

DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

M SCHEME 2015 -2016 onwards

II YEAR III SEMESTER

32031 - STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CENTRE

M-SCHEME

(Implements from the Academic year 2015-2016 onwards)

Course Name : DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code : 1020 Subject Code : 32031

Semester : III

Subject Title : STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

TEACHING AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS:

No. of Weeks per Semester: 15 Weeks

Subject	Instructions Examination					
	Hours / Week	Hours / Semester	Marks			Duration
Strength of Materials	6	90	Internal Assessment	Board Examination	Total	3 Hrs
			25	75	100	

Topics and Allocation of Hours:

Unit No	Topics	Hours
1	STATICS OF PARTICLE AND FRICTION	17
II	MECHANICAL PROPERTIES, SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS	17
III	GEOMETRICAL PROPERTIES OF SECTIONS AND THIN SHELLS	17
IV	SHEAR FORCE AND BENDING MOMENT DIAGRAMS, THEORY OF SIMPLE BENDING	16
V	TORSION AND SPRINGS	16
	TEST AND REVISION	7
	Total	90

RATIONALE:

Day by day, engineering and technology experience tremendous growth. Design plays a major role in developing engineering and technology. Strength of material is backbone for design. The strength of material deals generally with the behaviour of objects, when they are subject to actions of forces. Evaluations derived from these basic fields provide the tools for investigation of mechanical structure.

OBJECTIVES

- Define various Support reaction and equilibrium.
- Calculate the deformation of materials, which are subjected to axial load and shear.
- Determine the moment of Inertia of various sections used in industries.
- Estimate the stresses induced in thin shells.
- Draw the shear force and bending moment diagram of the beam for different loads.

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS DETAILED SYLLABUS

Contents: Theory

Unit Name of the Topic

Hours

I STATICS OF PARTICLES:

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Introduction – Force - effects of a force - system of forces - resultant of force - Principle of transmissibility - parallelogram law of forces - triangular law - resultant of several forces acting on a particle - polygon law - resolution of a force into rectangular components – resultant of a system of forces acting on a particle using rectangular components - equilibrium of particles.

External and internal forces - moment of a force - Varignon's theorem - moment of a couple - equivalent couples - addition of couples - resolution of a force into a force and a couple - Free body diagram - Necessary and sufficient conditions for the equilibrium of rigid bodies in two dimension - Support reaction - types of support - removal of two dimensional supports - Simple problems only.

FRICTION:

Introduction - Definition - Force of friction - Limiting friction - Static friction - Dynamic friction - Angle of friction - co-efficient of friction - Laws of static and dynamic friction.

II DEFORMATION OF METALS

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Mechanical properties of materials: Engineering materials – Ferrous and non-ferrous materials - Definition of mechanical properties - Alloying elements-effect of alloying element - Fatigue, fatigue strength, creep – temperature creep – cyclic loading and repeated loading – endurance limit.

Simple stresses and strains: Definition – Load, stress and strain – Classification of force systems – tensile, compressive and shear force systems – Behaviour of mild steel in tension up to rupture – Stress – Strain diagram – limit of proportionality – elastic limit – yield stress – breaking stress – Ultimate stress – percentage of elongation and percentage reduction in area – Hooke's law – Definition – Young's modulus - working stress, factor of safety, load factor, shear stress and shear strain - modulus of rigidity. Linear strain – Deformation due to tension and compressive force – Simple problems in tension, compression and shear force.

Definition – Lateral strain – Poisson's ratio – volumetric strain – bulk modulus – volumetric strain of rectangular and circular bars – problems connecting linear, lateral and volumetric deformation – Elastic constants and their relationship - Problems on elastic constants - Definition – Composite bar – Problem in composite bars subjected to tension and compression – Temperature stresses and strains – Simple problems – Definition – strain energy – proof resilience – modulus of resilience – The expression for strain energy stored in a bar due to Axial load – Instantaneous stresses due to gradual, sudden, impact and shock loads – Problems computing instantaneous stress and deformation in gradual, sudden, impact and shock loadings.

III GEOMETRICAL PROPERTIES OF SECTIONS AND THIN SHELLS

Properties of sections: Definition – center of gravity and centroid - position of centroids of plane geometrical figures such as rectangle, triangle, circle and trapezium-problems to determine the centroid of angle, channel, T and I sections only - Definition-centroidal axis-Axis of symmetry. Moment of Inertia – Statement of parallel axis theorem and perpendicular axis theorem. Moment of Inertia of lamina of rectangle, circle, triangle, I and channel sections-Definition-Polar moment of Inertia-radius of gyration – Problems computing moment of inertia and radius of gyration for angle, T, Channel and I sections.

Thin Shells: Definition – Thin and thick cylindrical shell – Failure of thin cylindrical shell subjected to internal pressure – Derivation of Hoop and longitudinal stress causes in a thin cylindrical shell subjected to internal pressure – simple problems – change in dimensions of a thin cylindrical shell subjected to internal pressure – problems – Derivation of tensile stress induced in a thin spherical shell subjected to internal pressure – simple problems – change in diameter and volume of a thin spherical shell due to internal pressure – problems.

IV SF AND BM DIAGRAMS OF BEAMS AND THEORY OF BENDING

Classification of beams – Definition – shear force and Bending moment – sign conventions for shear force and bending moment – types of loadings – Relationship between load, force and bending moment at a section – shear force diagram and bending moment diagram of cantilever and simply supported beam subjected to point load and uniformly distributed load (udl) – Determination of Maximum bending moment in cantilever beam and simply supported beam when they are subjected to point load and uniformly distributed load. Theory of simple bending – Assumptions – Neutral axis – bending

stress distribution – moment of resistance – bending equation – M/I=f/y=E/R – Definition – section modulus - rectangular and circular sections – strength of beam – simple problems involving flexural formula for cantilever and simple supported beam.

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Theory of torsion – Assumptions – torsion equation $\frac{T}{J} = \frac{f_s}{R} = \frac{C\theta}{l}$ – strength of solid and hollow shafts – power transmitted – Definition – Polar modulus – Torsional rigidity – strength and stiffness of shafts – comparison of hollow and solid shafts in weight and strength considerations – Advantages of hollow shafts over solid shafts – Problems.

Types of springs – Laminated and coiled springs and applications – Types of coiled springs – Difference between open and closely coiled helical springs – closely coiled helical spring subjected to an axial load – problems to determine shear stress, deflection, stiffness and resilience of closed coiled helical springs

Text Books:

- 1) Strength of Materials, R. S. Khurmi, S.Chand & Co., Ram Nagar, New Delhi.
- 2) Strength of Materials, S. Ramamrutham, 15thEdn 2004, DhanpatRai Pub. Co., New Delhi.

Reference Books:

- 1) Strength of Materials, R.K. Bansal,, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2010.
- 2) Strength of materials, S.S.Rattan, Tata Mcgraw hill, New Delhi,2008, ISBN 9780070668959.
- 3) Strength of Materials, B K Sarkar, I Edition, 2003 Tata Mcgraw hill, New Delhi.
- 4) Engineering mechanics, R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2nd Edition, 2007