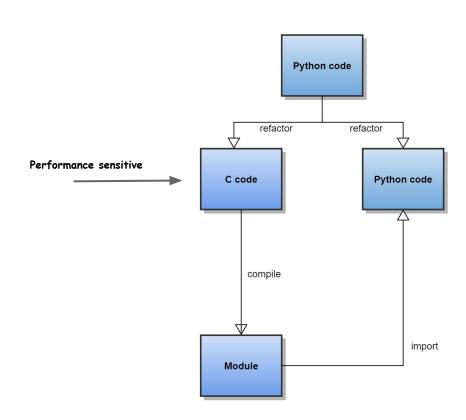
### Accelerating Python

Hands-on with Cython

## Methodology

- 1. Profile code
- 2. Optimize existing implementation
- 3. Explore different options:
  - Parallelizing the code (MPI, OpenMP, CUDA C, ...)
  - Using JIT compilers e.g. Numba, PyPy
  - Writing extensions (C/C++/Fortran/...)

# Python Extension Modules



### Python Extension Tools

- Python/C API
- C/C++ to python tools: ctypes, CFFI, PyBind11, SWIG, ...
- Fortran to python: f2py, f90wrap, ...
- Python to C/C++ intermediate languages: Pyrex, Cython

## What is Cython?



- Cython is (<u>almost</u>) python plus C data types
- Enables conversion of python into C code
- Automates extension creation and compilation
- Provides superior performance to python

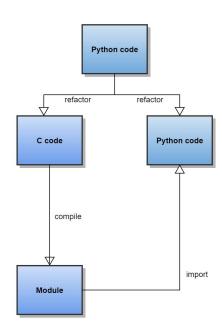
### Exercise I: hello world

#### **Requirements:**

- Cython
- C compiler
- Python-dev
- Numpy-dev

#### Ex-I:

- git clone https://github.com/MolSSI-Education/cython\_intro.git
- cd cython\_tutorial/Ex1
- Execute: cythonize -3 --inplace hello.pyx
- Import hello module from the python interpreter

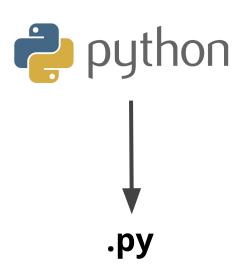


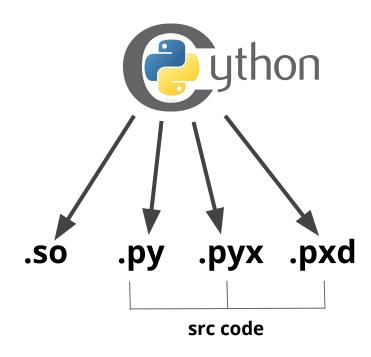
# Exercise II: Cythonizing for loops

#### Ex-II:

- cd ../Ex2
- Create cymod.pyx from pymod.py
- Run compare.py
- Optimize **cymod.pyx**

# Python vs Cython Pkg Files





### Exercise III: Vectorization with NumPy

#### Ex-III:

- cd ../Ex3
- Run python setup.py build --inplace
- Vectorize the code in pymod.py in a new file pymod\_opt.py
- Run **compare.py**

### Questions?

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Thankyou