

calculator\Calculator.java

```
1  /**
2   * @author Sebastian Diaz & Guillaume Dunant
3   * Date : 04.12.2023
4   * Fichier: Calculator.java
5   */
6
7  package calculator;
8
9  import java.util.HashMap;
10 import java.util.Map;
11 import java.util.Scanner;
12
13 /**
14  * Calculatrice en mode console
15  */
16 public class Calculator {
17     private static State state;
18     private static Map<String,Operator> operationsMap;
19     private static final String[] opeName =
20         {"+", "-", "*", "/", "POW", "SQRT", "NEG",
21         "INV", "MS", "MR", "C", "CE", "HELP", "EXIT"};
22
23     private enum opeEnum {ADD, SUB, MULT, DIV, POW, SQRT,
24         NEG, INV, MS, MR, C, CE, HELP, EXIT};
25
26     /**
27      * Converti un string en Double
28      * @param input String à convertir
29      * @return Double ou null si la conversion a échoué
30      */
31     private static Double convertInputToDouble(String input){
32         try{
33             return Double.parseDouble(input);
34         }
35         catch(NumberFormatException e){
36             return null;
37         }
38     }
39
40     /**
41      * Programme principale pour la calculatrice en mode console
42      * @param args Arguments de lancement
43      */
44     public static void main(String[] args) {
45         //Affichage titre
46         System.out.println("*****\n" +
47             "          Calculator          *\n" +
48             "*****\n");
49
50         System.out.printf("%s pour afficher les opérations ou %s pour quitter\n\n",
51             opeName[12], opeName[13]);
52
53         String input;
54         Double val;
55         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
56         boolean firstVal = true;
```

```

56
57     while (true) {
58
59         //Récupère l'entrée de l'utilisateur
60         System.out.print("> ");
61         input = scanner.nextLine();
62
63         //Si l'input est un nombre
64         if((val = convertInputToDouble(input)) != null){
65             if(firstVal){
66                 firstVal = false;
67             }
68             else{
69                 state.pushCurrent();
70             }
71             state.setCurrent(val);
72         }
73         else{
74             input = input.toUpperCase();
75             Operator ope = operationsMap.get(input);
76
77             //Si l'input est une opération
78             if (ope != null) {
79                 ope.execute();
80             }
81             //Si EXIT
82             else if(input.equals(opeName[opeEnum.EXIT.ordinal()])){
83                 break;
84             }
85             //Si HELP
86             else if(input.equals(opeName[opeEnum.HELP.ordinal()])){
87                 for(String s : opeName){
88                     System.out.println(s);
89                 }
90                 continue;
91             }
92             //Input non reconnu
93             else{
94                 System.out.println("Opération inconnue");
95             }
96         }
97
98         //Affiche les valeurs contenues dans la stack et la valeur courante
99         String[] stackStrings = state.getStackInString();
100         if(stackStrings != null){
101             for(String s : stackStrings){
102                 System.out.print(s + " ");
103             }
104         }
105         System.out.println(state.getCurrentInString());
106     }
107
108     scanner.close();
109 }
110
111 static{
112     state = new State();
113     operationsMap = new HashMap<>();
114     operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.ADD.ordinal()], new Addition(state));

```

```
115 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.SUB.ordinal()], new Subtraction(state));
116 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.MULT.ordinal()], new Multiplication(state));
117 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.DIV.ordinal()], new Division(state));
118 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.POW.ordinal()], new Power(state));
119 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.SQRT.ordinal()], new SquareRoot(state));
120 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.NEG.ordinal()], new Negate(state));
121 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.INV.ordinal()], new Inverse(state));
122 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.MS.ordinal()], new MemoryStore(state));
123 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.MR.ordinal()], new MemoryRecall(state));
124 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.C.ordinal()], new Clear(state));
125 | operationsMap.put(opeName[opeEnum.CE.ordinal()], new ClearError(state));
126 |     }
127 | }
128 |
```