

Exp8:

Implement SVM/Decision tree classification techniques

a) SVM IN R

```
# Install and load the e1071 package (if not already installed)
install.packages("e1071")
library(e1071)

# Load the iris dataset
data(iris)

# Inspect the first few rows of the dataset
head(iris)

# Split the data into training (70%) and testing (30%) sets
set.seed(123) # For reproducibility
sample_indices <- sample(1:nrow(iris), 0.7 * nrow(iris))
train_data <- iris[sample_indices, ]
test_data <- iris[-sample_indices, ]

# Fit the SVM model
svm_model <- svm(Species ~ ., data = train_data, kernel = "radial")

# Print the summary of the model
summary(svm_model)

# Predict the test set
predictions <- predict(svm_model, newdata = test_data)

# Evaluate the model's performance
confusion_matrix <- table(Predicted = predictions, Actual = test_data$Species)
print(confusion_matrix)

# Calculate accuracy
accuracy <- sum(diag(confusion_matrix)) / sum(confusion_matrix)
cat("Accuracy:", accuracy * 100, "%\n")
```

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R Console

```
Call:
svm(formula = Species ~ ., data = train_data, kernel = "radial")

Parameters:
  SVM-Type:  C-classification
  SVM-Kernel: radial
    cost: 1

Number of Support Vectors: 45
( 7 18 20 )

Number of Classes: 3
Levels:
setosa versicolor virginica

> # Predict the test set
> predictions <- predict(svm_model, newdata = test_data)
> # Evaluate the model's performance
> confusion_matrix <- table(Predicted = predictions, Actual = test_data$Species)
> print(confusion_matrix)
      Actual
Predicted setosa versicolor virginica
setosa     14         0         0
versicolor  0         17         0
virginica   0          1        13

> # Calculate accuracy
> accuracy <- sum(diag(confusion_matrix)) / sum(confusion_matrix)
> cat("Accuracy:", accuracy * 100, "%\n")
Accuracy: 97.77778 %
> |
```

C:\Users\monnik\Documents\dataAnalytics\R\svm.R - R Editor

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train_data <- iris[sample_indices, ]
test_data <- iris[-sample_indices, ]
# Fit the SVM model
svm_model <- svm(Species ~ ., data = train_data, kernel = "radial")
# Print the summary of the model
summary(svm_model)
# Predict the test set
predictions <- predict(svm_model, newdata = test_data)
# Evaluate the model's performance
confusion_matrix <- table(Predicted = predictions, Actual = test_data$Species)
print(confusion_matrix)
# Calculate accuracy
accuracy <- sum(diag(confusion_matrix)) / sum(confusion_matrix)
cat("Accuracy:", accuracy * 100, "%\n")
```

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b) Decision tree in R

```
# Install and load the rpart package (if not already installed)
install.packages("rpart")
library(rpart)

# Load the iris dataset
data(iris)

# Split the data into training (70%) and testing (30%) sets
set.seed(123) # For reproducibility
sample_indices <- sample(1:nrow(iris), 0.7 * nrow(iris))
train_data <- iris[sample_indices, ]
test_data <- iris[-sample_indices, ]

# Fit the Decision Tree model
tree_model <- rpart(Species ~ ., data = train_data, method = "class")

# Print the summary of the model
summary(tree_model)

# Plot the Decision Tree
plot(tree_model)
text(tree_model, pretty = 0)

# Predict the test set
predictions <- predict(tree_model, newdata = test_data, type = "class")

# Evaluate the model's performance
confusion_matrix <- table(Predicted = predictions, Actual = test_data$Species)
print(confusion_matrix)
```

```
# Calculate accuracy
```

```
accuracy <- sum(diag(confusion_matrix)) / sum(confusion_matrix)
```

```
cat("Accuracy:", accuracy * 100, "%\n")
```

