

# Assignment 2: Data Ingest

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## Part 1: Importing and Tidying Data

### Loading necessary packages and importing data

Note: Columns were assigned appropriate type in this step

```
library(tidyverse)

## Loading tidyverse: ggplot2
## Loading tidyverse: tibble
## Loading tidyverse: tidyr
## Loading tidyverse: readr
## Loading tidyverse: purrr
## Loading tidyverse: dplyr

## Conflicts with tidy packages -----

## filter(): dplyr, stats
## lag():      dplyr, stats

gaz_raw <- read_delim("CA_Features_20170401.txt", delim = "|", col_types = cols(
  FEATURE_ID = col_character(),
  DATE_CREATED = col_date(format = "%m/%d/%Y"),
  DATE_EDITED = col_date(format = "%m/%d/%Y")
))
```

### Selecting columns

```
gaz <- select(gaz_raw, FEATURE_ID, FEATURE_NAME, FEATURE_CLASS, STATE_ALPHA, COUNTY_NAME, PRIM_LAT_DEC, PRIM_LONG_DEC)

gaz[, 6:7][gaz[, 6:7] == 0] <- NA

####Removing Unknown Rows and Selecting For California Features Only
gaz <- gaz %>% filter(STATE_ALPHA == "CA") %>%
  filter(!is.na(PRIM_LAT_DEC)) %>%
  filter(!is.na(PRIM_LONG_DEC))

write_csv(gaz, "gaz.csv")
```

## Part 2: Analyzing the Gazateer Data

What is the most-frequently-occurring feature name? What is the least-frequently-occurring feature class?

```
feature_class <- count(gaz, vars = FEATURE_CLASS)
print(feature_class)
```

```
## # A tibble: 63 × 2
##   vars      n
```

```
##      <chr> <int>
## 1  Airport 1102
## 2    Arch   79
## 3    Area  284
## 4  Arroyo   2
## 5     Bar  274
## 6    Basin 509
## 7     Bay  419
## 8    Beach 275
## 9    Bench  32
## 10   Bend 108
## # ... with 53 more rows
```

```
write.csv(feature_class, "features.csv")
```

The most-frequently-occurring feature class is “locale”, the least-frequently-occurring feature class is “isthmus” and “sea”.

**What is the approximate center point of each county?**

```
gaz_countygeo <- gaz %>%
  group_by(COUNTY_NAME) %>%
  summarise(county_minlat = min(PRIM_LAT_DEC, na.rm = TRUE),
    county_maxlat = max(PRIM_LAT_DEC, na.rm = TRUE), county_minlong = max(PRIM_LONG_DEC, na.rm = TRUE), c
  )

gaz_countymid <- transmute(gaz_countygeo,
  COUNTY_NAME = COUNTY_NAME,
  MID_LAT = (county_maxlat + county_minlat)/2,
  MID_LONG = (county_maxlong + county_minlong)/2
)

print(gaz_countymid[,1:3], caption = "Latitude and Longitude Midpoints")
```

```
## # A tibble: 59 × 3
##   COUNTY_NAME MID_LAT MID_LONG
##   <chr>      <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1   Alameda  37.68525 -121.9243
## 2    Alpine  37.61799 -118.2290
## 3   Amador  38.35542 -121.0613
## 4    Butte  39.72335 -121.5716
## 5 Calaveras 36.46287 -119.8929
## 6    Colusa 39.16739 -122.2780
## 7 Contra Costa 37.90659 -121.9944
## 8   Del Norte 41.69998 -123.9550
## 9   El Dorado 37.97298 -121.4447
## 10   Fresno 36.74745 -119.6338
## # ... with 49 more rows
```

The midpoints for each county are shown in the table above.

**What are the fractions of the total number of features in each county that are natural? Man-made?**

```

features_natman <- read_csv("features_natman.csv")

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   FEATURE_CLASS = col_character(),
##   Nat_Man = col_character()
## )

all_features_natman <- left_join(features_natman, gaz, by = "FEATURE_CLASS")

count_natural <- count(all_features_natman, vars = Nat_Man, by = COUNTY_NAME)
count_natural_tidy <- spread(count_natural, key = vars, value = n)
prop_table_county <- mutate(count_natural_tidy,
                             prop_natural = natural / (manmade+natural),
                             prop_manmade = manmade / (natural+manmade)
)
print(prop_table_county)

## # A tibble: 59 × 5
##       by manmade natural prop_natural prop_manmade
##   <chr>   <int>   <int>         <dbl>         <dbl>
## 1 Alameda  2436     638     0.2075472     0.7924528
## 2 Alpine   205     356     0.6345811     0.3654189
## 3 Amador   419     184     0.3051410     0.6948590
## 4 Butte    837     517     0.3818316     0.6181684
## 5 Calaveras 698     367     0.3446009     0.6553991
## 6 Colusa   243     280     0.5353728     0.4646272
## 7 Contra Costa 1372  517     0.2736898     0.7263102
## 8 Del Norte  277     369     0.5712074     0.4287926
## 9 El Dorado 1082     878     0.4479592     0.5520408
## 10 Fresno  2250    1747     0.4370778     0.5629222
## # ... with 49 more rows

```