HR dashboard

April 23, 2025

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     from datetime import datetime
     import plotly.express as px
     import plotly.graph_objects as go
     from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
[3]: def calculate_age(birthdate, reference_date=None):
         if reference_date is None:
             reference_date = datetime.now()
         if pd.isnull(birthdate):
             return np.nan
         if isinstance(birthdate, str):
             try:
                 birth_date = pd.to_datetime(birthdate)
             except:
                 return np.nan
         else:
             birth_date = birthdate
         age = reference_date.year - birth_date.year - ((reference_date.month,_
      oreference_date.day) < (birth_date.month, birth_date.day))</pre>
         return age
[4]: # Function to calculate tenure
     def calculate_tenure(hiredate, termdate=None, reference_date=None):
```

```
def calculate_tenure(hiredate, termdate=None, reference_date=None):
    if reference_date is None:
        reference_date = datetime.now()

if pd.isnull(hiredate):
        return np.nan
```

```
# Convert to datetime if it's a string
  if isinstance(hiredate, str):
      try:
          hire_date = pd.to_datetime(hiredate)
      except:
          return np.nan
  else:
      hire_date = hiredate
  # Determine end date
  if termdate is not None and not pd.isnull(termdate) and termdate != "":
      if isinstance(termdate, str):
          try:
               end_date = pd.to_datetime(termdate)
          except:
               end_date = reference_date
      else:
          end_date = termdate
  else:
      end_date = reference_date
  # Calculate tenure in years
  tenure_years = end_date.year - hire_date.year - ((end_date.month, end_date.

→day) < (hire_date.month, hire_date.day))</pre>
  return tenure_years
```

```
# Flag active vs terminated employees
           df['Status'] = df['Termdate'].apply(lambda x: 'Terminated' if pd.notna(x)_
        Gelse 'Active')
           # Print data info for verification
           print(f"Loaded {len(df)} employee records")
           print(f"Date range: {df['Hiredate'].min()} to {df['Hiredate'].max()}")
           print(f"Age range: {df['Age'].min()} to {df['Age'].max()}")
           print(f"Active employees: {len(df[df['Status'] == 'Active'])}")
           print(f"Terminated employees: {len(df[df['Status'] == 'Terminated'])}")
           # Check for any missing values in key columns
           missing_values = df.isnull().sum()
           if missing_values.sum() > 0:
                print("\nMissing values in columns:")
                print(missing_values[missing_values > 0])
           return df
[6]: df = load_hr_data('HumanResources.csv')
      print("\nDataset Overview:")
      print(f"Total Employees: {len(df)}")
      print(f"Active Employees: {len(df[df['Status'] == 'Active'])}")
      print(f"Terminated Employees: {len(df[df['Status'] == 'Terminated'])}")
      print(f"Turnover Rate: {len(df[df['Status'] == 'Terminated']) / len(df) * 100:.

<
     Loaded 8950 employee records
     Date range: 2015-01-01 00:00:00 to 2024-12-29 00:00:00
     Age range: 20 to 65
     Active employees: 7984
     Terminated employees: 966
     Missing values in columns:
     Termdate
                    7984
     dtype: int64
     Dataset Overview:
     Total Employees: 8950
     Active Employees: 7984
     Terminated Employees: 966
     Turnover Rate: 10.79%
[7]: print("\nSample data (first 5 rows):")
      print(df.head())
```

```
Sample data (first 5 rows):
  Employee_ID First Name Last Name
                                     Gender
                                                      State
                                                                      City \
0 00-95822412
                 Danielle
                            Johnson Female
                                                   New York New York City
1 00-42868828
                     John
                                       Male North Carolina
                             Taylor
                                                                 Charlotte
2 00-83197857
                    Erica
                            Mcclain
                                       Male
                                                   New York New York City
3 00-13999315
                                       Male
                 Brittany
                            Johnson
                                                   New York New York City
4 00-90801586
                  Jeffery
                             Wagner Female
                                                   New York New York City
 Education Level Birthdate
                                                          Department
                               Hiredate
                                          Termdate
      High School 1980-02-13 2016-04-16 2021-07-05
0
                                                   Customer Service
         Bachelor 1987-09-22 2017-02-09 2019-06-14
1
                                                                  IT
2
         Bachelor 1994-05-19 2016-02-03 2021-03-06
                                                          Operations
3
         Bachelor 1980-04-18 2016-02-06 2018-11-06
                                                          Operations
4
         Bachelor 1985-04-07 2015-01-11
                                                          Operations
               Job Title Salary Performance Rating
                                                                      Status
                                                     Age
                                                          Tenure
0
   Help Desk Technician
                           81552 Needs Improvement
                                                                  Terminated
   System Administrator
                                                      37
                                                               2 Terminated
1
                          107520
                                               Good
  Logistics Coordinator
                                                               5 Terminated
                           61104
                                               Good
                                                      30
3
    Inventory Specialist
                           73770
                                               Good
                                                      45
                                                               2 Terminated
4
      Operations Analyst
                           55581
                                       Satisfactory
                                                      40
                                                              10
                                                                      Active
```

1 1. Salary Structure and Budget Control Analysis

```
--- Salary Structure Analysis ---
  Education Level
                    Mean Salary Median Salary Std Deviation Count
0
                                       66534.0
         Bachelor
                   69921.570532
                                                  12293.098034
                                                                 5416
1
                   62144.286971
                                       60968.0
                                                   6564.515033
      High School
                                                                 1819
2
           Master
                   82675.957154
                                       82026.0
                                                  14172.368094
                                                                 1237
3
              PhD
                   86033.196653
                                       84159.0
                                                  16164.175611
                                                                  478
```

Performance Rating Distribution by Education Level (%):

```
Performance Rating Excellent
                                         Good Needs Improvement Satisfactory
     Education Level
                                                        7.847120
     Bachelor
                         12.296898 49.963072
                                                                      29.892910
     High School
                         12.864211 21.385377
                                                        33.974711
                                                                      31.775701
     Master
                         35.408246 40.743735
                                                        4.607922
                                                                      19.240097
     PhD
                         47.698745 34.309623
                                                        4.811715
                                                                      13.179916
[10]: | # Calculate ROI for education levels (using performance as proxy)
      # Assuming 'Excellent' performance = 4, 'Good' = 3, 'Average' = 2, 'Poor' = 1
      performance_map = {'Excellent': 4, 'Good': 3, 'Average': 2, 'Poor': 1}
      if 'Performance Rating' in df.columns:
          df['Performance Score'] = df['Performance Rating'].map(performance_map)
          edu_roi = df.groupby('Education Level').agg({
              'Salary': 'mean',
              'Performance Score': 'mean'
          }).reset_index()
          # Calculate simple ROI metric (Performance Score / Salary in 10K units)
          edu_roi['ROI_Metric'] = edu_roi['Performance Score'] / (edu_roi['Salary'] / ___
       →10000)
          print("\nEducation ROI Analysis:")
```

Education ROI Analysis:

print(edu_roi)

	Education Level	Salary	Performance Score	ROI_Metric
0	Bachelor	69921.570532	3.197509	0.457299
1	High School	62144.286971	3.375602	0.543188
2	Master	82675.957154	3.464968	0.419102
3	PhD	86033.196653	3.581633	0.416308

2 2. Department Manpower Cost Analysis

⁻⁻⁻ Department Analysis ---

```
Department Headcount Total Salary
                                                 Avg Salary
                                                             Median Salary \
5
         Operations
                          2718
                                    177757880
                                               65400.250184
                                                                    63375.0
                                                                    74520.0
6
              Sales
                          1835
                                    139836079 76204.947684
0
  Customer Service
                          1673
                                    110146520 65837.728631
                                                                    63314.0
3
                 ΙT
                          1382
                                    113221190 81925.607815
                                                                    83865.0
                           718
                                     48579179 67659.023677
                                                                    64897.0
4
          Marketing
1
            Finance
                           452
                                     34555917 76451.143805
                                                                   72963.5
                 HR.
                           172
                                     11032946 64145.034884
                                                                    64034.5
  % of Workforce % of Salary Budget
5
        30.368715
                            27.987650
6
        20.502793
                            22.016932
0
                            17.342366
        18.692737
3
        15.441341
                            17.826467
4
         8.022346
                             7.648702
1
         5.050279
                             5.440765
2
         1.921788
                             1.737117
```

3 3. Termination and Recruitment Efficiency Analysis

```
[14]: print("\n--- Termination Analysis ---")
      # Termination by department
      term_by_dept = df[df['Status'] == 'Terminated'].
       ogroupby('Department')['Employee_ID'].count().reset_index()
      term_by_dept.columns = ['Department', 'Termination Count']
      # Get total employees by department
      total_by_dept = df.groupby('Department')['Employee_ID'].count().reset_index()
      total_by_dept.columns = ['Department', 'Total Count']
      # Calculate termination rate by department
      term_rate = pd.merge(term_by_dept, total_by_dept, on='Department')
      term_rate['Termination Rate'] = term_rate['Termination Count'] /__
       →term rate['Total Count'] * 100
      print(term_rate.sort_values('Termination Rate', ascending=False))
      # Estimate replacement costs
      avg_salary_by_dept = df.groupby('Department')['Salary'].mean().reset_index()
      term_cost = pd.merge(term_by_dept, avg_salary_by_dept, on='Department')
      term_cost['Est. Replacement Cost (Low)'] = term_cost['Termination Count'] *__
       →term_cost['Salary']
      term_cost['Est. Replacement Cost (High)'] = term_cost['Termination Count'] *__
       ⇔term_cost['Salary'] * 1.5
      print("\nEstimated Replacement Costs by Department:")
      print(term_cost[['Department', 'Termination Count', 'Est. Replacement Cost⊔
       →(Low)', 'Est. Replacement Cost (High)']])
```

```
--- Termination Analysis ---
         Department Termination Count Total Count
                                                        Termination Rate
            Finance
                                      63
                                                   452
                                                                13.938053
1
2
                  HR
                                      20
                                                                11.627907
                                                   172
   Customer Service
0
                                     184
                                                  1673
                                                                10.998207
6
              Sales
                                     201
                                                  1835
                                                                10.953678
5
         Operations
                                     289
                                                  2718
                                                                10.632818
3
                                     139
                                                  1382
                                                                10.057887
                  IT
4
          Marketing
                                      70
                                                   718
                                                                9.749304
Estimated Replacement Costs by Department:
                     Termination Count
                                          Est. Replacement Cost (Low)
         Department
   Customer Service
                                     184
                                                          1.211414e+07
            Finance
                                      63
1
                                                          4.816422e+06
2
                  HR.
                                      20
                                                          1.282901e+06
3
                  IT
                                     139
                                                          1.138766e+07
4
          Marketing
                                      70
                                                          4.736132e+06
5
         Operations
                                     289
                                                          1.890067e+07
6
              Sales
                                     201
                                                          1.531719e+07
   Est. Replacement Cost (High)
0
                    1.817121e+07
1
                    7.224633e+06
2
                    1.924351e+06
3
                    1.708149e+07
4
                    7.104197e+06
5
                    2.835101e+07
6
                    2.297579e+07
```

4 4. Education Investment ROI

⁻⁻⁻ Education Investment ROI Analysis ---

```
Education Level Performance Score
                                            Salary Performance per 10K Salary
0
                           3.197509 69921.570532
                                                                      0.457299
        Bachelor
1
      High School
                            3.375602 62144.286971
                                                                      0.543188
2
           Master
                            3.464968 82675.957154
                                                                      0.419102
3
             PhD
                            3.581633 86033.196653
                                                                      0.416308
```

5 5. Age vs Salary Optimization

plt.ylabel('Salary (\$)')

```
[18]: print("\n--- Age and Salary Analysis ---")
      # Age groups
      df['Age Group'] = pd.cut(df['Age'], bins=[20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 100],
       ⇔labels=['20-29', '30-39', '40-49', '50-59', '60+'])
     --- Age and Salary Analysis ---
[19]: age_salary = df.groupby(['Age Group', 'Job Title'], observed=True)['Salary'].
      →agg(['mean', 'std', 'count']).reset_index()
      age_salary = age_salary[age_salary['count'] >= 5] # Only include groups with
       ⇔enough data
      print("Salary by Age Group and Job Title (where count >= 5):")
      print(age_salary.sort_values(['Job Title', 'Age Group']))
     Salary by Age Group and Job Title (where count >= 5):
         Age Group
                               Job Title
                                                  mean
                                                                 std count
     0
             20-29
                              Accountant 70768.405405
                                                         9906.953923
                                                                         37
     26
             30-39
                              Accountant 70938.549020 10054.383771
                                                                         51
     54
             40-49
                              Accountant 73728.897959 11299.287550
                                                                         49
                              Accountant 77256.772727 10682.356758
                                                                         22
     81
             50-59
     108
               60+
                              Accountant 82818.071429 12168.637472
                                                                         14
     . .
             20-29 System Administrator 84063.820896 10002.239401
                                                                         67
     25
     53
             30-39 System Administrator 83613.329268
                                                        11894.191408
                                                                         82
     80
             40-49 System Administrator 86280.974026 10661.676009
                                                                         77
                    System Administrator 89329.090909 10832.153066
     107
             50-59
                                                                         44
                    System Administrator 89585.111111
                                                         9477.059254
     133
               60+
                                                                          9
     [123 rows x 5 columns]
[20]: top_jobs = df['Job Title'].value_counts().head(5).index.tolist()
      filtered_df = df[df['Job Title'].isin(top_jobs)]
      plt.figure(figsize=(12, 7))
      sns.boxplot(x='Age Group', y='Salary', hue='Job Title', data=filtered df)
      plt.title('Salary Distribution by Age Group and Top 5 Job Titles')
      plt.xlabel('Age Group')
```

```
plt.legend(title='Job Title', bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
     plt.tight_layout()
     plt.savefig('age_salary_analysis.png')
     plt.close()
[21]: # Calculate the average salary and standard deviation for each age group
     age_general = df.groupby('Age Group', observed=True)['Salary'].agg(['mean',_
      print("\naverage salary and standard deviation for each age group:")
     print(age_general)
     average salary and standard deviation for each age group:
       Age Group
                         mean
                                        std count
           20-29 69045.781344 13132.937764
                                              1994
     0
     1
           30-39 69976.680400 13585.358103
                                              2500
     2
           40-49 71380.414963 13375.519695
                                              2446
          50-59 72992.205962 14068.689435
     3
                                              1476
     4
             60+ 75549.930636 15953.661586
                                               519
[22]: # Calculate the salary coefficient of variation (variation coefficient)
     age general['variation coefficient'] = age general['std'] / age general['mean']
     print("\nSalary coefficient of variation by age group:")
     print(age_general[['Age Group', 'variation coefficient']])
     Salary coefficient of variation by age group:
       Age Group variation coefficient
     0
           20-29
                              0.190206
     1
           30-39
                              0.194141
     2
           40-49
                              0.187384
     3
           50-59
                              0.192742
     4
             60+
                              0.211167
 []:
[23]: # Calculate salary dispersion (coefficient of variation) to identify roles with
      →high variation
     salary_dispersion = df.groupby('Job Title').agg({
          'Salary': ['mean', 'std', 'count']
     }).reset index()
     salary_dispersion.columns = ['Job Title', 'Mean Salary', 'Std Deviation', | 
      salary_dispersion = salary_dispersion[salary_dispersion['Count'] >= 10] # Only_
       ⇔include roles with enough data
     salary dispersion['Coefficient of Variation'] = salary dispersion['Std11
       →Deviation'] / salary_dispersion['Mean Salary']
     print("\nJobs with Highest Salary Dispersion (potential optimization targets):")
```

```
print(salary_dispersion.sort_values('Coefficient of Variation', use cascending=False).head(10))
```

```
Jobs with Highest Salary Dispersion (potential optimization targets):
               Job Title
                            Mean Salary Std Deviation Count
0
              Accountant
                           73457.312139
                                           11095.923627
                                                           173
20
          SEO Specialist
                           73271.651429
                                           11060.478745
                                                           175
6
       Financial Analyst
                           86409.354037
                                                           161
                                           13014.114169
   Help Desk Technician
                           72426.079918
                                           10748.543878
                                                           488
10
22
           Sales Manager 103795.500000
                                           15283.656187
                                                            52
24
        Sales Specialist
                           75045.182301
                                           10945.570051
                                                           565
      Operations Analyst
17
                           73674.849192
                                           10507.502463
                                                           557
        Sales Consultant
21
                           86075.500000
                                           12005.832721
                                                           478
27
   System Administrator
                           85466.807143
                                           11087.945213
                                                           280
              IT Manager 113906.821429
                                           14056.571375
                                                            28
11
    Coefficient of Variation
0
                    0.151053
20
                    0.150952
                    0.150610
6
10
                    0.148407
22
                    0.147248
24
                    0.145853
17
                    0.142620
21
                    0.139480
27
                    0.129734
11
                    0.123404
```

6 6. HQ vs Branch Cost Comparison

```
--- HQ vs Branch Analysis ---
[26]: # Apply location type determination
      if 'City' in df.columns:
          df['Location Type'] = df['City'].apply(determine_location_type)
          location_analysis = df.groupby('Location Type').agg({
              'Employee_ID': 'count',
              'Salary': ['sum', 'mean']
          }).reset_index()
          location_analysis.columns = ['Location Type', 'Headcount', 'Total Salary', u
       location_analysis['% of Workforce'] = location_analysis['Headcount'] /__
       \rightarrowlen(df) * 100
          location_analysis['% of Salary Budget'] = location_analysis['Total Salary']__

    df['Salary'].sum() * 100

          location_analysis['Cost per Employee'] = location_analysis['Total Salary'] /
       → location_analysis['Headcount']
          print(location_analysis)
       Location Type Headcount Total Salary
                                                  Avg Salary % of Workforce \
              Branch
                           5991
                                    425087808
                                               70954.399599
                                                                   66.938547
     0
                  HQ
                           2959
                                    210041903 70984.083474
                                                                   33.061453
        % of Salary Budget Cost per Employee
                                 70954.399599
     0
                  66.92929
                  33.07071
                                 70984.083474
     1
[27]: # Calculate the cost difference between HQ and branches
      if 'HQ' in location_analysis['Location Type'].values and 'Branch' in_
       ⇔location_analysis['Location Type'].values:
          hq_cost = location_analysis[location_analysis['Location Type'] ==_
       →'HQ']['Cost per Employee'].values[0]
          branch_cost = location_analysis[location_analysis['Location Type'] ==__

¬'Branch']['Cost per Employee'].values[0]
          cost_diff = hq_cost - branch_cost
          cost_diff_pct = (cost_diff / branch_cost) * 100
          print(f"\nHQ vs Branch Cost Comparison:")
          print(f"HQ cost per employee: ${hq_cost:,.2f}")
```

```
HQ vs Branch Cost Comparison:
HQ cost per employee: $70,984.08
```

print(f"Branch cost per employee: \${branch_cost:,.2f}")

print(f"HQ premium: \${cost_diff:,.2f} ({cost_diff_pct:.1f}%)")

```
Branch cost per employee: $70,954.40 HQ premium: $29.68 (0.0%)
```

[]:

7 7. Performance vs. Salary Correlation

```
[29]: print("\n--- Performance vs. Salary Analysis ---")
     if 'Performance Score' in df.columns:
         performance_salary_corr = df.groupby('Performance Rating').agg({
             'Salary': ['mean', 'median', 'count'],
             'Employee_ID': 'count'
         }).reset_index()
         performance_salary_corr.columns = ['Performance Rating', 'Mean Salary', u
      performance_salary_corr['% of Workforce'] =__
      →performance_salary_corr['Employee Count'] / len(df) * 100
         print(performance_salary_corr)
    --- Performance vs. Salary Analysis ---
      Performance Rating
                          Mean Salary Median Salary Salary Count \
              Excellent 74403.783525
                                           70204.0
    0
                                                           1566
```

```
Good 71484.260165
1
                                           67391.0
                                                            3763
 Needs Improvement 67031.341941
                                           63290.0
                                                            1123
2
3
        Satisfactory 69792.601281
                                           65631.0
                                                            2498
  Employee Count % of Workforce
0
             1566
                        17,497207
             3763
                        42.044693
1
2
             1123
                        12.547486
3
             2498
                        27.910615
```

[]: