

## **Computer Network Lab Exam Exercise Report**

### **Objective:**

Set up and configure a network topology using RIP and OSPF routing protocols in Cisco Packet Tracer. Customize the network by assigning each computer a name and an IP address using the last three digits of your roll number.

### **Procedure:**

#### **1. Network Topology Design:**

- Create a topology that includes:
  - 10-12 computers distributed across two LANs.
  - Use two or more switches.
  - At least two routers connected via a WAN link.
- Each computer must be assigned a name with the format: PC\_RollNumber (e.g., PC\_123).

#### **2. IP Address Configuration:**

- Assign IP addresses to the computers in each LAN.
- The last three digits of each student's roll number must be used for the last octet of the computer's IP address (e.g., 192.168.1.RollNumber).
- Use a different subnet for each LAN (e.g., 192.168.1.0/24 for LAN 1 and 192.168.2.0/24 for LAN 2).

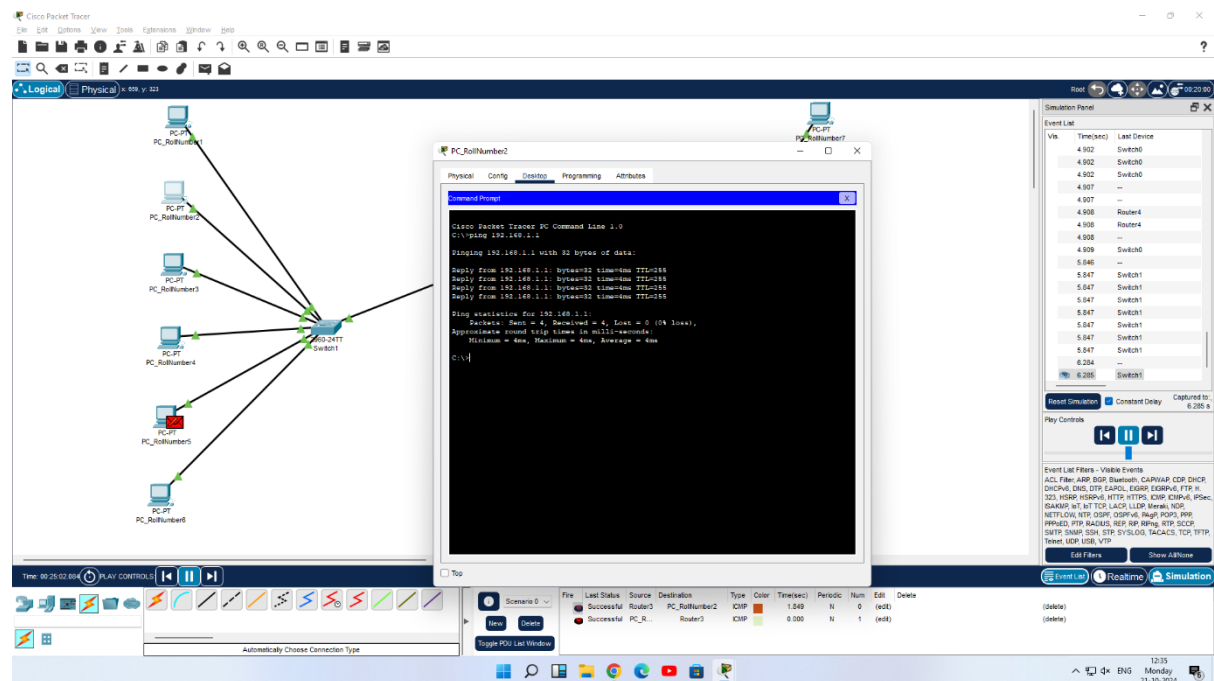
#### **3. Routing Protocols Configuration:**

- Configure one router with RIP v1.
- Configure the other router with OSPF.
- Ensure communication between LANs using these protocols.

#### **4. Packet Tracer Configuration Steps:**

- Add devices and create connections between them.
- Configure IP addresses on the computers, switches, and routers.
- Set up static routes or enable RIP/OSPF on the routers.
- Ensure correct routing between the two LANs and that data can be transmitted between networks.

- Use Cisco Packet Tracer's simulation mode to test message transmission.
- Ensure a message can be successfully transmitted from one network to another.



**Results:**

Configured a network topology using RIP and OSPF routing protocols in Cisco Packet Tracer. Customized the network by assigning each computer a name and an IP address using the last three digits of Roll number and achieved Results.