EXP NO: 1

INSTALLATION OF HADOOP

INTRODUCTION OF HADOOP:

Hadoop is an open-source framework designed for storing and processing large datasets in a distributed computing environment. Managed by the Apache Software Foundation, Hadoop allows organizations to handle vast amounts of data across clusters of commodity hardware, providing both scalability and fault tolerance. It is built on two core components: the Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) and the Yet Another Resource Negotiator (YARN).

1.1 HISTORY OF HADOOP:

Hadoop, an open-source framework overseen by the Apache Software Foundation and written in Java, is designed for storing and processing large datasets across clusters of commodity hardware. It addresses two main big data challenges: data storage and processing. Traditional RDBMS systems fall short due to data heterogeneity. Hadoop's core components are the Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) and Yet Another Resource Negotiator (YARN).

Hadoop originated from the Apache Nutch project, started by Doug Cutting and Mike Cafarella in 2002, aimed at creating a search engine to index 1 billion pages. Faced with high costs, they were inspired by Google's GFS and MapReduce papers. In 2006, Cutting, supported by Yahoo, separated the distributed computing parts from Nutch, forming Hadoop. It became an Apache open-source project in 2008. By 2011, Hadoop 1.0 was released, with Hadoop 3.0 following in 2017, significantly enhancing its scalability and performance.

1.2 VERSIONS OF HADOOP:

1. Hadoop 0.x Series (2006-2009):

Initial releases, primarily focused on proving the concept.Introduced basic HDFS and MapReduce functionalities.Limited scalability and stability.

2. Hadoop 1.x Series (2011):

Formal release with significant stability improvements. Featured HDFS for distributed storage and MapReduce for data processing. Used JobTracker and TaskTracker for resource management, with scalability limited to thousands of nodes.

3. Hadoop 2.x Series (2013):

- Major architectural change with the introduction of YARN (Yet Another Resource Negotiator).
- Separated resource management and job scheduling, allowing multiple applications beyond MapReduce.
- Enhanced scalability and support for different processing models.

4. Hadoop 3.x Series (2017):

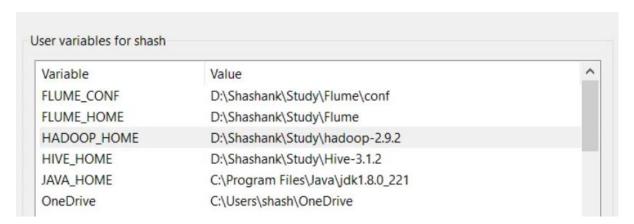
- Added support for erasure coding, reducing storage overhead.
- Introduced HDFS Federation, allowing multiple namespaces and scaling HDFS clusters.
- Improved resource management and scheduling in YARN, including GPU support.
- Enhanced security and monitoring features.

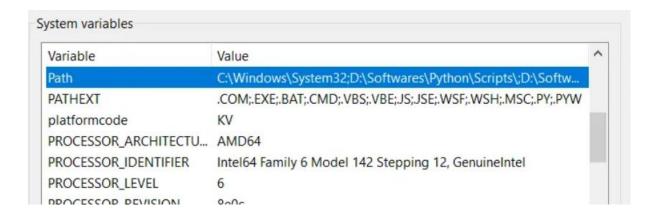
1.3 INSTALLATION STEPS:

1.INSTALL JAVA

2.INSTALL AND UNZIP HADOOP

3.SETTING UP ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES





4.EDITING CONFIGURATION FILES

Core-site.xml

Hdfs-site.xml

Mapred-site.xml

Yarn-site.xml

5.REPLACE BIN FOLDER

6.FORMAT NAMENODE AND DATANODE

hadoop namenode -format

hadoop datanode -format

7.START HADOOP

Administrator: Command Prompt

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.3880]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Windows\System32>start-all.cmd
This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.cmd and start-yarn.cmd
starting yarn daemons
C:\Windows\System32>_
```

```
C:\Windows\System32>jps
27744 Jps
18904 NodeManager
10044 NameNode
17196 ResourceManager
17692 DataNode

C:\Windows\System32>_
```

8.RUNNING HADOOP

