Project Documentation

Project Title:

Sentiment and Opinion Mining System using Dash and NLP.

Overview:

 This project is designed to analyze textual data, such as social media comments or product reviews, to extract both general sentiment (positive, negative, neutral) and detailed opinions on specific aspects or features using Natural Language Processing (NLP) techniques.

Goal:

- Classify text data based on sentiment polarity.
- o Extract aspects (specific entities) using NLP for detailed opinion analysis.
- o Visualize the results interactively through a Dash-based dashboard.

2. Project Features

• Sentiment Analysis:

- Uses VADER (Valence Aware Dictionary and sEntiment Reasoner) to classify text sentiment into positive, negative, or neutral. VADER computes sentiment polarity based on the compound score derived from the text.
- Sentiment scores (positive, negative, neutral) are applied to individual comments or sentences.

• Opinion Mining:

- **Aspect Extraction**: Identifies specific aspects of the text (e.g., "camera," "battery life") using **spaCy**'s noun chunk extraction capabilities.
- **Aspect Sentiment Classification**: For each extracted aspect, VADER is used to classify the sentiment (positive, negative, neutral) surrounding the aspect.

• Interactive Dashboard:

 Built with **Dash**, the dashboard allows users to visualize sentiment distribution (pie chart) and aspect-based sentiment analysis (bar chart). Users can interactively explore sentiment and opinions related to specific aspects.

3. Project Structure

• Directory Structure:

- o app.py: Main script for the interactive dashboard.
- o sentiment_analysis.py: Script for handling sentiment analysis logic using VADER.
- o opinion_mining.py: Handles aspect extraction and opinion mining using spaCy and VADER.
- o utils.py: Helper functions for text processing (tokenization, stopword removal).

- o comments.csv: Input CSV file containing textual data for sentiment and opinion analysis.
- o requirements.txt: List of dependencies and libraries for the project.
- o config.yaml: Configuration file containing project parameters (e.g., sentiment thresholds, paths).

4. Installation and Setup

• System Requirements:

- o **Python**: Version 3.x.
- Required libraries include pandas, nltk, spacy, dash, and plotly.

• Installation:

- o Install the required packages using:
- o pip install -r requirements.txt
- o Download the necessary data for **NLTK** and **spaCy**:
- o python
- nltk.download('vader_lexicon')
- nltk.download('stopwords')
- nltk.download('punkt')
- o python -m spacy download en_core_web_sm

5. Data Processing

Loading Data:

• Load comments or text data from a CSV file with a **body** column.

• Text Preprocessing:

- Clean and preprocess text data by lowercasing, removing punctuation, and stopwords using NLTK functions.
- Example of raw text: "The battery life is amazing!"
- Example of processed text: "battery life amazing"

6. Sentiment Analysis

VADER Sentiment Analysis:

- VADER calculates sentiment scores: Positive, Negative, Neutral, and Compound. The compound score is used to classify the text into positive, negative, or neutral sentiment categories.
- o Example:
 - Input: "The camera quality is excellent."
 - Sentiment Scores: Positive (0.8), Negative (0.0), Neutral (0.2), Compound (0.85).
 - Classified Sentiment: Positive.

7. Opinion Mining

• Aspect Extraction:

• Aspects (nouns or phrases) are extracted using **spaCy**'s noun chunking. These aspects represent key features or entities mentioned in the text.

• Aspect Sentiment Classification:

- For each aspect, its surrounding context is analyzed using **VADER** to assign sentiment (positive, negative, neutral) for that specific aspect.
- o Example:
 - Comment: "The battery life is terrible, but the screen is great."
 - Extracted Aspects: ["battery life", "screen"]
 - Sentiment Classification:
 - "battery life" → Negative.
 - "screen" → Positive.

8. Interactive Dashboard

• Sentiment Visualization:

• A pie chart displays the overall sentiment distribution (positive, negative, neutral) for all the comments.

• Aspect Sentiment Visualization:

 Users can select specific aspects (e.g., "camera", "battery life") to view a bar chart of sentiment distribution for that aspect.

• User Interactions:

o Interact with the dashboard by selecting aspects from a dropdown menu to dynamically update the aspect sentiment chart.

9. Results and Analysis

• Sentiment Results:

- o The sentiment analysis displays the overall sentiment breakdown for the dataset.
- Example: "70% of the comments are classified as Positive, 20% as Neutral, and 10% as Negative."

output.csv:

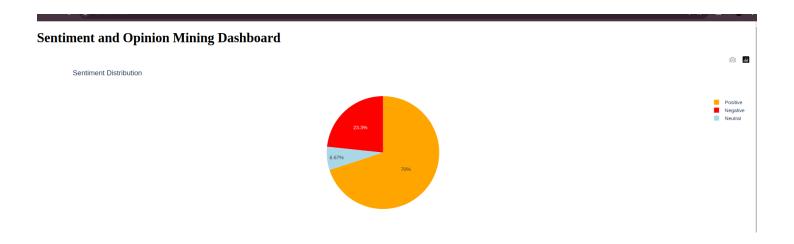
```
Process | Soutputtory | Marka

1 comment, aspects, aspect sentiments

2 This video is amazing! I learned so much., "[This video', 'T]", "(This video': 'Positive', 'Ti: 'Neutral')"

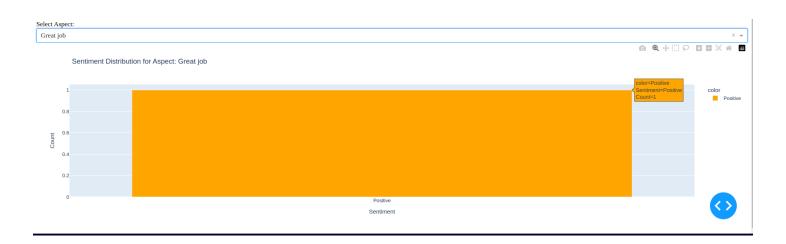
3 I didn't find this helpful at all. The explanation was too vague, "[T, 'this', 'The explanation']", "(Ti: 'Positive', 'this': 'Positive', 'The explanation': 'Negative')"

4 Great tutorial! Very clear and easy to follow., "Great tutorial'], "Great tutorial': 'Positive', 'To: 'Positive', 'This': 'Negative', 'This': 'Positive', 'This': 'Positive', 'This': 'Negative', 'This': 'Positive', 'This': Negative', 'This': Ne
```



Aspect Sentiment Results:

- The dashboard also shows sentiment results specific to aspects (e.g., product features).
- Example: "For the aspect 'battery life', the sentiment is mostly Negative (80%), indicating dissatisfaction."



10. Conclusion

• Summary:

 The project combines Sentiment Analysis and Opinion Mining using NLP to provide a comprehensive understanding of both general sentiment and opinions on specific aspects.

• Key Learnings:

 Challenges in extracting meaningful aspects from noisy text data and handling mixed sentiments were overcome by fine-tuning text preprocessing steps.

• Future Work:

- Expand the system by integrating **machine learning models** for more accurate sentiment classification.
- o Improve aspect sentiment analysis by using advanced techniques such as **Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis (ABSA)** models.

Existing Features

- Sentiment analysis using VADER.
- Opinion mining through aspect extraction using spaCy.
- Text preprocessing for clean and normalized data.

New Features Added

- Interactive dashboard for visualizing both general sentiment and aspect-specific sentiment distributions.
- Enhanced opinion mining by visualizing sentiment tied to specific aspects.
- Dynamic content handling from CSV files to generate real-time interactive insights.

Github link of my project

Moneshai2004/**NLP-forsentiment-analysis-and...**



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A 1 Contributor ⊙ 0

Issues

양 0 Forks

