

Noto Serif Malayalam

Noto Serif Malayalam Bold

2020-09-26 - 14:26.42

14:26.45

Print this page

uni0000			
uni000D			
SPACE uni0020			
EXCLAMATION MARK uni0021	!	!	!
QUOTATION MARK uni0022	"	"	"
NUMBER SIGN uni0023	#	#	#
PERCENT SIGN uni0025	%	%	%
APOSTROPHE uni0027	'	'	'
LEFT PARENTHESIS uni0028	(((
RIGHT PARENTHESIS uni0029)))
ASTERISK uni002A	*	*	*
PLUS SIGN uni002B	+	+	+
COMMA uni002C	,	,	,
HYPHEN-MINUS uni002D	-	-	-
FULL STOP uni002E	.	.	.
SOLIDUS uni002F	/	/	/

DIGIT ZERO uni0030	0	0	0
DIGIT ONE uni0031	1	1	1
DIGIT TWO uni0032	2	2	2
DIGIT THREE uni0033	3	3	3
DIGIT FOUR uni0034	4	4	4
DIGIT FIVE uni0035	5	5	5
DIGIT SIX uni0036	6	6	6
DIGIT SEVEN uni0037	7	7	7
DIGIT EIGHT uni0038	8	8	8
DIGIT NINE uni0039	9	9	9
COLON uni003A	:	:	:
SEMICOLON uni003B	;	;	;
LESS-THAN SIGN uni003C	<	<	<
EQUALS SIGN uni003D	=	=	=
GREATER-THAN SIGN uni003E	>	>	>
QUESTION MARK uni003F	?	?	?
LEFT SQUARE BRACKET uni005B	[[[
REVERSE SOLIDUS uni005C	\	\	\
RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET uni005D]]]
CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni005E	^	^	^
LOW LINE uni005F	—	—	—
LEFT CURLY BRACKET uni007B	{	{	{
VERTICAL LINE uni007C			
RIGHT CURLY BRACKET uni007D	}	}	}
TILDE uni007E	~	~	~
NO-BREAK SPACE uni00A0			
SOFT HYPHEN uni00AD			
MULTIPLICATION SIGN uni00D7	×	×	×

DIVISION SIGN uni00F7	÷	÷	÷
COMBINING DOT ABOVE uni0307			
COMBINING DOT BELOW uni0323			
DEVANAGARI DANDA uni0964	।	।	।
DEVANAGARI DOUBLE DANDA uni0965	॥	॥	॥
MALAYALAM SIGN CANDRABINDU uni0D01	ഠ	ഠ	ഠ
MALAYALAM SIGN ANUSVARA uni0D02	ഡ	ഡ	ഡ
MALAYALAM SIGN VISARGA uni0D03	ണ	ണ	ണ
MALAYALAM LETTER A uni0D05	അ	അ	അ
MALAYALAM LETTER AA uni0D06	ആ	ആ	ആ
MALAYALAM LETTER I uni0D07	ഇ	ഇ	ഇ
MALAYALAM LETTER II uni0D08	ഈ	ഈ	ഈ
MALAYALAM LETTER U uni0D09	ഉ	ഉ	ഉ
MALAYALAM LETTER UU uni0D0A	ഊ	ഊ	ഊ
MALAYALAM LETTER VOCALIC R uni0D0B	ഋ	ഋ	ഋ
MALAYALAM LETTER VOCALIC L uni0D0C	ൠ	ൠ	ൠ
MALAYALAM LETTER E uni0D0E	എ	എ	എ
MALAYALAM LETTER EE uni0D0F	ഐ	ഐ	ഐ
MALAYALAM LETTER AI uni0D10	ഐ	ഐ	ഐ
MALAYALAM LETTER O uni0D12	ഒ	ഒ	ഒ
MALAYALAM LETTER OO uni0D13	ഓ	ഓ	ഓ
MALAYALAM LETTER AU uni0D14	ഔ	ഔ	ഔ
MALAYALAM LETTER KA uni0D15	ക	ക	ക
MALAYALAM LETTER KHA uni0D16	ഖ	ഖ	ഖ
MALAYALAM LETTER GA uni0D17	ഗ	ഗ	ഗ
MALAYALAM LETTER GHA uni0D18	ഘ	ഘ	ഘ
MALAYALAM LETTER NG uni0D19	ങ	ങ	ങ
MALAYALAM LETTER CA uni0D1A	ച	ച	ച

MALAYALAM LETTER CHA uni0D1B	ച	ച
MALAYALAM LETTER JA uni0D1C	ജ	ജ
MALAYALAM LETTER JHA uni0D1D	ജ	ജ
MALAYALAM LETTER NYA uni0D1E	ഞ	ഞ
MALAYALAM LETTER TTA uni0D1F	ട	ട
MALAYALAM LETTER TTHA uni0D20	ത	ത
MALAYALAM LETTER DDA uni0D21	ഡ	ഡ
MALAYALAM LETTER DDHA uni0D22	ഢ	ഢ
MALAYALAM LETTER NNA uni0D23	ണ	ണ
MALAYALAM LETTER TA uni0D24	ത	ത
MALAYALAM LETTER THA uni0D25	ഥ	ഥ
MALAYALAM LETTER DA uni0D26	ദ	ദ
MALAYALAM LETTER DHA uni0D27	ധ	ധ
MALAYALAM LETTER NA uni0D28	ന	ന
MALAYALAM LETTER NNNA uni0D29	ണ	ണ
MALAYALAM LETTER PA uni0D2A	പ	പ
MALAYALAM LETTER PHA uni0D2B	ഫ	ഫ
MALAYALAM LETTER BA uni0D2C	ബ	ബ
MALAYALAM LETTER BHA uni0D2D	ഭ	ഭ
MALAYALAM LETTER MA uni0D2E	മ	മ
MALAYALAM LETTER YA uni0D2F	യ	യ
MALAYALAM LETTER RA uni0D30	ര	ര
MALAYALAM LETTER RRA uni0D31	റ	റ
MALAYALAM LETTER LA uni0D32	ല	ല
MALAYALAM LETTER LLA uni0D33	ള	ള
MALAYALAM LETTER LLLA uni0D34	ഴ	ഴ
MALAYALAM LETTER VA uni0D35	വ	വ
MALAYALAM LETTER SHA uni0D36	ശ	ശ

MALAYALAM LETTER SSA uni0D37	ഷ	ഷ
MALAYALAM LETTER SA uni0D38	സ	സ
MALAYALAM LETTER HA uni0D39	ഹ	ഹ
MALAYALAM LETTER TTTA uni0D3A	ട	ട
MALAYALAM SIGN AVAGRAHA uni0D3D	‌‌	‌‌
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN AA uni0D3E	ഃ	ഃ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN I uni0D3F	ി	ി
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN II uni0D40	ീ	ീ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN U uni0D41	ു	ു
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN UU uni0D42	ൂ	ൂ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN VOCALIC R uni0D43	ൃ	ൃ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN VOCALIC RR uni0D44	ൠ	ൠ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN E uni0D46	െ	െ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN EE uni0D47	േ	േ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN AI uni0D48	ൈ	ൈ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN O uni0D4A	ൊ	ൊ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN OO uni0D4B	ോ	ോ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN AU uni0D4C	ൠ	ൠ
MALAYALAM SIGN VIRAMA uni0D4D	്	്
MALAYALAM LETTER DOT REPH uni0D4E	്	്
MALAYALAM AU LENGTH MARK uni0D57	ൠ	ൠ
MALAYALAM LETTER ARCHAIC II uni0D5F	ഌ	ഌ
MALAYALAM LETTER VOCALIC RR uni0D60	ള	ള
MALAYALAM LETTER VOCALIC LL uni0D61	ൠ	ൠ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN VOCALIC L uni0D62	ൠ	ൠ
MALAYALAM VOWEL SIGN VOCALIC LL uni0D63	ൠ	ൠ
MALAYALAM DIGIT ZERO uni0D66	൦	൦
MALAYALAM DIGIT ONE uni0D67	൧	൧

	൧	൧
MALAYALAM DIGIT TWO uni0D68		
MALAYALAM DIGIT THREE uni0D69	൩	൩
MALAYALAM DIGIT FOUR uni0D6A	൪	൪
MALAYALAM DIGIT FIVE uni0D6B	൫	൫
MALAYALAM DIGIT SIX uni0D6C	൬	൬
MALAYALAM DIGIT SEVEN uni0D6D	൭	൭
MALAYALAM DIGIT EIGHT uni0D6E	൮	൮
MALAYALAM DIGIT NINE uni0D6F	൯	൯
MALAYALAM NUMBER TEN uni0D70	൧൦	൧൦
MALAYALAM NUMBER ONE HUNDRED uni0D71	൧൦൦	൧൦൦
MALAYALAM NUMBER ONE THOUSAND uni0D72	൧൦൦൦	൧൦൦൦
MALAYALAM FRACTION ONE QUARTER uni0D73	൧൪	൧൪
MALAYALAM FRACTION ONE HALF uni0D74	൧൪	൧൪
MALAYALAM FRACTION THREE QUARTERS uni0D75	൧൪൩	൧൪൩
MALAYALAM DATE MARK uni0D79	൩	൩
MALAYALAM LETTER CHILLU NN uni0D7A	൩൪	൩൪
MALAYALAM LETTER CHILLU N uni0D7B	൩൪	൩൪
MALAYALAM LETTER CHILLU RR uni0D7C	൪	൪
MALAYALAM LETTER CHILLU L uni0D7D	൪൪	൪൪
MALAYALAM LETTER CHILLU LL uni0D7E	൪൪	൪൪
MALAYALAM LETTER CHILLU K uni0D7F	൪൪	൪൪
ZERO WIDTH SPACE uni200B		
ZERO WIDTH NON-JOINER uni200C		
ZERO WIDTH JOINER uni200D		
EN DASH uni2013	—	—
EM DASH uni2014	—	—

LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK
uni2018



RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK
uni2019



LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK
uni201C



RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK
uni201D



HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS
uni2026



INDIAN RUPEE SIGN
uni20B9



MINUS SIGN
uni2212



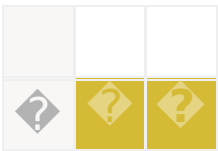
DOTTED CIRCLE
uni25CC



ZERO WIDTH NO-BREAK SPACE
uniFEFF



Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.
mLYAc2



Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.
mIRAc2



Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.
mLLAc2



Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.
mLVAc2



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mIK_KA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mIK_TA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mIK_SSA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mIG_DA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mIG_NA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mIG_MA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mING_KA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mING_NGA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mIJ_JA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mIJ_NYA



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature
mINY_CA



mINY_CHA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mINY_JA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mINY_NYA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mITT_TTA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mINN_TTA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mINN_DDA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mINN_DDHA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mINN_MA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIT_TA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIT_THA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIT_NA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIT_BHA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIT_MA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIT_SA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mID_DA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mID_DHA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIN_TA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIN_THA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIN_DA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIN_DHA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIN_NA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIN_MA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIM_PA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIM_MA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mISH_CA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mISH_CHA

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mIS_THA
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIH_NA
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIH_MA
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mILL_LLA
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIC_CA
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIB_BA
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIY_YA
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIV_VA
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIKA_TTAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIGA_GAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mICA_CHAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIDDA_DDAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIDDA_DDHAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mINNA_NNAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mINchillu_RRAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIPA_PAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIBA_DAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIBA_DHAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mILA_PAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mISHA_SHAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mISSA_TTAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mISA_SAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mISA_RRAc2_RRAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIRRA_RRAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIKA_LAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mIGA_LAc2
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



mITA_LAc2



(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mIPA_LAc2

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mIPHA_LAc2

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mIBA_LAc2

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mIMA_LAc2

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mIM_PA_LAc2

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mILA_LAc2

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mIVA_LAc2

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mISHA_LAc2

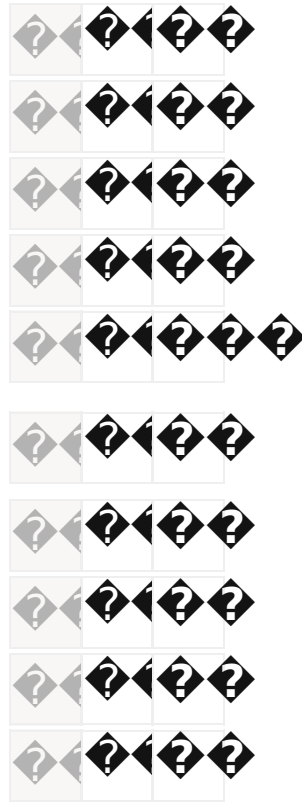
(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mISA_LAc2

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature

mIHA_LAc2

(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature



the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995 (Department of Health 1996).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of care in the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has set out a number of key objectives for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995 (Department of Health 1996).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of care in the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has set out a number of key objectives for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995 (Department of Health 1996).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of care in the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has set out a number of key objectives for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995 (Department of Health 1996).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of care in the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has set out a number of key objectives for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key strategies for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce waiting times, to improve the efficiency of the system, and to improve the financial position of the public sector. The Department of Health (1996) has also set out a number of key principles for the public sector, including the need to be patient-centred, to be transparent, to be accountable, and to be efficient.

the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of information, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of communication, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

These definitions are very similar to those of the 'information' and 'communication' fields in the *Library of Theology* (see above).

The *Library of Theology* also contains a section on 'bibliography', which is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of bibliography, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

The *Library of Theology* also contains a section on 'information science', which is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of information science, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

The *Library of Theology* also contains a section on 'communication science', which is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of communication science, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

The *Library of Theology* also contains a section on 'bibliography science', which is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of bibliography science, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

The *Library of Theology* also contains a section on 'information science', which is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of information science, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

The *Library of Theology* also contains a section on 'communication science', which is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of communication science, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

The *Library of Theology* also contains a section on 'bibliography science', which is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of bibliography science, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

The *Library of Theology* also contains a section on 'information science', which is defined as:

...the study of the nature, scope and uses of information science, and the methods of its collection, organisation, storage, retrieval and dissemination. (p. 1)

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 12.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased from 4.5 million to 6.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000). The number of people aged 65 and over is projected to increase to 15.5 million by 2020, and the number of people aged 75 and over to 8.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of older people in the UK. The Department of Health (1999) has published a strategy for older people, which sets out the government's commitment to improve the lives of older people. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 12.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased from 4.5 million to 6.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000). The number of people aged 65 and over is projected to increase to 15.5 million by 2020, and the number of people aged 75 and over to 8.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of older people in the UK. The Department of Health (1999) has published a strategy for older people, which sets out the government's commitment to improve the lives of older people. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity. The strategy is based on three main principles: (1) to ensure that older people have the opportunity to live independently and actively; (2) to ensure that older people have access to the services and support they need; and (3) to ensure that older people are treated with respect and dignity.

