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# *Cone Theorem*



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# Cone Theorem

## 1 Preliminary

**Theorem 1** (Iitaka fibration). Let  $X$  be a projective variety and  $\mathcal{L}$  a line bundle on  $X$ . Let  $\varphi_n : X \dashrightarrow Y_n$  be the dominant rational map associated to  $\mathcal{L}^n$ . Then for  $n \gg 0$ , the rational maps  $\varphi_n$  stable to a fibration  $\varphi_\infty : X \dashrightarrow Y_\infty$  up to birational equivalence.

*Proof.* Here we test cref for the step environment. Test [Step 2](#) for a step label.  $\square$

## 2 Non-vanishing Theorem

**Theorem 2** (Non-vanishing Theorem). Let  $(X, B)$  be a projective klt pair and  $D$  a Cartier divisor on  $X$ . Suppose that  $D$  is nef and  $aD - K_{(X,B)}$  is nef and big for some  $a > 0$ . Then for  $m \gg 0$ , we have

$$H^0(X, mD) \neq 0.$$

## 3 Base Point Free Theorem

**Theorem 3** (Base Point Free Theorem). Let  $(X, B)$  be a projective klt pair and  $D$  a Cartier divisor on  $X$ . Suppose that  $D$  is nef and  $aD - K_{(X,B)}$  is nef and big for some  $a > 0$ . Then  $D$  is semiample.

## 4 Rationality Theorem

**Theorem 4** (Rationality Theorem). Let  $(X, B)$  be a projective klt pair,  $a = a(X) \in \mathbb{Z}$  with  $aK_{(X,B)}$  Cartier and  $H$  an ample divisor on  $X$ . Let

$$t := \inf\{s \geq 0 : K_{(X,B)} + sH \text{ is nef}\}$$

be the nef threshold of  $(X, B)$  with respect to  $H$ . Then  $t = u/v \in \mathbb{Q}$  and

$$0 \leq u \leq a(X) \cdot (\dim X + 1).$$

## 5 Cone Theorem and Contraction Theorem

**Theorem 5** (Cone Theorem). Let  $(X, B)$  be a projective klt pair. Then there exist countably many rational curves  $C_i \subset X$  with

$$0 < -K_{(X,B)} \cdot C_i \leq 2 \dim X$$

such that

(a) we have a decomposition of cones

$$\text{Psef}_1(X) = \text{Psef}_1(X)_{K_{(X,B)} \geq 0} + \sum \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}[C_i];$$

(b) and for any  $\varepsilon > 0$  and an ample divisor  $H$  on  $X$ , we have

$$\text{Psef}_1(X) = \text{Psef}_1(X)_{K_{(X,B)} + \varepsilon H \geq 0} + \sum_{\text{finite}} \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}[C_i].$$

*Proof.* We only need to prove (b) and (a) follows from (b) by taking  $\varepsilon = 1/n$ .

**Step 1.** We show that

$$\text{Psef}_1(X) = \text{Psef}_1(X)_{K_{(X,B)} \geq 0} + \sum \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}[C_i]$$

why it is so long?

**Step 2 (Test Name).** This is a test.

Yang: To be completed. □

*Proof.* The follows are test steps for the step environment.

**Step 1.** test again. In this step, we refer to 2 for a test.

**Step 2.** This is a test. Test cref Theorem 3. □

**Theorem 6** (Contraction Theorem). Let  $(X, B)$  be a projective klt pair and  $F \subset \text{Psef}_1(X)$  a  $K_{(X,B)}$ -negative extremal face of  $\text{Psef}_1(X)$ . Then there exists a fibration  $\varphi_F : X \rightarrow Y$  of projective varieties such that

(a) an irreducible curve  $C \subset X$  is contracted by  $\varphi_F$  if and only if  $[C] \in F$ ;

(b) any line bundle  $\mathcal{L}$  with  $F \subset \mathcal{L}^\perp = \{\alpha \in N_1(X) : \alpha \cdot \mathcal{L} = 0\}$  comes from a line bundle on  $Y$ , i.e., there exists a line bundle  $\mathcal{L}_Y$  on  $Y$  such that  $\mathcal{L} \cong \varphi_F^* \mathcal{L}_Y$ .