

Placement Empowerment Program

Cloud Computing and DevOps Centre

Install Docker and Run Your First Container: Install Docker and run a basic container (e.g., Nginx). Test accessing the containerized application.

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Introduction

In the world of cloud computing and DevOps, containerization plays a crucial role in deploying and managing applications efficiently. Docker, one of the most popular containerization platforms, allows developers to package applications and their dependencies into lightweight, portable containers. This POC focuses on installing Docker and running an Nginx container to understand how containerized applications work.

Overview

This Proof of Concept (POC) demonstrates the process of setting up Docker on Windows, pulling an Nginx image, running it inside a container, and accessing the containerized application through a web browser. It provides hands-on experience in managing containers and understanding the basics of Docker networking and deployment.

Steps Involved:

1. Install Docker on Windows.
2. Pull the official Nginx image from Docker Hub.
3. Run an Nginx container and expose it on port 8080.
4. Verify the running container using Docker commands.
5. Access the Nginx web page in a browser.

Objectives

1. Understand the fundamentals of containerization with Docker.
2. Learn how to install and configure Docker on Windows.
3. Explore how to pull and run a containerized application.
4. Gain experience in managing and troubleshooting Docker containers.
5. Demonstrate the accessibility of a running containerized service.

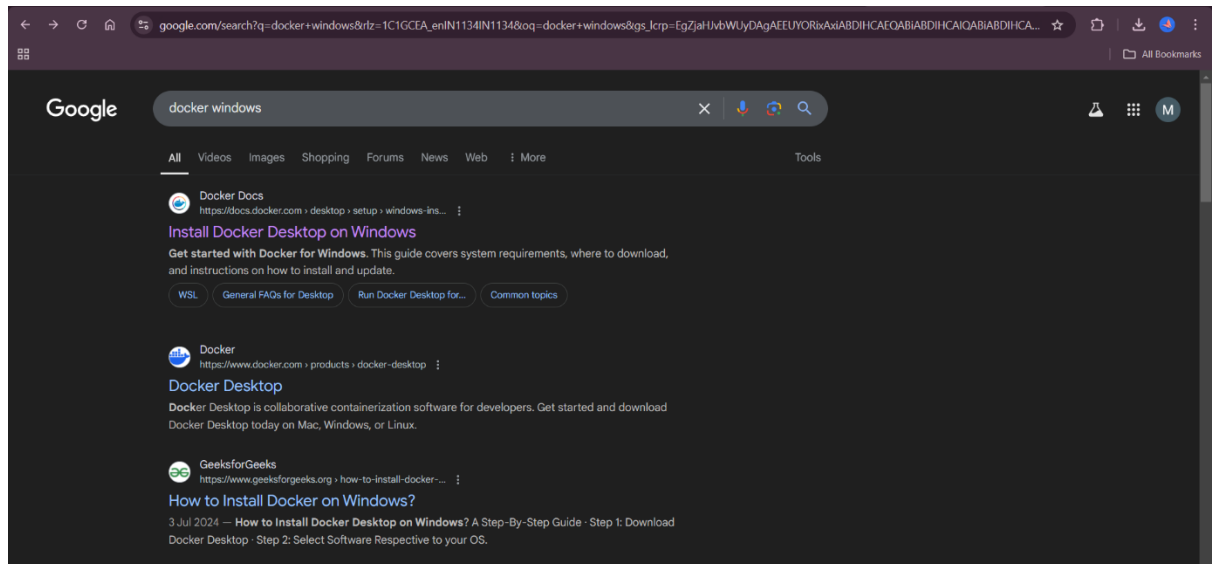
Importance

- 1. Foundation for Cloud and DevOps:** Learning Docker is essential for modern cloud-based and DevOps workflows.
- 2. Portability & Efficiency:** Containers eliminate the "works on my machine" problem by ensuring consistency across different environments.
- 3. Scalability & Deployment:** Running Nginx in a container helps in understanding web server deployments, a key aspect of cloud infrastructure.
- 4. Hands-on Experience:** This POC provides practical knowledge applicable in real-world cloud projects, CI/CD pipelines, and Kubernetes deployments.

Step-by-Step Overview

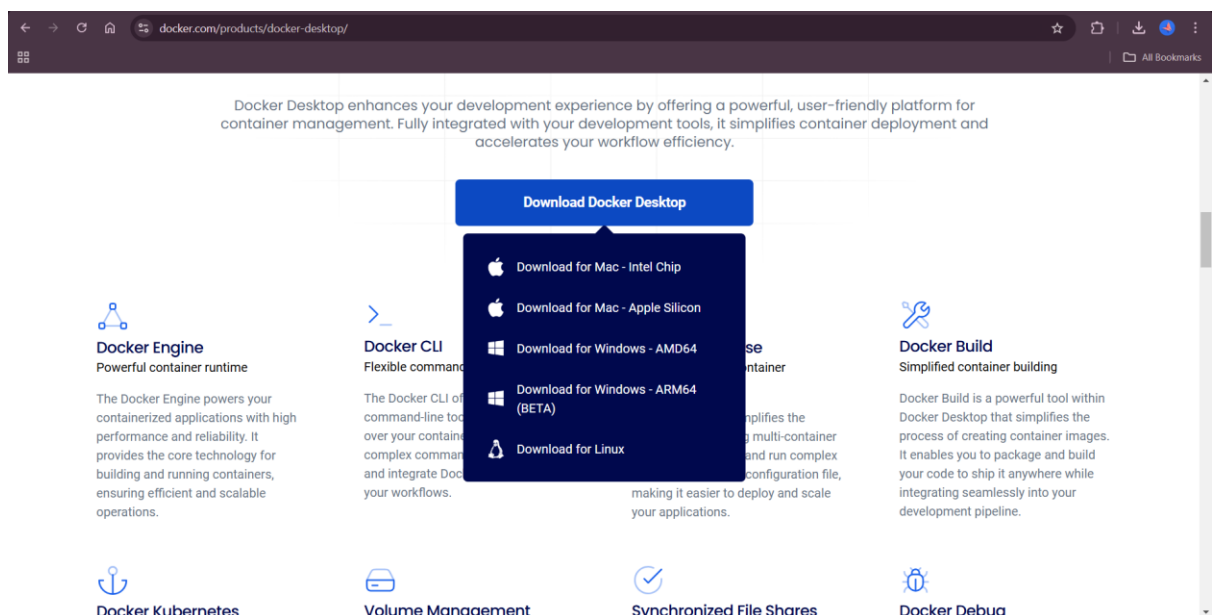
Step 1:

In Google Search for **Docker windows Download**.



Step 2:

Scroll Down and **Download Docker Desktop**. Complete the installation process.

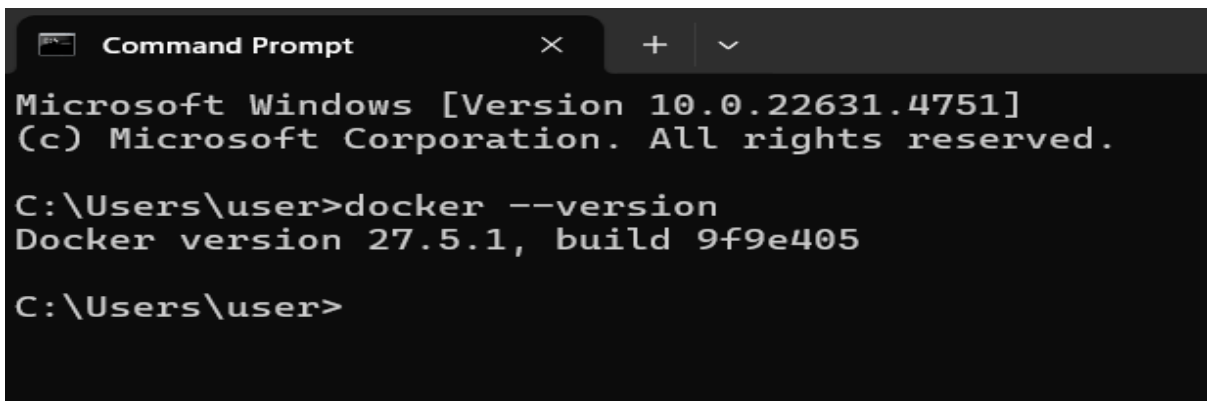


Step 3:

Open Command Prompt and run:

docker --version

This should return a version number, confirming Docker is installed.

A screenshot of a Windows Command Prompt window. The title bar says 'Command Prompt'. The text inside shows the Windows version '10.0.22631.4751' and the command 'docker --version' being executed, which returns 'Docker version 27.5.1, build 9f9e405'.

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.4751]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\user>docker --version
Docker version 27.5.1, build 9f9e405

C:\Users\user>
```

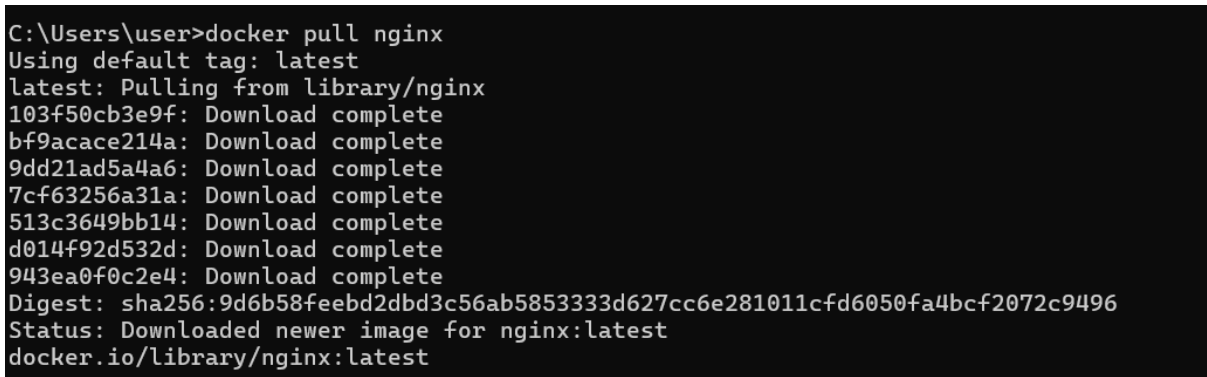
Step 4:

Build your first Docker container(Nginx)

Pull the Nginx Image:

docker pull nginx

This downloads the latest Nginx image.

A screenshot of a Windows Command Prompt window showing the output of the 'docker pull nginx' command. It lists several layers being downloaded and provides the SHA256 digest for the latest image.

```
C:\Users\user>docker pull nginx
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/nginx
103f50cb3e9f: Download complete
bf9acace214a: Download complete
9dd21ad5a4a6: Download complete
7cf63256a31a: Download complete
513c3649bb14: Download complete
d014f92d532d: Download complete
943ea0f0c2e4: Download complete
Digest: sha256:9d6b58feebd2dbd3c56ab5853333d627cc6e281011cfd6050fa4bcf2072c9496
Status: Downloaded newer image for nginx:latest
docker.io/library/nginx:latest
```

Step 5:

Run the Nginx Container:

docker run -d -p 8080:80 --name my-nginx nginx

1. -d: Runs the container in detached mode (in the background).
2. -p 8080:80: Maps port 80 inside the container to port 8080 on your local machine.
3. --name my-nginx: Names the container my-nginx.

```
C:\Users\user>docker run -d -p 8080:80 --name my-nginx nginx
77ea0a56215edcb2c1bd636dca2102fbb76876bfcbaef6110f4ad96ba8700c64
```

Step 6:

Verify the Running Container:

docker ps

You should see my-nginx running in the list.

```
C:\Users\user>docker ps
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE     COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS                    NAMES
77ea0a56215e   nginx    "/docker-entrypoint..." 58 seconds ago Up 57 seconds  0.0.0.0:8080->80/tcp    my-nginx
```

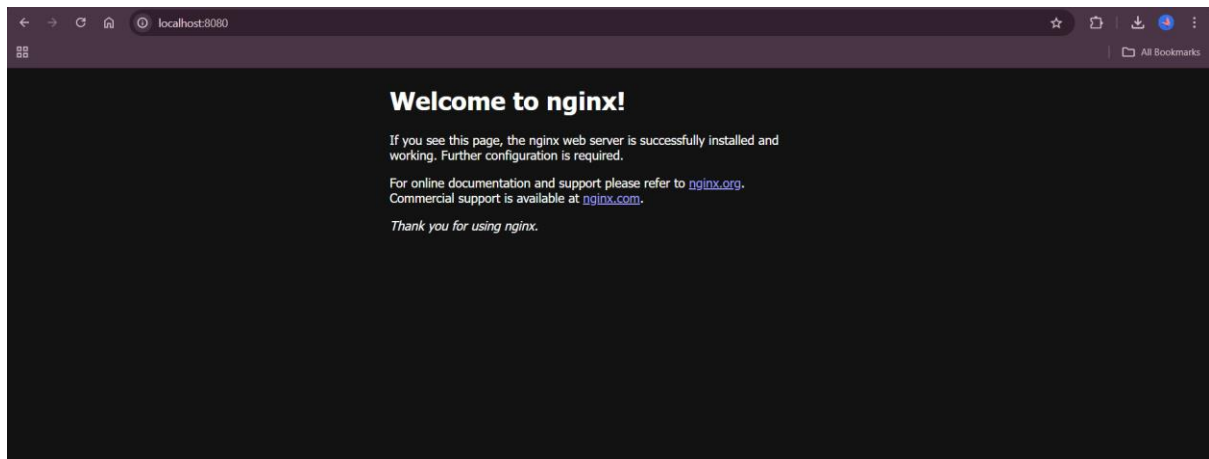
Step 7:

Test Accessing Nginx:

1. Open a browser and go to:

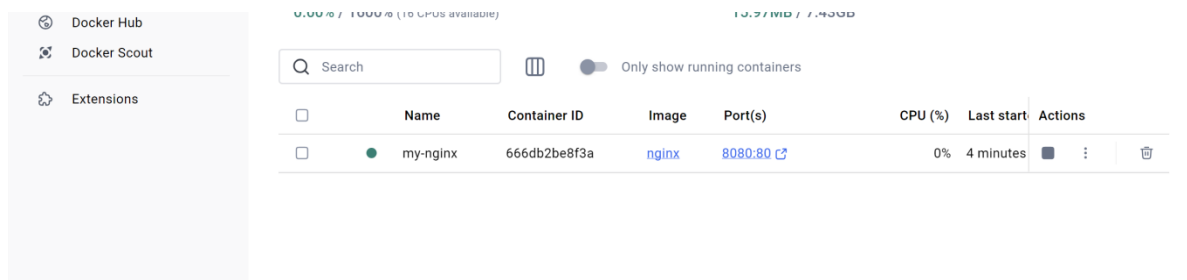
<http://localhost:8080>

2. You should see the default Nginx welcome page.



Step 8:

By Opening Docker Desktop App We can see our container running.



Step 9:

Stop and Remove the Container

1. Stop the container:

docker stop my-nginx

2.Remove the container:

docker rm my-nginx

```
C:\Users\Hi>docker stop my-nginx  
my-nginx
```

```
C:\Users\Hi>docker rm my-nginx  
my-nginx
```

You have successfully installed Docker, run your first Nginx container, and tested it!

Outcomes

By completing this POC, you will:

1. **Install and Configure Docker:** Learn to set up Docker on Windows and prepare the environment for containerized applications.
2. **Pull and Run an Nginx Container:** Gain hands-on experience in downloading and deploying a web server using Docker.
3. **Expose and Access the Web Server:** Understand how to map ports and access the running Nginx container via a browser.
4. **Manage and Monitor Containers:** Learn essential Docker commands to start, stop, inspect, and remove containers efficiently.
5. **Understand the Benefits of Containerization:** Explore how Docker simplifies application deployment, enhances scalability, and streamlines DevOps workflows.