



MONISHA S 2024-CSE ▾

M2**Started on** Friday, 8 August 2025, 2:37 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Friday, 8 August 2025, 2:42 PM**Time taken** 5 mins 32 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void function (int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i= 1;
```

```
    int s =1;
```

```
    while(s <= n)
```

```
    {
```

```
        i++;
```

```
        s += i;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

For example:

Input	Result
9	12

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

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Falling back to raw text area.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void function(int n)
{
    int c=0;
    int i=1;
    c++;
    int s=1;
    c++;
    while (s<=n)
    {
        c++;
        i++;
        c++;
        s+=i;
        c++;
    }
    c++;
    printf("%d",c);
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	9	12	12	✓
✓	4	9	9	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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MONISHA S 2024-CSE ▾

M2**Started on** Friday, 8 August 2025, 2:43 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Friday, 8 August 2025, 2:52 PM**Time taken** 8 mins 58 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
            {
                printf("*");
                printf("*");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void func(int n)
3  {
4      int c=0;
5      c++;
6      if(n==1)
7      {
8          c++;
9          //printf("*");
10     }
11
12     else
13     {
14
15         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
16         {
17             c++;
18             for(int j=1;j<=n;j++)
19             {
20                 c++;
21                 c++;
22                 //printf("*");
23                 c++;
24                 //printf("*");
25
26                 break;
27             }c++;
28         }c++;
29     }
30     printf("%d",c);
31 }
32 int main()
33 {
34     int n;
35     scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
36 | func(n);  
37 | }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	12	12	✓
✓	1000	5002	5002	✓
✓	143	717	717	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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MONISHA S 2024-CSE ▾

M2**Started on** Friday, 8 August 2025, 10:07 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Friday, 8 August 2025, 10:12 PM**Time taken** 5 mins 10 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** **10.00** out of 10.00 (**100%**)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
Factor(num) {
{
    for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)
    {
        if (num % i == 0)
        {
            printf("%d ", i);
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void Factor(int num)
3  {
4      int c=0;
5
6      for(int i=1;i<=num;++i)
7      {
8          c++;
9          c++;
10         if(num%i==0)
11         {
12             //printf("%d",i);
13             c++;
14         }
15         c++;
16         printf("%d",c);
17     }
18 }
19 int main()
20 {
21     int n;
22     scanf("%d",&n);
23     Factor(n);
24 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	31	31	✓
✓	25	54	54	✓
✓	4	12	12	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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✓ Done

Opened: Friday, 8 August 2025, 9:00 AM
Closes: Sunday, 31 August 2025, 11:59 AM

Attempts allowed: 2
Grading method: Highest grade

Summary of your previous attempts

Attempt	State	Marks / 1.00	Grade / 10.00	Review
1	Finished Submitted Friday, 8 August 2025, 10:17 PM	1.00	10.00	Review

Highest grade: 10.00 / 10.00.

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MONISHA S 2024-CSE ▾

M2**Started on** Friday, 8 August 2025, 10:18 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Friday, 8 August 2025, 10:22 PM**Time taken** 4 mins**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n/= 10;
    }
    print(rev);
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void reverse(int n)
3  {
4      int c=0;
5      c+=2;
6      int rev=0,remainder;
7      while(n!=0)
8      {c++;
9      c++;
10         remainder=n%10;
11         c++;
12         rev=rev*10+remainder;
13         c++;
14         n/=10;
15     }
16     c++;
17     printf("%d",c);
18 }
19 int main()
20 {
21     int n;
22     scanf("%d",&n);
23     reverse(n);
24 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	11	11	✓
✓	1234	19	19	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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