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Arapey Regular  
Arapey Italic

|                              |    |    |    |
|------------------------------|----|----|----|
| SPACE<br>uni0020             |    |    |    |
| EXCLAMATION MARK<br>uni0021  | !  | !  | !  |
| QUOTATION MARK<br>uni0022    | "  | "  | "  |
| NUMBER SIGN<br>uni0023       | #  | #  | #  |
| DOLLAR SIGN<br>uni0024       | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| PERCENT SIGN<br>uni0025      | %  | %  | %  |
| AMPERSAND<br>uni0026         | &  | &  | &  |
| APOSTROPHE<br>uni0027        | '  | '  | '  |
| LEFT PARENTHESIS<br>uni0028  | (  | (  | (  |
| RIGHT PARENTHESIS<br>uni0029 | )  | )  | )  |
| ASTERISK<br>uni002A          | *  | *  | *  |
| PLUS SIGN<br>uni002B         | +  | +  | +  |
| COMMA<br>uni002C             | ,  | ,  | ,  |
| HYPHEN-MINUS<br>uni002D      | -  | -  | -  |
| FULL STOP<br>uni002E         | .  | .  | .  |
| SOLIDUS<br>uni002F           | /  | /  | /  |

|                                   |   |   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| DIGIT ZERO<br>uni0030             | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DIGIT ONE<br>uni0031              | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| DIGIT TWO<br>uni0032              | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| DIGIT THREE<br>uni0033            | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| DIGIT FOUR<br>uni0034             | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| DIGIT FIVE<br>uni0035             | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| DIGIT SIX<br>uni0036              | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| DIGIT SEVEN<br>uni0037            | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| DIGIT EIGHT<br>uni0038            | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| DIGIT NINE<br>uni0039             | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| COLON<br>uni003A                  | : | : | : |
| SEMICOLON<br>uni003B              | ; | ; | ; |
| LESS-THAN SIGN<br>uni003C         | < | < | < |
| EQUALS SIGN<br>uni003D            | = | = | = |
| GREATER-THAN SIGN<br>uni003E      | > | > | > |
| QUESTION MARK<br>uni003F          | ? | ? | ? |
| COMMERCIAL AT<br>uni0040          | @ | @ | @ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A<br>uni0041 | A | A | A |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B<br>uni0042 | B | B | B |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C<br>uni0043 | C | C | C |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D<br>uni0044 | D | D | D |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E<br>uni0045 | E | E | E |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F<br>uni0046 | F | F | F |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G<br>uni0047 | G | G | G |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H<br>uni0048 | H | H | H |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I<br>uni0049 | I | I | I |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J<br>uni004A | J | J | J |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K<br>uni004B | K | K | K |

|                                   |   |   |          |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|----------|
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L<br>uni004C | L | L | <i>L</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M<br>uni004D | M | M | <i>M</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N<br>uni004E | N | N | <i>N</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O<br>uni004F | O | O | <i>O</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P<br>uni0050 | P | P | <i>P</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q<br>uni0051 | Q | Q | <i>Q</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R<br>uni0052 | R | R | <i>R</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S<br>uni0053 | S | S | <i>S</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T<br>uni0054 | T | T | <i>T</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U<br>uni0055 | U | U | <i>U</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V<br>uni0056 | V | V | <i>V</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W<br>uni0057 | W | W | <i>W</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X<br>uni0058 | X | X | <i>X</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y<br>uni0059 | Y | Y | <i>Y</i> |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z<br>uni005A | Z | Z | <i>Z</i> |
| LEFT SQUARE BRACKET<br>uni005B    | [ | l | <i>l</i> |
| REVERSE SOLIDUS<br>uni005C        | \ | \ | \        |
| RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET<br>uni005D   | ] | l | <i>l</i> |
| CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT<br>uni005E      | ^ | ^ | ^        |
| LOW LINE<br>uni005F               | — | — | —        |
| GRAVE ACCENT<br>uni0060           | ` | ` | `        |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER A<br>uni0061   | a | a | <i>a</i> |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER B<br>uni0062   | b | b | <i>b</i> |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER C<br>uni0063   | c | c | <i>c</i> |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER D<br>uni0064   | d | d | <i>d</i> |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER E<br>uni0065   | e | e | <i>e</i> |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER F<br>uni0066   | f | f | <i>f</i> |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER G<br>uni0067   | g | g | <i>g</i> |

|                                      |   |   |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| LATIN SMALL LETTER H<br>uni0068      | h | h | h |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I<br>uni0069      | i | i | i |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER J<br>uni006A      | j | j | j |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER K<br>uni006B      | k | k | k |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER L<br>uni006C      | l | l | l |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER M<br>uni006D      | m | m | m |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER N<br>uni006E      | n | n | n |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O<br>uni006F      | o | o | o |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER P<br>uni0070      | p | p | p |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Q<br>uni0071      | q | q | q |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER R<br>uni0072      | r | r | r |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER S<br>uni0073      | s | s | s |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER T<br>uni0074      | t | t | t |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U<br>uni0075      | u | u | u |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER V<br>uni0076      | v | v | v |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER W<br>uni0077      | w | w | w |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER X<br>uni0078      | x | x | x |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y<br>uni0079      | y | y | y |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Z<br>uni007A      | z | z | z |
| LEFT CURLY BRACKET<br>uni007B        | { | { | { |
| VERTICAL LINE<br>uni007C             |   |   |   |
| RIGHT CURLY BRACKET<br>uni007D       | } | } | } |
| TILDE<br>uni007E                     | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| NO-BREAK SPACE<br>uni00A0            |   |   |   |
| INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK<br>uni00A1 | ¡ | ¡ | ¡ |
| CENT SIGN<br>uni00A2                 | ¢ | ¢ | ¢ |
| POUND SIGN<br>uni00A3                | £ | £ | £ |
| CURRENCY SIGN<br>uni00A4             | ¤ | ¤ | ¤ |

|   |   |     |     |
|---|---|-----|-----|
| YEN SIGN<br>uni00A5                                   | ¥ | ¥   | ¥   |
| BROKEN BAR<br>uni00A6                                 | ¦ | ¦   | ¦   |
| SECTION SIGN<br>uni00A7                               | § | §   | §   |
| DIAERESIS<br>uni00A8                                  | ¨ | ¨   | ¨   |
| COPYRIGHT SIGN<br>uni00A9                             | © | ©   | ©   |
| FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR<br>uni00AA                 | ª | a   | a   |
| LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK<br>uni00AB  | « | «   | «   |
| NOT SIGN<br>uni00AC                                   | ¬ | ¬   | ¬   |
| REGISTERED SIGN<br>uni00AE                            | ® | ®   | ®   |
| MACRON<br>uni00AF                                     | ¯ | ¯   | ¯   |
| DEGREE SIGN<br>uni00B0                                | ° | °   | °   |
| PLUS-MINUS SIGN<br>uni00B1                            | ± | ±   | ±   |
| SUPERSCRIFT TWO<br>uni00B2                            | ² | 2   | 2   |
| SUPERSCRIFT THREE<br>uni00B3                          | ³ | 3   | 3   |
| ACUTE ACCENT<br>uni00B4                               | ´ | ´   | ´   |
| MICRO SIGN<br>uni00B5                                 | µ | µ   | µ   |
| PILCROW SIGN<br>uni00B6                               | ¶ | ¶   | ¶   |
| MIDDLE DOT<br>uni00B7                                 | · | ·   | ·   |
| CEDILLA<br>uni00B8                                    | ¸ | ¸   | ¸   |
| SUPERSCRIFT ONE<br>uni00B9                            | ¹ | 1   | 1   |
| MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR<br>uni00BA                | º | o   | o   |
| RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK<br>uni00BB | » | »   | »   |
| VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER<br>uni00BC                | ¼ | 1/4 | 1/4 |
| VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF<br>uni00BD                   | ½ | 1/2 | 1/2 |
| VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS<br>uni00BE             | ¾ | 3/4 | 3/4 |
| INVERTED QUESTION MARK<br>uni00BF                     | ¿ | ¿   | ¿   |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE<br>uni00C0          | À | À   | À   |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE<br>uni00C1          | Á | Á   | Á   |

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX  
uni00C2

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Â | Ã | Ä |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE  
uni00C3

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ã | Ä | Å |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS  
uni00C4

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ä | Å | Æ |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE  
uni00C5

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Å | Æ | Ç |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE  
uni00C6

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Æ | Ç | È |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA  
uni00C7

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ç | È | É |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE  
uni00C8

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| È | É | Ê |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE  
uni00C9

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| É | Ê | Ë |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX  
uni00CA

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ê | Ë | Ï |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS  
uni00CB

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ë | Ï | Ì |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE  
uni00CC

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ì | Í | Î |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE  
uni00CD

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Í | Î | Ï |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX  
uni00CE

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Î | Ï | Ñ |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS  
uni00CF

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ï | Ñ | Ò |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH  
uni00D0

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ð | Ñ | Ò |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE  
uni00D1

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ñ | Ò | Ó |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE  
uni00D2

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ò | Ó | Ô |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE  
uni00D3

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ó | Ô | Õ |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX  
uni00D4

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ô | Õ | Ö |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE  
uni00D5

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Õ | Ö | × |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS  
uni00D6

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ö | × | × |
|---|---|---|

MULTIPLICATION SIGN  
uni00D7

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| × | × | × |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE  
uni00D8

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ø | × | × |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE  
uni00D9

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ù | × | × |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE  
uni00DA

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ú | × | × |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX  
uni00DB

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Û | × | × |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS  
uni00DC

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ü | Ü | Ü |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE  
uni00DD

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ý | Ý | Ý |
|---|---|---|

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN  
uni00DE

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Þ | Þ | Þ |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S  
uni00DF

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ß | ß | ß |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE  
uni00E0

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| à | à | à |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE  
uni00E1

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| á | á | á |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX  
uni00E2

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| â | â | â |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE  
uni00E3

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ã | ã | ã |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS  
uni00E4

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ä | ä | ä |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE  
uni00E5

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| å | å | å |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER AE  
uni00E6

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| æ | æ | æ |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA  
uni00E7

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ç | ç | ç |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE  
uni00E8

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| è | è | è |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE  
uni00E9

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| é | é | é |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX  
uni00EA

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ê | ê | ê |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS  
uni00EB

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ë | ë | ë |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE  
uni00EC

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ì | ì | ì |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE  
uni00ED

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| í | í | í |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX  
uni00EE

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| î | î | î |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS  
uni00EF

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ï | ï | ï |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH  
uni00F0

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ð | ð | ð |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE  
uni00F1

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ñ | ñ | ñ |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE  
uni00F2

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ò | ò | ò |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE  
uni00F3

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ó | ó | ó |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX  
uni00F4

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ô | ô | ô |
|---|---|---|

LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE  
uni00F5

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| õ | õ | õ |
|---|---|---|

|  |   |   |   |
|--|---|---|---|
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS<br>uni00F6   | ö | ö | ö |
| DIVISION SIGN<br>uni00F7                         | ÷ | ÷ | ÷ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE<br>uni00F8      | ø | ø | ø |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE<br>uni00F9       | ù | ù | ù |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE<br>uni00FA       | ú | ú | ú |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX<br>uni00FB  | û | û | û |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS<br>uni00FC   | ü | ü | ü |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE<br>uni00FD       | ý | ý | ý |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN<br>uni00FE              | þ | þ | þ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS<br>uni00FF   | ÿ | ÿ | ÿ |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I<br>uni0131          | ı | ı | ı |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE<br>uni0141    | Ł | Ł | Ł |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE<br>uni0142      | ł | ł | ł |
| LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE<br>uni0152             | Œ | Œ | Œ |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE<br>uni0153               | œ | œ | œ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON<br>uni0160     | Š | Š | Š |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON<br>uni0161       | š | š | š |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS<br>uni0178 | Ÿ | Ÿ | Ÿ |
| LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON<br>uni017D     | Ž | Ž | Ž |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON<br>uni017E       | ž | ž | ž |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH HOOK<br>uni0192        | ƒ | ƒ | ƒ |
| MODIFIER LETTER CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT<br>uni02C6     | ˆ | ˆ | ˆ |
| CARON<br>uni02C7                                 | ˇ | ˇ | ˇ |
| BREVE<br>uni02D8                                 | ˘ | ˘ | ˘ |
| DOT ABOVE<br>uni02D9                             | ˙ | ˙ | ˙ |
| RING ABOVE<br>uni02DA                            | ˚ | ˚ | ˚ |
| OGONEK<br>uni02DB                                | ˛ | ˛ | ˛ |
| SMALL TILDE<br>uni02DC                           | ˜ | ˜ | ˜ |



|   |     |     |     |
|---|-----|-----|-----|
|   | ~   | ~   | ~   |
| DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT<br>uni02DD                        | “   | ”   | ”   |
| GREEK SMALL LETTER PI<br>uni03C0                      | π   | Π   | Π   |
| EN DASH<br>uni2013                                    | —   | —   | —   |
| EM DASH<br>uni2014                                    | —   | —   | —   |
| LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK<br>uni2018                 | ‘   | ‘   | ‘   |
| RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK<br>uni2019                | ’   | ’   | ’   |
| SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK<br>uni201A                | ’   | ’   | ’   |
| LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK<br>uni201C                 | “   | “   | “   |
| RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK<br>uni201D                | ”   | ”   | ”   |
| DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK<br>uni201E                | ”   | ”   | ”   |
| DAGGER<br>uni2020                                     | †   | †   | †   |
| DOUBLE DAGGER<br>uni2021                              | ‡   | ‡   | ‡   |
| BULLET<br>uni2022                                     | •   | •   | •   |
| HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS<br>uni2026                        | ... | ... | ... |
| PER MILLE SIGN<br>uni2030                             | ‰   | ‰   | ‰   |
| SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK<br>uni2039  | <   | <   | <   |
| SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK<br>uni203A | >   | >   | >   |
| FRACTION SLASH<br>uni2044                             | /   | /   | /   |
| EURO SIGN<br>uni20AC                                  | €   | €   | €   |
| TRADE MARK SIGN<br>uni2122                            | ™   | ™   | ™   |
| OHM SIGN<br>uni2126                                   | Ω   | Ω   | Ω   |
| PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL<br>uni2202                       | ∂   | ∂   | ∂   |
| INCREMENT<br>uni2206                                  | Δ   | Δ   | Δ   |
| N-ARY PRODUCT<br>uni220F                              | ∏   | ∏   | ∏   |
| N-ARY SUMMATION<br>uni2211                            | Σ   | Σ   | Σ   |
| MINUS SIGN<br>uni2212                                 | —   | —   | —   |
| SQUARE ROOT<br>uni221A                                | √   | √   | √   |

|                                     |     |     |     |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| INFINITY<br>uni221E                 | ∞   | ∞   | ∞   |
| INTEGRAL<br>uni222B                 | ∫   | ∫   | ∫   |
| ALMOST EQUAL TO<br>uni2248          | ≈   | ≈   | ≈   |
| NOT EQUAL TO<br>uni2260             | ≠   | ≠   | ≠   |
| LESS-THAN OR EQUAL TO<br>uni2264    | ≤   | ≤   | ≤   |
| GREATER-THAN OR EQUAL TO<br>uni2265 | ≥   | ≥   | ≥   |
| LOZENGE<br>uni25CA                  | ◇   | ◇   | ◇   |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FF<br>uniFB00  | ff  | ff  | ff  |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FI<br>uniFB01  | fi  | fi  | fi  |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FL<br>uniFB02  | fl  | fl  | fl  |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FFI<br>uniFB03 | ffi | ffi | ffi |
| LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FFL<br>uniFB04 | ffl | ffl | ffl |

apple  
Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.

apple  
Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.

































the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 4.5 million women employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 3.5 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of young people, with 1.5 million young people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities, with 1.5 million people with disabilities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from ethnic minorities, with 1.5 million people from ethnic minorities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Soviet Union, with 1.5 million people from the former Soviet Union employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Caribbean, with 1.5 million people from the Caribbean employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Indian subcontinent, with 1.5 million people from the Indian subcontinent employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Middle East, with 1.5 million people from the Middle East employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the African continent, with 1.5 million people from the African continent employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Pacific Islands, with 1.5 million people from the Pacific Islands employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Balkans, with 1.5 million people from the Balkans employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Yugoslavia, with 1.5 million people from the former Yugoslavia employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Czech Republic, with 1.5 million people from the former Czech Republic employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Poland, with 1.5 million people from the former Poland employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Hungary, with 1.5 million people from the former Hungary employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Slovakia, with 1.5 million people from the former Slovakia employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Bulgaria, with 1.5 million people from the former Bulgaria employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Romania, with 1.5 million people from the former Romania employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Greece, with 1.5 million people from the former Greece employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Spain, with 1.5 million people from the former Spain employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Portugal, with 1.5 million people from the former Portugal employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Italy, with 1.5 million people from the former Italy employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former France, with 1.5 million people from the former France employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Germany, with 1.5 million people from the former Germany employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Netherlands, with 1.5 million people from the former Netherlands employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Belgium, with 1.5 million people from the former Belgium employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

