

Flat, smooth and étale morphisms

1 Flat families

Definition 1. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a morphism of schemes. For a point $\xi \in X$, we say that f is *flat at ξ* if the local ring $\mathcal{O}_{X,\xi}$ is a flat $\mathcal{O}_{Y,f(\xi)}$ -module via the induced map $f_\xi^\# : \mathcal{O}_{Y,f(\xi)} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X,\xi}$. We say that f is *flat* if it is flat at every point $\xi \in X$.

Definition 2. Let X be Y -scheme via a morphism $f : X \rightarrow Y$, and let \mathcal{F} be a sheaf of \mathcal{O}_X -modules. We say that \mathcal{F} is *flat over Y at $\xi \in X$* if the stalk \mathcal{F}_ξ is a flat $\mathcal{O}_{Y,f(\xi)}$ -module via the induced map $f_\xi^\# : \mathcal{O}_{Y,f(\xi)} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X,\xi}$. We say that \mathcal{F} is *flat over Y* if it is flat over Y at every point $\xi \in X$.

Proposition 3. We have the following fundamental properties of flat morphisms:

- (a) open immersions are flat;
- (b) the composition of flat morphisms is flat;
- (c) flatness is preserved under base change;
- (d) a coherent sheaf \mathcal{F} on a noetherian scheme X is flat over X iff it is locally free.

Yang: To be checked.

Proposition 4. Let X be a regular integral scheme of dimension 1 and \mathcal{F} be a coherent sheaf on X . Then \mathcal{F} is flat over X iff it is torsion-free, i.e., for every non-zero-divisor $s \in \mathcal{O}_{X,x}$, the multiplication map

$$s : \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$$

is injective. Yang: To be checked.

Proposition 5. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a flat morphism of schemes of finite type over a field \mathbf{k} . Then for every point $\xi \in X$, we have

$$\dim_\xi X = \dim_{f(\xi)} Y + \dim_\xi X_{f(\xi)}.$$

Yang: To be checked.

Theorem 6 (Miracle flatness). Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a morphism between noetherian schemes. Suppose that X is Cohen–Macaulay and that Y is regular. Then f is flat at $\xi \in X$ iff $\dim_\xi X = \dim_{f(\xi)} Y + \dim_\xi X_{f(\xi)}$. Yang: To be checked.

Theorem 7. Let T be a integral noetherian scheme and $f : X \rightarrow T$ be a projective morphism. Let \mathcal{F} be a coherent sheaf on X . Fix a relatively ample line bundle H on X over T . Then \mathcal{F} is flat over

T iff the Hilbert polynomials

$$P(X_t, \mathcal{F}_t, H_t)(n) = \chi(X_t, \mathcal{F}_t \otimes H_t^{\otimes n})$$

are independent of $t \in T$. Yang: To be checked.

Yang: To be added: deformation, algebraic families...

2 Base change and semicontinuity

Theorem 8 (Grauert's theorem). Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a proper morphism of noetherian schemes, and let \mathcal{F} be a coherent sheaf on X which is flat over Y . Then for each integer $i \geq 0$, the sheaf $R^i f_* \mathcal{F}$ is coherent on Y , and there exists an open subset $U \subseteq Y$ such that for every point $y \in U$, the base change map

$$(R^i f_* \mathcal{F})_y \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_{Y,y}} k(y) \rightarrow H^i(X_y, \mathcal{F}_y)$$

is an isomorphism. Yang: To be checked.

Theorem 9 (Cohomology and base change). Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a proper morphism of noetherian schemes, and let \mathcal{F} be a coherent sheaf on X which is flat over Y . For each integer $i \geq 0$, the following are equivalent:

(a) the base change map

$$(R^i f_* \mathcal{F})_y \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_{Y,y}} k(y) \rightarrow H^i(X_y, \mathcal{F}_y)$$

is an isomorphism for all points $y \in Y$;

(b) the sheaf $R^i f_* \mathcal{F}$ is locally free on Y .

Yang: To be checked.

Theorem 10 (Semicontinuity of cohomology). Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a proper morphism of noetherian schemes, and let \mathcal{F} be a coherent sheaf on X which is flat over Y . Then for each integer $i \geq 0$, the function

$$h^i : Y \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}, \quad y \mapsto \dim_{k(y)} H^i(X_y, \mathcal{F}_y)$$

is upper semicontinuous on Y .

Yang: To be checked.

3 Smooth morphisms

Definition 11. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a morphism of finite type between noetherian schemes. For $\xi \in X$ with image $\zeta = f(\xi) \in Y$, set $\bar{\zeta} : \text{Spec } \overline{\kappa(\zeta)} \rightarrow Y$ to be the geometric point over ζ and $X_{\bar{\zeta}}$ be the geometric fiber over ζ . We say that f is *smooth at ξ* if f is flat at ξ and the geometric fiber $X_{\bar{\zeta}}$ is regular over $\overline{\kappa(\zeta)}$ at every point lying over ξ . We say that f is *smooth* if it is smooth at every point

$\xi \in X$.

Yang: To be checked.

4 Étale morphisms

Definition 12. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a morphism of finite type between noetherian schemes. We say that f is *étale at ξ* if f is smooth and finite at ξ . We say that f is *étale* if it is étale at every point $\xi \in X$.

Yang: To be checked.
