#### Task 4

#### **Dataset link**

https://drive.google.com/open?id=1qlorA\_mC6h4bruPtNOX\_S44bPw4rb1Sa

#### Using spark-sql, Find:

1. What are the total number of gold medal winners every year

#### Step 1: Added main function and created the spark object as below

```
Logger.getLogger("org").setLevel(Level.ERROR)

//Let us create a spark session object

//Create a case class globally to be used inside the main method

val spark = SparkSession

.builder()

.master("local")

.appName("Spark SQL Assignment 20")

.config("spark.some.config.option", "some-value")

.getOrCreate()

println("spark session object is created")
```

#### Step 2: We will be using below dataset for this assignment

- a. Sports\_Data.txt
- b. Columns are firstname, lastname, sports, medal\_type, age, year, country

```
File Edit Format View Help
firstname, lastname, sports, medal_type, age, year, cour /
lisa,cudrow,javellin,gold,34,2015,USA
mathew, louis, javellin, gold, 34, 2015, RUS
michael, phelps, swimming, silver, 32, 2016, USA
usha,pt,running,silver,30,2016,IND
serena, williams, running, gold, 31, 2014, FRA
roger, federer, tennis, silver, 32, 2016, CHN
jenifer,cox,swimming,silver,32,2014,IND
fernando, johnson, swimming, silver, 32, 2016, CHN
lisa,cudrow,javellin,gold,34,2017,USA
mathew,louis,javellin,gold,34,2015,RUS
michael, phelps, swimming, silver, 32, 2017, USA
usha,pt,running,silver,30,2014,IND
serena, williams, running, gold, 31, 2016, FRA
roger, federer, tennis, silver, 32, 2017, CHN
jenifer,cox,swimming,silver,32,2014,IND
fernando, johnson, swimming, silver, 32, 2017, CHN
lisa,cudrow,javellin,gold,34,2014,USA
mathew, louis, javellin, gold, 34, 2014, RUS
michael, phelps, swimming, silver, 32, 2017, USA
usha,pt,running,silver,30,2014,IND
serena, williams, running, gold, 31, 2016, FRA
roger, federer, tennis, silver, 32, 2014, CHN
jenifer,cox,swimming,silver,32,2017,IND
```

# Step 3 : To Complete the assignment first we have to load the data from these local file to Dataframe in Spark SQL as below

a. Created the case class to map the details in Dataframe from text file

#### i. Case Class for Sports Data

```
//Case class to hold Sports Data

case class Sports_Data (firstname:String, lastname:String, sports:String, medal_type:String, age:Int, year:Int, col
```

#### Step 4: Load data from above created RDD in dataframe

- a. Before doing that we have to remove the header present in the sports data RDD. This will be achieved by using first method and get all the rows not same as the header
- b. Then DF is created from above dataset as below

#### **OUTPUT:**

Task 1.1 What are the total number of gold medal winners every year

Solution Approach -

- 1. We have query the Sports Dataframe where medal\_type is gold and group on year.
- 2. This will be achieved using filter, groupby and count operations of the Spark SQL.

#### Approach 1: Using SPARK SQL Operations -> Filter, GroupBy and Count

```
//Task 1.1 : What are the total number of gold medal winners every year
//Need to group on year where medal type if gold

//Approach 1: Using Spark SQL Operations
SportsDF.filter("medal_type='gold'").groupBy("year").count().orderBy("year").show()
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

	+  count
2014	3
2015	3
2016	2
2017	1

#### Approach 2: Using SQL Queries

```
//Approach 2: Using SQL Query

SportsDF.createOrReplaceTempView("Sports_Table")

spark.sql("Select year,count(year) as Winners from Sports_Table where medal_type='gold' group by vear order by year
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

+	
year	Winners
+	+
2014	
2015	3
2016	2
2017	1
+	+

# **Task 1.2 How many silver medals have been won by USA in each sports?** Solution Approach -

1. We have query the Sports Dataframe where country is USA , medal\_type='silver' and group on sports.

#### Approach 1: Using SPARK SQL Operations -> Filter , GroupBy and Count

```
//Task 1.2 How many silver medals have been won by USA in each sport

//Need to group on sports where country is USA and medal_type is silver

//Approach 1 : Using Spark SQL operations

SportsDF.filter("country='USA' and medal_type='silver'").groupBy("sports").count().show()
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
+----+
| sports|count|
+----+
|swimming| 3|
+----+
```

#### Approach 2: Using SQL Queries

```
//Approach 2: Using SQL Query

spark.sql("Select sports,count(sports) as Winners from Sports_Table where medal_type='silver' and country='USA' group by sports").show()
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
+-----+
| sports|Winners|
+-----+
|swimming| 3|
+-----+
```

#### Task 5:

#### Task 5.1: Using udfs on dataframe

1. Change firstname, lastname columns into

Mr.first\_two\_letters\_of\_firstname<space>lastname for example - michael, phelps becomes Mr.mi phelps

#### **UDFs in Spark SQL:**

User-Defined Functions (aka UDF) is a feature of Spark SQL to define new Column-based functions that extend the vocabulary of Spark SQL's DSL for transforming Datasets.

Below are steps to create udfs in the Spark SQL

**Step 1 :** First we have to import namespace 'org.apache.spark.sql.functions.udf' to extend the functionality / write the udfs.

```
import org.apache.spark._
import org.apache.spark.SparkContext._
import org.apache.spark.sql._
import org.apache.log4j._
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions.udf
```

**Step 2 :** Define a basic function scala which we would like perform the required functionality mentioned in task above. Here the function named as 'Name' is defined to accept two arguments first name and last name and returns the string output as asked.

```
//Task 2.1 :Using udfs on dataframe
//1. Change firstname, lastname columns into
//Mr.first_two_letters_of_firstname<space>lastname
//for example - michael, phelps becomes Mr.mi phelps
//write a basic function in scala
def Name=(fname: String, lname: String)=>{
   var newName:String=null
   if (fname != null && lname != null) {
        newName="Mr.".concat(fname.substring(@, 2)).concat(" ")concat(lname)
   }
   newName
}
```

**Step 3 :** Once a basic function is created in scala we have can call this newly add method in Spark SQL as udf in two ways

## Approach 1: Create udf for above function in scala and use it with SPARK SQL Operations

```
//first we have to create a UDF which returns the output as mentioned in above use case
//Writing the UDF

val Change_Name = udf(Name(_:String,_:String))

//Approach 1 : For calling the Custom user define function without registering
SportsDF.withColumn("Name", Change_Name($"firstname", $"lastname")).show()
```

#### OUTPUT:

firstname	lastname	sports	medal_type	age	year	country	Name
lisa	cudrow	javellin	gold	34	2015	USA	Mr.li cudro
mathew	louis	javellin	gold	34	2015	RUS	Mr.ma loui
michael	phelps	swimming	silver	32	2016	USA	Mr.mi phelp
usha	pt	running	silver	30	2016	IND	Mr.us p
serena	williams	running	gold	31	2014	FRA	Mr.se william
roger	federer	tennis	silver	32	2016	CHN	Mr.ro federe
jenifer	cox	swimming	silver	32	2014	IND	Mr.je co
fernando	johnson	swimming	silver	32	2016	CHN	Mr.fe johnso
lisa	cudrow	javellin	gold	34	2017	USA	Mr.li cudro
mathew	louis	javellin	gold	34	2015	RUS	Mr.ma loui
michael	phelps	swimming	silver	32	2017	USA	Mr.mi phelp
usha	pt	running	silver	30	2014	IND	Mr.us p
serena	williams	running	gold	31	2016	FRA	Mr.se william
roger	federer	tennis	silver	32	2017	CHN	Mr.ro federe
jenifer	cox	swimming	silver	32	2014	IND	Mr.je co
fernando	johnson	swimming	silver	32	2017	CHN	Mr.fe johnso
lisa	cudrow	javellin	gold	34	2014	USA	Mr.li cudro
mathew	louis	javellin	gold	34	2014	RUS	Mr.ma loui
michael	phelps	swimming	silver	32	2017	USA	Mr.mi phelp
usha	pt	running	silver	30	2014	IND	Mr.us p

### **Approach 2**: By registering the udf so that it can be used wih sql queries

```
//Approach 2: By registering the function
spark.sqlContext.udf.register("Name", Name)

spark.sql("Select Name(firstname,lastname) as changed_Name, sports,medal_type,age,year,country from Sports_Table").show()
```

#### OUTPUT:

changed_Name	sports	medal_type	age	year	countr
Mr.li cudrow	javellin	gold	34	2015	US
Mr.ma louis	javellin	gold	34	2015	RU
Mr.mi phelps	swimming	silver	32	2016	US
Mr.us pt	running	silver	30	2016	IN
Mr.se williams	running	gold	31	2014	FR.
Mr.ro federer	tennis	silver	32	2016	CH
Mr.je cox	swimming	silver	32	2014	IN
Mr.fe johnson	swimming	silver	32	2016	CH
Mr.li cudrow	javellin	gold	34	2017	US
Mr.ma louis	javellin	gold	34	2015	RU
Mr.mi phelps	swimming	silver	32	2017	US
Mr.us pt	running	silver	30	2014	IN
Mr.se williams	running	gold	31	2016	FR
Mr.ro federer	tennis	silver	32	2017	CH
Mr.je cox	swimming	silver	32	2014	IN
Mr.fe johnson	swimming	silver	32	2017	CH
Mr.li cudrow	javellin	gold	34	2014	US
Mr.ma louis	javellin	gold	34	2014	RU
Mr.mi phelps	swimming	silver	32	2017	US
Mr.us pt	running	silver	30	2014	IN
only showing top	20 rows	·	+	+	

# Task 5.2 Using udfs on dataframe Add a new column called ranking using udfs on dataframe,

where : gold medalist, with age >= 32 are ranked as pro gold medalists, with age <= 31 are ranked amateur silver medalist, with age >= 32 are ranked as expert silver medalists, with age <= 31 are ranked rookie

Basic scala function to perform the required above task

```
//Task 2.2 2. Add a new column called ranking using udfs on dataframe, where :
 //gold medalist, with age >= 32 are ranked as pro
 //gold medalists, with age <= 31 are ranked amateur
 //silver medalist, with age >= 32 are ranked as expert
 //silver medalists, with age <= 31 are ranked rookie
 //Write basic scala function for the required use case
 def ranking_recived =(medal_type:String,age:Int)=> {
   if(medal type.equalsIgnoreCase("gold") && age>=32) "pro"
   else if(medal type.equalsIgnoreCase("gold") && age <=31) "amateur"</pre>
   else if(medal type.equalsIgnoreCase("silver") && age >= 32) "amateur"
   else if(medal_type.equalsIgnoreCase("silver") && age <= 31) "amateur"</pre>
   else ""
Approach 1: Create udf for above function in scala and use it with SPARK SQL Operations
 val Rankings = udf(ranking_recived(_:String,_:Int))
 //Approach 1: Without Registering the UDF and calling with Spark SQL Operatios
 SportsDF.withColumn("Ranking", Rankings($"medal type", $"age")).show()
OUTPUT:
```

-								+	-
	firstname	lastname		medal_type	age		country		
Ī	lisa	cudrow			34			pro	ĺ
		louis	-	_				pro	
	michael	phelps	swimming	silver	32	2016	USA	amateur	ĺ
		pt			30	2016	IND	amateur	ĺ
	serena	williams	running	gold	31	2014	FRA	amateur	
	roger	federer	tennis	silver	32	2016	CHN	amateur	
	jenifer	cox	swimming	silver	32	2014	IND	amateur	
	fernando	johnson	swimming	silver	32	2016	CHN	amateur	
	lisa	cudrow	javellin	gold	34	2017	USA	pro	
	mathew	louis	javellin	gold	34	2015	RUS	pro	
	michael	phelps	swimming	silver	32	2017	USA	amateur	
	usha	pt	running	silver	30	2014	IND	amateur	
	serena	williams	running	gold	31	2016	FRA	amateur	
	roger	federer	tennis	silver	32	2017	CHN	amateur	
	jenifer	cox	swimming	silver	32	2014	IND	amateur	
	fernando	johnson	swimming	silver	32	2017	CHN	amateur	
	lisa	cudrow	javellin	gold	34	2014	USA	pro	
	mathew	louis	javellin	gold	34	2014	RUS	pro	
	michael	phelps	swimming	silver	32	2017	USA	amateur	
	usha	pt	running	silver	30	2014	IND	amateur	
+	+	+		+			+	+	H
0	only showin	ng top 20	rows						

# Approach 2: By registering the udf so that it can be used wih sql queries

```
//Approach 2:By Registering the function
spark.sqlContext.udf.register("Rankings",ranking_recived)
spark.sql("Select Rankings(medal_type,age) as changed_Name, sports,medal_type,age,year,country from Sports_Table").show()
```

# **OUTPUT:**

changed_Name	sports	medal_type	age	year	countr
pro	javellin	gold	34	2015	US
pro	javellin	gold	34	2015	RU
amateur	swimming	silver	32	2016	US
amateur	running	silver	30	2016	IN
amateur	running	gold	31	2014	FR
amateur	tennis	silver	32	2016	CH
amateur	swimming	silver	32	2014	IN
amateur	swimming	silver	32	2016	CH
pro	javellin	gold	34	2017	US
pro	javellin	gold	34	2015	RU
amateur	swimming	silver	32	2017	US
amateur	running	silver	30	2014	IN
amateur	running	gold	31	2016	FR
amateur	tennis	silver	32	2017	CH
amateur	swimming	silver	32	2014	IN
amateur	swimming	silver	32	2017	CH
pro	javellin	gold	34	2014	US
pro	javellin	gold	34	2014	RU
amateur	swimming	silver	32	2017	US
amateur	running	silver	30	2014	IN