

2020-09-25 - 02:44.43
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Quantico
Quantico-Bold
Quantico-Italic
Quantico-BoldItalic

SPACE
uni0020

EXCLAMATION MARK
uni0021

QUOTATION MARK
uni0022

NUMBER SIGN
uni0023

DOLLAR SIGN
uni0024

PERCENT SIGN
uni0025

AMPERSAND
uni0026

APOSTROPHE
uni0027

LEFT PARENTHESIS
uni0028

RIGHT PARENTHESIS
uni0029

ASTERISK
uni002A

PLUS SIGN
uni002B

COMMA
uni002C

HYPHEN-MINUS
uni002D

FULL STOP
uni002E

SOLIDUS
uni002F

| | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | | | |
| ! | ! | ! | ! | ! |
| " | " | " | " | " |
| # | # | # | # | # |
| \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
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|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| DIGIT ZERO uni0030 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DIGIT ONE uni0031 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| DIGIT TWO uni0032 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| DIGIT THREE uni0033 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| DIGIT FOUR uni0034 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| DIGIT FIVE uni0035 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| DIGIT SIX uni0036 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| DIGIT SEVEN uni0037 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| DIGIT EIGHT uni0038 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| DIGIT NINE uni0039 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| COLON uni003A | : | : | : | : | : |
| SEMICOLON uni003B | ; | ; | ; | ; | ; |
| LESS-THAN SIGN uni003C | < | < | < | < | < |
| EQUALS SIGN uni003D | = | = | = | = | = |
| GREATER-THAN SIGN uni003E | > | > | > | > | > |
| QUESTION MARK uni003F | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? |
| COMMERCIAL AT uni0040 | @ | @ | @ | @ | @ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A uni0041 | A | A | A | A | A |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B uni0042 | B | B | B | B | B |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C uni0043 | C | C | C | C | C |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D uni0044 | D | D | D | D | D |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E uni0045 | E | E | E | E | E |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F uni0046 | F | F | F | F | F |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G uni0047 | G | G | G | G | G |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H uni0048 | H | H | H | H | H |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I uni0049 | I | I | I | I | I |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J uni004A | J | J | J | J | J |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K uni004B | K | K | K | K | K |

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L
uni004C

L L L L L

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M
uni004D

M M M M M

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N
uni004E

N N N N N

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O
uni004F

O O O O O

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P
uni0050

P P P P P

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q
uni0051

Q Q Q Q Q

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
uni0052

R R R R R

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S
uni0053

S S S S S

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T
uni0054

T T T T T

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U
uni0055

U U U U U

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V
uni0056

V V V V V

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W
uni0057

W W W W W

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X
uni0058

X X X X X

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
uni0059

Y Y Y Y Y

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z
uni005A

Z Z Z Z Z

LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
uni005B

[[[[[

REVERSE SOLIDUS
uni005C

\ \ \ \ \

RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
uni005D

]]]]]

CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
uni005E

^ ^ ^ ^ ^

LOW LINE
uni005F

_ _ _ _ _

GRAVE ACCENT
uni0060

` ` ` ` `

LATIN SMALL LETTER A
uni0061

a a a a a

LATIN SMALL LETTER B
uni0062

b b b b b

LATIN SMALL LETTER C
uni0063

c c c c c

LATIN SMALL LETTER D
uni0064

d d d d d

LATIN SMALL LETTER E
uni0065

e e e e e

LATIN SMALL LETTER F
uni0066

f f f f f

LATIN SMALL LETTER G
uni0067

g g g g g

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| LATIN SMALL LETTER H uni0068 | h | h | h | h | h |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I uni0069 | i | i | i | i | i |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER J uni006A | j | j | j | j | j |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER K uni006B | k | k | k | k | k |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER L uni006C | l | l | l | l | l |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER M uni006D | m | m | m | m | m |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER N uni006E | n | n | n | n | n |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O uni006F | o | o | o | o | o |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER P uni0070 | p | p | p | p | p |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Q uni0071 | q | q | q | q | q |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER R uni0072 | r | r | r | r | r |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER S uni0073 | s | s | s | s | s |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER T uni0074 | t | t | t | t | t |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U uni0075 | u | u | u | u | u |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER V uni0076 | v | v | v | v | v |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER W uni0077 | w | w | w | w | w |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER X uni0078 | x | x | x | x | x |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y uni0079 | y | y | y | y | y |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Z uni007A | z | z | z | z | z |
| LEFT CURLY BRACKET uni007B | { | { | { | { | { |
| VERTICAL LINE uni007C | | | | | |
| RIGHT CURLY BRACKET uni007D | } | } | } | } | } |
| TILDE uni007E | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| NO-BREAK SPACE uni00A0 | | | | | |
| INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK uni00A1 | ! | ! | ! | ! | ! |
| CENT SIGN uni00A2 | ¢ | ¢ | ¢ | ¢ | ¢ |
| POUND SIGN uni00A3 | £ | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| YEN SIGN uni00A5 | ¥ | ¥ | ¥ | ¥ | ¥ |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| BROKEN BAR uni00A6 | ¡ | ¡ | ¡ | ¡ | ¡ |
| SECTION SIGN uni00A7 | § | § | § | § | § |
| DIAERESIS uni00A8 | ¨ | ¨ | ¨ | ¨ | ¨ |
| COPYRIGHT SIGN uni00A9 | © | © | © | © | © |
| FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00AA | ª | ª | ª | ª | ª |
| LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00AB | « | « | « | « | « |
| REGISTERED SIGN uni00AE | ® | ® | ® | ® | ® |
| MACRON uni00AF | ˉ | ˉ | ˉ | ˉ | ˉ |
| DEGREE SIGN uni00B0 | ° | ° | ° | ° | ° |
| PLUS-MINUS SIGN uni00B1 | ± | ± | ± | ± | ± |
| ACUTE ACCENT uni00B4 | ´ | ´ | ´ | ´ | ´ |
| MICRO SIGN uni00B5 | μ | μ | μ | μ | μ |
| PILCROW SIGN uni00B6 | ¶ | ¶ | ¶ | ¶ | ¶ |
| MIDDLE DOT uni00B7 | · | · | · | · | · |
| CEDILLA uni00B8 | ¸ | ¸ | ¸ | ¸ | ¸ |
| MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00BA | º | º | º | º | º |
| RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00BB | » | » | » | » | » |
| INVERTED QUESTION MARK uni00BF | ¿ | ¿ | ¿ | ¿ | ¿ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00C0 | À | À | À | À | À |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00C1 | Á | Á | Á | Á | Á |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00C2 | Â | Â | Â | Â | Â |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00C3 | Ã | Ã | Ã | Ã | Ã |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00C4 | Ä | Ä | Ä | Ä | Ä |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00C5 | Å | Å | Å | Å | Å |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE uni00C6 | Æ | Æ | Æ | Æ | Æ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00C7 | Ç | Ç | Ç | Ç | Ç |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00C8 | È | È | È | È | È |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00C9 | É | É | É | É | É |

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX
uni00CA

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ê | Ê | Ê | Ê | Ê |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
uni00CB

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ë | Ë | Ë | Ë | Ë |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
uni00CC

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ì | Ì | Ì | Ì | Ì |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
uni00CD

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Í | Í | Í | Í | Í |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
uni00CE

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Î | Î | Î | Î | Î |
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LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
uni00CF

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ï | Ï | Ï | Ï | Ï |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH
uni00D0

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ð | Ð | Ð | Ð | Ð |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE
uni00D1

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ñ | Ñ | Ñ | Ñ | Ñ |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE
uni00D2

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ò | Ò | Ò | Ò | Ò |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE
uni00D3

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ó | Ó | Ó | Ó | Ó |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX
uni00D4

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ô | Ô | Ô | Ô | Ô |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE
uni00D5

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Õ | Õ | Õ | Õ | Õ |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
uni00D6

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ö | Ö | Ö | Ö | Ö |
|---|---|---|---|---|

MULTIPLICATION SIGN
uni00D7

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| × | × | × | × | × |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE
uni00D8

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
uni00D9

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ù | Ù | Ù | Ù | Ù |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
uni00DA

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ú | Ú | Ú | Ú | Ú |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
uni00DB

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Û | Û | Û | Û | Û |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
uni00DC

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ü | Ü | Ü | Ü | Ü |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
uni00DD

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ý | Ý | Ý | Ý | Ý |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN
uni00DE

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Þ | Þ | Þ | Þ | Þ |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S
uni00DF

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ß | ß | ß | ß | ß |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
uni00E0

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| à | à | à | à | à |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
uni00E1

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| á | á | á | á | á |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX
uni00E2

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| â | â | â | â | â |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE
uni00E3

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ã | ã | ã | ã | ã |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
uni00E4

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ä | ä | ä | ä | ä |
|---|---|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| uni00E5 | å | ä | ä | ä | ä |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER AE uni00E6 | æ | æ | æ | æ | æ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00E7 | ç | ç | ç | ç | ç |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00E8 | è | è | è | è | è |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00E9 | é | é | é | é | é |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EA | ê | ê | ê | ê | ê |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00EB | ë | ë | ë | ë | ë |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00EC | ì | ì | ì | ì | ì |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00ED | í | í | í | í | í |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EE | î | î | î | î | î |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00EF | ï | ï | ï | ï | ï |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH uni00F0 | ð | ð | ð | ð | ð |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00F1 | ñ | ñ | ñ | ñ | ñ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00F2 | ò | ò | ò | ò | ò |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00F3 | ó | ó | ó | ó | ó |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00F4 | ô | ô | ô | ô | ô |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE uni00F5 | õ | õ | õ | õ | õ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00F6 | ö | ö | ö | ö | ö |
| DIVISION SIGN uni00F7 | ÷ | ÷ | ÷ | ÷ | ÷ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE uni00F8 | ø | ø | ø | ø | ø |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00F9 | ù | ù | ù | ù | ù |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00FA | ú | ú | ú | ú | ú |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00FB | û | û | û | û | û |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00FC | ü | ü | ü | ü | ü |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00FD | ý | ý | ý | ý | ý |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN uni00FE | þ | þ | þ | þ | þ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni00FF | ÿ | ÿ | ÿ | ÿ | ÿ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH STROKE uni0127 | ħ | ħ | ħ | ħ | ħ |

| | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH TILDE uni0128 | Ĩ | Ĩ | Ĩ | Ĩ | Ĩ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH TILDE uni0129 | ĩ | ĩ | ĩ | ĩ | ĩ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I uni0131 | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı |
| LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE IJ uni0132 | IJ | IJ | IJ | IJ | IJ |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE IJ uni0133 | ij | ij | ij | ij | ij |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni0134 | Ĵ | Ĵ | Ĵ | Ĵ | Ĵ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni0135 | ĵ | ĵ | ĵ | ĵ | ĵ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA uni0137 | ķ | ķ | ķ | ķ | ķ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER KRA uni0138 | ƙ | ƙ | ƙ | ƙ | ƙ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH MIDDLE DOT uni013F | Ł | Ł | Ł | Ł | Ł |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH MIDDLE DOT uni0140 | ł | ł | ł | ł | ł |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE uni0141 | Ł̣ | Ł̣ | Ł̣ | Ł̣ | Ł̣ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE uni0142 | ł̣ | ł̣ | ł̣ | ł̣ | ł̣ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH ACUTE uni0143 | Ń | Ń | Ń | Ń | Ń |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH ACUTE uni0144 | ń | ń | ń | ń | ń |
| LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE uni0152 | Œ | Œ | Œ | Œ | Œ |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE uni0153 | œ | œ | œ | œ | œ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH ACUTE uni0154 | Ŕ | Ŕ | Ŕ | Ŕ | Ŕ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA uni0156 | Ŗ | Ŗ | Ŗ | Ŗ | Ŗ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA uni0157 | ŗ | ŗ | ŗ | ŗ | ŗ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CARON uni0158 | Ř | Ř | Ř | Ř | Ř |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CARON uni0159 | ř | ř | ř | ř | ř |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0160 | Š | Š | Š | Š | Š |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0161 | š | š | š | š | š |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni0178 | Ÿ | Ÿ | Ÿ | Ÿ | Ÿ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017D | Ž | Ž | Ž | Ž | Ž |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017E | ž | ž | ž | ž | ž |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH HOOK uni0192 | ƒ | ƒ | ƒ | ƒ | ƒ |
| MODIFIER LETTER CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| uni02C6 | ˆ | ˆ | ˆ | ˆ | ˆ |
| CARON uni02C7 | ˇ | ˇ | ˇ | ˇ | ˇ |
| BREVE uni02D8 | ˘ | ˘ | ˘ | ˘ | ˘ |
| DOT ABOVE uni02D9 | · | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ | ▪ |
| RING ABOVE uni02DA | ◊ | ◊ | ◊ | ◊ | ◊ |
| OGONEK uni02DB | ˛ | ˛ | ˛ | ˛ | ˛ |
| SMALL TILDE uni02DC | ˜ | ˜ | ˜ | ˜ | ˜ |
| DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT uni02DD | ¨ | ¨ | ¨ | ¨ | ¨ |
| EN DASH uni2013 | — | — | — | — | — |
| EM DASH uni2014 | — | — | — | — | — |
| LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2018 | ‘ | ’ | ’ | ’ | ’ |
| RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2019 | ’ | ’ | ’ | ’ | ’ |
| SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201A | ‚ | ‚ | ‚ | ‚ | ‚ |
| LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201C | “ | ” | ” | ” | ” |
| RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201D | ” | ” | ” | ” | ” |
| DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201E | „ | „ | „ | „ | „ |
| DAGGER uni2020 | † | † | † | † | † |
| DOUBLE DAGGER uni2021 | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| BULLET uni2022 | • | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS uni2026 | … | … | … | … | … |
| PER MILLE SIGN uni2030 | ‰ | ‰ | ‰ | ‰ | ‰ |
| SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2039 | < | < | < | < | < |
| SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni203A | > | > | > | > | > |
| FRACTION SLASH uni2044 | / | / | / | / | / |
| EURO SIGN uni20AC | € | € | € | € | € |
| TRADE MARK SIGN uni2122 | ™ | ™ | ™ | ™ | ™ |
| PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL uni2202 | ∂ | ∂ | ∂ | ∂ | ∂ |
| MINUS SIGN uni2212 | − | − | − | − | − |

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| INFINITY uni221E | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ | ∞ |
| ALMOST EQUAL TO uni2248 | ≈ | ≈ | ≈ | ≈ | ≈ |
| NOT EQUAL TO uni2260 | ≠ | ≠ | ≠ | ≠ | ≠ |
| LESS-THAN OR EQUAL TO uni2264 | ≤ | ≤ | ≤ | ≤ | ≤ |
| GREATER-THAN OR EQUAL TO uni2265 | ≥ | ≥ | ≥ | ≥ | ≥ |
| uniE001 | | ᠁ | ᠁ | ᠂ | ᠂ |
| uniE002 | | ᠒ | ᠒ | ᠓ | ᠓ |
| uniE003 | | ᠒ | ᠒ | ᠒ | ᠒ |
| uniF6BE | | Ƶ | Ƶ | ƶ | ƶ |
| uniF6C3 | | ƶ | ƶ | ƶ | ƶ |
| uniF800 | | ᠒ | ᠒ | ᠒ | ᠒ |
| uniF8FF | | ᠒ | ᠒ | ᠒ | ᠒ |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FI uniFB01 | fi | fi | fi | fi | fi |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FL uniFB02 | fl | fl | fl | fl | fl |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FFI uniFB03 | ffi | ffi | ffi | ffi | ffi |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FFL uniFB04 | ffl | ffl | ffl | ffl | ffl |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE ST uniFB06 | st | st | st | st | st |
| uniFB07 | | ƶ | ƶ | ƶ | ƶ |
| uniFB08 | | ct | ct | ct | ct |

grave.cap

Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)

feature

acute.cap

Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)

feature

caron.cap

Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)

feature

circumflex.cap

Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)

feature

ring.cap

Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)

feature

dieresis.cap

Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)

feature

tilde.cap

Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)

feature



the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own role to play. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (1990–1999) and the number of people in the public sector has increased by 2.5 million (1990–1999).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of public services and to ensure that the public sector is efficient and effective. This has led to a number of initiatives, including the introduction of performance indicators, the establishment of public sector bodies, and the implementation of public sector reform.

The purpose of this paper is to examine the impact of public sector reform on the quality of public services. The paper will first review the literature on public sector reform and quality of public services. It will then discuss the impact of public sector reform on the quality of public services in the UK.

The paper is organized as follows. Section 2 reviews the literature on public sector reform and quality of public services. Section 3 discusses the impact of public sector reform on the quality of public services in the UK. Section 4 concludes.

2. Literature review

There is a growing body of literature on public sector reform and quality of public services. This literature has focused on a number of issues, including the impact of public sector reform on the quality of public services, the impact of public sector reform on the efficiency of public services, and the impact of public sector reform on the cost of public services.

The impact of public sector reform on the quality of public services has been examined in a number of studies. These studies have found that public sector reform can have both positive and negative impacts on the quality of public services.

On the one hand, public sector reform can lead to improvements in the quality of public services. This can be achieved through a number of mechanisms, including the introduction of performance indicators, the establishment of public sector bodies, and the implementation of public sector reform.

On the other hand, public sector reform can also lead to a decline in the quality of public services. This can be achieved through a number of mechanisms, including the reduction of public sector staff, the reduction of public sector funding, and the reduction of public sector services.

The impact of public sector reform on the quality of public services is therefore a complex issue. It is important to consider a number of factors when evaluating the impact of public sector reform on the quality of public services.

These factors include the type of public sector reform, the scope of public sector reform, the timing of public sector reform, and the context of public sector reform.

The type of public sector reform is an important factor to consider. There are a number of different types of public sector reform, including structural reform, managerial reform, and cultural reform.

Structural reform involves the restructuring of public sector organizations. Managerial reform involves the introduction of managerial practices from the private sector into the public sector. Cultural reform involves the introduction of a new culture into the public sector.

The scope of public sector reform is another important factor to consider. Public sector reform can be implemented at the national level, the regional level, or the local level.

The timing of public sector reform is also an important factor to consider. Public sector reform can be implemented as a one-time event or as a continuous process.

Finally, the context of public sector reform is an important factor to consider. Public sector reform can be implemented in a number of different contexts, including a period of economic growth, a period of economic recession, or a period of social change.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 12.5 million (1990 to 1999) (Office of National Statistics, 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of older people in the community. The Department of Health (1999) has published a strategy for older people, which sets out the government's commitment to older people and the actions that will be taken to improve their lives. The strategy is based on the following principles:

- Older people should be able to live independently and actively in the community.
- Older people should be able to access the services and facilities they need to live well.
- Older people should be able to participate in the decisions that affect their lives.

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