Name : Batch:

# **MATH LECTURE - 03**

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## **PART I: CLASS PRACTICE**

#### **GROUP 1: FRACTION**

1.	A \$1000 bonus mu	ust be divided amon	g three people so	that Turab receive	s twice as much as Saif,	
	who receives $\frac{1}{5}$ as	s much as Arefin. Ho	w much money sh	ould Arefin receive	?	
	a. \$100			d. \$375		
	seating capacity of rooms are transfer two combined, what a. $\frac{1}{4}$	the first, exactly thromogeneous three to a third, empty at fraction of the seat b. $\frac{1}{3}$	ee-quarters of the classroom that hat in the third class c. $\frac{3}{8}$	seats are occupied. s a seating capacity room is occupied? d. $\frac{2}{3}$		
3.	A book dealer has	some books in store	e of which $\frac{1}{5}$ were	hardcover books.	The dealer sold $\frac{2}{3}$ of the	
	_				s were hardcover books?	
		b. $\frac{3}{20}$				
4.	After filling the car's	s fuel tank, a driver d	Irove from P to Q a	and then to R. She ເ	used $\frac{2}{5}$ of the fuel driving	
	from P to Q. If she	e used another 7 ga	allons to drive from	n Q to R and still h	ad $\frac{1}{4}$ of a tank left, how	
	many gallons does	the tank hold?				
	a. 12	b. 18	c. 20	d. 21	e. 35	
5.					was twice the number of	
	boys. If $\frac{3}{4}$ of the girls and $\frac{5}{6}$ of the boys went to college immediately after graduation, what fraction					
		at year went to colle				
	a. $\frac{5}{36}$	b. $\frac{12}{27}$	c. $\frac{7}{9}$	d. $\frac{29}{36}$	e. $\frac{31}{36}$	
6.					g MBA and rest 40 of the	
	O	ing EMBA. How mar b. 60	O		e. 30	
		GROUP 2: F	PERCENTAGE AN	ID DEVIATION		
7.	What is 0.5 percent	of 6.5?				
•	a. 0.0325	b. 0.013	c. 0.325	d. 1.30	e. 130.0	
8.	Afifa's salary is 12 three salaries is \$6	5% of Mariha's sala 31.000, What is Cvnt	ıry. Cynthia's salaı hia's salarv?	ry is 80% of Mariha	a's salary. The total of all	

c. \$17,000

c. \$6.36

9. If 8% tax on a sale amounts to 96 paisa, what is the final price (including tax) of the item?

d. \$18,000

d. \$12.00

e. \$19,000

e. \$12.96

a. \$15,000

a. \$1.20

b. \$16,000

b. \$2.16

10. Among the 100 students in a business school, 50% enrolled in a marketing course. Of the enrolled students, 90% took the final exam. Two-thirds of the students who took the final exam passed it. How many students failed in the final exam?					
a. 5	b. 10	c. 15	d. 30	e. 45	
11. The price of sugar has increased by 60%. In order to restore the original price, the new price must be reduced by:					
a. 33.33 <sup>°</sup> %	b. 35%	c. 37.5%	d. 60%	e. 66.66%	
12. Twenty Prizes were	e distributed to five pof contestants were-		estants. No contesta	int got more than one	
a. 200	b. 400	c. 300	d. 160	e. None of these	
13. If the sales tax on including tax is-	a camera priced at	400 is between 4 p	ercent and 7 percer	nt, then the final price	
a. 404	b. 400	c. 415	d. 422	e. 436	
14. The annual revenue If the increase in the this year?	e of the SARA agence e exports was 1 mill	cy increased by 25% lion Taka last year,	last year. This year then what is the incr	r, it increased by 20%. rease (in million Taka)	
a. 0.78	b. 0.8	c. 1	d. 1.2	e. 1.25	
15. A chemist was pre actually used 36.4 m				s of a chemical. If he	
a. 0.04%	b. 0.05%	c. 1.40%	d. 3.85%	e. 4.00%	
16. The average score What was her perce			shi, on the same ex	amination, scored 84.	
a. 6.7%	b. 5.5%	c. 5.0%	d. 4.3%	e. 4.0%	
	GROUP 3: PROFI	T - LOSS, MARK U	P, MARK DOWN		
17. A businessman buy piece. What is his to	s 1,440 dozen pens	at \$2.50 a dozen a		at a price of 25 cent a	
	s 1,440 dozen pens	at \$2.50 a dozen a		e. \$8,740.00	
piece. What is his to	vs 1,440 dozen pens tal profit on the lot of b. \$72.00	at \$2.50 a dozen a f pens? c. \$720.00	and then sells them and them and them and them are described by the descri	e. \$8,740.00	
piece. What is his to a. \$60.00 18. A seller makes a pr	vs 1,440 dozen pens tal profit on the lot of b. \$72.00 ofit of 20% by selling b. 40	at \$2.50 a dozen a f pens? c. \$720.00 g a product at 60 Tk. c. 50	d. \$874.00 What is his cost prid	e. \$8,740.00 ce? e. None of these	
piece. What is his to a. \$60.00 18. A seller makes a pro a. 48	vs 1,440 dozen pens tal profit on the lot of b. \$72.00 ofit of 20% by selling b. 40 dio from the wholes	at \$2.50 a dozen a f pens? c. \$720.00 g a product at 60 Tk. c. 50 aler for \$75.00. He	d. \$874.00 What is his cost prid	e. \$8,740.00 ce? e. None of these	
piece. What is his to a. \$60.00 18. A seller makes a pra a. 48 19. A retailer buys a ra	vs 1,440 dozen pens tal profit on the lot of b. \$72.00 ofit of 20% by selling b. 40 dio from the wholes	at \$2.50 a dozen a f pens? c. \$720.00 g a product at 60 Tk. c. 50 aler for \$75.00. He	d. \$874.00 What is his cost prid	e. \$8,740.00 ce? e. None of these	
piece. What is his to a. \$60.00  18. A seller makes a proa. 48  19. A retailer buys a ra at a discount of 20% a. \$5.00  20. A store usually sell	vs 1,440 dozen pensital profit on the lot of b. \$72.00 of the of 20% by selling b. 40 dio from the wholes.  What was his profit b. \$6.67 s a certain item at 45 less than the usual	s at \$2.50 a dozen at pens? c. \$720.00 g a product at 60 Tk. c. 50 aler for \$75.00. He ston the radio? c. \$7.50	d. \$874.00 What is his cost prid. 72 then marks up the p	e. \$8,740.00 ce? e. None of these crice by $\frac{1}{3}$ and sells it e. \$13.33	
piece. What is his to a. \$60.00  18. A seller makes a properties at 48  19. A retailer buys a rate at a discount of 20% a. \$5.00  20. A store usually sell item is sold for 10%	vs 1,440 dozen pensital profit on the lot of b. \$72.00 of the of 20% by selling b. 40 dio from the wholes.  What was his profit b. \$6.67 s a certain item at 45 less than the usual	s at \$2.50 a dozen at pens? c. \$720.00 g a product at 60 Tk. c. 50 aler for \$75.00. He ston the radio? c. \$7.50	d. \$874.00 What is his cost prid. 72 then marks up the p	e. \$8,740.00 ce? e. None of these crice by $\frac{1}{3}$ and sells it e. \$13.33 sale, during which the	
piece. What is his to a. \$60.00  18. A seller makes a proa. 48  19. A retailer buys a rate at a discount of 20% a. \$5.00  20. A store usually sell item is sold for 10% makes on each of the a. 14%  21. Saif usually makes margin of profit to 4	vs 1,440 dozen pensital profit on the lot of b. \$72.00 offit of 20% by selling b. 40 dio from the wholesa. What was his profit b. \$6.67 s a certain item at 45 less than the usual ese items? b. 24%	s at \$2.50 a dozen at pens? c. \$720.00 g a product at 60 Tk. c. 50 aler for \$75.00. He at the ton the radio? c. \$7.50 40% profit. One weed price. During the c. 26% every Amul Cool Milk	d. \$874.00  What is his cost prid. 72 then marks up the polythem. The store has a second sale, what is the polythem.	e. \$8,740.00 ce? e. None of these price by $\frac{1}{3}$ and sells it e. \$13.33 sale, during which the ercent profit the store e. 36%	
piece. What is his to a. \$60.00  18. A seller makes a properties at 48  19. A retailer buys a rance at a discount of 20% a. \$5.00  20. A store usually sell item is sold for 10% makes on each of the a. 14%  21. Saif usually makes margin of profit to 4 original profit? a. 1:1	vs 1,440 dozen pensital profit on the lot of b. \$72.00 offit of 20% by selling b. 40 dio from the wholes.  What was his profit b. \$6.67 s a certain item at 45 less than the usual ese items? b. 24% c a 45% profit on ex.0% while his sales i b. 45:44	s at \$2.50 a dozen at pens? c. \$720.00 g a product at 60 Tk. c. 50 aler for \$75.00. He st on the radio? c. \$7.50 40% profit. One weed price. During the c. 26% every Amul Cool Milknorease by 10%. W	d. \$874.00  What is his cost prid. 72  then marks up the price. \$10.00  ek, the store has a seale, what is the price. \$30%  It has been sealed as a sealed as a seale. What is the price. \$10.00  It has been sealed as a seal	e. \$8,740.00 ce? e. None of these rice by $\frac{1}{3}$ and sells it e. \$13.33 sale, during which the ercent profit the store e. 36% sale, he reduces his new total profit to the e. 44:45	
piece. What is his to a. \$60.00  18. A seller makes a proa. 48  19. A retailer buys a rate at a discount of 20% a. \$5.00  20. A store usually sell item is sold for 10% makes on each of the a. 14%  21. Saif usually makes margin of profit to 4 original profit?	vs 1,440 dozen pensital profit on the lot of b. \$72.00 offit of 20% by selling b. 40 dio from the wholesa. What was his profit b. \$6.67 s a certain item at 45 less than the usual ese items? b. 24% s a 45% profit on ex.0% while his sales i b. 45:44 a certain lamp up 20	at \$2.50 a dozen at pens? c. \$720.00 g a product at 60 Tk. c. 50 aler for \$75.00. He at on the radio? c. \$7.50 40% profit. One weed price. During the c. 26% very Amul Cool Milknerease by 10%. Week of the cool o	d. \$874.00  What is his cost prid. 72 then marks up the prid. \$10.00  ek, the store has a sale, what is the prid. 30%  the sells. During a hat is the ratio of his on he gives a custon	e. \$8,740.00 ce? e. None of these rice by $\frac{1}{3}$ and sells it e. \$13.33 sale, during which the ercent profit the store e. 36% sale, he reduces his new total profit to the e. 44:45	

	Tk. 80 is offered at		5% during a sale.	At this reduced price, the		
a. 48	b. 80	c. 50	d. 60	e. None of these		
24. After a 20 percent decrease in price, the cost of an item becomes D dollars. What was the price of the item before the decrease?						
a. 0.75D	b. 0.80D	c. 1.20D	d. 1.25D	e. 1.5D		
	25. Tarique has x eggs. He sells 12 of them at a profit of 10 percent and the rest of the eggs at a loss of 10 percent. He made neither a profit nor a loss overall. Which one of the following equals x?					
a. 10	b. 13	c. 12	d. 24	e. 14		
	PART II: T	AKE-HOME AS	SSIGNMENT			
1. Which of the following	ng fraction is the sm	allest?				
	-	c. $\frac{2}{3}$	d. $\frac{5}{6}$	e. $\frac{2}{5}$		
4	5 5	3	6	5		
2. How much less is 1/	16 than 0.0665?					
a. 2/250	b. 2/25	c. 1/250	d. 1/35	e. 1/25		
	age increase of an a	account that began	with a balance of	\$250000 and increased to		
\$250005? a. 0.0145%	b. 0.00145%	c. 0.00002%	d. 0.002%	e. 1.011%		
		4 A's, 9 B's, 15 C	's, 8 D's, and the	rest of the students failed.		
What percent of the a. 72%	e students failed? b. 42%	c. 28%	d. 14%	e. 36%		
while the price rema	ains the same, the o	ld price per ounce	is what fraction of	is reduced to 3.6 ounces the new price per ounce?		
a. $\frac{3}{4}$	b. $\frac{9c}{10}$	c. $\frac{10}{9}$	d. $\frac{9}{10c}$	e. $\frac{9}{10}$		
•	. •	•		. •		
6. Only sophomores, juniors and seniors attended a school meeting. $\frac{5}{12}$ of those who attended were						
juniors, and $\frac{1}{3}$ were seniors. If 36 sophomores attended the meeting, what was the total number of						
students who attend a. 108	ded the meeting? b. 144	c. 252	d. 288	e. 300		
7. Three friends at dinner at a restaurant. When they settled the check, Jawad paid $\frac{4}{5}$ as much as						
Safa paid, and Safa paid $\frac{1}{3}$ as much as Mezbah paid. What fraction of the check did Safa pay?						
a. $\frac{15}{24}$	b. $\frac{12}{31}$	c. 5	d. $\frac{1}{2}$	e. $\frac{1}{24}$		
	0.1		Ü	24		
8. Cereal costs 1/3 as much as mushroom. Mushroom costs 5/4 as much as eggs. Eggs cost what fraction of the cost of cereal?						
a. $\frac{5}{12}$	b. $\frac{4}{5}$	c. $\frac{5}{4}$	d. $\frac{5}{3}$	e. 12		
12	5	4	3	5		
9. Tk. 336 is divided between A & B so that A gets 5/16 <sup>th</sup> of what B gets. What amount does A get?						
a. Tk. 105	b. Tk. 80	c. Tk. 75	d. Tk. 125	e. Tk. 100		

10. By how much is $\frac{3}{7}$ larger than 20% of 2?				
a. $\frac{1}{20}$	b. $\frac{1}{25}$	c. $\frac{1}{30}$	d. $\frac{1}{35}$	e. $\frac{1}{40}$
11. Successive discount a. 16.0%	ts of 20% and 12% a b. 29.6%	are equivalent to a s c. 32.4%	ingle discount of: d. 32.0%	e. 33.7%
12. In June, a baskett phenomenal winning have won in a row to	streak this team r	aised its average to		ames played. After a games must the team
a. 20	b. 22	c. 24	d. 26	e. 28
13. In reading a therm was her percentage				instead of 77°. What
a. 5.0%	b. 6.50%	c. 6.74% d	. 6.82% e.	6.95%
14. A bus uses one gal one gallon. How mar a. 10				
15. A group of people of \$20 each, and the r people who gave \$40	est contributed \$12			each, 45% contributed ontribution came from
a. 25%	b. 30%	c. 40%	d. 45%	e. 50%
16. A house cost Mr. S than what he paid fo pay?				house for 25% more x must Mr. Sadikullah
a. C	b. $\frac{C}{2}$	c. $\frac{C}{4}$	d. $\frac{C}{6}$	e. C/8
17. A Denim Jacket mar a. 25%	ked \$96 is offered f b. 27%	or \$72. What is the r c. 30%	rate of discount on th d. 33%	ne marked price? e. 36%
18. A coat was sold for s a. \$25	\$75. The coat was s b. \$50	old for 150% of its c c. \$75	ost price. How much d. \$100	n did the coat cost? e. \$112.50
19. A dealer sold 20 per a. 30	ns for Tk. 60 and ga b. 26	ined 20%. How man c. 24	y pens did he buy fo d. 25	or Tk. 60? e. 22
20. A merchant buys and then sells the ca			fit on his total investi	
a. 20%	b. 25%	c. 40%	d. $66\frac{2}{3}\%$	e. 100%
21. A lamp is manufactureduced to 15% of the a. \$30.40			ofit of 25% of the co	st. If the profit is to be e. \$34.20
22. A merchant increase by 10 percent, the fin	ed the original price	e of an item by 10 p	ercent. If she then r	
<ul><li>a. a decrease of 1°</li><li>d. an increase of 1</li></ul>	-	ecrease of 1 percent ncrease of 11 percer	-	ge
23. Naabil, Manish, and of his. If Manish ate r				
a. 9/15	b. 2/7	c. 3/5	d. 8/9	e. 1/10
24. Jawad buys 5 dozen eggs at 10 paisa per egg. He then sells each dozen for 2 Tk. What is his profit margin?				
a. 9/15	b. 2/7	c. 3/5	d. 8/9	e. 1/10

25. A chair company produces 5,000 luxury chairs per year. Each chair requires Tk 200 in wood and other materials to build. It also requires 3 hours of work by a craftsman, who earns Tk 30 per hour. If the company wants to earn Tk 3 million dollars in profit this year, how much should each chair cost?

a. Tk 890

b. Tk 800

c. Tk 750

d. Tk 900

e. Tk 850

#### PART III: REVIEW LESSON FOR THE NEXT LECTURE

#### **Ratio and Proportion:**

In solving ratios or proportions that have units of measurement (feet, seconds, miles, etc.), each ratio must have the same unit. For example, if we have the ratio 5 inches: 3 feet, we must convert the 3 feet to 36 inches and then set up the ratio 5 inches: 36 inches or 5:36.

An alternative solution to this is:  $5 \times (5 \times \frac{1}{12})$  feet: 3 feet = 5 feet: 36 feet, or again, 5:36.

**Example:** On a blueprint, a rectangle measures 6 inches in width and 9 inches in length. If the actual width of the rectangle is 16 inches, how many feet are there in the length?

**Solution:** We set up the proportions, 6 inches: 9 inches = 16 inches: x feet. Since x feet is equal to 12x inches, we substitute this value in the proportion, Thus, 6 inches: 9 inches = 16 inches: 12x inches. Since all of the units are now the same, we may work with the numbers alone. In fractional terms we have 6/9 = 16/12x. Cross multiplication gives us 72x = 144 and solving for x gives us x = 2. The rectangle is 2 feet long.

#### Mixture:

#### Concentration of the Mixture × The Amount of the Mixture = The Amount of Substance

**Example:** A chemist has two quarts of 25% acid solution, and one quart of 40% acid solution. If he mixes these, what will be the concentration of the resultant mixture?

**Solution:** Let x = concentration of the mixture. So we can arrange the table as follows

Concentration × Amount of Solution = Amount of Acid

	qt(acid)/qt(sol)	qt(sol)	qt(acid)
25% solution	0.25	2	0.50
40% solution	0.40	1	0.40
Mixture	Х	3	3x

We now have one additional bit of information. The amount of acid in the mixture must be equal to the total amount of acid in each of the two parts. So, 3x = 0.50 + 0.40. Therefore x is equal to 0.30, which is the same as a 30% concentration of the acid in the mixture.

Mixture problems can also be solved with the help of the following formula:

$$C = \frac{C_1 Q_1 + C_2 Q_2}{Q_1 + Q_2}$$

Where, C = Concentration of any element in the resultant mixture

 $C_1$  = Concentration of some element in the first mixture

 $C_2$  = Concentration of the same element in the second mixture

 $Q_1$  = Amount of the first mixture

Q<sub>2</sub> = Amount of the second mixture

#### **Unitary Method**

This is a technique for solving particular types of problems. It is a method of carrying out a calculation to find the value of a number of items by first finding the value of 1 unit of them. Hence, it involves scaling down one of the variables to a single unit, i.e. 1, and then performing the operation necessary to alter it to the desired value.

**Example:** If 6 men can do a particular work in 3 days, how many days will it take for 9 men to finish the work?

Solution: Consider the work of 1 man first

1 man can do it in  $6 \times 3 = 18$  days. So 9 men will do it in 18/9 = 2 days.

#### Simple Interest:

If person borrows some money from someone for a certain period then the borrower has to pay some extra money, called interest (I) on the money borrowed for that period. The money borrowed is called principle (P) and the total sum comprising of principle and the interest is called the amount (A). If the interest on a certain sum borrowed for a certain period is reckoned uniformly, then it is called simple interest.

If Amount = A, Principle = P, Interest = I, Time = T (in year), Rate of interest per annum = R

i. 
$$I = \frac{PRT}{100}$$
 ii. 
$$A = \frac{P(100 + RT)}{100}$$

### **Compound Interest:**

Money is to be lent at compound interest when at the end of a year or other fixed period the interest that has become due is not paid, but is added to the sum lent, and the amount thus obtained becomes the principle for the next period. The process is repeated until the amount for the last period has been found. The difference between the original principle and the final amount is the required compound interest.

- i. Amount after compound interest is applied =  $P(1 + \frac{r}{100})^t$
- ii. Compound interest =  $P(1+\frac{r}{100})^t P$

#### Average / Mean, Median

Average / Arithmetic mean =

Sum of the numbers

No. of the numbers

**Example:** The average of 10, 15, 45 and 50 is (10+15+45+50) / 4 = 30.

In problems requiring you to supply a missing value in order to obtain a specific average, first determine the required sum and then compare it with the given sum. Consider this problem: What number must be added to 5, 6, 9, and 11 to have an average of 7? You will have five numbers. The required sum is  $7 \times 5$  or 35. The sum of 5, 6, 9, and 11 is 31. Therefore, the number to be added is 4.

**Median**: Median is the exact middle one of some given numbers when they are arranged in ascending or descending order.

For example: What is the median of 23, 12, 17, 11 and 35?

**Step 1**: Arrange the given numbers in ascending or descending order. We get 11, 12, 17, 23, 35 in ascending order or 35, 23, 17, 12, 11 in descending order.

**Step 2:** Find the exact middle one, which is 17 in both the case.

So the median is 17.

**Even Cases:** However, in the cases which contain an even sequence of numbers (Total 2/4/6... numbers), arranging the series leaves no number in the middle. In that case, take **both** of the numbers in the middle (after arranging) and then calculate their average for the median.

For example: What is the median of the sequence 4, 11, 12, 7, 9, 3?

Step 1: Arrange the numbers: 3, 4, 7, 9, 11, 12 (Ascending order)

or 12, 11, 9, 7, 4, 3 (Descending order)

Step 2: Take two of the numbers in the middle (7 and 9 in both cases) and find their average:

$$\frac{7+9}{2} = 8$$

So, the median is 8.

		_	
	Review Test on Lec		
Name	10 Questions 10 h	iiiiutes	Batch
1. If $x = 2k - 2$ and $y = 4k^2$ , what is	v in torms of v?		
a. $x + 2$ b. $(x + 2)^2$		$(x+2)^2$	e. x <sup>2</sup> + 4
a. x + 2	c. <u>2</u>	d. 4	e. x + 4
2. If $x = 0$ , and $y = 2$ , and $x^2yz + 3xz$	$z^2 + y^2z + 3y + 4x = 0$ , what is	s the value of z?	
a. $-\frac{4}{3}$ b. $-\frac{3}{2}$ c.	$\frac{3}{4}$ d. $\frac{4}{3}$	e. Cannot be det	ermined
_			
3. For all numbers x and y, x # y = > a. 0 b. 1	ky + x. If 2 # 3 = k # 7, then k c. 4	= d. 5	e. 7
4. If p and r are integers such that,	$n \neq 0$ and $n = -r$ which of th	e following must l	ne true?
	c. p + r < 0	d. p – r < 0	e. pr < 0
5. What is the smallest possible into	eger which, when divided by	4, 5 and 6 yield a	remainder of 3?
a. 123 b. 63	c. 333	d. 33	e. 3
6. If $x + y > 8$ and $x - y > 2$ , which c	f the following describes all	oossible values o	fx?
a. x > 2 d. x > 8	b. x > 3 e. x < 5	c. x > 5	
	0. X · 0		
7. If $x \neq 0$ , then $(x^5)^2 \times x^3 =$ a. 1 b. $x^2$	c. x <sup>10</sup> d. x <sup>13</sup>	e. x <sup>2</sup>	8
8. If m and n are two different prim	a numbers than the least or	ommon multiple o	of the two numbers must
equal which one of the following?		•	ine two numbers must
a. m-n b. m+n	c. m+mn d. mn	e. mn+n	
9. A man exchanged a dollar bill for and nickels. How many of these		y 9 coins, which i	ncludes quarters, dimes,
a. 1 b. 2		. 4 e. 0	Cannot be determined
10. If $-1 < x \le 0$ , which of the follow	ing statements must be true	?	2
a. $x < x^2 < x^3$ b. $x < x^3 <$	$x^2$ c. $x^2 < x < x^3$	$d. x^2 < x^3 < x$	e. $x^2 < x < x^3$
Answer Sheet			
1.			
2.		SCORE	
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.		REMAR	KS
7.			
8. 🗆 🗆 🗆 🗆			
9.			
10.			