**GENERAL**

**EDUCATION and OUTREACH**

**ON-GOING FLIGHT PROGRAM**

**FUTURE FLIGHT PROGRAM - ISSA PHASE I/II/III**

EXACT Investigators Present Results at LT-22

Two posters on the flight definition experiment Experiments Along Coexistence near Tricriticality (EXACT) were presented at the 22nd International Low TemperaturFiree Conference (LT-22) held in Helsinki in early August. Professor Norbert Mulders of the University of Delaware, one of the co-investigators on EXACT, presented his work on deriving the equations for the propagation of heat pulses in mixtures of helium-3 and helium-4. His poster was entitled "A Nonlinear Wave Equation for Second-Sound Propagation in 3He-4He Mixtures". Also at LT-22, EXACT's work on developing a nano-Kelvin resolution thermometer for the temperatures below 1K was presented by Dr. John Panek of JPL. His poster was entitled "A High-Resolution Thermometer for the Temperature Range 0.75-1.0 K".

**ISSUES AND CONCERNS**

**SCIENCE HIGHLIGHTS**

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Quantum tunneling across spin domains in a Bose-Einstein condensate.

**MIT Group Explores Boundary between Domains in a Condensate**

Wolfgang Ketterle of MIT reports that a paper titled "Quantum tunneling across spin domains in a Bose-Einstein condensate" was recently published in Physical Review Letters (Phys. Rev. Lett. **83**, 661-665 (1999)). The authors D.M. Stamper-Kurn and, H.-J. Miesner, A.P. Chikkatur, S. Inouye, J. Stenger, and W. Ketterle describe dynamics in a condensate consisting of two immiscible components. In case of two immiscible fluids, gravity tries to localize the heavier fluid below the lighter one. When the heavier one is placed on top of the lighter one, a metastable situation arises. The analogous situation w iceas prepared by the MIT group in a spinor Bose-Einstein condensate, with a magnetic field gradient playing the role of gravity. For a sufficiently strong gradient, tunneling – a g of one component through the other was observed and led to a stable equilibrium state. The observation of the tunneling rates provides a sensitive probe of the boundary existing between the two immiscible spin domains.

**UPCOMING EVENTS**