1. Frontend (HTML/CSS/JavaScript)

We'll create a simple store with product listings and a shopping cart.

HTML

```
html
Copy code
<!DOCTYPE html><html lang="en"><head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,</pre>
initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Basic E-Commerce Store</title>
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css"></head><body>
  <header>
    <h1>My E-Commerce Store</h1>
    <div id="cart">
       <span>Cart: <span id="cart-count">0</span>
items</span>
       <button onclick="checkout()">Checkout</button>
    </div>
  </header>
  <main>
    <div class="product-list">
       <!-- Products will be loaded here -->
    </div>
  </main>
  <script src="scripts.js"></script></body></html>
```

CSS (styles.css)

```
CSS
body {
  font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
  margin: 0;
  padding: 0;
header {
  background-color: #333;
  color: white;
  padding: 15px;
  display: flex;
  justify-content: space-between;
  align-items: center;
.product-list {
  display: flex;
  justify-content: space-around;
  margin-top: 20px;
.product {
  border: 1px solid #ddd;
  padding: 20px;
  text-align: center;
button {
  background-color: #28a745;
  color: white;
  padding: 10px;
  border: none;
  cursor: pointer;
button:hover {
  background-color: #218838;
```

JavaScript (scripts.js)

```
javascript
Copy code
let cart = [];
const products = [
   { id: 1, name: 'Product 1', price: 100 },
   { id: 2, name: 'Product 2', price: 150 },
  { id: 3, name: 'Product 3', price: 200 },
];
document.addEventListener('DOMContentLoaded', () => {
  loadProducts();
});
function loadProducts() {
  const productList = document.querySelector('.product-list');
  products.forEach(product => {
     const productDiv = document.createElement('div');
     productDiv.classList.add('product');
     productDiv.innerHTML = `
       <h3>${product.name}</h3>
       Price: $${product.price}
       <button onclick="addToCart(${product.id})">Add to
Cart</button>
     productList.appendChild(productDiv);
  });
function addToCart(productId) {
  const product = products.find(p => p.id === productId);
  cart.push(product);
  document.getElementById('cart-count').innerText =
cart.length;
function checkout() {
  alert('You have ${cart.length} items in your cart');
  // Add further checkout logic (like sending data to the
backend)
```

2. Backend Setup

You can choose either Django or Express.js for the backend. Both approaches involve setting up a simple API to handle product management and orders.

Django Backend

1.Install Django

pip install django

2.Set Up Project and App:

django-admin startproject ecommerced ecommerce django-admin startapp store

3. Models for Products and Orders (store/models.py):

```
from django.db import models
class Product(models.Model):
    name = models.CharField(max_length=255)
    price = models.DecimalField(max_digits=10,
    decimal_places=2)
    description = models.TextField(blank=True, null=True)
class Order(models.Model):
    product = models.ForeignKey(Product,
    on_delete=models.CASCADE)
    quantity = models.PositiveIntegerField(default=1)
    created_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True)
```

4. Views to Handle Product and Cart Logic (store/views.py):

```
from django.http import JsonResponsefrom .models import
Product, Order
def product list(request):
  products = Product.objects.all()
  product data = [{"id": p.id, "name": p.name, "price":
str(p.price)} for p in products]
  return JsonResponse(product data, safe=False)
def place order(request):
  if request.method == "POST":
     # Process the order here (handle product IDs and quantities)
     # For simplicity, return a success response
     return JsonResponse({"status": "Order placed"})
5. URL
from django.contrib import adminfrom django.urls import
pathfrom store import views
urlpatterns = [
  path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
  path('products/', views.product list),
  path('checkout/', views.place order),
1
6. Migrate and Run:
     python manage.py migrate
     python manage.py runserver
```

Express.js Backend

1.Install Dependencies:

```
npm init -y
npm install express mongoose body-parser
```

2.Set Up Express (server.js):

```
const express = require('express');const mongoose =
require('mongoose');const bodyParser = require('body-parser');
const app = express();
app.use(bodyParser.json());
mongoose.connect('mongodb://localhost:27017/ecommerce',
{ useNewUrlParser: true });
const Product = mongoose.model('Product', new
mongoose.Schema({
  name: String,
  price: Number
}));
app.get('/products', async (req, res) => {
  const products = await Product.find();
  res.json(products);
});
app.post('/checkout', (req, res) => {
  const order = req.body;
  // Save order logic
  res.json({ status: 'Order placed' });
});
app.listen(3000, () \Rightarrow {
  console.log('Server is running on port 3000');
});
3.Database Models (Product):
const mongoose = require('mongoose');
const ProductSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
  name: String,
  price: Number
module.exports = mongoose.model('Product', ProductSchema);
```

```
Run the Server:
node server.js
```

3. Integration

In the frontend's scripts.js, update the product and checkout functionality to interact with the backend using fetch API.

For example:

```
javascript
Copy code
function loadProducts() {
  fetch('/products')
     .then(response => response.json())
     .then(products => {
       const productList = document.querySelector('.product-
list');
       products.forEach(product => {
         const productDiv = document.createElement('div');
         productDiv.classList.add('product');
         productDiv.innerHTML =
            <h3>${product.name}</h3>
            Price: $${product.price}
            <button onclick="addToCart(${product.id})">Add
to Cart</button>
         productList.appendChild(productDiv);
       });
     });
function checkout() {
  fetch('/checkout', {
     method: 'POST'.
     headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
     body: JSON.stringify({ cart })
```

```
}).then(response => response.json())
.then(data => {
    alert(data.status);
});
}
```