

# Scalable Variational Inference

# Scalable Variational Inference

People used to think that Bayes is for small datasets

# Scalable Variational Inference

People used to think that Bayes is for small datasets

- Too slow for big data

# Scalable Variational Inference

People used to think that Bayes is for small datasets

- Too slow for big data
- Not very beneficial anyway

# Scalable Variational Inference

People used to think that Bayes is for small datasets

- Too slow for big data
- Not very beneficial anyway

Things changed when Bayes met Deep Learning

# Scalable Variational Inference

- Understand why and how combine Deep Learning and Bayesian methods

# Scalable Variational Inference

- Understand why and how combine Deep Learning and Bayesian methods
- Learn how to synthesize images with VAE

# Scalable Variational Inference

- Understand why and how combine Deep Learning and Bayesian methods
- Learn how to synthesize images with VAE
- Learn state-of-the-art Bayesian neural networks and their applications



# Unbiased estimates

# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x)$$

# Unbiased estimates

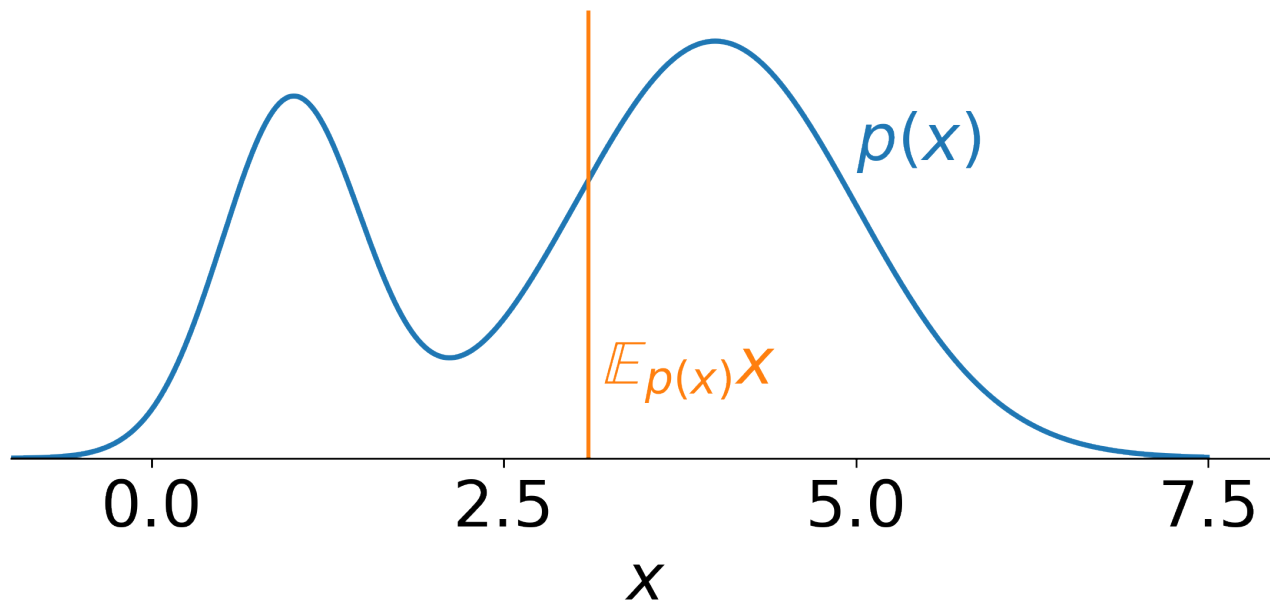
$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s)$$

$$x_s \sim p(x)$$

# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s)$$

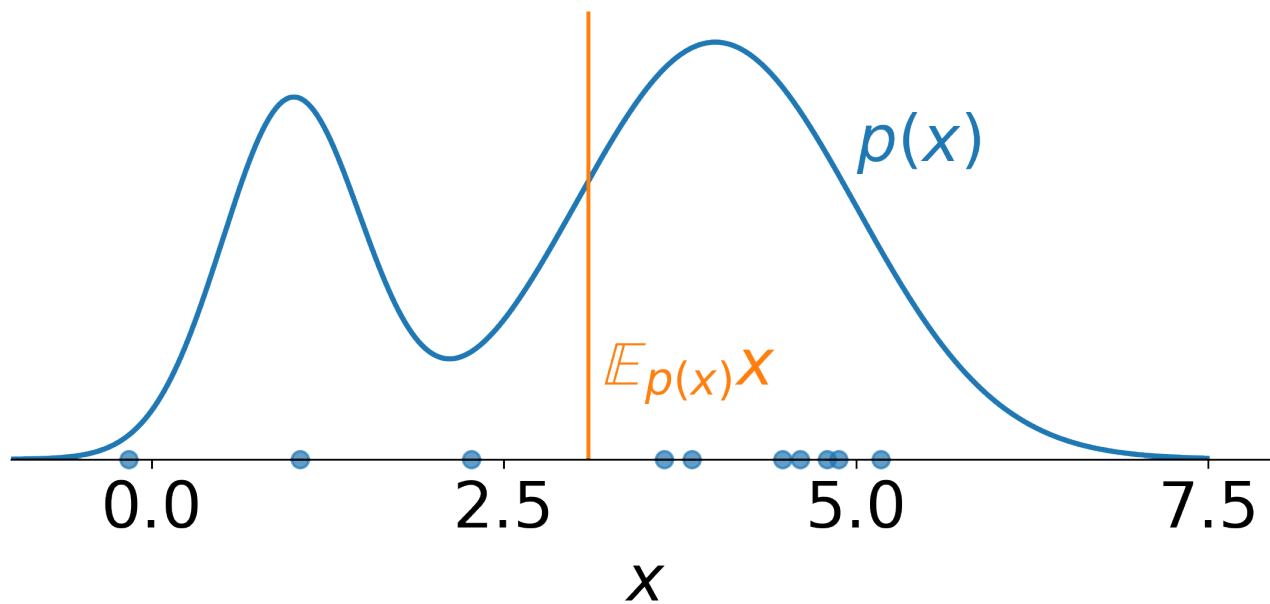
$$x_s \sim p(x)$$



# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) = \textcolor{brown}{R}$$

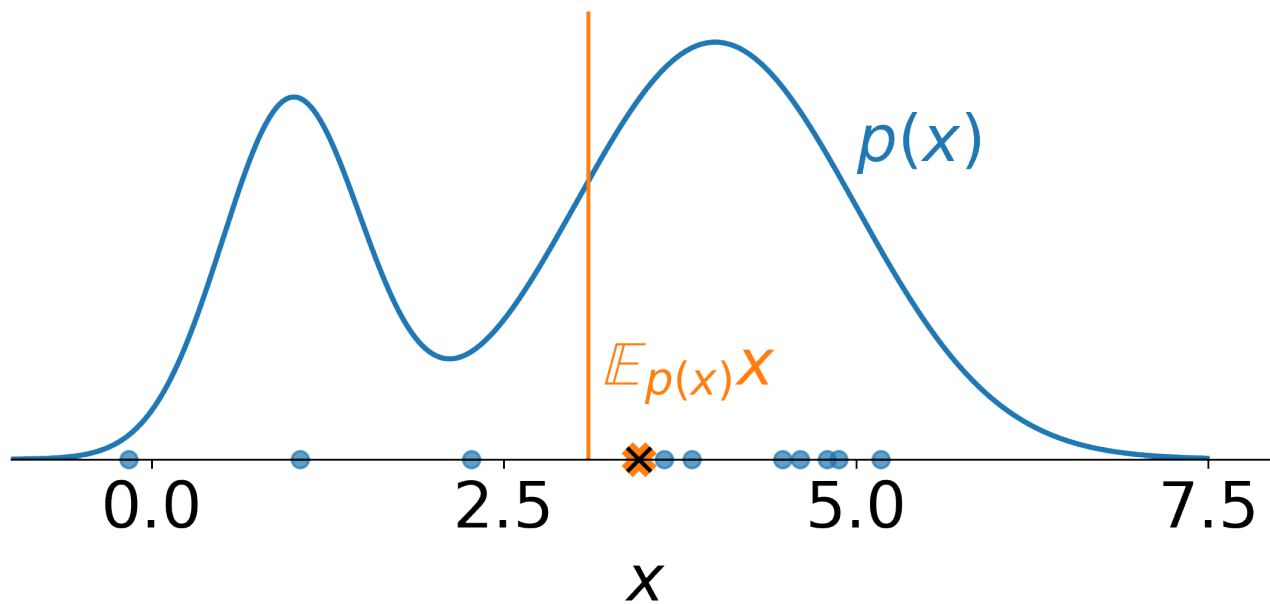
$$x_s \sim p(x)$$



# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) = R$$

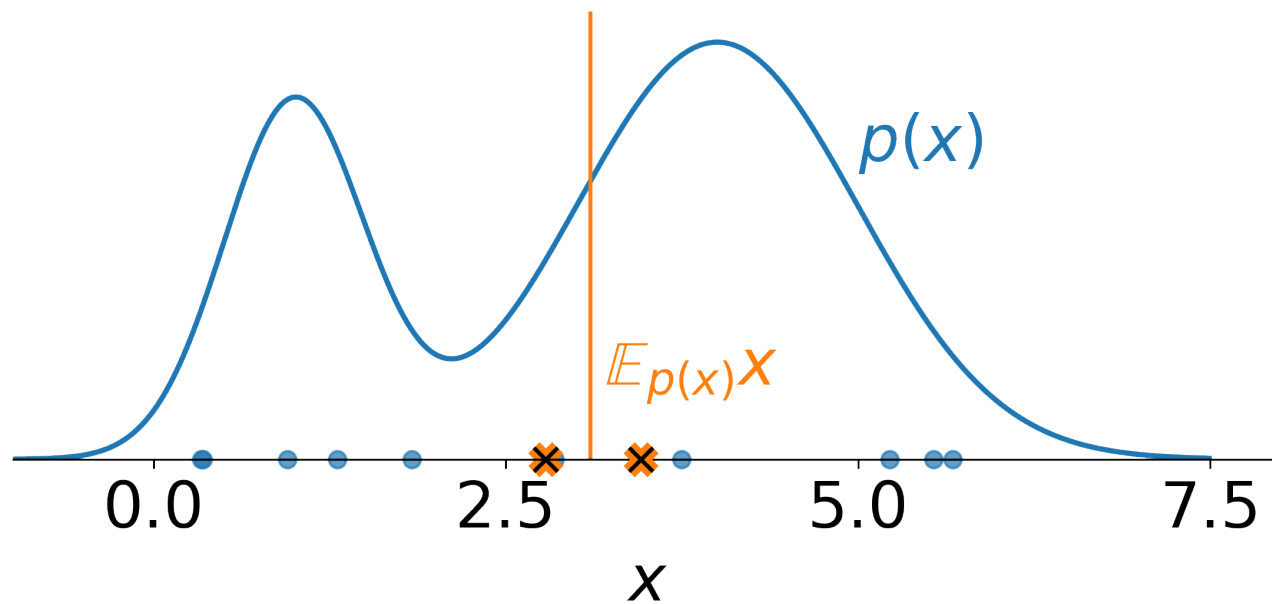
$$x_s \sim p(x)$$



# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) = R$$

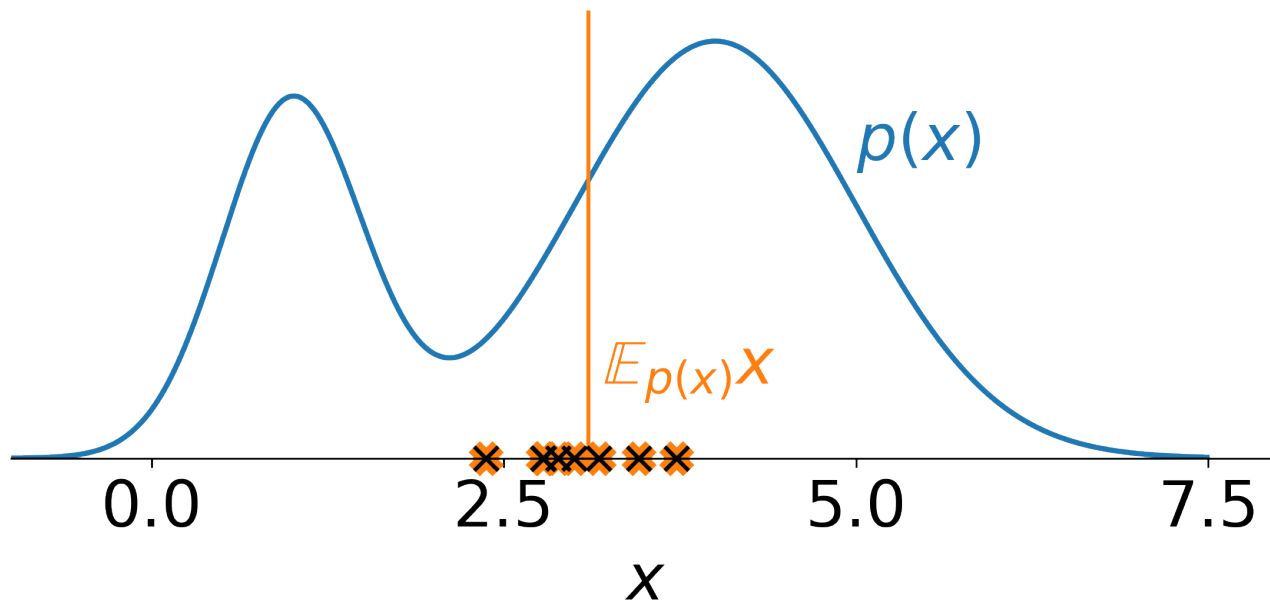
$$x_s \sim p(x)$$



# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) = R$$

$$x_s \sim p(x)$$

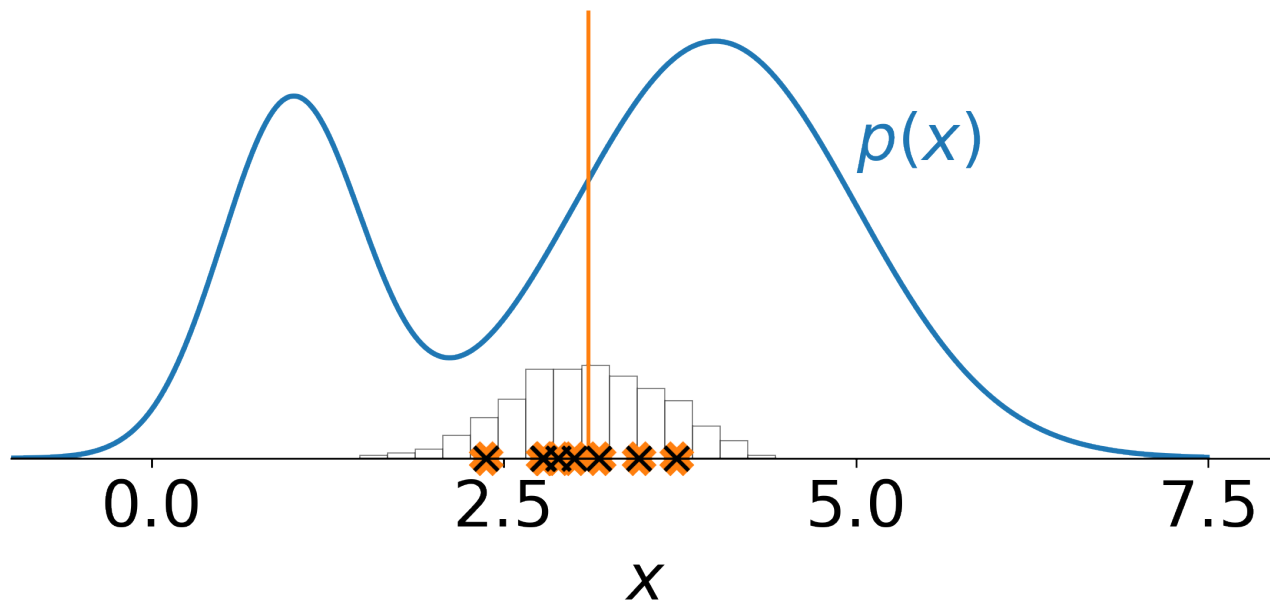




# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) = R$$

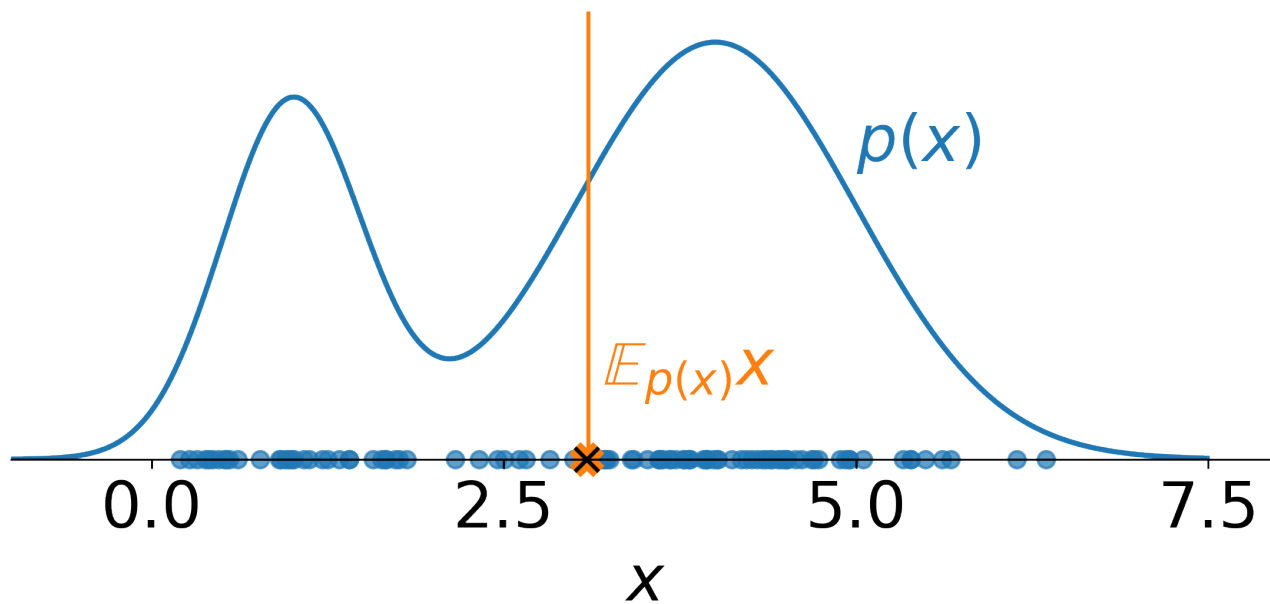
$$x_s \sim p(x)$$



# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) = R$$

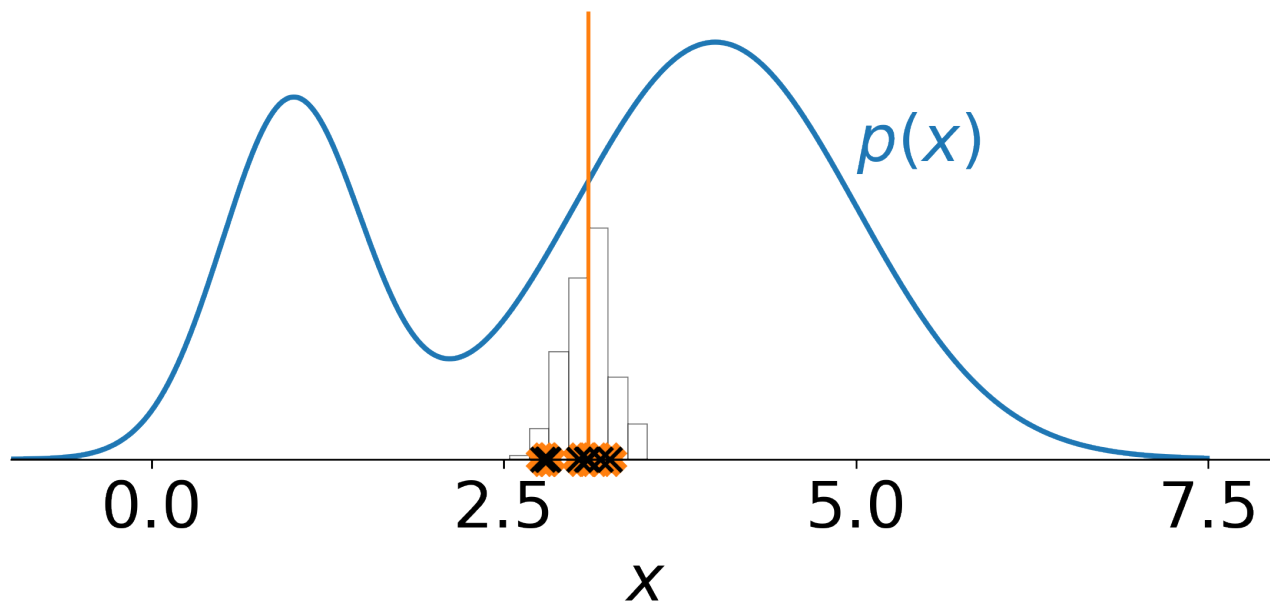
$$x_s \sim p(x)$$



# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) = R$$

$$x_s \sim p(x)$$

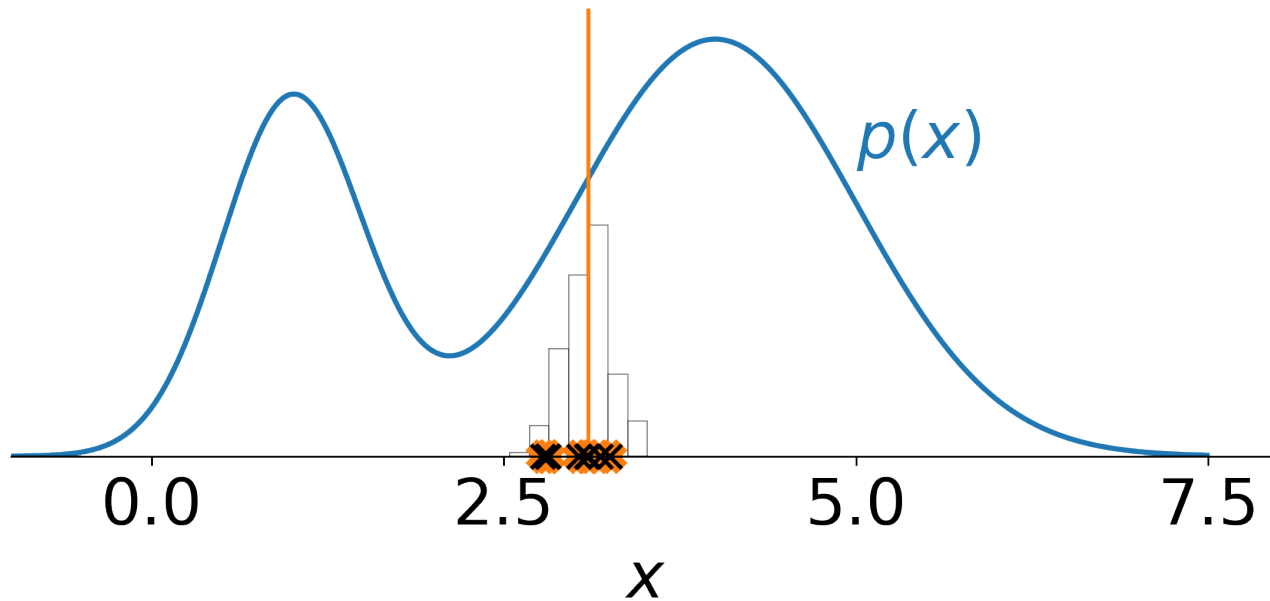


# Unbiased estimates

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) = R$$

$$x_s \sim p(x)$$

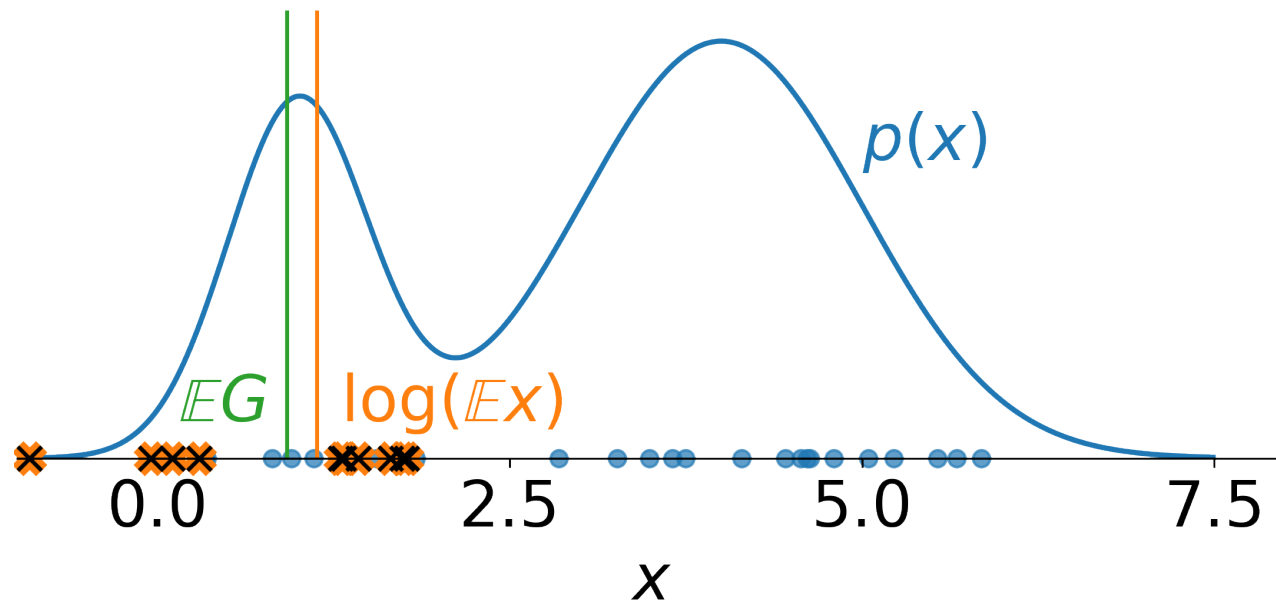
$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} R = \mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x)$$



# Unbiased estimates

$$\log \left( \mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \right) \stackrel{?}{\approx} \log \left( \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) \right) = G$$

$$x_s \sim p(x)$$

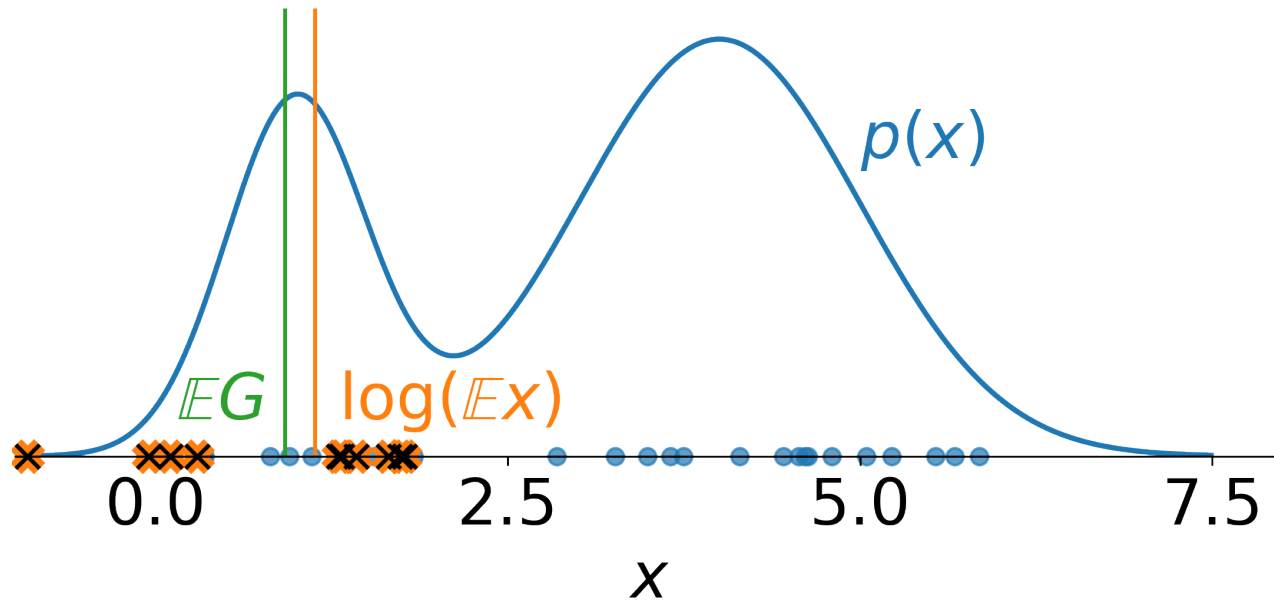


# Unbiased estimates

$$\log \left( \mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \right) \stackrel{?}{\approx} \log \left( \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) \right) = G$$

$$x_s \sim p(x)$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} G \neq \log \left( \mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \right)$$



# Unbiased estimates

- Estimator called unbiased if its expected value equals to thing it estimates

# Unbiased estimates

- Estimator called unbiased if its expected value equals to thing it estimates
- This, is unbiased estimator:

$$\mathbb{E}_{p(x)} f(x) \approx \frac{1}{M} \sum_{s=1}^M f(x_s) = R$$

others may look unbiased, but you have to check