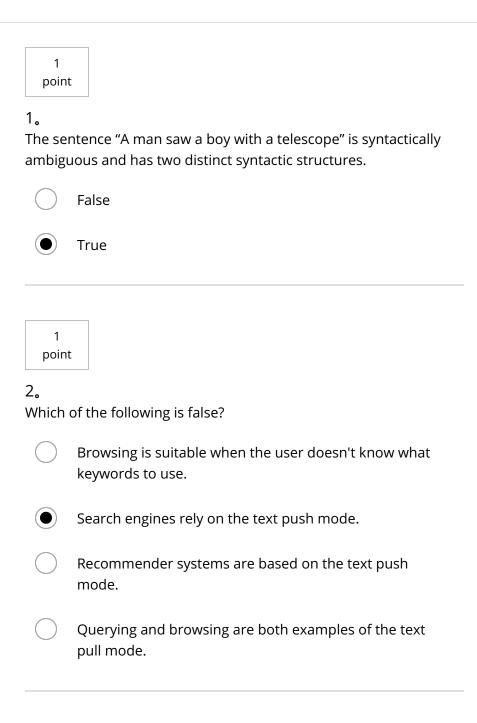
Week 1 Quiz

1 point



3.

Consider the instantiation of the vector space model where documents and queries are represented as **bit vectors**. Assume we have the following query and two documents:

Q = "healthy diet plans"

D1 = "healthy plans for weight loss. Check out other healthy plans"

D2 = "the presidential candidate plans to change the educational system."

Let V(X) = [b1 b2 b3] represent a part of the bit vector for document or query X, where b1, b2, and b3 are the bits corresponding to "healthy," "diet," and "plans," respectively.

Which of the following is true?

$$V(Q) = [1 \ 1 \ 1] \quad V(D1) = [1 \ 1 \ 1] \quad V(D2) = [0 \ 0 \ 0]$$

1 point

4。

Consider the same scenario as in Question 3, with dot product as the similarity measure. Which of the following is true?

$$Sim(Q,D1) = 4$$
 $Sim(Q,D2) = 1$

$$\bigcirc$$
 Sim(Q,D1) = 3 Sim(Q,D2) = 1

$$Sim(Q,D1) = 3$$
 $Sim(Q,D2) = 0$

1 point 5. In the "simplest" VSM instantiation, if instead of using 0-1 bit vectors but we use the word count instead, when we concatenate each document by itself, will the ranking list still remain the same? True False
1 point
6。 In Text Retrieval problem for N distinct documents, select statements below that are correct?
If use document selection, the number of outcomes is 2^N
The numbers of outcome for document ranking and selection are the same
Document selection is preferred as there is no need to determine document absolute relevance
\checkmark If use document ranking, the number of outcomes is $N!$
1 point 7. Suppose we compute the term vector for a baseball sports news article in a collection of general news articles using TF weighting only . Which of the following words do you expect to have the highest weight?
baseball
computer

8。 Assume the same scenario as in Question 7, but with TF-IDF weighting. Which of the following words do you expect to have the highest weight in this case?	
Assume the same scenario as in Question 7, but with TF-IDF weighting . Which of the following words do you expect to have t	
	he
baseball	
the	
computer	

Consider the following retrieval formula:

$$score(Q,D) = \sum_{w \in Q,D} \frac{\log(c(w,D)+1)}{1 + \frac{avdl}{dl}} \log \frac{df(w)}{N+1}$$

Where c(w, D) is the count of word w in document D,

dl is the document length,

avdl is the average document length of the collection,

N is the total number of documents in the collection,

and df (w) is the number of documents containing word w.

In view of TF, IDF weighting, and document length normalization, which part is missing or does not work appropriately?

- (IDF
- TF
- Document length normalization

1 point

10.

In VSM model, which of the following will be a better way to measure similarity/distance?

- lacksquare Cosine similarity: $cos(v_1,v_2)$
- igcap L2 distance: $||v_1-v_2||_2$

