



# Tech Saksham

## Final Project Report

### Track Name

**"HOUSE SECURITY "**

**MIT ARTS AND SCIENCE FOR WOMAN"**

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## ABSTRACT

Intelligent Home Security System using Artificial Intelligence is the project undertaken to replace traditional means of security with modern IOT and A.I. based systems. Some commercial products based on image recognition are readily available, but such single security level systems can be easily breached. To overcome these drawbacks, we have implemented an A.I. based 2 level security system that can be easily scaled and can be packed with more features without loss in performance.

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## CHAPTER 1

### INTRODUCTION

There are currently 7.6 billion people on Earth [1]: 3.7 billion are connected to the internet; almost 50% of that connected population lives in Asia, 24% of whom reside in India [2] for which the number comes up to 440 million. Investment in digitisation and urbanisation and friendly regulatory policies should be key to ensuring that India continues to advance on its path of socioeconomic progress. The market potential of all things IOT in India alone is predicted to be \$9 billion by 2020 [3]. India is one of the key countries poised for large-scale implementation of IOT projects - not only to be able to set new standards but also as a key geography to anticipate the emergence of a new humanism embracing people and devices. [4] A.I. has become a thing of magic now a days and almost every company wants to integrate a part of it in their project. A.I

## CHAPTER 2

### Methodology

As home security is the issue of this paper, we went with a two-tier security approach with image identification being one and voice identification being second. The system that we designed is a server-client model, where a Raspberry-Pi and a NodeMCU are clients and an Acer laptop being a server. The Raspberry Pi is a series of small single-board computers developed in the United Kingdom by the

Raspberry Pi Foundation to promote teaching of basic computer science in schools and in developing countries [5]. The Raspberry Pi 3 used in this project is a Raspberry Pi 3 Model B+ which hosts a Broadcom BCM2837B0 SOC which has 4x Cortex-A53 cores and runs on 1.4GHz. [6] It also has a 10/100Mbit/s Ethernet, 802.11b/g/n/actual band 2.4/5GHz wireless, Bluetooth 4.2 BLE. [7] Raspberry Pi is responsible for acquiring data from the subject and transmit the data through TCP sockets to the server. NodeMCU is an open source IoT platform which includes firmware which runs on ESP8266 Wi-Fi SoC from Espressif Systems and the hardware is based on the ESP-12 module. [8][9][10] Due to cost restraint and low speed internet the decision of running a “server” on the laptop was made.

## CHAPTER 3

### System Architecture

The RPi has Raspbian OS running on it with all the useful python modules installed. The images are captured using a USB camera instead of a PiCam so that both the voice and wav files can be captured while keeping the cost of materials low. The images are processed with the help of on python library called OpenCV. OpenCV (Opensource computer vision) is a library of programming functions mainly aimed at real-time computer vision.[12]

The voice sample is of duration of 4 seconds and it is recorded using Pyaudio module. The image file is in .jpg format and the voice sample is in .wav format. Both these files are sent to the server through TCP sockets from where all the recognition and control operation take place.

After recognition the server sends the appropriate command to the Node MCU

## CHAPTER 4

### Face and Spectrogram Recognition

Image Recognition, in the context of machine vision, is the ability of software to identify objects, places, people, writing and actions in images. In this project we have used image recognition to identify the face of the authorized personnel and the spectrogram of the voice of the same.

To achieve this we used Google's Inception v3, which is a widely-used image recognition model that has been shown to attain on the original paper: "Rethinking the Inception Architecture for Computer Vision" by Szegedy, et. al. [12] The model itself is made up of symmetric and asymmetric building blocks, including convolutions, average pooling, max pooling, concatenations, dropouts, and fully connected layers.



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# Conclusion

The scope of the project was to implement principles of A.I. and IoT in the security sector. We were able to implement our face and voice recognition system efficiently and with low bill of materials. The code can be more refined, and more features can be added in order to make it into a full-fledged product for commercial use. Instead of an ESP8266 SoC, a Bluetooth-enabled ESP32 can be used in order to add Bluetooth support so that the admin can still enter the house even when there is a power outage.

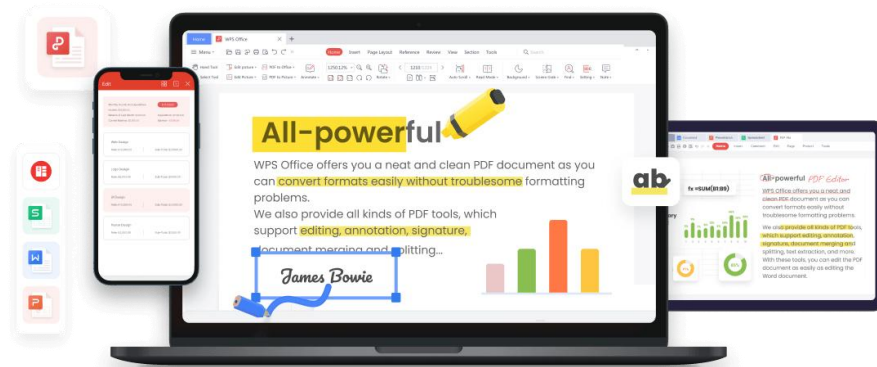
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