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uni0000									
uni000D									
SPACE uni0020									
HYPHEN-MINUS uni002D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NO-BREAK SPACE uni00A0									
HEBREW ACCENT ETNAHTA uni0591									
HEBREW ACCENT SEGOL uni0592									
HEBREW ACCENT SHALSHELET uni0593									
HEBREW ACCENT ZAQEF QATAN uni0594									
HEBREW ACCENT ZAQEF GADOL uni0595									
HEBREW ACCENT TIPEHA uni0596									
HEBREW ACCENT REVIA uni0597									
HEBREW ACCENT ZARQA uni0598									
HEBREW ACCENT PASHTA uni0599									
HEBREW ACCENT YETIV uni059A									
HEBREW ACCENT TEVIR uni059B									

HEBREW ACCENT GERESH
uni059C



HEBREW ACCENT GERESH MUQDAM
uni059D



HEBREW ACCENT GERSHAYIM
uni059E



HEBREW ACCENT QARNEY PARA
uni059F



HEBREW ACCENT TELISHA GEDOLA
uni05A0



HEBREW ACCENT PAZER
uni05A1



HEBREW ACCENT ATNAH HAFUKH
uni05A2



HEBREW ACCENT MUNAH
uni05A3



HEBREW ACCENT MAHAPAKH
uni05A4



HEBREW ACCENT MERKHA
uni05A5



HEBREW ACCENT MERKHA KEFULA
uni05A6



HEBREW ACCENT DARGA
uni05A7



HEBREW ACCENT QADMA
uni05A8



HEBREW ACCENT TELISHA QETANA
uni05A9



HEBREW ACCENT YERAH BEN YOMO
uni05AA



HEBREW ACCENT OLE
uni05AB



HEBREW ACCENT ILUY
uni05AC



HEBREW ACCENT DEHI
uni05AD



HEBREW ACCENT ZINOR
uni05AE



HEBREW MARK MASORA CIRCLE
uni05AF



HEBREW POINT SHEVA
uni05B0

HEBREW POINT HATAF SEGOL
uni05B1

HEBREW POINT HATAF PATAH
uni05B2

HEBREW POINT HATAF QAMATS
uni05B3

HEBREW POINT HIRIQ
uni05B4

HEBREW POINT TSERE
uni05B5

HEBREW POINT SEGOL
uni05B6

HEBREW POINT PATAH
uni05B7

[illegible]

HEBREW LETTER YOD WITH DAGESH
uniFB39

HEBREW LETTER FINAL KAF WITH DAGESH
uniFB3A

HEBREW LETTER KAF WITH DAGESH
uniFB3B

HEBREW LETTER LAMED WITH DAGESH
uniFB3C

HEBREW LETTER MEM WITH DAGESH
uniFB3E

HEBREW LETTER NUN WITH DAGESH
uniFB40

HEBREW LETTER SAMEKH WITH DAGESH
uniFB41

HEBREW LETTER FINAL PE WITH DAGESH
uniFB43

HEBREW LETTER PE WITH DAGESH
uniFB44

HEBREW LETTER TSADI WITH DAGESH
uniFB46

HEBREW LETTER QOF WITH DAGESH
uniFB47

HEBREW LETTER RESH WITH DAGESH
uniFB48

HEBREW LETTER SHIN WITH DAGESH
uniFB49

HEBREW LETTER TAV WITH DAGESH
uniFB4A

HEBREW LETTER VAV WITH HOLAM
uniFB4B

HEBREW LETTER BET WITH RAPE
uniFB4C

HEBREW LETTER KAF WITH RAPE
uniFB4D

HEBREW LETTER PE WITH RAPE
uniFB4E

HEBREW LIGATURE ALEF LAMED
uniFB4F

hatafsegol_zerowidthjoiner_siluqleft-hb
(cannot find base glyph)liga feature

hatafpatah_zerowidthjoiner_siluqleft-hb
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hatafqamats_zerowidthjoiner_siluqleft-hb
(cannot find base glyph)liga feature

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex and diverse entity, and it is difficult to define it precisely. However, it can be described as the part of the economy that is owned and controlled by the state. It includes a wide range of activities, from the provision of health care and education to the provision of social security and the management of public infrastructure.

The public sector is a major source of employment in the UK, and it is also a major source of revenue for the state. The public sector is therefore a key part of the UK economy, and it is important to understand how it is managed and how it is funded.

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the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information production, distribution, access, use and evaluation, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these processes take place. (p. 10)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of communication production, distribution, access, use and evaluation, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these processes take place. (p. 10)

The 'information science' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information production, distribution, access, use and evaluation, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these processes take place. (p. 10)

The 'information studies' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information production, distribution, access, use and evaluation, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these processes take place. (p. 10)

The 'information technology' field is defined as:

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The 'information systems' field is defined as:

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The 'information management' field is defined as:

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The 'information policy' field is defined as:

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The 'information law' field is defined as:

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The 'information sociology' field is defined as:

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