Release No. 0048.ORDINANCE NO. 11345AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND PART II, CHATTANOOGA CITY CODE, CHAPTER 18, ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18-123(h); CHAPTER 21, ARTICLE I, SECTIONS 21-1 THROUGH 21-25; CHAPTER 21, ARTICLE II, SECTIONS 21-26, 21-28, 21-30; CHAPTER 21, ARTICLE III, SECTIONS 21-36 AND 21-40; CHAPTER 21, ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 21-101 AND 21-123; CHAPTER 24, ARTICLE X, DIV. 3, SECTIONS 24-341(c) AND 24-345(c); CHAPTER 31, ARTICLE I, SECTION 31-2(b); AND CHAPTER 32, ARTICLE VIII, SECTION 32-174, RELATIVE TO NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICES.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_WHEREAS, T.C.A. §§13-21-101 through 13-21-208, power is conferred on municipalities to exercise their police powers to repair, close or demolish certain unfit, dilapidated, defective, unsafe or unsanitary dangerous structures in the manner therein provided; andWHEREAS, The City Council of the City of Chattanooga finds that there exists in Chattanooga structures which are unfit for human occupation or use due to dilapidation, defects increasing the hazards of fire, accident or other calamities, lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities, and due to other conditions rendering such structures unsafe or unsanitary, or dangerous or detrimental to the health, safety or morals, or otherwise inimical to the welfare of the residents of Chattanooga;NOW, THEREFORE,BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE, as follows:SECTION 1. That Chattanooga City Code, Part II, Chapter 18, Article VII, Section 18-123(h) is amended by deleting “Better Housing Commission” and replacing in lieu thereof “Public Officer of the Department of Neighborhood Services”.SECTION 2.That Chattanooga City Code Part II, Chapter 21, Article I, Sections 21-1 through 21-25 be and is hereby amended by deleting the same in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:Sec. 21-1.Scope.The provisions of this code shall apply to all existing residential and nonresidential structures and all existing premises and constitutes minimum requirements and standards for premises, structures, equipment, and facilities fo04Office of Communications (202) 720-4623

**BSE Update – Wednesday, January 28, 2004**

Depopulation Activities

On Tuesday, Jan. 27, 2004, 15 animals of interest were euthanized and sampled from the Moxee, WA, facility. In addition to this facility, USDA has previously conducted selective r light, ventilation, space, heating, sanitation, protection from the elements, life safety, safety from fire and other hazards, and for safe and sanitary maintenance; the responsibility of owners, operators and occupants; the occupancy of existing structures and premises, and for administration, enforcement and penalties.This code shall be construed to secure its expressed intent, which is to ensure public health, safety and welfare insofar as they are affected by the continued occupancy and maintenance of structures and premises. Existing structures and premises that do not comply with these provisions shall be altered or repaired to provide a minimum level of health and safety required herein.Sec. 21-2.Effect of provisions on other ordinances, power of city.Nothing in this Article shall be construed to impair or limit in any way the power of the City to define and declare nuisances and to their removal or abatement by summary procedures or otherwise. The measures and procedures provided in this Article do not supersede and the Article does not repeal any other measures or procedures which are provided by this Code for the elimination, repair or correction of the conditions referred to in this Article, but the measures and procedure herein provided for shall be in addition to all other powers and authority of the City or inspector.Sec. 21-3.General.Any requirement not specifically covered by this Code, found necessary for the safety, health and general welfare of the occupants of any dwelling and of the public, shall be determined by the Code Official subject to a hearing before the public officer.Sec. 21-4.Definitions.For the purpose of this Article, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by this section.Accessory Structure means all structures including detached garages, storage buildings, fences and walls and other similar type structures.Alter or Alteration means change or modification in construction or occupancy.Approved shall mean approved by the building official.Basement shall mean a portion of a building locdepated partly underground but having less than one-half (1/2) or more of its clear floor-to-ceiling height below the average grade of the adjoining ground.Building shall mean any structure or part thereof not a dwelling as defined in this Section.Building Code shall mean the building code officially adopted by the legislative body of this jurisdiction, or such other code as may be officially designated by the legislative body of the jurisdiction for the regulation of construction, alteration, repair, removal, demolition, use, location, occupancy and maintenance of buildings and structures.Building Official shall mean the officer, or other person, charged with the administration and enforcement of Municipal Building Codes or his duly authorized representative.Cellar shall mean a portion of a building located partly or wholly underground, having one-half (1/2) or more of its clear floor-to-ceiling height below the average grade of the adjoining ground.Code Official shall mean the officer, or other person, charged with the administration and enforcement of this code or any duly appointed representative.Condemn shall mean to adjudge unfit for use or occupancy.Dwelling shall mean any building or structure, or part thereof, used and occupied for human habitation or intended to be so used, and including any accessory structure, outhouse and appurtenances belonging thereto or usually enjoyed therewith.Dwelling Unit shall mean any room or group of rooms located within a dwelling and forming a single habitable unit with facilities which are used or intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking or eating.Extermination shall mean the control and extermination of insects, rodents, or other pests, eliminating their harborage places by removing or making inaccessible materials that may serve as their food by poisoning, spraying, fumigating, trapping, or by any other recognized and legal pest elimination methods.Family shall mean one (1) or more persons living together whether related by blood, marriage or adoption, and having common housekeeping facilities.Floor Area shall mean thopulation activities at these facilities:

Sunnyside, WA (bull e total area of all habitable space in a building or structure.Garbage shall mean the animal and vegetable waste resulting from handling, preparation, cooking and consumption of food.Habitable Room shall mean a room or enclosed floor space used or intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking, or eating purposes, excluding bathrooms, water closet compartments, laundries, pantries, foyers, or communicating corridors, closets and storage spaces.Infestation shall mean the presence within a dwelling of insects, rodents or other pests.Inspector shall mean the code enforcement inspector of the city.Multiple Dwelling shall mean any building, or portion thereof, which is designed, built, rented, leased, let or hired out to be occupied, or which is occupied as the home or residence of more than two (2) families living independently of each other and doing their own cooking in such building, and shall include flats and apartments.Nuisance - the following shall be defined as nuisances:1.Any public nuisance known at common law or in equity jurisprudence.2.Any attractive nuisance, which may prove detrimental to children whether in a building, on the premises of a building, or upon an unoccupied lot. This includes any abandoned wells, shafts, basements or excavations; abandoned refrigerators and motor vehicles, any structurally unsound fences or structures; or any lumber, trash, fences, debris or vegetation which may prove a hazard for inquisitive minors.3.Whatever is dangerous to human life or is detrimental to health, as determined by the health officer.4.Overcrowding a room with occupants.5.Insufficient ventilation or illumination.6.Inadequate or unsanitary sewage or plumbing facilities.7.Uncleanliness, as determined by the health officer. 8.Whatever renders air, food or drink unwholesome or detrimental to the health of human beings, as determined by the health officer.Occupant shall mean any person over one (1) year of age living, sleeping, cooking or eating in or having actual possession of a dwelling unit or rooming unit.Openable Area shall mean that part of a window orcalf premises) - door which is available for unobstructed ventilation and which opens directly to the outdoors.Owner shall mean any person, agent, operator, firm, or corporation having a legal or equitable interest in the property, or recorded in the official record of the state, county or municipality as holding title to the property, or otherwise having control of the property, including the guardian of the estate of any such person, and the executor or administrator of the estate of such person if ordered to take possession of real property by a court.Operator shall mean any person who has charge, care or control of a building, or part thereof, in which dwelling units or rooming units are let.Parties in Interest shall mean all individuals, associations and corporations who have an interest of record in a dwelling or building or who are in possession thereof.Plumbing shall mean the practice, materials and fixtures used in the installation, maintenance, extension and alteration of all piping, fixtures, appliances and appurtenances in connection with any of the following: sanitary drainage or storm drainage facilities, the venting system and the public or private water supply systems, within or adjacent to any building, structure or conveyance. Also, the practice and materials used in the installation, maintenance, extension or alteration of storm water, liquid waste, or sewerage and water supply systems, or any premises to their connection with any point of public disposal or other acceptable terminal.Premises shall mean a lot, plot or parcel of land including the buildings or structures thereon.Public Areas shall mean an unoccupied open space adjoining a building and on the same property that is permanently maintained accessible to the fire department and free of all encumbrances that might interfere with its use by the fire department.Public Officer shall mean the Administrator of the Department of Neighborhood Services or his designee who is authorized by this to exercise the power prescribed by this ordinance for enforcement of this code or Division 1 of the Municipal Court of a total of 449 animals depopulated

Mabton, WA (index premises) - a total of 131 animals depopulated

Mattawa, WA - a total of 39 animals depopulated

Connell, WA - a total of 15 animals depopulated

Boardman, OR - a total of 20 animals depopulated

Quincy, WA – a total of 18 animals depopulated

Tenino, WA – a to the City of Chattanooga.Public Record shall include deeds, deeds of trust and other instruments of record in the register's office of the county.Repair shall mean the replacement of existing work with an approved material similar to that used in the existing work, not including additional work that would change the structural safety of the building, or that would affect or change required exit facilities, a vital element of an elevator, plumbing, gas piping, wiring or heating installation, or that would be in violation of a provision of law or ordinance. The term "repair" or "repairs" shall not apply to any change of construction.Required shall mean required by some provision of this chapter.Rooming House shall mean any dwelling or that part of any dwelling containing one (1) or more rooming units, in which space is let by the owner or occupant to three (3) or more persons who are not husband and wife, son or daughter, mother or father, sister or brother of the occupant.Rooming Unit shall mean any room or group of rooms forming a single habitable unit used or intended to be used for living and sleeping, but not for cooking or eating purposes.Rubbish shall mean combustible and noncombustible waste materials except for garbage, and the term shall include the residue from the burning of wood, coal, coke and other combustible material, paper, rags, cartons, boxes, wood, excelsior, rubber, leather, tree branches, yard trimmings, tin cans, metal mineral matter, glass crockery and dust.Stairway shall mean one (1) or more flights of stairs and the necessary landings and platforms connecting them, to form a continuous and uninterrupted passage from one story to another in a building or structure.Story shall mean that portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the ceiling or roof above.Structural Alteration shall mean any change except for repair or replacement in the supporting tal of 4 animals depopulated

Samples taken from the 15 animals depopulated in Connell, WA have tested negative. All 170 samples from members of a building, such as bearing walls, columns, beams or girders.Structure shall mean that which is built or constructed, an edifice or building of any kind, or any piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner. The term "structure" shall be construed as if followed by the words "or part thereof".Supplied shall mean paid for, furnished, or provided by or under control of the owner or operator.Temporary Housing shall mean any tent, trailer or other structure used for human shelter which is designed to be transportable and which is not attached to the ground, to another structure or to any utilities system on the same premises for more than thirty (30) consecutive days.Ventilation shall mean the process of supplying and removing air by natural or mechanical means to or from any space.Workmanlike shall mean that whenever the words "workmanlike construction" are used in this Code they shall mean that such maintenance and repair be made in a reasonably skillful manner.Yard shall mean an open unoccupied space on the same lot with a building extending along the entire length or a street, or rear or interior lot line.Sec. 21-5.Approval.Modifications. Whenever there are practical difficulties involved in carrying out the provisions of this code, the Code Official shall have the authority to grant modifications for individual cases, provided the Code Official shall first find that special individual reason(s) makes the strict letter of the code impractical and the modification is in compliance with the intent and purpose of this code and that such modification does not lessen health, life and fire safety requirements. The details of action granting modifications shall be recorded and entered in the department files.Alternative materials, methods and equipment. The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code, provided that any such alternative has been approved. An alternate material or method othe index herd and the Mattawa herd have completed testing; results were negative for BSE. The final test results for the samples taken at f construction shall be approved where the Code Official finds that the proposed design is satisfactory and complies with the intent of the provisions of this code, and that the material, method or work offered is, for the purpose intended, at least the equivalent of that prescribed in this code in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety.Requiring testing. Whenever there is insufficient evidence of compliance with the provisions of this code, or evidence that a material or method does not conform to the requirements of this code, or in order to substantiate claims for alternative materials or methods, the Code Official shall have the authority to require tests to be made as evidence of compliance at no expense to the jurisdiction.Sec. 21-6.Violations.Unlawful acts. It shall be unlawful for a person, firm or corporation to be in conflict with or in violation of any of the provisions of this code.Notice of violation. The Code Official shall serve a notice of violation or order in accordance with Sec. 21-20.Prosecution of violation. Any person failing to comply with a notice of violation or order served in accordance with Sec. 21-20 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and the violation shall be deemed a strict liability offense. If the notice of violation is not complied with, the Code Official shall institute the appropriate proceeding at law or in equity to retrain, correct or abate such violation, or to require the removal or termination of the unlawful occupancy of the structure in violation of the provisions of this code or of the order or direction made pursuant thereto.Violation penalties. Any person, who shall violate a provision of this code, or fail to comply therewith, or with any of the requirements thereof, shall be prosecuted within the limits provided by state or local laws. Each day that a violation continues after due notice has been served shall be deemed a separate offense.Abatement of violation. The imposition of the penalties herein prescribed shall not preclude the legal office of the jurisdiction from iBoardman, OR; Quincy, WA; Tenino, WA; and Moxee, WA are not yet available.

Investigation Actinstituting appropriate action to restrain, correct or abate a violation, or to prevent legal occupancy of a building, structure or premises, or to stop an illegal act, conduct business or utilization of the building, structure or premises.Sec. 21-7.Authority relative to unfit dangerous buildings.General. The Code Official shall order the owner of any premises upon which is located any structure, which in the Code Official’s judgment is so old, dilapidated or has become so out of repairs as to be dangerous, unsafe, unsanitary or otherwise unfit for human habitation or occupancy, and such that it is unreasonable to repair the structure, to demolish and remove such structure; or if such structure is capable of being made safe by repairs, to repair and make safe and sanitary or to demolish and remove at the owner’s option; or where there has been cessation of normal construction of any structure for a period of more than two (2) years, to demolish and remove such structure.If repair, alteration or improvement of the structure cannot be made at a reasonable cost which is less than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the structure, the owner may be required, within the time specified in the order, to remove or demolish such structure.Sec. 21-8.Duties of the Public Officer.The public officer shall have the authority to:(1)Upon receipt of a report of housing inspectors, as provided in Section 21-10) of this Code, the Code Official shall give written notice to the owner, occupant, mortgagee, lessee, agent and all other persons having an interest in such dwelling or building, as shown by the public records, ordering them to appear before the public officer on the date specified in the notice or show cause why the dwelling or building reported to be unfit for human habitation or a dangerous building should not be repaired or demolished in accordance with the statement of particulars set forth in the inspector's notice provided for in Section 21-11 of this Code. If a person notified fails to appear in person or through a representative, public officer shall hear testimony and nvities

At this time, 28 of the 81 animals that came from Canada have been located:

1 of the 81 is the BSE-positive cow and was located in the Index herd in Mabton, Washington.

9 of the 81 were located in the Index herd in Mabton, Washington.

3 were located at a facility in Tenino, Washington.

6 were located at a facility in Connell, Washington.

1 was lotify such person of its decision. The public officer shall have authority to issue subpoenas for witnesses and administer oaths. Any person duly served with a subpoena failing to appear shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable as such.(2)Hold a hearing and hear such testimony as the inspector or the owner, occupant, mortgagee, lessee or any other person having an interest in such building, as shown by the public records, shall offer relative to the dwelling or rooming house being unfit for human habitation or dangerous building.(3)Make written findings of fact from the testimony offered pursuant to subsection (2) of this Section as to whether or not the dwelling or rooming house is unfit for human habitation or the building within the terms and provisions of Section 21-12 of this Code.(4)Issue an order, based upon the findings of fact made pursuant to subsection (3) of this Section, commanding the owner, occupant, mortgagee, lessee, agent and all other persons having an interest in such dwelling, rooming house or building, as shown by the public records, to repair or demolish any dwelling or rooming house found to be unfit for human habitation or any building found to be a dangerous building within the terms and provisions of this Article; provided that, any person so notified shall have the privilege of either repairing such dwelling, rooming house or building or may demolish such dwelling, rooming house or building at his own risk to prevent the acquiring of a lien against the land upon which the dwelling, rooming house or building stands by the City, as provided in subsection (5) of this Section.(5)If the owner, occupant, mortgagee, lessee or agent fails to comply with a lawful order provided for in subsection (4) of this Section within ten (10) days, public officer shall cause such dwelling or rooming house or building to be repaired or demolished, as the facts may warrant, under the criteria provided in Section 21-12 of this Code. If after proper notice and a hearing in accordance with T.C.A. § 13-21-103, the public officer finds that the structure undocated at a facility in Quincy, Washington.

3 were located at a facility in Mattawa, Washington.

1 was located at a facility in Moxee, Washington.

3 are located at a facility in Burley, Idaho.

1 is located at a facility in Othello, Washington.

Guidelines on bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) issued by ther consideration is unfit for human occupation or use, they shall state in writing their findings of fact in support of such determination and shall issue and cause to be served upon the owner thereof an order:(a)If the repair, alteration or improvement of the structure can be made at a reasonable cost which is less than 50% of the value of the structure, the owner shall be required within the time specified in the order, to repair, alter, or improve such structure to render it fit for human occupation or use or to vacate and close the structure as a place of human occupation or use. Prior to reoccupying the premises, the owner shall obtain a certificate of occupancy from the Code Official. It shall be illegal for any person to reoccupy a structure found unfit for human occupation or use without first obtaining a certificate of occupancy from the Code Official, or,(b)If the repair, alteration or improvement of the structure cannot be made at a reasonable cost which is less than 50% of the value of the structure, the owner may be required, within the time specified in the order, to remove or demolish such structure; or(c)That the amount of the cost of such repairs, alterations or improvements, or vacating and closing, or removal or demolition by the Public officer shall, upon the filing of a notice with the office of the Register of Deeds of the county in which the property lies, be assessed as a municipal lien on the property in favor of the municipality, second only to liens of the state, county and municipality for taxes, any lien of the municipality for special assessments and any valid lien, right or interest in such property duly recorded or duly perfected by filing prior to the filing of such notice in accordance with T.C.A. § 13-21-103(6). This cost shall be placed upon the tax rolls of the municipality as a lien and shall be added to the property tax bills to be collected at the same time and in the same manner as property taxes are collected. If the owner fails to pay the costs, they may be collected at the same time and in the same manner as delinquent e World Organization for Animal Health (OIE), the international animal heath staproperty taxes are collected and shall be subject to the same penalty and interest as delinquent property taxes; or(d)If the structure is removed or demolished by the public officer, it shall sell the materials of such structure and shall credit the proceeds of such sale against the cost of the removal or demolition, and any balance remaining shall be deposited in the Chancery Court by the public officer and shall be secured in such manner as may be directed by that Court, and shall be disbursed by that Court to the person found to be entitled thereto by final order of decree of such court; or(e)The proceeds of all demolitions of housing in the City of Chattanooga after collection by the Back Tax Attorney shall be placed in an account which shall be utilized to sustain continuing demolition of substandard housing in the City.6)Report to the City Attorney the names of all persons not complying with the order provided for in subsection (4) of this Section.Sec. 21-9.Emergency measures.Imminent danger. When, in the opinion of the Code Official, there is imminent danger of failure or collapse of a building or structure which endangers life, or when any structure or part of a structure has fallen and life is endangered by the occupation of the structure, or when there is actual or potential danger to the building occupants or those in the proximity of any structure because of explosives, explosive fumes or vapors or the presence of toxic fumes, gases or materials, or operation of defective or dangerous equipment, the Code Official is hereby authorized and empowered to order and require the occupants to vacate the premises forthwith. The Code Official shall cause to be posted at each entrance to such structure a notice reading as follows: “This structure is unsafe and its occupancy has been prohibited by the Code Official.” It shall be unlawful for any person to enter such structure except for the purpose of securing the structure, making the required repairs, removing the hazardous condition or of demolishing the same.Temporary safeguards. Notwithstanding other provisindard setting organization, state that animalsons of this code, whenever, in the opinion of the Code Official, there is imminent danger due to an unsafe condition, the Code Official shall order the necessary work to be done, including the boarding up of openings, to render such structure temporarily safe whether or not the legal procedure herein described has been instituted; and shall cause such other action to be taken as the Code Official deems necessary to meet such emergency.Closing of streets. When necessary for public safety, the Code Official shall temporarily close structures and close, or order the authority having jurisdiction to close, sidewalks, streets, public ways and places adjacent to unsafe structures, and prohibit the same from being utilized.Emergency Repairs. For the purpose of this section, the Code Official shall employ the necessary labor and materials to perform the required work as expeditiously as possible.Cost of emergency repairs. Costs incurred in the performance of emergency work shall be paid by the jurisdiction. The legal counsel of the jurisdiction shall institute appropriate action against the owner of the premises where the unsafe structure is or was located for the recovery of such costs.Emergency repair or demolition.In cases where it reasonably appears there is immediate danger to the life or safety of any person unless a dwelling or rooming house unfit for human habitation or a dangerous building as defined in this article is immediately repaired or demolished, the inspector shall place a condemnation sign in the form prescribed by Section 21-13(9), upon such building, and shall immediately report the facts to the Code Official and to the Chief Building Official of the City. The Code Official and/or the Chief Building Official of the City shall cause the immediate repair or demolition of such dwelling, rooming house or building. The cost of such emergency demolition by the City of rooming house or building shall be a lien and be collected, charging the cost thereof as a portion of the real estate taxes for the current year.(Code 1986, § 21-15; Ord. No. 9808, § 1, 11-1 born on a premises within one year (before or after) of a BSE-affected animal can be considered of significant interest to the country reporting the BSE detection. As such, USDA is focusing on 25 of the 81 animals also born into the birth herd of the inde2-92)Sec. 21-10.Duties of housing code official and housing code inspectors. General. The Code Official shall enforce the provisions of this code.1)Rule-making authority. The Code Official shall have authority as necessary in the interest of public health, safety and general welfare, to adopt and promulgate rules and procedures; to interpret and implement the provisions of this code; to secure the intent thereof; and to designate requirements applicable because of local climate or other conditions. Such rules shall not have the effect of waiving structural or fire performance requirements specifically provided for in this code, or of violating engineering methods involving public safety.2)Right of entry. The code official is authorized to enter the structure or premises at reasonable times to inspect subject to constitutional restrictions on unreasonable searches and seizures. If entry is refused or not obtained, the code official is authorized to pursue recourse as provided by law.3) It shall be a violation of their ordinance if any owner, occupant or other person in charge of a structure subject to the provisions of this Code refuses, impedes, inhibits, interferes with, restricts, or obstructs entry and free access to any part of the structure or premises where inspection authorized by this Code is sought, the administrative authority may seek, in a court of competent jurisdiction, an order that such owner, occupant or other person in charge cease and desist with such interference. 4)All housing inspectors shall inspect any dwelling, building, rooming house, wall or structure about which complaints are filed by any person to the effect that a dwelling, building, rooming house, wall or structure is, or may be, existing in violation of this article.5)All housing inspectors shall inspect any dwelling, building, rooming house, wall or structure reported by the fire or police department, department of health or municipal judge as probably existing in violation of the provisions of this article.6)The Code Official shall notify, in writing, the owner, occupant, lessee, x animal. Based on normamortgagee, agent and all other persons having an interest in such dwelling, building or rooming house, as shown by the public records, found by a housing code inspector to be a dwelling unfit for human habitation or a dangerous building within the standards set forth in this Code that:(a)The owner shall repair or demolish such dwelling, rooming house or building in accordance with the terms of the notice of this article.(b)The occupant or lessee must vacate such dwelling, rooming house or building, or must have it repaired in accordance with the notice and remain in possession.(c)The mortgagee, agent or other person having an interest in such dwelling, rooming house or building, as shown by the public record may, at his own risk, repair or demolish the dwelling, rooming house or building or have such work or act done, provided that any person notified under this subsection to repair or demolish any dwelling, rooming house or building shall commence within a reasonable time, not exceeding thirty (30) days, and complete such work within a reasonable length of time as may be necessary to do, or have done, as required by the notice provided herein.(d)The above time limits may be extended at the discretion of the Code Official, administrator or his designated appointee.The Code Official and housing inspectors shall set forth in the notice provided for in subsection (5) of this section a description of the dwelling or building or rooming house deemed unsafe, a statement of the particulars which make the dwelling or rooming house unfit for human habitation, or the building a dangerous building and an order requiring the same to be put in such condition as to comply with the terms of this article.(7)The Code Official and housing inspectors shall appear at hearings or in any court of competent jurisdiction to testify as to the condition of any dwellings or rooming houses unfit for human habitation, and/or dangerous buildings.(8)The Code Official shall direct a notice to be posted on all dwellings or rooming houses unfit for human habitation and/or dangerous buildings, which shl culling practices of local dairies, USDA’s Animal and Plant Health Inspecall contain the following language:"THIS BUILDING HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE UNFIT FOR HUMAN HABITATION AND A DANGEROUS BUILDING BY THE INSPECTOR. THIS NOTICE IS TO REMAIN ON THIS BUILDING UNTIL IT IS REPAIRED OR DEMOLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NOTICE, WHICH HAS BEEN GIVEN THE OWNER, OCCUPANT, LESSEE, MORTGAGEE OR AGENT OF THIS BUILDING. IT IS UNLAWFUL TO REMOVE THIS NOTICE UNTIL SUCH NOTICE IS COMPLIED WITH."(9)The powers and duties conferred upon housing inspectors by this article shall be in addition and supplemental to the powers conferred upon the inspector by any other ordinance or code provision of the City.Code 1986, § 21-9; Ord. No. 9808, § 1, 11-12-92)Sec. 21-11.Condemnation standards.General. When a structure, equipment or property is found by the Code Official to be unsafe, or when a structure or property is found unfit for human occupancy, or use, or is found unlawful, such structure or property shall be condemned pursuant to the provisions of this code.Unsafe structure. An unsafe structure is one that is found to be dangerous to the life, health, property or safety of the public or the occupants of the structure by not providing minimum safeguards to protect or warn occupants in the event of fire, or because such structure contains unsafe equipment or is so damaged, decayed, dilapidated, structurally unsafe, or of such faulty construction or unstable foundations, that partial or complete collapse is possible.Unsafe equipment. Unsafe equipment includes, but is not limited to, any boiler, heating equipment, elevator, moving stairway, electrical wiring or device, flammable liquid containers or other equipment on the premises or within the structure which is in such disrepair or condition that such equipment is a hazard to life, health, property or safety of the public or occupants of the premises or structure.Unsafe property. Unsafe property is one that is found to be dangerous to the life, health, property or safety of the public or the occupants of the property.Structure unfit for human occupancy. A structure is unfit for human occupancy whenever the Code Offiction Service estimated that the Agency would be able to locate approximately 11 of these animals. APHIS has definitively located 14 of these animals.

Trade Issues

Specific trade information can be found at http://www.aphis.usda.gov/lpa/issues/bse/bse\_trade\_ban\_status.html.

Other Issues

Additional information on BSE can be obtained by visiting the USDA website at http://www.usda.gov. Past BSE updates can also be found at http://www.aphis.usda.gov.

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