**期末专题复习-语法填空 2023-2024学年 人教版 英语八年级上册期末真题备考**

（2022上·湖南长沙·八年级统考期末）阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

What will our life be like in the future? Each family will have 1 robot in the future. You can ask it 2 (do) everything for you. It will serve you 24 3 (hour) a day, so you will be free all day. The robot will speak like a human. It can speak different languages such as English, Japanese. See? Robots are 4 (you) good teachers.

People will spend less time 5 work and have 6 (much) time to travel. The vehicles in the future will fly 7 (free) in the sky 8 every vehicle will have wings with it. They will take you to any place you want to visit. You can go to sleep when you are travelling if you feel tired. All vehicles will be safe because they 9 (drive) by robots.

You may think all these are 10 (possible), but they will come true in the near future. Let’s wait and see!

（2022上·北京海淀·八年级统考期末）Today scientists are trying to make robots look like humans and do the same things as we do. There 11 (be) already robots working in factories. Some robots can do simple 12 (job) over and over again and never get bored. Scientists believe that there will be more robots in the future and these new robots will have many different shapes. However, they agree it may take hundreds of years 13 (make) it come true.

（2022下·湖北襄阳·八年级统考期末）阅读下面的短文，在空白处填入一个适当的单词或括号内所给单词的正确形式。

As Earth’s neighbor, Mars has a similar environment to Earth. For years, scientists try their best to study the Mars and hope to live 14 it one day. So China has named the nation’s first Mars rover(火星车) Zhu Rong and sent it on Mars 15 (successful) in May 2021. For all of us, Zhu Rong is a well-suited name.

In an ancient Chinese story, Zhu Rong had the face of a man and the body of an animal. He 16 (ride) on two dragons. When he had a big fight with Gong Gong, the God of water, Zhu Rong won. But after 17 fight, the human world came into complete dark. Then he brought fire from heaven(天国) to the world.

“Zhu Rong is regarded as the 18 (early) God of fire in traditional Chinese culture.” A space official said. “The name Zhu Rong has an 19 (usual) meaning. It stands for light and hope for space exploration(探索) in our country. It also means to guide 20 (human) to continue exploration.”

21 leaving the earth last summer, Zhu Rong circled Mars for several months and landed on it in May. In recent years, Our country has sent up the 22 (world) first quanturm satellite(量子卫星). And Chang’e 4 has made a soft landing on the moon. So far, we 23 (make) great progress in space technology and will soon start building our own space station.

（2022上·湖北恩施·八年级统考期末）阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式（不超过3词）。

Life in the future will be different 24 life today. Scientists will make computers 25 smaller and more useful. People will work fewer hours than they 26 (do) now and this will make life easier. 27 (travel) will be much cheaper and more people will go to 28 (another) countries for holidays. We will use more land 29 (build) new cities and 30 (little) land for 31 (cow) and sheep. This will make meat more expensive. No one will eat 32 every day if we eat more fruit and vegetables, and we 33 (become) healthier.

（2022上·湖南衡阳·八年级统考期末）阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Rita: I will have a lot of changes（变化）in the future, such 34 my looks, my work and my hobbies.

I think I will have long brown hair. I will be 35 （fat）than now and I will be taller than now. I would like to be an English 36 because I like children and I think they are clever and lovely. I can help children open their eyes and I believe I can give them a good start. So I must learn English 37 （good）.

As for my hobbies, I like drawing cartoon characters and reading magazines. But in the future I’ll often skate and sing songs because they are exciting and interesting and they can keep me 38 （health）.

I hope my future plans will come true.

Tina: I am not really sure what I’ll be doing in the future. And I think the future is far away from me. I guess that I 39 be an interpreter or a pilot. I like English. I think English is very 40 （use）but it is very difficult.

I like travelling, too. I want to travel around the world. But I’m too 41 to enjoy my life now. On weekdays I have many subjects to learn. And on weekends I have many friends to play with. Sometimes we go shopping and sometimes we do many 42 （difference）things. In the future, I will have a good family and I must look 43 my parents well because I have grown up. I don’t worry about the future. I’m really sure I will have a good future if I work hard.

（2022上·河北沧州·八年级统考期末）阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Leisure activities (业余活动) are very important now. They are the kinds of things people like to do to relax

and enjoy 44 (they) when they are not working or going to school. Leisure activities play 45 important part in people’s lives. In the past, there 46 (be) few leisure activities. Children often got together to play hide-and-seek. People 47 (usual) played cards or chess in the street. Few people had chances to travel. Watching operas and listening 48 the radio were the main activities in their spare time. Since the reform and opening up (改革开放), China has developed rapidly. Chinese people spend more time on 49 (take) various kinds of leisure activities. A lot of people love both to play 50 to watch team sports like basketball or football because they are 51 (interest) in them. Many people stay at home, having a rest, reading 52 (book) and watching TV. Young people like to play games on computers or chat on the Internet. In recent years, more and more people love to travel during vacation. They go to visit some places of interest, and some people even have a tour abroad to see the world. Chinese people now have the time and chance to do 53 (many) kinds of leisure activities than before.

（2022上·河北秦皇岛·八年级统考期末）根据短文内容及所给提示，补全单词或用单词的正确形式填空。

Everyone is good at something, but some people are 54 (real) talented. It’s always interesting to watch other people show 55 (they) talents. Talent shows are 56 (get) more and more popular. All these shows try to look for the 57 (good) singers, the most exciting magicians, the funniest actors and so on. All kinds 58 people join these shows. But who plays 59 piano better than others? Who sings the most beautifully? That’s up to you. When people watch the show, they usually decide the 60 (win).

These shows are fun to watch, 61 not everybody enjoys 62 (watch) these shows. Some think that the lives of the performers are not real. People on the show are just 63 (actor). I suppose these shows are popular because they give people a way to make their dreams come true.

（2022上·山东济宁·八年级统考期末）阅读下面短文，在空白处填1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

In most countries, people usually eat traditional food 64 special holidays. A special holiday in North America is Thanksgiving. In the United States, this festival is always on the 65 (four) Thursday in November, but in Canada it 66 (fall) on the second Monday in October. Thanksgiving is 67 time to give thanks for food in the autumn and other good things people enjoy in life. 68 (family) see Thanksgiving as a time to get together and usually celebrate it with a big family meal. The main dish of the meal is almost turkey, a large bird.

（2022上·山东济宁·八年级统考期末）阅读下面短文，在没有提示的空白处填入适当的单词；或用括号内单词的正确形式填空。

The take-away food is popular these days and many people like it, but it’s not as 69 (health) as cooking. I like cooking at home, but my dishes are different 70 common Chinese food. They use certain ingredients（原料）, and they are hard to find in Chinese supermarkets. I sometimes have to go online 71 (buy) them. But I still go to Chinese supermarkets to get fresh ingredients, such as chicken and vegetables. I find cooking is very interesting and enjoyable. I look forward to 72 (go) to a cooking school when I grow up. And I 73 (cook) for my family every day in the future.

（2022上·山东济宁·八年级统考期末）阅读下面短文，在空白处填入适当的单词或用括号内单词的正确形式。

It rained heavily last weekend. Mum and I had to stay at home, and I felt quite bored. Mum got an idea. She decided 74 (teach) me to make dumplings. I thought it could be fun, so I said OK. First, mum cut the meat and cabbages into small pieces 75 (quick). Then she showed me how 76 (mix) them with salt and oil. “Mixing is the most important of all the steps,” she said. At the same time, I also made some other preparations with her help. When everything was ready, dad came back home from his office. Together we three made the dumplings. Finally, we cooked them. They were so delicious that I ate 77 (many) than twenty. That was the first time I learned to make dumplings. It was 78 (enjoy)!

（2022上·吉林长春·八年级统考期末）阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个恰当的词或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Today is the 79 (one) day of the new term. At the 80 (begin) of the class, Mr. Chen asked us what our New Year’s 81 (resolution) were and what we wanted to be in the future. Here are some of my classmates’ answers.

Helen said, “I want to be a doctor because I want to save people’s lives. To make my dream come 82 , I’m going to study much 83 (hard) so that I can get into a good university to study medicine.”

Li Jun said, “I’m good at writing. So I hope to be a 84 in the future. I’m going to keep 85 writing stories and send them to magazines and newspapers.”

Tony said, “Many people think I’m good at talking. Yes, I am! When I 86 up, I want to be a guide and show people 87 different countries. To make their trips to other countries easier, I need to learn 88 (speak) different languages.”

**参考答案：**

1．a 2．to do 3．hours 4．your 5．on 6．more 7．freely 8．because 9．are driven 10．impossible

【导语】本文描述了未来人类的生活。

1．句意：每个家庭将来都会有一个机器人。单数可数名词robot辅音音素开头，添加不定冠词a，故填a。

2．句意：你可以要求它为你做一切。ask sb to do sth“要求某人做某事”，故填to do。

3．句意：它每天24小时为你服务。基数词24后需要加名词复数，hours“小时”，故填hours。

4．句意：机器人是你的好老师。结合所给单词，空处要填写形容词性物主代词，your“你的”修饰teacher，故填your。

5．句意：人们将在工作上花费更少的时间。spend+时间+on sth“花时间做某事”，故填on。

6．句意：人们将在工作上花费更少的时间。根据“People will spend less time”可知，结合less空处应该使用比较级more“更多的”，故填more。

7．句意：未来的飞机将在天空中自由飞行。空处填写副词修饰fly，结合所给单词，用副词freely“自由地”，故填freely。

8．句意：未来的飞机将在天空中自由飞行。空前“汽车会飞”和空后“汽车有翅膀”之间因果关系，前果后因，because“因为”，故填because。

9．句意：所有车辆都将是安全的，因为它们被机器人驾驶。主语they是动词drive的承受者，被动语态，结构是be done，主语they复数，be动词使用are，结合所给单词driven，动词过去分词，故填are driven。

10．句意：你可能认为所有这些都是不可能的。根据“but they will come true in the near future”可知，前后两句是转折关系，后面表示将会实现，所以前一句认为是不可能实现，结合句意用impossible“不可能的”，故填impossible。

11．are 12．jobs 13．to make

【导语】本文主要讲了机器人可以做的工作及科学家对机器人未来情况的预测。

11．句意：已经有机器人在工厂里工作了。根据“There...(be) already robots working in factories.”可知，此句为there be句型，时态为一般现在时，主语“robots”为复数，所以be用are。故填are。

12．句意：一些机器人可以一遍又一遍地做简单的工作而且从不感到厌烦。 job“工作”，可数名词。此处指简单的工作，用复数表示泛指。故填jobs。

13．句意：然而，他们同意这可能要几百年才能实现。make“使成为”，动词。根据“it may take hundreds of years...(make) it come true.”可知，此句为“It takes some time to do sth.”句型，意为“做某事花费多少时间”，动词不定式作主语。故填to make。

14．on 15．successfully 16．rode 17．the 18．earliest 19．unusual 20．humans 21．After 22．world’s 23．have made

【导语】本文主要介绍了我国火星探测器“祝融”号，它的名字的由来以及如何成功着陆于火星之上。

14．句意：多年来，科学家们竭尽全力研究火星，希望有一天能在火星上生活。空后代词“it”指代上文的“the Mars”，在火星上用介词on。live on the Mars“生活在火星上”。故填on。

15．句意：因此，中国命名了中国第一艘火星探测器“祝融”，并于2021成功将其送上火星。空处需填入副词修饰前面的动词sent。故填successfully。

16．句意：他骑着两条龙。根据“In an ancient Chinese story”可知，本句时态为一般过去时，动词需用过去式。故填rode。

17．句意：但在战斗之后，人类世界陷入了一片黑暗。空处特指“这次战斗”，用定冠词the。故填the。

18．句意：祝融被认为是中国传统文化中最早的火神。根据“Zhu Rong is regarded as the...God of fire in traditional Chinese culture.”可知，此处是指最早的火神，空前已有定冠词the，直接填入earliest“最早的”即可。故填earliest。

19．句意：祝融这个名字有着不同寻常的含义。根据“The name Zhu Rong has an...meaning.”可知，空处需填入形容词形式，且该词是以元音音素开头，usual的反义词unusual“不一般的，不同寻常的”符合题意。故填unusual。

20．句意：它还意味着引导人类继续探索。根据“It also means to guide...to continue exploration.”可知，此处是指引导人类，空处需用复数形式humans意为“人类”。故填humans。

21．句意：去年夏天离开地球后，“祝融”绕火星飞行了几个月，并于5月登陆火星。根据“leaving the earth last summer,”可知，此处是指离开地球后，after“在……之后”，句首单词首字母需大写。故填After。

22．句意：近年来，我国发射了世界上第一颗量子卫星。根据“first quanturm satellite”可知，此处是指世界上第一颗量子卫星，空处需用名词所有格。故填world’s。

23．句意：到目前为止，我们在空间技术方面取得了很大进展，不久将开始建造我们自己的空间站。根据“So far”可知，本句是现在完成时(have/has done)；主语是“we”，助动词用have。故填have made。

24．from 25．much 26．are doing 27．Traveling 28．other 29．to build 30．less 31．cows 32．it 33．will become

【导语】本文讲述了未来的生活将不同于今天的生活，并列举了几个例子。

24．句意：未来的生活将不同于今天的生活。固定短语be different from“与……不同”，故填from。

25．句意：科学家将使计算机变得更小更有用。根据“smaller and more useful. ”可知此处应用much来修饰比较级，故填much。

26．句意：人们的工作时间将比现在更短，这将使生活更容易。根据“now”可知应用现在进行时，主语是they，be动词用are，故填are doing。

27．句意：旅行将会更便宜，更多的人会去其他国家度假。此空是位于句首，应用动名词形式作主语，故填Traveling。

28．句意：旅行将会更便宜，更多的人会去其他国家度假。根据“countries ”可知应用other修饰名词复数，故填other。

29．句意：我们将用更多的土地来建设新的城市，而用更少的土地来饲养牛羊。build“建立”，是动词，此处应用不定式作目的状语，故填to build。

30．句意：我们将用更多的土地来建设新的城市，而用更少的土地来饲养牛羊。根据“more land”可知此处应用less land与之对应，表示“用更少的土地饲养牛羊”，故填less。

31．句意：我们将用更多的土地来建设新的城市，而用更少的土地来饲养牛羊。cow是可数名词，此处应用复数表示类别，故填cows。

32．句意：没有人会每天吃它，如果我们吃更多的水果和蔬菜，我们会变得更健康。此空需要一个代词，代指meat“肉”，it符合，故填it。

33．句意：没有人会每天吃它，如果我们吃更多的水果和蔬菜，我们会变得更健康。if引导的条件状语从句，遵循“主将从现”原则，主句用一般将来时：will do，故填will become。

34．as 35．fatter 36．teacher 37．well 38．healthy 39．will 40．useful 41．busy 42．different 43．after

【导语】本文是两位同学对未来的计划。

34．句意：未来我会有很多变化，比如我的长相、工作和爱好。根据“ such…my looks, my work and my hobbies.”可知，此处在举例，such as“比如”，故填as。

35．句意：我会比现在更胖，并且也会比现在更高。结合“than”用比较级。故填fatter.

36．句意：我想成为一名英语老师因为我喜欢孩子，我认为他们聪明可爱。根据“because I like children and I think they are clever and lovely”。此处指成为一名英语老师，an+名词单数。故填teacher。

37．句意：所以我必须学好英语。根据“ learn English”可知，此处使用副词修饰动词。故填well。

38．句意：但在未来我会经常滑冰和唱歌，因为它们既刺激又有趣，可以让我保持健康。根据“keep me”，此处使用形容词，healthy“健康的”，故填healthy。

39．句意：我想我会成为一名口译员或飞行员。根据“And I think the future is far away from me.”和“be an interpreter or a pilot” 可知，此处指会成为，使用一般将来时，结构为will be。故填will。

40．句意：我认为英语很有用但是很难。结合“is”，此空用形容词useful“有用的”作表语。故填useful。

41．句意：但我现在太忙了，无法享受生活。结合“On weekdays I have many subjects to learn. And on weekends I have many friends to play with.”可知，很忙，使用形容词busy“忙碌的”，故填busy。

42．句意：有时我们去购物，有时我们做很多不同的事情。修饰things用形容词，different“不同的”。故填different。

43．句意：在未来，我会有一个好家庭，我必须照顾好我的父母，因为我已经长大了。根据“look …my parents well”，此处指照顾好父母，look after“照顾”。故填after。

44．themselves 45．an 46．were 47．usually 48．to 49．taking 50．and 51．interested 52．books 53．more

【导语】本文主要介绍了娱乐活动现在越来越重要，对人们的生活产生了重要的影响。过去人们没有什么娱乐活动，自从改革开放以来中国飞速发展，现在人们有时间也有机会进行各种娱乐活动了。

44．句意：它们是人们在不工作或者不上学时为了放松或者玩得高兴而喜欢做的事情。enjoy oneself表示“过得愉快”，主语是they，反身代词themselves。故填themselves。

45．句意：娱乐活动在人们的生活中扮演重要角色。play a part in表示“扮演角色”，此空为不定冠词，important以元音音素开头，不定冠词用an。故填an。

46．句意：过去，很少有娱乐活动。此处是there be句型，根据时间状语in the past和activities复数形式可知，此空为were。故填were。

47．句意：人们通常在街上玩牌或者下棋。此空为副词修饰动词，usual的副词为usually“通常”。故填usually。

48．句意：看歌剧和听广播是他们空闲时间的主要活动。listen to 表示“听”。故填to。

49．句意：中国人花更多的时间在各种休闲活动上。spend…doing sth.“花费……做某事”。故填taking。

50．句意：很多人喜欢参加或观看像篮球或足球这样的团队运动。to play和to watch是并列的不定式，因此用并列连词and连接。故填and。

51．句意：因为他们对这些（运动）感兴趣。be interested in“对……感兴趣”。故填interested。

52．句意：很多人待在家，休息，读书和看电视。read books表示“读书”，此处book用复数形式，表示多本书。故填books。

53．句意：与之前相比，现在中国人有时间和机会去进行更多种类的娱乐活动。根据“than”可知，此处是形容词比较级，many的比较级为more。故填more。

54．really 55．their 56．getting 57．best 58．of 59．the 60．winner/winners 61．but 62．watching 63．actors

【导语】本文主要介绍了不同人对才艺表演这种形式的不同看法。

54．句意：每个人都有擅长的事情，但有些人真的很有天赋。根据“some people are...(real) talented.”可知，本句句子成分完整，因此填副词修饰形容词talented。故填really。

55．句意：看别人展示他们的才能总是很有趣的。根据“...(they) talents.”可知，这里填they的形容词性物主代词their修饰名词talents。故填their。

56．句意：选秀节目越来越受欢迎。根据“are...(get) more and more popular.”可知，此处填get的现在分词形式构成现在进行时。故填getting。

57．句意：所有这些节目都试图寻找最好的歌手，最令人兴奋的魔术师，最有趣的歌手等。根据“the most exciting magicians, the funniest actors”可知，这里填good的最高级best。故填best。

58．句意：各种各样的人参加这些节目。根据“All kinds...”可知，all kinds of“各种各样的”，固定搭配。故填of。

59．句意：但是谁的钢琴弹得比别人好呢？根据“plays...piano”可知，play the piano“弹钢琴”，固定搭配。故填the。

60．句意：当人们看节目时，他们通常会决定获胜者。根据“Who sings the most beautifully? That’s up to you.”可知，观看节目的人可以决定获胜者，获胜者数量不确定，因此单复数均可。故填winner/winners。

61．句意：这些节目看起来很有趣，但不是每个人都喜欢看这些节目。根据“...not everybody enjoys...(watch) these shows.”可知，前后句是转折关系，因此这里填but。故填but。

62．句意：这些节目看起来很有趣，但不是每个人都喜欢看这些节目。根据“enjoys”可知，enjoy doing sth.“喜欢做某事”。故填watching。

63．句意：节目里的人都是演员。根据“are”可知，这里名词填复数。故填actors。

64．on 65．fourth 66．falls 67．a 68．Families

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了人们在特殊的假期吃传统的食物，特别介绍了北美洲的感恩节人们是如何庆祝的。

64．句意：在大多数国家，人们通常在特殊的假期吃传统的食物。holidays表示“假期”，在此表示指定的日子，其前应用介词on。故填on。

65．句意：在美国，这个节日总在11月的第四个星期四，但是在加拿大，它是在十月的第二个星期一。Thursday是“星期四”，在此表示“感恩节是在第四个星期四”，four的序数词是fourth。故填fourth。

66．句意：在美国，这个节日总在11月的第四个星期四，但是在加拿大，它是在十月的第二个星期一。由is可知该句用一般现在时，it为连词and连接的第二个并列分句的主语，是第三人称单数，动词fall作谓语，也应用其第三人称单数形式falls。故填falls。

67．句意：感恩节是对秋天丰收的食物和人们在生活中喜欢的其它美好事物表达谢意的时候。time在此句表示“……的时候”，是可数名词的单数形式，因此其前应有表示“一”的不定冠词，time为辅音音素开头的单词，不定冠词用a。故填a。

68．句意：许多家庭把感恩节看作是团聚的时候，经常用大型的家庭聚餐来庆祝这个节日。see作为句子的谓语，说明句子是一般现在时，主语应为复数名词，名词family的复数形式为families，位于句首，首字母大写。故填Families。

69．healthy 70．from 71．to buy 72．going 73．will cook

【导语】本文讲述了作者喜欢在家做饭，并从中体验到了烹饪的快乐。

69．句意：外卖现在很流行而且很多人喜欢，但它不如烹饪健康。as…as…表示“和……一样”，中间用形容词或副词原级，根据“it’s”可知，此处缺少形容词作表语，故填healthy。

70．句意：我喜欢在家做饭，但是我的菜不同于普通的中国菜。be different from表示“与……不同”，此处缺少介词，故填from。

71．句意：有时候我不得不上网购买它们。“上网”的目的是购买东西，此处是不定式表目的，故填to buy。

72．句意：我期待着长大后去一所烹饪学校。look forward to表示“盼望，期待”，to是介词，后接动词的-ing形式，故填going。

73．句意：而且将来我会每天为我的家人做饭。根据“in the future”可知，句子时态为一般将来时，故填will cook。

74．to teach 75．quickly 76．to mix 77．more 78．enjoyable

【分析】本文主要讲述了作者妈妈教作者如何包饺子，一切都准备好了之后，爸爸回来了，于是一家人一起包饺子的故事。

74．句意：她决定教我包饺子。固定短语decide to do sth.“决定做某事”，故填to teach。

75．句意：首先，妈妈迅速地把肉和卷心菜切成小块。quick“快速的”，是形容词，此处应用其副词形式quickly修饰前面的动词，故填quickly。

76．句意：然后她教我如何把它们与盐和油混合。mix“混合”，是动词，根据“Then she showed me how...them with salt and oil”可知考查固定结构“特殊疑问词+动词不定式”结构，故填to mix。

77．句意：他们是如此美味，我吃了二十多个饺子。many“许多”，根据“than”可知应用比较级形式more，故填more。

78．句意：这是令人愉快的。enjoy“享受”，是动词，此处应使用其形容词形式enjoyable“令人愉悦的”作表语，故填enjoyable。

79．first 80．beginning 81．resolutions 82．true 83．harder 84．writer 85．on 86．grow 87．around 88．to speak

【分析】文章介绍了新学期开始，同学们各自的计划以及将来想做什么。

79．句意：今天是新学期的第一天。根据空前的“the”可知，此空应该填序数词。“one”的序数词是first。故填first。

80．句意：在课程开始时，陈老师问我们的新年计划是什么。at the beginning of“在……的开始”，是固定短语，故填beginning。

81．句意：在课程开始时，陈老师问我们的新年计划是什么以及我们未来想做什么。根据“Mr. Chen asked us”可知，此空应该用“resolution”的复数。故填resolutions。

82．句意：为了实现我的梦想，我将更加努力地学习。此处指的是come true“实现梦想”，故填true。

83．句意：为了实现我的梦想，我将更加努力地学习，这样我就可以进入一所好大学学习医学。根据“I’m going to study”可知，此处指的是“学习更努力”，空格前有much修饰，形容词用比较级形式，故填harder。

84．句意：所以我希望将来成为一名作家。根据“I’m good at writing.”可知，此处说的是想成为作家，空格前有a修饰，名词应用单数形式，故填writer。

85．句意：为了成为一名作家，我要继续写故事，并寄给杂志和报纸。根据句意可知，此处指的是“继续做某事”，英语表达为keep on doing sth，故填on。

86．句意：当我长大后，我想成为一名导游。根据“I want to be a guide”可知，此处指的是“长大”，表达为grow up，主语是第一人称I，动词用原形，故填grow。

87．句意：我想成为一名导游，带领人们游览不同的国家。根据空后“different countries”可知，此处是指“游览不同的国家”，应该用around“围绕，环绕”。故填around。

88．句意：为了让他们更容易去其他国家旅行，我需要学习说不同的语言。根据“different languages”可知，此处指的是“讲不同的语言”，应该用动词speak，此处是learn to do sth“学会做某事”，故填to speak。

