# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Monica B

Email: 240701330@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701330 Phone: 6385195950

**Branch: REC** 

Department: I CSE FC

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 6\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

### 1. Problem Statement

Implement a program that checks whether a set of three input values can form the sides of a valid triangle. The program defines a function is\_valid\_triangle that takes three side lengths as arguments and raises a ValueError if any side length is not a positive value. It then checks whether the sum of any two sides is greater than the third side to determine the validity of the triangle.

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer A, representing side1.

The second line of input consists of an integer B, representing side2.

The third line of input consists of an integer C, representing side3.

### **Output Format**

The output prints either "It's a valid triangle" if the input side lengths form a valid triangle,

or "It's not a valid triangle" if they do not.

If there is a ValueError, it should print "ValueError: <error\_message>".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 3
Output: It's a valid triangle
Answer
def is_valid_triangle(a,b,c):
  if a \le 0 or b \le 0 or c \le 0:
     raise ValueError("Side lengths must be positive")
  if (a + b > c) and (a + c > b) and (b + c > a):
     return True
  else:
    return False
  a = int(input())
  b = int(input())
  c = int(input())
  if is_valid_triangle(a, b, c):
     print("It's a valid triangle")
  else:
     print("It's not a valid triangle")
except ValueError as ve:
  print(f"ValueError: {ve}")
Status: Correct
```

Marks : 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement

Bob, a data analyst, requires a program to automate the process of analyzing character frequency in a given text. This program should allow the user to input a string, calculate the frequency of each character within the text, save these character frequencies to a file named "char\_frequency.txt," and display the results.

### **Input Format**

The input consists of the string.

### **Output Format**

The first line prints "Character Frequencies:".

The following lines print the character frequency in the format: "X: Y" where X is the character and Y is the count.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### Sample Test Case

Input: aaabbbccc

**Output: Character Frequencies:** 

a: 3

b: 3

c: 3

#### Answer

```
from collections import OrderedDict
text = input()
freq = OrderedDict()
for ch in text:
    freq[ch] = freq.get(ch, 0) + 1
with open("char_frequency.txt", "w") as file:
    file.write("Character Frequencies:")
    for ch, count in freq.items():
        file.write(f" {ch}: {count}")
print("Character Frequencies:", end=")
```

for ch, count in freq.items():
 print(f" {ch}: {count}", end=")
print()

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

Write a program to read the Register Number and Mobile Number of a student. Create user-defined exception and handle the following:

If the Register Number does not contain exactly 9 characters in the specified format(2 numbers followed by 3 characters followed by 4 numbers) or if the Mobile Number does not contain exactly 10 characters, throw an IllegalArgumentException. If the Mobile Number contains any character other than a digit, raise a NumberFormatException. If the Register Number contains any character other than digits and alphabets, throw a NoSuchElementException. If they are valid, print the message 'valid' or else print an Invalid message.

### Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a string representing the Register number.

The second line of the input consists of a string representing the Mobile number.

# **Output Format**

The output should display any one of the following messages:

If both numbers are valid, print "Valid".

If an exception is raised, print "Invalid with exception message: ", followed by the specific exception message.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 19ABC1001

```
9949596920
Output: Valid
Answer
def validate_register_number(register_number):
  if len(register_number) != 9:
    raise ValueError("Register Number should have exactly 9 characters.")
  if not (register_number[0:2].isdigit() and
      register_number[2:5].isalpha() and
      register_number[5:9].isdigit()):
    raise ValueError("Register Number should have the format: 2 numbers, 3
characters, and 4 numbers.")
for char in register_number:
    if not char.isalnum().
      raise ValueError("Register Number should only contain digits and
alphabets.")
def validate_mobile_number(mobile_number):
  if len(mobile_number) != 10:
    raise ValueError("Mobile Number should have exactly 10 characters.")
  for char in mobile_number:
    if not char.isdigit():
      raise ValueError("Mobile Number should only contain digits.")
def main():
  try:
    register_number = input().strip()
    mobile_number = input().strip()
    validate_register_number(register_number)
    validate_mobile_number(mobile_number)
    print("Valid")
  except ValueError as e:
    print(f"Invalid with exception message: {e}")
  _name__ == "__main
```

Status : Correct Marks : 10/10

### 4. Problem Statement

Alice is developing a program called "Name Sorter" that helps users organize and sort names alphabetically.

The program takes names as input from the user, saves them in a file, and then displays the names in sorted order.

File Name: sorted\_names.txt.

# **Input Format**

The input consists of multiple lines, each containing a name represented as a string.

To end the input and proceed with sorting, the user can enter 'q'.

# **Output Format**

The output displays the names in alphabetical order, each name on a new line.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### Sample Test Case

Input: Alice Smith John Doe

Emma Johnson

a

Output: Alice Smith Emma Johnson John Doe

### **Answer**

def main():

```
240101330
                                               240701330
  names = []
  while True:
    name = input().strip()
    if name.lower() == 'q':
      break
    if 3 <= len(name) <= 30:
      names.append(name)
    else:
      print("Name must be between 3 and 30 characters long.")
  names.sort()
with open('sorted_names.txt', 'w') as file:
    for name in names:
      file.write(name + '\n')
  for name in names:
    print(name)
if __name__ == "__main__":
  main()
Status: Correct
                                                                  Marks: 10/10
```

240701330

240101330

240701330

240101330