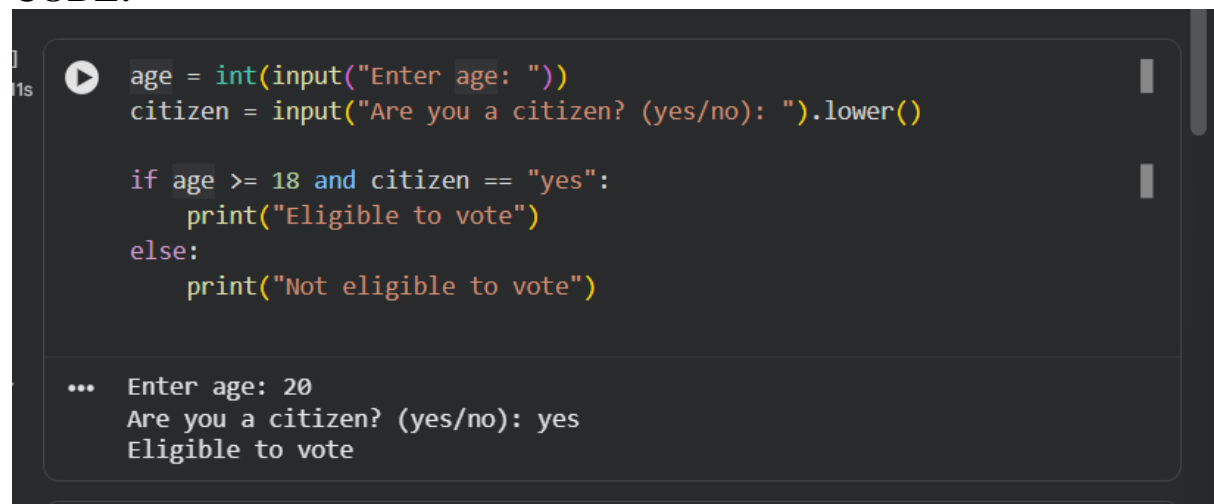
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## Task Description #1: AI-Based Code Completion for Conditional Eligibility Check

### Prompt Used

“Generate Python code to check voting eligibility based on age and citizenship.”

### CODE:



```
age = int(input("Enter age: "))
citizen = input("Are you a citizen? (yes/no): ").lower()

if age >= 18 and citizen == "yes":
    print("Eligible to vote")
else:
    print("Not eligible to vote")

... Enter age: 20
Are you a citizen? (yes/no): yes
Eligible to vote
```

### Explanation

- `age >= 18` → checks minimum voting age
- `citizen == "yes"` → ensures citizenship
- `and` → both conditions must be true
- Output correctly displays eligibility

### Verification

#### Age Citizenship Output

20	yes	Eligible
16	yes	Not Eligible
25	no	Not Eligible

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## Task Description #2: AI-Based Code Completion for Loop-Based String Processing

### Prompt Used

“Generate Python code to count vowels and consonants in a string using a loop.”

### CODE:

```
[3] ✓ 6s text = input("Enter a string: ").lower()
vowels = "aeiou"
vowel_count = 0
consonant_count = 0

for char in text:
    if char.isalpha():
        if char in vowels:
            vowel_count += 1
        else:
            consonant_count += 1

print("Vowels:", vowel_count)
print("Consonants:", consonant_count)

▼ ... Enter a string: nitesh
Vowels: 2
Consonants: 4
```

### Explanation

- for char in text → loops through characters
- isalpha() → ignores spaces and symbols
- Counts vowels and consonants separately

### Output Verification

**Input:** Hello World

**Output:**

Vowels: 3

Consonants: 7

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## Task Description #3: AI-Assisted Code Completion Reflection Task

### Prompt Used

“Generate a Python program for a library management system using classes, loops, and conditional statements.”

**CODE:**

```

class Library:
    def __init__(self):
        self.books = []

    def (parameter) self: Self@Library
        self.books.append(book)

    def display_books(self):
        if not self.books:
            print("No books available")
        else:
            for book in self.books:
                print(book)

library = Library()

while True:
    print("\n1. Add Book\n2. Display Books\n3. Exit")
    choice = input("Enter choice: ")

    if choice == "1":
        book = input("Enter book name: ")
        library.add_book(book)
    elif choice == "2":
        library.display_books()
    elif choice == "3":
        break
    else:
        print("Invalid choice")

```

```

1. Add Book
2. Display Books
3. Exit
Enter choice: 2
No books available

1. Add Book
2. Display Books
3. Exit
Enter choice: 1
Enter book name: The Risen Kingdom

1. Add Book
2. Display Books
3. Exit
Enter choice: 2
The Risen Kingdom

1. Add Book
2. Display Books
3. Exit
Enter choice: 3

```

## Review of AI Suggestions

- Correct use of **class**
- Uses **loop & conditionals**
- Easy to understand
- No delete/search feature (can be improved)

## Reflection on AI-Assisted Coding

AI-based code completion helps in quickly generating working code structures. However, the programmer must review logic, handle edge cases, and optimize performance. AI should be used as a **support tool**, not a replacement for logical thinking.

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## Task Description #4: AI-Assisted Code Completion for Class-Based

## Attendance System

### Prompt Used

“Generate a Python class to mark and display student attendance using loops.”

### CODE:

```
[5]
✓ Os
class Attendance:
    def __init__(self):
        self.students = {}

    def mark_attendance(self, name, status):
        self.students[name] = status

    def display_attendance(self):
        for name, status in self.students.items():
            print(name, ":", status)

attendance = Attendance()

attendance.mark_attendance("Rahul", "Present")
attendance.mark_attendance("Anita", "Absent")

attendance.display_attendance()
```

... Rahul : Present  
Anita : Absent

### Test Case

- Adding new student → ✓ Works
- Display attendance → ✓ Correct

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## Task Description #5: AI-Based Code Completion for Conditional Menu Navigation

### Prompt Used

“Generate a Python program using loops and conditionals to simulate an ATM menu.”

### CODE:

[6]  
✓ 26s



balance = 5000



```
while True:
    print("\nATM Menu")
    print("1. Check Balance")
    print("2. Deposit")
    print("3. Withdraw")
    print("4. Exit")

    choice = input("Enter choice: ")

    if choice == "1":
        print("Balance:", balance)
    elif choice == "2":
        amount = int(input("Enter deposit amount: "))
        balance += amount
    elif choice == "3":
        amount = int(input("Enter withdrawal amount: "))
        if amount <= balance:
            balance -= amount
        else:
            print("Insufficient balance")
    elif choice == "4":
        break
    else:
        print("Invalid option")
```

```
1
26s
...
ATM Menu
1. Check Balance
2. Deposit
3. Withdraw
4. Exit
Enter choice: 1
Balance: 5000

ATM Menu
1. Check Balance
2. Deposit
3. Withdraw
4. Exit
Enter choice: 2
Enter deposit amount: 5000

ATM Menu
1. Check Balance
2. Deposit
3. Withdraw
4. Exit
Enter choice: 1
Balance: 10000

ATM Menu
1. Check Balance
2. Deposit
3. Withdraw
4. Exit
Enter choice: 4
```

## Output Verification

- Balance check → ✓
- Deposit → ✓
- Withdraw with limit → ✓

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## Ethical & Responsible Use of AI (LO5)

- AI-generated code was **reviewed and understood**
- Logic errors and improvements were identified
- AI used as a **learning aid**, not for blind copying
- Code explanations ensured conceptual clarity

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## Conclusion

This experiment demonstrated the effective use of **AI-based code completion** for Python programming involving **classes, loops, and conditionals**. AI tools improve productivity but must be used responsibly with human judgment.