### The Container Stacking Problem

**Final Presentation** 

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## Previously on...

#### Problem definition

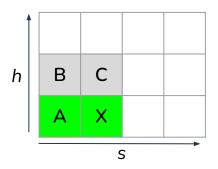
# h B C A X

#### Given:

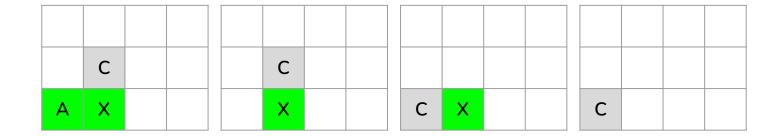
- The starting positions of the containers
- The number of stacks (s)
- The maximum height of the stacks (h)
- The maximum number of operations (t)
- A list of the containers we wish to remove (A and X, in this case)

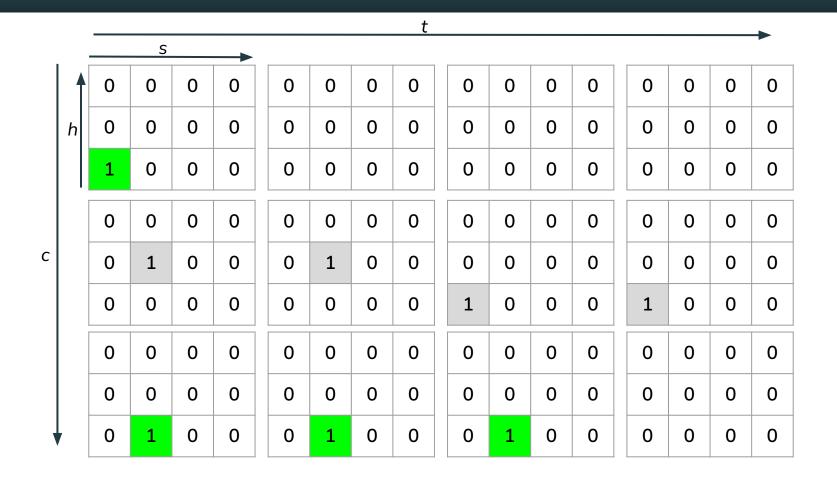
Minimize the number of operations necessary to remove the desired containers

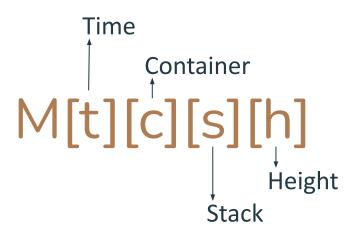
#### Three possible operations

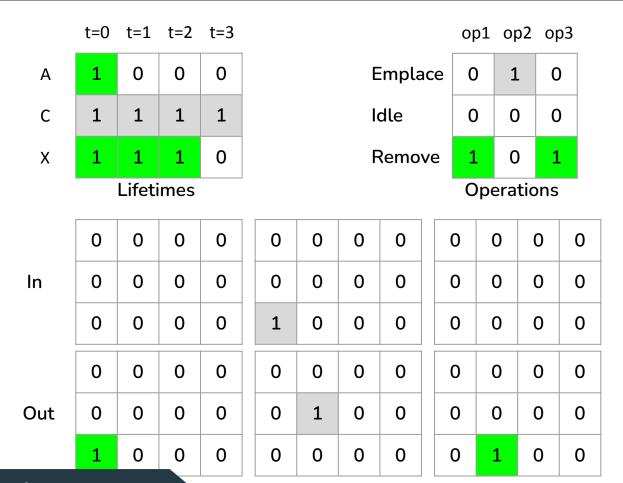


- 1. Move top container from stack *a* to stack *b*
- 2. Remove container from stack a
- 3. Idle (leave all the containers untouched)









#### Here's what's new

#### Problem definition

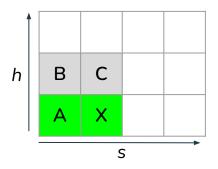
# h B C A X

#### Given:

- The starting positions of the containers
- The weight of the containers (lighter containers on top of the heavier)
- The number of stacks (s)
- The maximum height of the stacks (h)
- The list of shipments and for how long they are docked
  - Each shipment can add or remove some containers to the problem

Minimize the number of operations necessary to remove the desired containers

#### Four possible operations



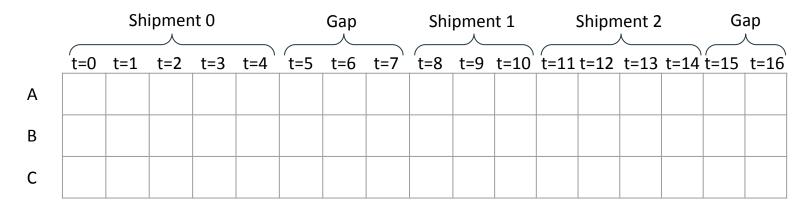
- 1. Move top container from stack *a* to stack *b*
- 2. Remove container from stack a
- 3. Idle (leave all the containers untouched)
- 4. Insert container to stack a

#### Example of a problem instance

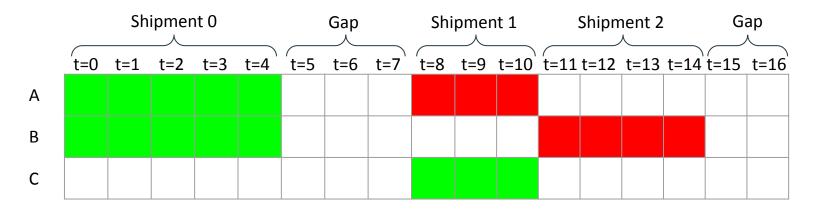
```
"containers" : [
                                                                          "in": [],
   ["X", 0, 0],
                                                                          "out": ["A" ,"C" ,"F"],
    ["Y", 1, 0]
                                                                          "duration": 6
"dimensions" : [4, 3],
"shipments": [
                                                                          "duration": 10
       "in": ["A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "F", "G"],
        "out": [],
                                                                          "in": [],
        "duration": 10,
                                                                          "out": ["1", "3", "Y"],
                                                                          "duration": 5,
        "duration": 5,
                                                                  "weights" : {
                                                                      "A" : 2,
                                                                      "1" : 2
       "in": ["1" ,"2" ,"3"],
       "out": ["B", "D", "G"],
        "duration": 10,
```

- Shipment 0
  - Duration: 5 | In: [A, B] | Out: []
- Gap
  - O Duration: 3
- Shipment 1
  - Duration: 3 | In: [C] | Out: [A]
- Shipment 2
  - Duration: 4 | In: [] | Out: [B]
- Gap
  - Duration: 2

Dimension T = 5 + 3 + 3 + 4 + 2 = 17



#### Lifetimes



Lifetimes



#### Lifetimes

	Shipment 0					Gap			Shipment 1			Shipment 2				Gap	
	t=0	t=1	t=2	t=3	t=4		t=6	t=7	t=8	t=9	t=10	t=11	t=12	t=13	t=14	t=15	t=16
Α						1	1	1				0	0	0	0	0	0
В						1	1	1	1	1	1					0	0
С	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				1	1	1	1	1	1

#### Lifetimes

The spaces in blank are left as an exercise to the reader cplex...

# Feature highlight: weight restrictions

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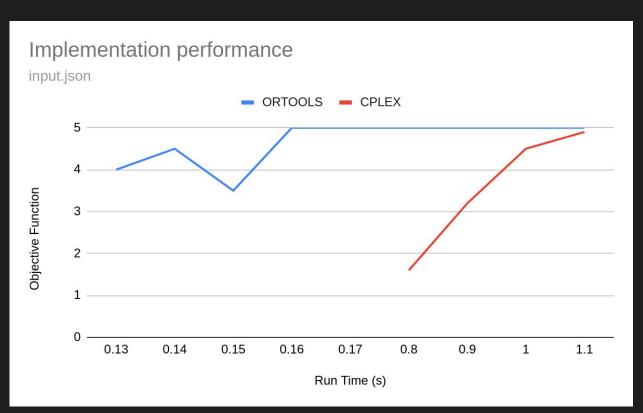
For every possible container location:

if container exists:

enforce lighter containers not being able to be placed below it

```
def enforce weight restrictions (model: Model, matrix: ContainerMatrix, weights: dict, index lookup):
  weight array = [0] * len(index lookup)
   for c, weight in weights.items():
      weight array[index lookup[c]] = weight
  for t in range(matrix.t):
       for s in range (matrix.s):
                                             For every possible container location
          for h in range(matrix.h):
                  container is here = model.NewBoolVar('b')
                  model.AddIf(matrix.get(t, c, s, h) == 1, container is here)
                  model.AddIf(matrix.get(t, c, s, h) == 0, model.Not(container is here))
                  for container in range(matrix.c):
                                                       If container is lower and lighter
                      for height in range (matrix.h):
                          if container != c and height < h and weight array[container] < weight array[c]:
                              model.AddIf(matrix.get(t, container, s, height) == 0, container is here)
```

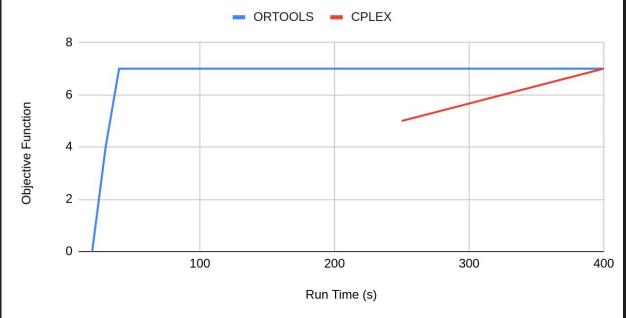
### Performance analysis: Intermediate version



```
"containers" : [
    ["A", 0, 0],
    ["B", 0, 2],
    ["C", 0, 3],
    ["E", 1, 0],
    ["Y", 1, 1],
    ["F", 1, 2],
    ["H", 2, 1],
    ["I", 2, 2],
"remove" : ["W", "X", "Y", "Z"]
```

#### Implementation performance

suboptimal.json

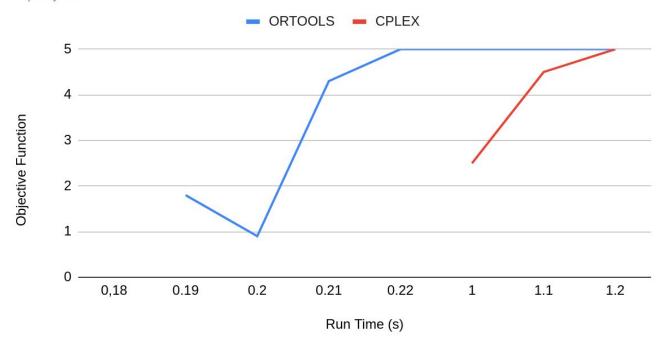


# Performance analysis: Final version

```
"duration": 10
"B" : 2,
```

#### Implementation performance

input.json



```
"containers" : [
    ["9", 0, 0],
   ["8", 0, 1],
   ["6", 0, 3],
   ["5", 0, 4],
   ["4", 0, 5],
    ["3", 0, 6]
"dimensions" : [3, 7],
"shipments" : [
        "duration" : 33
        "in": [],
        "out": ["9"],
       "duration" : 2
"weights" : {
    "9" : 9,
    "8" : 8,
   "6" : 6,
   "5" : 5,
    "4" : 4,
    "3" : 3
```

