

# Assignment 7: Converting Bases

EC602 Design by Software

Fall 2021

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## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Assignment Goals

The assignment goals are to help you learn about

- arithmetic operators
- proper choice of integer types
- number systems and bases

### 1.2 Group Size

The maximum group size is 2 students.

### 1.3 Due Date

The assignment is due 2021-11-15 at 23:59:59

## 1.4 Assignment Value

This assignment is worth 5 points.

## 1.5 Late policy

Late assignments will be accepted until the beginning of the lecture immediately following the due date, or for 48 hours, whichever is less.

If the *natural grade* on the assignment is  $g$ , the number of hours late is  $h$ , and the number of hours between the assignment due time and the next class is  $H$ , the new grade will be

$$(h > H) ? 0 : g * (1 - h/(2*H))$$

If the same assignment is submitted ontime *and* late, the grade for that component will be the maximum of the ontime submission grade and the scaled late submission grade.

## 1.6 Submission Link

You can submit here: [convertbase hw7 submit link](#)

## 1.7 Background on bases

Every number, when written or represented in text, uses a *base representation*. For example, the number 255 means

$$2 \times 10^2 + 5 \times 10^1 + 5 \times 10^0$$

because we are using base-10 representation.

When a number  $y$  is written in base  $n$  as

$$d_m d_{m-1} \dots d_2 d_1 d_0$$

then  $y$  can be calculated as

$$y = \sum_{i=0}^{i=m} d_i n^i$$

and in addition, we restrict the values of the digits as follows:

The first digit satisfies  $0 < d_m < n$  and all others have  $0 \leq d_i < n$

## 2 Convertbase

Write a program `convertbase.cpp` which converts a number, represented as a string in one base, to a new string representing that number in a new base. You may assume that the number can be stored in an `int` without overflow.

The character to represent a digit with value `digitvalue` is the ASCII character `digitvalue+'0'`.

Note that this means that the conventional use of a-f for bases like 16 is not supported by `convertbase`.

The program should expect three command line arguments

- a string representing the number to convert
- the base that the preceeding string is represented in
- the base that the number should be converted to.

The values of the original base and the target base will always be in the range 2 to 200 inclusive.

The program should print the new representation to the standard output and then exit.

### 2.1 Restrictions

You may only include the libraries `iostream` and `string`. No other includes are permitted.

### 2.2 Checker

There is a checker available here:

`hw7_convertbase_check.py`