
Modular Form



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Definition and Examples

In this section and all the books, we denote by \mathcal{H} the upper half plane, and let $\mathrm{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$ act on \mathcal{H} in the natural way.

Definition 1. Let $\Gamma < \mathrm{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$ be a subgroup of finite index. A *modular form* of *weight* k and *level* Γ is a holomorphic function $f : \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ such that:

- (a) (Automorphy) For all $\gamma = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \in \Gamma$, we have $f(\gamma(z)) = (cz + d)^k f(z)$.
- (b) (Holomorphic at the cusps) For every $\gamma \in \Gamma$, the function $(cz + d)^{-k} f(\gamma(z))$ is bounded as $\mathrm{Im}(z) \rightarrow +\infty$.