

Task 3

Project: Online Store Order Management System (PostgreSQL)

Objective: Create a system to manage orders, customers, and products for an online store

Database Creation: Create a database named OnlineStore.

Create tables: Customers (CUSTOMER_ID, NAME, EMAIL, PHONE, ADDRESS)

Products (PRODUCT_ID, PRODUCT_NAME, CATEGORY, PRICE, STOCK)

Orders (ORDER_ID, CUSTOMER_ID, PRODUCT_ID, QUANTITY, ORDER_DATE) Set up foreign keys linking Orders to Customers and Products.

Data Creation: Insert sample data for customers, products, and orders.

```
INSERT 0 4
onlinestore=# SELECT * FROM customers;
```

customer_id	name	email	phone	address
1	Alice	alice@example.com	9876543210	Bangalore
2	Bob	bob@example.com	9876543211	Chennai
3	Charlie	charlie@example.com	9876543212	Hyderabad

(3 rows)

```
onlinestore=# SELECT * FROM products;
```

product_id	product_name	category	price	stock
1	Laptop	Electronics	60000.00	10
2	Mobile	Electronics	20000.00	0
3	Shoes	Fashion	3000.00	25
4	Watch	Fashion	5000.00	5

(4 rows)

```
onlinestore=# SELECT * FROM orders;
```

order_id	customer_id	product_id	quantity	order_date
1	1	1	1	2025-08-01
2	2	2	2	2025-08-02
3	1	3	1	2025-08-03
4	3	4	2	2025-08-05

(4 rows)

Order Management:

a) Retrieve all orders placed by a specific customer.

```
onlinestore=# SELECT o.order_id, c.name AS customer, p.product_name, o.quantity, o.order_d
onlinestore=# FROM orders o
onlinestore=# JOIN products p ON o.product_id = p.product_id
onlinestore=# JOIN customers c ON o.customer_id = c.customer_id
onlinestore=# WHERE c.name = 'Alice'
onlinestore=# ORDER BY o.order_date;
```

order_id	customer	product_name	quantity	order_date
1	Alice	Laptop	1	2025-08-01
3	Alice	Shoes	1	2025-08-03

(2 rows)

b) Find products that are out of stock.

```
onlinestore=# SELECT product_id, product_name, stock
onlinestore=# FROM products
onlinestore=# WHERE stock = 0;
```

product_id	product_name	stock
2	Mobile	0

(1 row)

c) Calculate the total revenue generated per product.

```
onlinestore=# SELECT p.product_id, p.product_name, SUM(o.quantity * p.price) AS total_reve
onlinestore=# FROM orders o
onlinestore=# JOIN products p ON o.product_id = p.product_id
onlinestore=# GROUP BY p.product_id, p.product_name
onlinestore=# ORDER BY total_revenue DESC;
```

product_id	product_name	total_revenue
1	Laptop	60000.00
2	Mobile	40000.00
4	Watch	10000.00
3	Shoes	3000.00

(4 rows)

d) Retrieve the top 5 customers by total purchase amount.

```

onlinestore=# SELECT c.customer_id, c.name, SUM(o.quantity * p.price) AS total_spent
onlinestore=# FROM orders o
onlinestore=# JOIN customers c ON o.customer_id = c.customer_id
onlinestore=# JOIN products p ON o.product_id = p.product_id
onlinestore=# GROUP BY c.customer_id, c.name
onlinestore=# ORDER BY total_spent DESC
onlinestore=# LIMIT 5;
 customer_id | name   | total_spent
-----+-----+-----
          1 | Alice |    63000.00
          2 | Bob   |    40000.00
          3 | Charlie |   10000.00
(3 rows)

```

e) Find customers who placed orders in at least two different product categories.

```

onlinestore=# SELECT c.customer_id, c.name, COUNT(DISTINCT p.category) AS categories_ordered
onlinestore=# FROM orders o
onlinestore=# JOIN customers c ON o.customer_id = c.customer_id
onlinestore=# JOIN products p ON o.product_id = p.product_id
onlinestore=# GROUP BY c.customer_id, c.name
onlinestore=# HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT p.category) >= 2;
 customer_id | name   | categories_ordered
-----+-----+-----
          1 | Alice |                2
(1 row)

```

Analytics:

a) Find the month with the highest total sales.

```

onlinestore=# SELECT TO_CHAR(order_date, 'YYYY-MM') AS month, SUM(o.quantity * p.price) AS total_sales
onlinestore=# FROM orders o
onlinestore=# JOIN products p ON o.product_id = p.product_id
onlinestore=# GROUP BY month
onlinestore=# ORDER BY total_sales DESC
onlinestore=# LIMIT 1;
 month | total_sales
-----+-----
 2025-08 |    113000.00
(1 row)

```

b) Identify products with no orders in the last 6 months

```

onlinestore=# SELECT p.product_id, p.product_name
onlinestore=# FROM products p
onlinestore=# WHERE p.product_id NOT IN (
onlinestore(#   SELECT DISTINCT o.product_id FROM orders o
onlinestore(#   WHERE o.order_date >= CURRENT_DATE - INTERVAL '6 months'
onlinestore(# );
 product_id | product_name
-----+-----
(0 rows)

```

c) Retrieve customers who have never placed an order.

```

onlinestore=# SELECT c.customer_id, c.name, c.email
onlinestore=# FROM customers c
onlinestore=# LEFT JOIN orders o ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id
onlinestore=# WHERE o.order_id IS NULL;
 customer_id | name | email
-----+-----+-----
(0 rows)

```

d) Calculate the average order value across all orders.

```

onlinestore=# SELECT ROUND(AVG(o.quantity * p.price),2) AS avg_order_value
onlinestore=# FROM orders o
onlinestore=# JOIN products p ON o.product_id = p.product_id;
 avg_order_value
-----
      28250.00
(1 row)

```