





ADVANTECH, INC.

MODEL R-72/32-A

MANUALLY OPERATED X-RAY COLLIMATOR





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MODEL R72

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A) WARNINGS

TO THE USER OF THIS MANUAL

THE COLLIMATOR DESCRIBED HEREIN IS TO BE ISTALLED ON A GENERAL PURPOSE UNIT CONFORMING TO CEE 93/42, IEC NORMS IEC 601-1, IEC 601-1-2, IEC 601-1-3 AND 21 CFR SUB CHAPTER J OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

CONFORMITY IS ENSURED ONLY IF THE COLLIMATOR IS INSTALLED AND USED AS INDICATED IN THIS MANUAL.

THE USER OF THIS MANUAL IS REQUIRED TO READ AND CAREFULLY REVIEW THE INSTRUCTIONS AND CAUTIONS CONTAINED HEREIN EVEN IF THE PERSON IS PERFECTLY CONVERSANT WITH THE INSTALLATION OF X-RAY COLLIMATOR.

COLLIMATOR INSTALLATION AND SERVICE IS TO BE PERFORMED BY PERSONNEL AUTHORISED BY THE MANUFACTURER OF THE X-RAY SYSTEM OR BY RALCO SRL.

ANY PERSON ASSEMBLING, REPAIRING OR REPLACING THE COLLIMATOR INTO AN X-RAY SYSTEM MUST VERIFY COMPLIANCE WITH SAFETY STANDARDS COVERING ELECTROMEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND PERFORMING A SERIES OF TESTS INDICATING COMPLIANCE WITH 21 CFR SUB CHAPTER J OF THE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS. RECORDING THE DATA OBTAINED BEFORE RELEASING THE COLLIMATOR FOR USE IS REQUIRED, SUCH DATA WILL DEMOSTRATE AT LATER TIME THAT ALL TESTS WERE PERFORMED AND THE EQUIPMENT WAS LEFT IN FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THE STANDARDS.

PROPER INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE COLLIMATOR SHOULD EXCLUDE OPERATION PROBLEMS OF THE COLLIMATOR AND OF THE SURROUND EQUIPMENT SINCE RALCO HAS SUCCESSFULLY PASSED EMC TESTING.

THE USEFUL X-RAYS AND SCATTERED RADIATION ARE DANGEROUS TO BOTH OPERATOR AND OTHERS IN THE VICINITY UNLESS ESTABLISHED SAFE EXPOSURE PROCEDURES ARE STRICTLY OBSERVED.

THOSE AUTHORISED TO OPERATE OR SERVICE THE EQUIPMENT MUST BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE PROCEDURES REGARDING RADIATION PROTECTION..

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS, OR MODIFICATION OF ANY COMPONENT BY USER OR ASSEMBLER WHICH WILL AFFECT RADIATION SAFETY, CAUSES THE USER OR ASSEMBLER TO ASSUME FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THAT PRODUCT.

THE INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL SUPPLIES INDICATIONS ON STANDARD OPTIONAL MATERIAL. SPECIFIC DATA REGARDING THE VERSION PURCHASED IS PROVIDED BY THE LABEL OR BY ANNEXED DOCUMENTATION

THIS DOCUMENT WAS TRANSLATED FROM THE ITALIAN VERSION, ISSUED AND DISTRIBUTED BY RALCO SRL MANUFACTURER OF THE X-RAY COLLIMATOR DESCRIBED. ADDRESS ENQUIRIES TO:

RALCO SRL

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B) DESCRIPTION

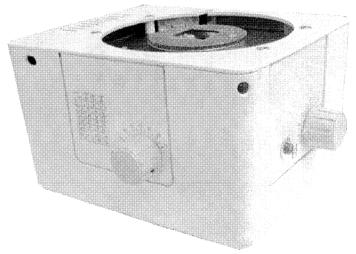
External cover in ABS plastic.

Single-layer, square field radiological collimator.

Its light weight and compact size allow easy positioning and make it ideal for mobile and portable units.

The X-ray field size is limited by two pairs of lead shutters controlled by two knobs located on the sides of the collimator and by a lead disc near the x-ray focus to reduce scattered radiation.

An indexed scale provides information on the field set with the knobs.

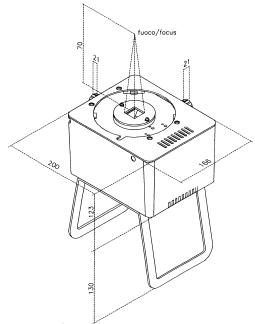


Specifications:

- Adjustment of mirror angulation may be performed by removing the outside cover.
- High luminosity of the light field projected by a quartz iodide lamp.
- Electronic timer that limits lamp-on time to 30 seconds adjustable. This extends lamp life and prevents overheating.
- Radiation protection up to 125 kVp 4 mA
- Inherent filtration minimum 2mm aluminium equivalent. (1mm on request)
- Continuous film coverage from 0x0 cm ± 1% to 43x43 cm at an FFD of 90cm.

Model R72 is a square field X-ray collimator designed and constructed for installation on all fixed anode x-ray tubes and rotating anode x-ray tube that when mounted with the R72 maintain conformity to EN60601-1-3 par. 29.202.3. By means of two knobs placed at 90° one from the other, stepless adjustment is possible of the X-ray field dimension to the size of the image receptor or to that of the anatomical area of interest.

The X-ray beam is controlled by a lead cone positioned on the entrance into the Collimator body and by 2 pairs of lead faced shutters positioned at the exit window of the x-ray beam from the collimator.



Total focus/skin distance = 309,5 mm

The direct visualisation of the x-ray field is given by a light beam which correspond to the x-ray beam, within a tolerance of one percent of the selected distance. The light-field centre is provided by the intersection of two perpendicular silk-screened lines into the Lexan window and projected on the light field by the light beam.

To activate the light field, press light-related pushbutton on the collimator. The light will switch on for 30 seconds (adjustable) and then automatically switch off.

Average illumination at 1m is minimum 160 Lux with a 100W,24V (100w, 12V optional) quartz iodide lamp; edge contrast ratio is >3,2:1

The field size at 90cm, 100cm and 180 cm Focus-Film Distances (FFD) (SID) is read on the collimator panel.

C) SPECIFICATIONS:

	Rev.C
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Min. 2.0 mm. Al.
WIIII. Z.U IIIIIII. AI.
< 150 mm
Min: 00 x 00 mm (± 1% D.F.F.) Max. 480 x 480 mm (± 1% D.F.F.)
> 160 lx
> 3:1
< 2 % D.F.F.
< 1 % D.F.F:
< 2% D.F.F.
< 50 mR/h
24V DC/AC 50/60 Hz 6.5A
4 Amp delayed certified
3.6 kg

Classification EN 60601-1 par. 5

- Protection against electric hazards: "Class I" equipment
- Protection against direct and indirect contacts: Type B equipment with applied parts.
- Protection against water seepage : "Common equipment"
- Safety of operation in the presence of inflammable anaesthetics with air or oxygen or nitrous oxide: Equipment not suited to application in the presence of inflammable anaesthetic mixtures containing air o oxygen of nitrous oxide.

Operation conditions: Equipment for continuous operation at intermittent loads . See Operation Instructions on page I—1.

Should label data on the collimator not correspond to the specifications herein, inform Ralco of the non conformity.

Verifications of the specifications are to be performed according to the Standards relating to specified equipment.

Operation environment:

- Ambient temperature = from 10°C to 40°C
- Relative Humidity = from 30% to 75%
- Atm. Press. = from 700 to 1060 hPa.

Included with the collimator:

- Instructions Manual
- Retractable measuring tape shows the Focus Film Distance (FFD SID).
- RO002: Set of three mounting spacers 1.5 mm (0.05") thick, steel (to increase focus-to-collimator fixing plane distance.
- RO 181 Tube port mounting fixed flange, 10mm thickness.
- RO 198: Focus/skin spacer to keep the patient at 30 cm.

Optional item:

• RO 199 - tube port mounting flange, rotating ±90°, stop at 0°, thickness 10mm.

Symbols

SIMBOLI/ SYMBOL S	DESCRIZIONE /DESCRIPTION.	NO.	RIF.CEI
\sim	Corrente Alternata/Alternating Current	01-14	417-IEC 503
	Corrente Continua/Direct current	01-18	417-IEC 5031
\sim	Corrente continue e Alternata/Both direct and alternating current	01-19	417-IEC 5033
	Terra di protezione/protective earth	01-20	417-IEC 5019
+	Più; polarità positiva/Plus; positive polarity	01-27	417-IEC 5005
	Meno; polarità negativa/ Minus; negative polarity	01-28	417-IEC 5006

SIMBOLI/ SYMBOL S	DESCRIZIONE /DESCRIPTION.	NO.	RIF.CEI
→	Entrata/ Input	01-36	417-IEC 5034
\rightarrow	Uscita/ Output	01-37	417-IEC 5035
	Controllo a distanza/Remote Control	01-38	-
2	Controllo manuale/Manual control	01-45	ISO 7000- 096
0	Controllo automatico/ Automatic control (closed loop)	01-46	ıso 7000- 0017
	Diaframma a iride aperto/ Iris diaphragm:open	01-69	417-IEC 5323
Θ	Diaframma a iride: chiuso/ iris diaphragm: closed	01-70	417-IEC 5324
\triangle	Attenzione, consultare i documenti di accompagnamento/ Attention, consult accompanying documents	03-02	IEC 601-1
<u>₹</u>	Filtro di radiazione oppure filtrazione / Radiation filter or filtration	04-51	417-IEC 5381
	Indicatore luminoso del campo di radiazione/ Light indicator of the radiation field	04-54	417-IEC 5384
H	Dispositivo di limitazione fascio: aperto/ Beam limiting device: open	04-55	417-IEC 5385
#	Dispositivo di limitazione fascio: chiuso Beam limiting device: closed	04-56	417-IEC 5386
H	Dispositivo di limitazione fascio con apertura separata della lamelle. Beam limiting device with separate opening of the shutters	04-57	417-IEC 5387
#	Dispositivo di limitazione fascio con chiusura separata della lamelle. Beam limiting device with separate closing of the shutters	04-58	417-IEC 5388
*	Apparecchio tipo B/type B unit		878-02-02

SIMBOLI/ SYMBOL S	DESCRIZIONE /DESCRIPTION.	NO.	RIF.CEI
	Attenzione radiazione Laser/Caution Laser Radiation		60825-1

COMPATIBILITY WITH X-RAY TUBE HOUSING ASSEMBLIES:

Compatibility is determined by the ability to comply mechanically with the dimensional drawing on Figure 1 page R—1; that the tube housing assembly must have a minimum inherent filtration of 1 mm. Al. equivalent and a maximum radiation leakage of 40 mr/hour measured at one meter from the source when operating at its leakage technique factors (125 kVp at 4 mA).

Source values (tube housing-collimator) must not be less than 3mm Al for filtration and must never exceed 100 mR/hr for radiation leakage.

D) MOUNTING THE COLLIMATOR TO THE X-RAY TUBE:

WARNING

CAREFULLY FOLLOW THE MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS AND MAKE SURE THAT THE COLLIMATOR IS CORRECTLY ASSEMBLED. INCORRECT MOUNTING COULD BE DANGEROUS: IT COULD CAUSE THE COLLIMATOR TO FALL OR TO OPERATE INACCURATELY

- 1. Determine the distance from the focal spot to the tube port face from the x-ray tube or generator literature.
- 2. Subtract the resulting distance from 70 mm (2,75") and determine how many 1.5 mm (0.05") spacers combined with the thickness of the mounting flange will be required to make up the difference. See Figure 4 on page R—4.
- 3. The outer face of the collimator mounting flange must be at 70mm from the focal spot. Allowable tolerance is 1 mm. (0.039"). see Figure 4 on page R—4
- 4. Select four countersink bolts of suitable thread (M6) and of such a length that they protrude through the flange and spacers far enough to engage at least 5 threads into the tube port face. Securely bolt the flange to the tube port face.
- 5. Remove the cover by unscrewing the four M3 screws located on the lower side of the cover.
- 6. Unscrew the four mounting and centring adjustment Allen screws M6 until the four tongues are withdrawn from the collimator top opening; see Figure. 1 page R—1.

Note: when unscrewing the Allen screws that control the tabs do not use force exceeding 0,55 Nm

- 7. Place the collimator on the flange. Tighten the four mounting screws equally until the collimator is held firmly on the flange (0,55Nm max), see Figure. 1 page R—1. Collimator control tabs conform to EN 60601-1-par 28.4.
- 8. Check to see that the distance from the collimator housing to the mounting flange is equal in all directions and that the collimator face is parallel to the axis of the table.
- 9. Repeat the alignment if necessary.

E) ELECTRICAL POWER CONNECTION:

CHECK ON THE COLLIMATOR LABEL THE VERSION SUPPLIED.

WARNING

COLLIMATOR SUPPLY IS NOT PROTECTED BY A FUSE. CHECK THAT THE COLLIMATOR IS PROTECTED BY AN EXTERNAL FUSE PRIOR TO CONNECTION.

FUSE REQUIREMENTS:

4A DELAYED FOR THE 24v VERSION **8A DELAYED** FOR THE 12V VERSION

CABLES AND TERMINALS USED FOR THE INTERNAL CONNECTION OF THE COLLIMATOR MUST BE SUITABLE FOR OPERATION AT TEMPERATURES OF 70° C AND COLLIMATOR CURRENT ABSORPTION.

Collimator supply must conform to MDD 93/42

Power supply connection:

- Unscrew the 4 screws on the lower portion of the cover; remove the cover.
- Connect the the cables to the terminal board contacts +2Vcc (M3) and OV (M5)
 - Refer to the timer board diagrams on pages R—6, R—7, R—8.
- Connect the earth cable to the appropriate contact on the terminal board marked by the symbol:
- · Remount the cover.

WARNING

INCORRECT POWER SUPPLY COULD DAMAGE THE ELECTRONIC TIMER AND/OR THE LAMP.

SUPPLY TO THE QUARTZ IODIDE LAMP AND TIMER MAY BE EITHER IN ALTERNATE CURRENT OR DIRECT CURRENT - IN THE LATTER CASE MAKE CERTAIN THE POLARITY IS RESPECTED.

F) COLLIMATOR CALIBRATION:

WARNING:

THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES REQUIRE THAT X-RADIATION BE PRODUCED. TAKE ADEQUATE PRECAUTIONS TO SEE THAT NO PART OF THE HUMAN BODY IS EXPOSED TO X-RADIATION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT.

Centring the x-ray field with the light field

Place a 35x43 cm. (14x17") cassette on the table top or other flat, horizontal surface and position the x-ray tube/collimator assembly with the focal spot at 1 meter (40") above and with the x-ray beam perpendicular to the cassette surface. Do not use equipment scales for reference, but measure the distance from focal spot to cassette surface.

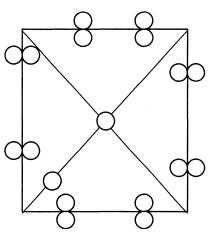
Note:

if one meter FFD (SID) cannot be obtained, use the obtainable FFD (SID) that is closest to one meter and calculate the measurement tolerances as the appropriate percentages of the distance.

If the x-ray beam cannot be oriented vertically, then make provision by using clamps, masking tape, etc. as required to place the test objects and image receptor at the specified FFD (SID) and perpendicular relative to the x-ray beam as described in the following procedures.

Use the collimator light to centre the cassette in the field.

- Mark the location of the cassette with masking tape or other means so that it may be removed and replaced in the same position.
- Place white paper on top of the cassette to provide maximum contrast for the light field.
- Set the collimator to provide a field size of 30x30 cm. (12x12") at one meter (40").
- Activate the light field and use it to position 18 coins as shown in the diagram.
- Position each pair of coins touching one another so that the inner coin is lighted as much as possible and the outer coin is lighted as little as possible.
- The tangent points will define the edges of the light field.
- Place the extra two coins: one in the lower left corner, to provide the means for adjusting the film, and the other in the centre of the light field.



- To find the centre draw two diagonals across the light field; the meeting point will determine the centre.
- Set the technique factors at the x-ray generator to produce a density of about 1 (about 50 kVp, 5 mAs).
- Make an exposure. Remove the cassette and process the film. Use the test film to check the alignments: described in the following paragraphs.

Collimator to Focal Spot Alignment (Primary shutter Cut-off).

Inspect the four images of the four collimator shutters which form the edges of the x-ray field. A definitely indistinct edge indicates that the primary shutter, close to the focal spot, is the one forming the line, rather than the outermost shutter.

To correct the condition use the four mounting/centring adjustment screws to shift the collimator in the direction of the indistinct line.

Repeat the test film exposure after making the adjustment.

NOTE: The heel effect will cause the field toward the cathode to be slightly less sharp than on the other three sides . This is normal and cannot be corrected by adjustment. In addition, an x-ray tube of 12 ° or less target angle will produce an asymmetrically shaped field when a large field size is used at short FFD (SID), because of anode cut-off effect. This is normal and may not be corrected by adjustment.

Light field to x-ray Field Alignment. EN 60601-1-3 par 29.202.9 - CFR 21 Sub-chapter J 1020.31(d)(2)

Misalignment of the light field to the x-ray field in either the X (cross table) or Y (long table) direction must not exceed 2% of the FFD. In this case, it would be less than 20 mm (0.78"). If the test film shows that the light field (shown by the shadows of the markers) matches the x-ray field (shown by the shadow of the collimator shutters) to within the diameter of one marker and, if the diameter is less than 20 mm then alignment complies with the regulations.

Greater precision is possible. The recommended maximum deviation is one fourth. You are urged to adjust for the greatest obtainable degree of congruency.

If misalignment is detected in both X and Y directions, check that the spacing from the focal spot to the collimator mounting surface is 70 mm. +/- 1 mm. (2.75" +/-.039"). If the spacing requires adjustment, repeat the test film exposure after the adjustment.

If the collimator mount spacing is correct, but adjustment is still necessary, do not move the collimator relative to the x-ray tube, but proceed as follows:

- Place the test film on the face of the cassette over the white paper and place the cassette in the position originally marked.
- Check the correct position of the film by the shadows cast by the markers.
- Using the images of the collimator shutters as the reference for the shape and size of the x-ray field, adjust the light field to match.

- To move the light field in the cross table direction, unscrew the 4 screws on the lower portion of the cover and remove the cover. Loosen the locking screws sufficiently to permit turning of the adjuster cam and allow mirror positioning, (Figure 2 page R—2).
- Lock the fixing screw and cam after adjusting the mirror position, and replace the cover.
- To move the light field in the long direction, remove the cover and the dissipator

WARNING: DO NOT IMMEDIATELY TOUCH THE DISSIPATOR WITH YOUR FINGERS IT COULD BE HOT AND CAUSE SEVERE BURNS.

Loosen the two lamp-support fixing screws and using the hexagonal screw on the side
of the lamp, adjust the lamp to make the two fields coincide (Figure 3 – page R—3)

DO NOT TOUCH THE LAMP, THE SOCKET, OR THE LAMP BRACKET WITH YOUR FINGER. THEY CAN BE VERY HOT AND CAUSE SEVERE BURNS.

Do not touch the lamp with your fingers, even when it is cold. Oil from your skin will cause the lamp to crack and possibly explode. If you have touched the lamp, wash off the surface with alcohol, then handle the lamp with a piece of paper.

- Tighten the screws fixing the lamp support.
- To adjust brightness around the edges of the light field, loosen the screws fixing the screens to the lamp holder and by using the Allen screws move screen to obtain the required adjustment. - See Figure 3 page R—3
- Tighten the screws of the screens.
- · Repeat the test exposure after adjustment.

G) ADJUSTMENTS

Field Size Indication Adjustment.

Regulations state that collimators must indicate the size of the x-ray field at the FFD (SID) in use to within 2% of that FFD.

Shutter Dial Pre-Adjustment:

- Rotate the two control knobs to completely close both sets of shutters.
- Use the field light to ascertain that the shutters are in fact closed.
- Check that each indicator is precisely over the dial line marked CLOSED.
- If the indicators read "0" when the shutters are closed, all the other dial indications will prove to be correct.

Shutter Dial Calibration:

- Measure the x-ray size field shown on the test film.
- Adjust the Light field to the same dimension and read the measure on the dial.
- If the reading is not within tolerance, adjust the indicator .
- Using a size 2 wrench, loosen the Allen screw placed on the side of the knob.

Crosshairs, Alignment

- · Activate the light-field.
- Turn the control knobs to adjust the light-field to a narrow line; each direction in turn.
- Check that the crosshair line is centred in the narrow light line in each direction.
- If adjustment is required, remove the cover and loosen the four screws securing the plastic panel to the collimator and position the plate to centre the cross lines in the light lines
- Tighten the four screws and replace the cover.

Friction Brake Adjustment

- Friction is adjusted for a shutter movement force of 20 Cnm.
- If a shutter control is too loose and does not hold position, or is too tight and is difficult to turn, adjust the appropriate friction brake to obtain the optimum friction See Figures 3 page R—3.

H) COMPLIANCE VERIFICATION

1) MINIMUM FILTRATION REQUIREMENT:

To indicate compliance with 21 CFR, sub-chapter J, part 1020 of Performance Standard it is necessary for the assembler to perform a series of tests.

Description of test methods are illustrated in this chapter but factors, such as experience, availability of equipment and tolerance on compliance are referred directly to the Safety Standards covering Electromedical equipment.

WARNING:

The following procedures require that x-radiation be produced. Take adequate precautions that no part of human being is exposed to x-radiation, direct or indirect.

The above HVL requirements can be met if it is demonstrated that the aluminium equivalent in the primary beam is not less than that shown in the following table:

Table 1 - MINIMUM FILTRATION REQUIREMENT - BEAM QUALITY (HVL)

Designed operating range (kVp)	Measured operating potential (kVp)	Minimum HVL (mm. of AI) X-Ray System
Below 50	30	0.3
	40	0.4
	50	0.5
From 51 to 70	51	1.2
	60	1.3
	70	1.5
Above 71	71	2.1
	80	2.3
	90	2.5
	100	2.7
	110	3.0
	120	3.2
	130	3.5
	140	3.8
	150	4.1

The information contained in the above table was extracted from the Code of Federal Regulations FDA 21 1020.30 (m)

Type 1100 Aluminium Alloy (as given in "ALUMINUM STANDARDS AND DATA" verification of compliance)

Visual determination of half-value layer (hvl)

The above HVL requirements can be met if it is demonstrated that the aluminium equivalent in the primary beam is not less than that shown in the following Total Filtration table:

Table 2 - Total Filtration of Primary Beam in Aluminium Equivalence

Operating Voltage (kVp)	Total Filtration (mm. Al. Equivalent)
Below 50	0.5
From 51 to 70	1.5
Over 70	2.2

The Aluminium equivalence of each component in the primary beam (x-ray tube and housing, beam limiting device and any additional filtration in the system) is specified on the component, in the technical data attached to the component or can be measured. Determine the total aluminium equivalence in the primary beam and make sure that it is equal or greater than those specified in the above Table 2 (Total Filtration of Primary Beam in Aluminium Equivalence).

Quick-check of minimum filtration requirement at a particular kvp

If the total inherent filtration cannot be seen, then the HVL must be obtained with the following procedures:

The HVL in millimetres of aluminium in the system under test must be compared with those specified in Table 1 (MINIMUM FILTRATION REQUIREMENT – BEAM QUALITY (HVL)) and must be greater than or equal to the values shown in the table.

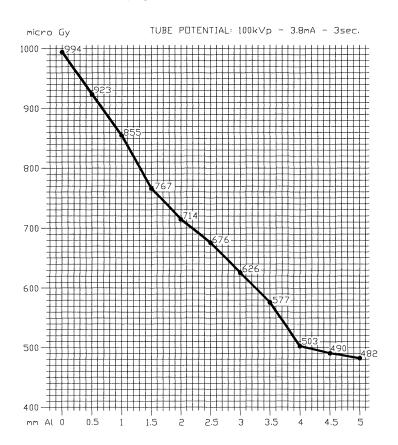
- a. Direct the central x-ray beam perpendicular and in the center of a RAD-Check instrument. Determine the exact distance from the x-ray tube focal spot to the window of the collimator (193 mm 7.6"). Place the input area of the RAD-CHECK at an equal distance from the collimator window. Collimate the beam to an area slightly larger than the detector.
- Make an exposure at a pre-selected technique factor of 90 kVp and appropriate mA and time values with no added filtration in the beam; record the reading.
 Using the type 1100 Aluminium Alloy, tape a total of 2.5 mm of Aluminium to the window of the collimator. Make an exposure using the same technique factors; record the reading.

Verify that the radiation read with the 2.5 mm Al in the beam is greater or equal to 50% of the radiation read with no filtration in the beam.

Standard absorber method

The HVL determination obtained from the following procedures are to be compared with those illustrated in the table 1 (MINIMUM FILTRATION REQUIREMENT – BEAM QUALITY (HVL)). The HVL in millimeters of Aluminum obtained during the test must be greater or equal than the values listed in the above mentioned table.

- a. DIRECT THE CENTRAL X-RAY BEAM PERPENDICULAR AND IN THE CENTER OF A RAD-CHECK INSTRUMENT. DETERMINE THE EXACT DISTANCE FROM THE X-RAY TUBE FOCAL SPOT TO THE WINDOW OF THE COLLIMATOR (193 MM 7.6""). PLACE THE INPUT AREA OF THE RAD-CHECK AT AN EQUAL DISTANCE FROM THE COLLIMATOR WINDOW. COLLIMATE THE BEAM TO AN AREA SLIGHTLY LARGER THAN THE DETECTOR.
- b. Select a tube potential of 100 kVp and appropriate mA and seconds, with no added filtration in the beam make an exposure and record the reading. Using a set of several sheets of 1100 Aluminium Alloy, each having a thickness of 0.5 or 1.0 mm, tape the filtration to the window of the collimator. Make an exposure for each increments of filtration and record the reading.
- c. Plot the exposure readings (log scale) versus the total added filtration thickness on semilog paper, see sample hereunder.
- d. Verify that HLV values in the useful beam for the above specific tube potential is not less than the values shown in table 1 page H-1



2) VISUAL DEFINITION OF X-RAY VERSUS LIGHT FIELD

Applicable Chapter: **COLLIMATOR CALIBRATION:** paragraph 2. Light field to x-ray Field Alignment.page **F—2**

3) FIELD SIZE INDICATION

Applicable Chapter: : **COLLIMATOR CALIBRATION:** paragraph Field Size Indication Adjustment. page G—1.

4) CROSSHAIR ALIGNMENT

Applicable Chapter: **COLLIMATOR CALIBRATION:** PARAGRAPH 2 **CROSSHAIRS, ALIGNMENT**PAGE **G**—1

5) LIGHT FIELD ILLUMINATION INTENSITY

- a) When a light field simulating the X-Ray field is used the illumination provided at 100 cm. cannot be less than: 160 lux (21 CFR 1020.31 (d) (2) (ii)
- b) Place the Focus of the X-Ray tube at 100 cm. from the table top were the light field as been projected. Open the collimator's shutters to assure that each quadrant of the light field is larger than the measuring area of the photometer.
- c) Check that the voltage specified by the manufacturer is applied to the lamp, make certain that all surfaces in the light beam are clean and unobstructed.
- d) Place a photometer capable of reading up to 160 lux in the centre of each of the four quadrants of the light field.
- e) Turn on the light beam and read the light intensity, subtract to it the ambient lighting, previously determined.
- f) Verify that the average illumination is higher than 160 lux. Record the measured lux and all data concerning the instrument and the voltage used.

I) OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING

PROLONGED LIGHTING WITHOUT ALLOWING THE LAMP TO COOL CAUSES THE COLLIMATOR TO OVERHEAT IN THE AREA NEAR THE LAMP - THE MAXIMUM LIMIT ADVISED IS 5 SUCCESSIVE LAMP OPERATIONS.

THE OPERATOR MUST AVOID OVERHEATING THE COLLIMATOR AND CARE MUST BE TAKEN NOT TO SCORCH HIMSELF OR THE PATIENT

The collimator is normally operated by activating the pushbutton on the lateral panel to switch the light field ON

Light ON time is adjustable from 15 to 45 seconds via the trimmer on the electronic board. The factory setting is approximately 30s.

The collimators has been designed to operate as follows:

- Supply constantly connected during operation of the equipment.
- Quartz iodide lamp ON time for the light field at about 30 s.
- A normal ON/OFF cycle may be repeated twice = 1 minute, followed by 4 minutes OFF.

Light/x-ray field, setting:

- The table on the front panel shows the number to set with the knobs index. The number is read by crossing the FFD (SID) in use (horizontal) with the cassette side in cm or inches (vertical) see the dial on page I—2.
- Rotate the knobs to select the field at a set FFD.
- Do not force the knobs.
- The collimator is ready x-rays may be performed.

Table on the front panel:

The table on the front panel shows the number to be set with the knobs. The number to be set is read by crossing the FFD-SID value in use with the cassette size in cm on inches.

i.e. at 90 cm FFD(36" SID) and using an 18 cm (7") cassette size, the field to be set would be 32.

inch cm	36" 90	40" 100	72 " 180	
5"/13	23	21	11.5	
7"/18	32	29	16	
95"/24	43	39	22	30 40 50
12730	53	48	28	20
14"/35	61	55	31.5	
16"/40	70	63	36	10
17"43	75	68	39	•

J) ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

To ensure constantly safe performance of the collimator and its compliance with applicable regulations, a maintenance program is indispensable.

It is the Owner's responsibility to supply or arrange for this service.

Cleaning recommendations

- The collimator housing must be cleaned as prescribed by the sanitary regulations followed by the operator.
- Disconnect supply
- Use non abrasive cleaning products. Care must be taken to prevent liquid from entering the collimator. **N.B.** the collimator cover is not watertight.
- Do no re-apply power if inflammable liquids have leaked into the collimator. See the following Maintenance Instructions.

Recommended maintenance programme:

Ralco suggests a yearly servicing programme. However shorter intervals are advisable when the collimator is subject to heavy workloads.

Re-calibration of the collimator will be necessary whenever the x-ray tube is changed or at each substitution of the lamp used to simulate the light field. Calibration procedures must be performed as described in this manual - page F—1.

- 1. Remove the lower cover from collimator. Inspect the moving parts for signs of wear or damage.
- 2. Check that the screws and tabs which serve to secure the collimator to the flange/tube adapter are correctly tightened.
- 3. Check the electric system and substitute parts that show wear.
- 4. Check the Lexan panel and substitute if necessary.
- 5. Clean the collimator with a soft cloth paying particular attention to the Lexan window. **Do not** use abrasive or inflammable cleaning products.
- 6. Sparingly lubricate the moving parts using graphite oil.
- 7. Wipe away all excess oil.
- 8. Remount the cover.

K) TROUBLESHOOTING

Should the Collimator become faulty do not use it until completely repaired. The use of a faulty collimator might impair the safety of the operator and patient.

Before returning the collimator to Ralco for repair, please make sure that it isn't one of the following problems to cause the fault

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
	The collimator is not supplied correctly	Check supply/ Tension/current/polarity/ Fuses
The lamp fails to switch	The lamp is faulty	Check filaments - substitute if necessary. See Substitution Of The Lamp On Page L—1
	Timer is faulty	Check supply to the timer. If there is no output tension, substitute the timer. See Substitution Of The Electronic Timer on page L—1
	ON-Off button is faulty	Check contacts - substitute if necessary
The collimator is not centred:	Mirrors are not positioned correctly	See Light field to x-ray Field Alignment.F—2 See COLLIMATOR CALIBRATION: page F—1
Incorrect field dimensions	Knobs are off index	Loosen knob screws and adjust - See Field Size Indication Adjustment. page G—1
Light edge definition is not good.	Light screen not aligned correctly	See Figure 3 page R—3

L) SUBSTITUTIONS, DISASSEMBLY, TRANSPORT

Substitutions:

The following operations must be performed by technically prepared and authorised personnel.

See Figure 5 - Parts Breakdown on page R-5

Substitution of the lamp:

WARNING: DO NOT IMMEDIATELY TOUCH THE DISSIPATOR WITH YOUR FINGURES IT COULD BE HOT AND CAUSE SEVERE BURNS.

WARNING: DO NOT TOUCH THE LAMP, THE SOCKET, OR THE LAMP BRACKET WITH YOUR FINGER. THEY CAN BE VERY HOT AND CAUSE SEVERE BURNS.

- Disconnect supply
- Remove the lower cover
- Remove the lamp protection dissipator.
- · Carefully remove the faulty lamp.
- Substitute the lamp with an identical lamp (same V, W and filament power)
- Make sure that the pins are completely inserted in the lampholder
- Check on light field/x-ray field correspondence
- If necessary remove the lamp, rotate it 180° axially and re-insert.
- Remount the disconnected items

Substitution of the electronic timer

- Disconnect supply
- Remove the lower cover.
- Remove the two screws holding the electronic timer.
- Identify the cables and their position on the terminal board.
- Disconnect the cables from the terminal board.
- Install the new timer by proceeding in a reverse order; pay particular attention to the connection of the cables to the 4-way terminal board.

Disassembly

- Disconnect supply to the collimator.
- Disconnect the supply cables.
- Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the upper part of the collimator care must be taken not to let the collimator fall.

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Transport and storage:

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- Suitable packing must be provided for the collimator.
- Place the collimator in a plastic bag to avoid packing material from entering the collimator.
- Use an appropriate box for transport, shipment or storage taking care to protect the collimator from rough handling. This will avoid damage to the collimator during transport shipment or storage.
- Limit Storage conditions:

Ambient Temperature = from -40°C to +70°C Relative Humidity = from 10% to 95% Atm. Pressure = from 500 a 1060 hPa.









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M) SPARE PARTS:

NOTE: WHEN ORDERING SPARE PARTS, THE CLIENT IS REQUESTED TO SPECIFY THE MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER OF THE COLLIMATOR CONCERNED.

RO 002	STEEL SPACERS, THCIKNESS 1.5 MM		
RO 181	MOUNTING FLANGE, FIXED TYPE, 10MM THICKNESS		
RO 198	FOCUS-SKIN SPACERS		
RO 199	MOUNTING FLANGE, ROTATING TYPE, ±90° WITH STOP AT 0°, 100MM		
10 133	THICKNESS		
RS 006	LAMP 100W 24V		
RS 033	CERAMIC LAMPHOLDER, CSA		
RS 063	TIMER FM338 24V		
RS 092	LAMP 100W 12 V		
RS 204	TIMER FM338 12V		
RS 451	GREY KNOB + R72 INDEX		
RS 533	LATERAL PANEL, LONG, AL. WITH INDEX SCALE		
RS 534	LATERAL PANEL, CROSS, AL. WITH INDEX SCALE		
RS 535	LATERAL PANEL, LONG, AL, WITH INDEX SCALE PLUS PUSHBUTTON HOLE		
RS 536	LOWER COVER IN ABS R72 STANDARD (H. 123)		
RS 537	UPPER COVER R72 STANDARD		
RS 538	RETRACTABLE MEASURING TAPE (STARTING POINT 176MM)		
RS 449	ANTIDUST PANEL R72 (CSA)		
RS 050	ROUND PUSHBUTTON, BLACK/CHROMED		

Labels:



CERTIFICATION
This product complies with
the Performance Standard
under the Radiation Control
for Health and Safety Act of
1968,applicable at date of
manufacture.

N) REPAIRS

- Return the collimator to Ralco At the customer's expense if the unit is out of warranty.
- Provide the collimator with a detailed description (in Italian or English) of the functional problems and/or faults. It is important to indicate whether a repair or a complete overhaul is required.
- Our Quality Control will test the collimator.
- If the repair involved is extensive, Ralco will contact the customer to advise on the repair or possible substitution.

O) END OF LIFE DISPOSAL

Your collimator contains materials which can be recycled and reused. Specialised companies can recycle your product to increase the amount of reusable materials and to minimise the amount of materials to be disposed of.

Please inform yourself on local regulations on disposal of your old set.

P) WARRANTY:

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Ralco undertakes to replace and repair any collimator part during a period of 24 months from the date of invoice and cover the labour costs involved.

The warranty applies provided the product has been handled properly in accordance with its operating instructions; presentation is required of the original invoice indicating the date of purchase, the model and serial number as well as other documents originally supplied with the set.

The warranty does not apply if:

- The documents have been altered in any way or made illegible;
- The model or production number on the product has been altered, deleted, removed or made illegible:
- Repairs or product modifications and alterations have been performed by unauthorised persons;
- Damage is caused by misuse or neglect, incorrect installation or accidental damage including but not limited to lighting, water or fire.
- Use of unoriginal spare parts and accessories.

In-warranty spares will be available only upon return to Ralco, at the customer's expense, of the parts considered to be faulty to allow assess the cause of the fault.

This warranty does not apply to consumable items such as lamps.

Defective material is to be sent to:

Ralco srl Via Schiapparelli 27/33 20035 Lissone MI - Italia

Fax. +39 -039-2456958 Email: ralco@ralco.it

Q) SAFETY/RESPONSIBILITY

Rev.B

Ralco adheres to the directives governing manufacturers of electro-medical equipment:

Directive 93/42 CEE para.10

Legislative Decree n° 46 para.10

Ralco shall not be held responsible when instructions provided in the present manual are not complied with.

Ralco shall not be held responsible if the collimator relates to one or several of the following instances:

- The unit is of Ralco construction to client specifications (no CE marking)
- The unit has been modified by the OEM or end user.
- The unit has been installed without respecting the instructions provided in this manual.
- The unit is used without respecting the instructions provided in this manual.
- The unit has not been subject to routine functional inspection.
- The unit has not been subject to routine maintenance.
- The unit has been repaired with unoriginal spare parts.
- Ralco shall decline all responsibility for any damage, direct or indirect, caused to persons
 or things by inappropriate accessories.

INFORMATION REGARDING ACCIDENTS THAT HAVE OCCURED WHILE USING THE RADIOLOGICAL COLLIMATOR MUST BE REPORTED IMMEDIATELY TO RALCO SRL.

R) FIGURES, DIAGRAMS, TABLES

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NOTE: SHOULD THE ELECTRIC DIAGRAM REQUESTED BY YOU DIFFER FROM THE STANDARD UNIT SUPPLIED — PLEASE SEE THE ATTACHMENTS.

Figure 1

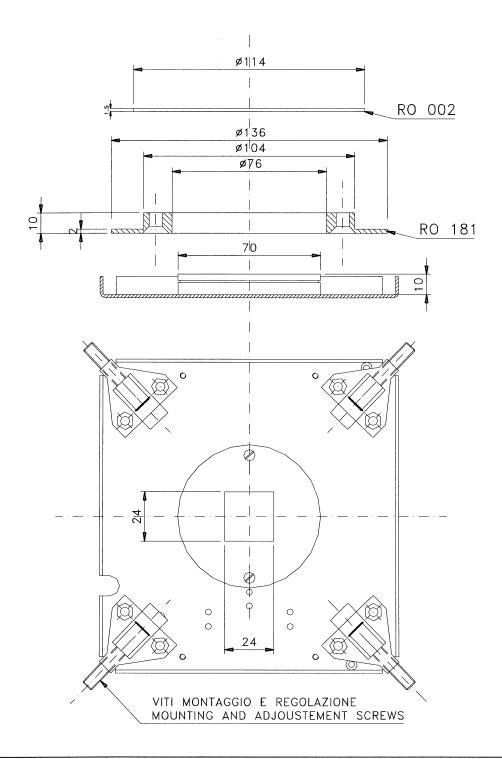


Figure 2

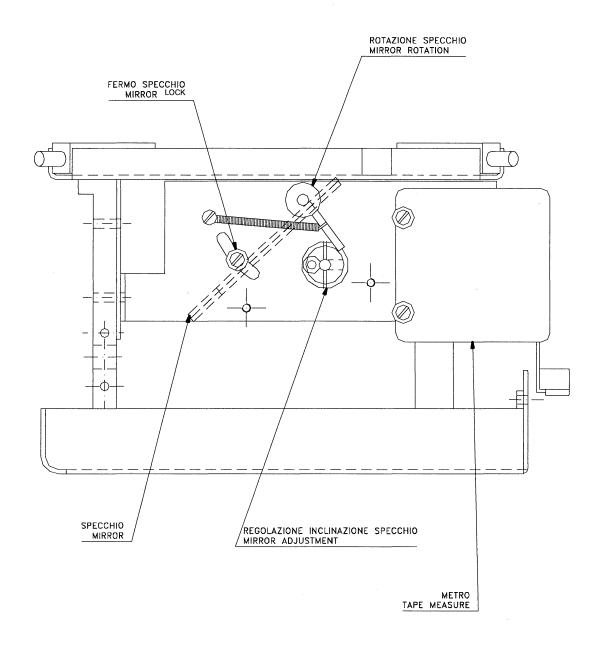


Figure 3

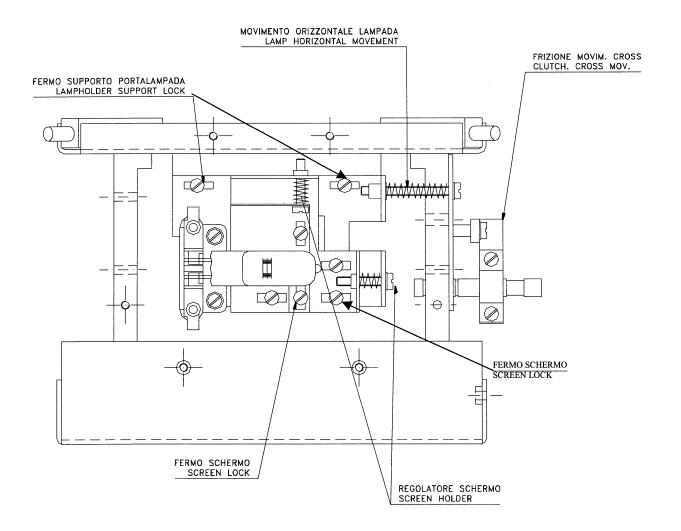


Figure 4

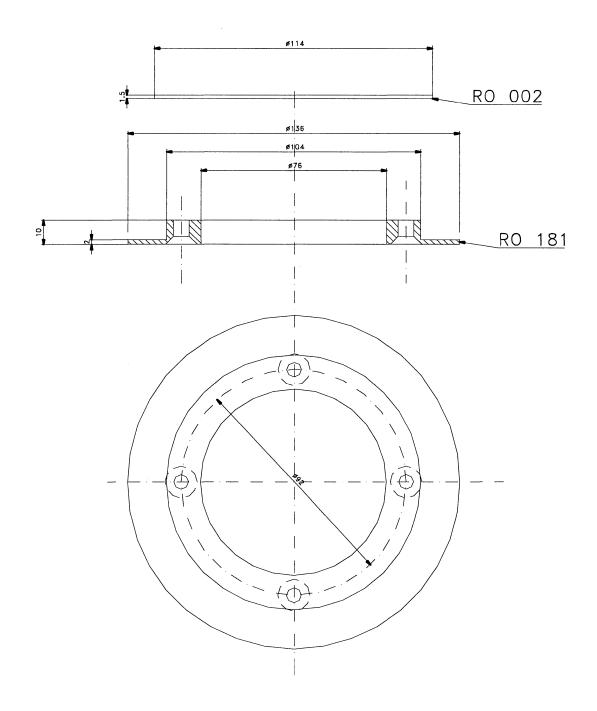


Figure 5 - Parts Breakdown

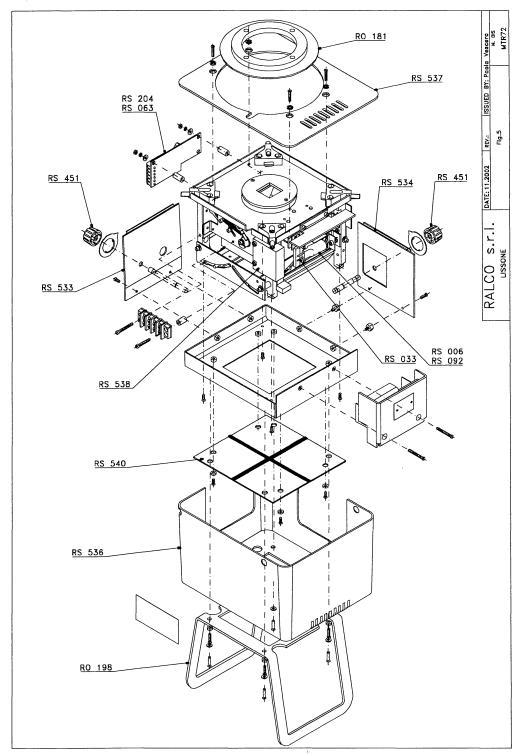


Diagram 1 -Electronic Timer Board FM338

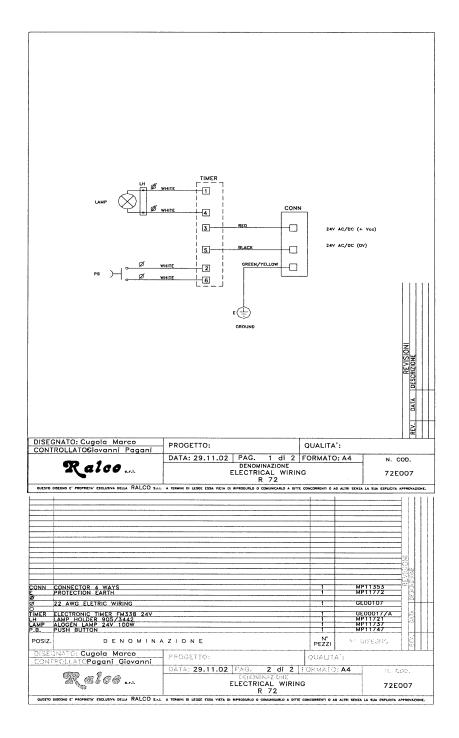


Diagram 2 -Electronic Timer Board, Electric

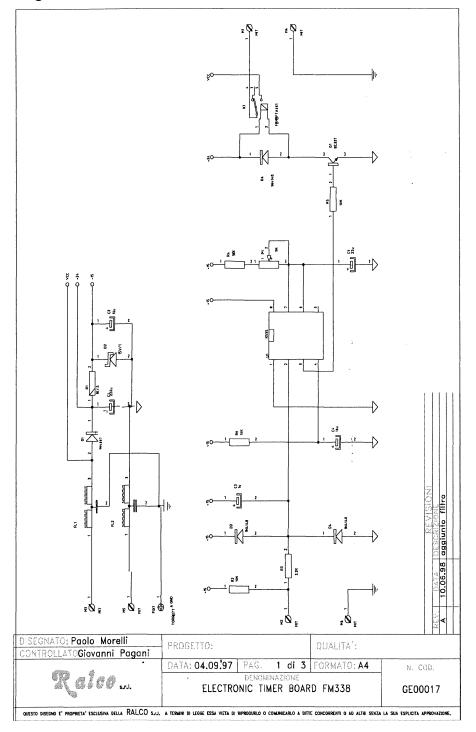


Diagram 3 - Board layout 24V

