



2020-09-25 - 16:39.27
16:39.28

Print this page

Oxanium ExtraLight
Oxanium Light
Oxanium Regular
Oxanium Medium
Oxanium SemiBold
Oxanium Bold
Oxanium ExtraBold

uni0000							
uni000D							
SPACE uni0020							
EXCLAMATION MARK uni0021	!	!	!	!	!	!	!
QUOTATION MARK uni0022	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
NUMBER SIGN uni0023	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
DOLLAR SIGN uni0024	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
PERCENT SIGN uni0025	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
AMPERSAND uni0026	&	&	&	&	&	&	&
APOSTROPHE uni0027	'	'	'	'	'	'	'
LEFT PARENTHESIS uni0028	(((((((
RIGHT PARENTHESIS uni0029)))))))
ASTERISK uni002A	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
PLUS SIGN uni002B	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
COMMA uni002C	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
HYPHEN-MINUS uni002D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

FULL STOP uni002E
SOLIDUS uni002F	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
DIGIT ZERO uni0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DIGIT ONE uni0031	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
DIGIT TWO uni0032	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
DIGIT THREE uni0033	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
DIGIT FOUR uni0034	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
DIGIT FIVE uni0035	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
DIGIT SIX uni0036	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
DIGIT SEVEN uni0037	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
DIGIT EIGHT uni0038	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
DIGIT NINE uni0039	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
COLON uni003A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
SEMICOLON uni003B	;	;	;	;	;	;	;
LESS-THAN SIGN uni003C	<	<	<	<	<	<	<
EQUALS SIGN uni003D	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
GREATER-THAN SIGN uni003E	>	>	>	>	>	>	>
QUESTION MARK uni003F	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
COMMERCIAL AT uni0040	@	@	@	@	@	@	@
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A uni0041	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B uni0042	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C uni0043	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D uni0044	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E uni0045	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F uni0046	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G uni0047	G	G	G	G	G	G	G
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H uni0048	H	H	H	H	H	H	H

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I uni0049	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J uni004A	J	J	J	J	J	J	J
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K uni004B	K	K	K	K	K	K	K
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L uni004C	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M uni004D	M	M	M	M	M	M	M
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N uni004E	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O uni004F	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P uni0050	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q uni0051	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R uni0052	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S uni0053	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T uni0054	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U uni0055	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V uni0056	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W uni0057	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X uni0058	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y uni0059	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z uni005A	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
LEFT SQUARE BRACKET uni005B	[[[[[[[
REVERSE SOLIDUS uni005C	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET uni005D]]]]]]]
CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni005E	^	^	^	^	^	^	^
LOW LINE uni005F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
GRAVE ACCENT uni0060	`	`	`	`	`	`	`
LATIN SMALL LETTER A uni0061	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
LATIN SMALL LETTER B uni0062	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
LATIN SMALL LETTER C uni0063	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
LATIN SMALL LETTER D uni0064	d	d	d	d	d	d	d

LATIN SMALL LETTER E uni0065	e	e	e	e	e	e	e
LATIN SMALL LETTER F uni0066	f	f	f	f	f	f	f
LATIN SMALL LETTER G uni0067	g	g	g	g	g	g	g
LATIN SMALL LETTER H uni0068	h	h	h	h	h	h	h
LATIN SMALL LETTER I uni0069	i	i	i	i	i	i	i
LATIN SMALL LETTER J uni006A	j	j	j	j	j	j	j
LATIN SMALL LETTER K uni006B	k	k	k	k	k	k	k
LATIN SMALL LETTER L uni006C	l	l	l	l	l	l	l
LATIN SMALL LETTER M uni006D	m	m	m	m	m	m	m
LATIN SMALL LETTER N uni006E	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
LATIN SMALL LETTER O uni006F	o	o	o	o	o	o	o
LATIN SMALL LETTER P uni0070	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
LATIN SMALL LETTER Q uni0071	q	q	q	q	q	q	q
LATIN SMALL LETTER R uni0072	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
LATIN SMALL LETTER S uni0073	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
LATIN SMALL LETTER T uni0074	t	t	t	t	t	t	t
LATIN SMALL LETTER U uni0075	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
LATIN SMALL LETTER V uni0076	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
LATIN SMALL LETTER W uni0077	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
LATIN SMALL LETTER X uni0078	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y uni0079	y	y	y	y	y	y	y
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z uni007A	z	z	z	z	z	z	z
LEFT CURLY BRACKET uni007B	{	{	{	{	{	{	{
VERTICAL LINE uni007C							
RIGHT CURLY BRACKET uni007D	}	}	}	}	}	}	}
TILDE uni007E	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
NO-BREAK SPACE uni00A0							

INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK uni00A1	¡	¡	¡	¡	¡	¡	¡
CENT SIGN uni00A2	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢
POUND SIGN uni00A3	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
CURRENCY SIGN uni00A4	¤	¤	¤	¤	¤	¤	¤
YEN SIGN uni00A5	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥
BROKEN BAR uni00A6	¦	¦	¦	¦	¦	¦	¦
SECTION SIGN uni00A7	§	§	§	§	§	§	§
DIAERESIS uni00A8	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨
COPYRIGHT SIGN uni00A9	©	©	©	©	©	©	©
FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00AA	ª	ª	ª	ª	ª	ª	ª
LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00AB	«	«	«	«	«	«	«
NOT SIGN uni00AC	¬	¬	¬	¬	¬	¬	¬
SOFT HYPHEN uni00AD							
REGISTERED SIGN uni00AE	®	®	®	®	®	®	®
MACRON uni00AF	¯	¯	¯	¯	¯	¯	¯
DEGREE SIGN uni00B0	°	°	°	°	°	°	°
PLUS-MINUS SIGN uni00B1	±	±	±	±	±	±	±
SUPERSCRRIPT TWO uni00B2	²	²	²	²	²	²	²
SUPERSCRRIPT THREE uni00B3	³	³	³	³	³	³	³
ACUTE ACCENT uni00B4	´	´	´	´	´	´	´
MICRO SIGN uni00B5	µ	µ	µ	µ	µ	µ	µ
PILCROW SIGN uni00B6	¶	¶	¶	¶	¶	¶	¶
MIDDLE DOT uni00B7	·	·	·	·	·	·	·
CEDILLA uni00B8	¸	¸	¸	¸	¸	¸	¸
SUPERSCRRIPT ONE uni00B9	¹	¹	¹	¹	¹	¹	¹
MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00BA	º	º	º	º	º	º	º
RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00BB	»	»	»	»	»	»	»
VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER uni00BC	¼	¼	¼	¼	¼	¼	¼

VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF uni00BD	½	½	½	½	½	½	½
VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS uni00BE	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾
INVERTED QUESTION MARK uni00BF	¿	¿	¿	¿	¿	¿	¿
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00C0	À	À	À	À	À	À	À
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00C1	Á	Á	Á	Á	Á	Á	Á
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00C2	Â	Â	Â	Â	Â	Â	Â
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00C3	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00C4	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00C5	Å	Å	Å	Å	Å	Å	Å
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE uni00C6	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00C7	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00C8	È	È	È	È	È	È	È
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00C9	É	É	É	É	É	É	É
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CA	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00CB	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00CC	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00CD	Í	Í	Í	Í	Í	Í	Í
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CE	Î	Î	Î	Î	Î	Î	Î
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00CF	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH uni00D0	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00D1	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00D2	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00D3	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00D4	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE uni00D5	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00D6	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö
MULTIPLICATION SIGN uni00D7	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE							

uni00D8	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00D9	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00DA	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00DB	Û	Û	Û	Û	Û	Û	Û
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00DC	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00DD	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN uni00DE	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ
LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S uni00DF	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00E0	à	à	à	à	à	à	à
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00E1	á	á	á	á	á	á	á
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00E2	â	â	â	â	â	â	â
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00E3	ã	ã	ã	ã	ã	ã	ã
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00E4	ä	ä	ä	ä	ä	ä	ä
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00E5	å	å	å	å	å	å	å
LATIN SMALL LETTER AE uni00E6	æ	æ	æ	æ	æ	æ	æ
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00E7	ç	ç	ç	ç	ç	ç	ç
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00E8	è	è	è	è	è	è	è
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00E9	é	é	é	é	é	é	é
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EA	ê	ê	ê	ê	ê	ê	ê
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00EB	ë	ë	ë	ë	ë	ë	ë
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00EC	ì	ì	ì	ì	ì	ì	ì
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00ED	í	í	í	í	í	í	í
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EE	î	î	î	î	î	î	î
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00EF	ï	ï	ï	ï	ï	ï	ï
LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH uni00F0	ð	ð	ð	ð	ð	ð	ð
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00F1	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00F2	ò	ò	ò	ò	ò	ò	ò
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00F3	ó	ó	ó	ó	ó	ó	ó

LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00F4	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE uni00F5	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00F6	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö
DIVISION SIGN uni00F7	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE uni00F8	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00F9	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00FA	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00FB	Û	Û	Û	Û	Û	Û	Û
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00FC	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00FD	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý
LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN uni00FE	þ	þ	þ	þ	þ	þ	þ
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni00FF	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH MACRON uni0100	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH MACRON uni0101	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE uni0102	Ă	Ă	Ă	Ă	Ă	Ă	Ă
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE uni0103	ă	ă	ă	ă	ă	ă	ă
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH OGONEK uni0104	Ą	Ą	Ą	Ą	Ą	Ą	Ą
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH OGONEK uni0105	ą	ą	ą	ą	ą	ą	ą
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH ACUTE uni0106	Ć	Ć	Ć	Ć	Ć	Ć	Ć
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH ACUTE uni0107	ć	ć	ć	ć	ć	ć	ć
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CARON uni010C	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CARON uni010D	č	č	č	č	č	č	č
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH CARON uni010E	Ď	Ď	Ď	Ď	Ď	Ď	Ď
LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CARON uni010F	d'	d'	d'	d'	d'	d'	d'
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH STROKE uni0110	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð
LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH STROKE uni0111	đ	đ	đ	đ	đ	đ	đ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON uni0112	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON uni0113	ē	ē	ē	ē	ē	ē	ē
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE							

	uni0116	É	É	É	É	É	É	É
		è	è	è	è	è	è	è
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE								
	uni0117							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK		Ę	Ę	Ę	Ę	Ę	Ę	Ę
	uni0118							
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK		ę	ę	ę	ę	ę	ę	ę
	uni0119							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CARON		Ě	Ě	Ě	Ě	Ě	Ě	Ě
	uni011A							
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CARON		ě	ě	ě	ě	ě	ě	ě
	uni011B							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH BREVE		Ğ	Ğ	Ğ	Ğ	Ğ	Ğ	Ğ
	uni011E							
LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH BREVE		ğ	ğ	ğ	ğ	ğ	ğ	ğ
	uni011F							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA		Ġ	Ġ	Ġ	Ġ	Ġ	Ġ	Ġ
	uni0122							
LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA		ġ	ġ	ġ	ġ	ġ	ġ	ġ
	uni0123							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH MACRON		Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī
	uni012A							
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH MACRON		ī	ī	ī	ī	ī	ī	ī
	uni012B							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH OGONEK		Į	Į	Į	Į	Į	Į	Į
	uni012E							
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH OGONEK		į	į	į	į	į	į	į
	uni012F							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOT ABOVE		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
	uni0130							
LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
	uni0131							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA		Ƙ	Ƙ	Ƙ	Ƙ	Ƙ	Ƙ	Ƙ
	uni0136							
LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA		ƙ	ƙ	ƙ	ƙ	ƙ	ƙ	ƙ
	uni0137							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH ACUTE		Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ
	uni0139							
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH ACUTE		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
	uni013A							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA		Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ
	uni013B							
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA		ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ
	uni013C							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CARON		Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ
	uni013D							
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CARON		ľ	ľ	ľ	ľ	ľ	ľ	ľ
	uni013E							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE		Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł
	uni0141							
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE		ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł
	uni0142							
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH ACUTE		Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń
	uni0143							
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH ACUTE								

	uni0144	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CEDILLA	uni0145	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CEDILLA	uni0146	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CARON	uni0147	Ň	Ň	Ň	Ň	Ň	Ň	Ň
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CARON	uni0148	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON	uni014C	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON	uni014D	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	uni0150	Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	uni0151	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő
LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE	uni0152	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE	uni0153	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH ACUTE	uni0154	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ
LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH ACUTE	uni0155	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA	uni0156	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ
LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA	uni0157	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CARON	uni0158	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř
LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CARON	uni0159	ř	ř	ř	ř	ř	ř	ř
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH ACUTE	uni015A	Ś	Ś	Ś	Ś	Ś	Ś	Ś
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH ACUTE	uni015B	ś	ś	ś	ś	ś	ś	ś
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CEDILLA	uni015E	Ş	Ş	Ş	Ş	Ş	Ş	Ş
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CEDILLA	uni015F	ş	ş	ş	ş	ş	ş	ş
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON	uni0160	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON	uni0161	š	š	š	š	š	š	š
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CEDILLA	uni0162	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ	Ţ
LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CEDILLA	uni0163	ţ	ţ	ţ	ţ	ţ	ţ	ţ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CARON	uni0164	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť
LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CARON	uni0165	ť	ť	ť	ť	ť	ť	ť
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON	uni016A	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū

LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON uni016B	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH RING ABOVE uni016E	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH RING ABOVE uni016F	ů	ů	ů	ů	ů	ů	ů
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE uni0170	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE uni0171	ú	ú	ú	ú	ú	ú	ú
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH OGONEK uni0172	Ų	Ų	Ų	Ų	Ų	Ų	Ų
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH OGONEK uni0173	ų	ų	ų	ų	ų	ų	ų
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni0178	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH ACUTE uni0179	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH ACUTE uni017A	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE uni017B	Ẑ	Ẑ	Ẑ	Ẑ	Ẑ	Ẑ	Ẑ
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE uni017C	ẑ	ẑ	ẑ	ẑ	ẑ	ẑ	ẑ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017D	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017E	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH HOOK uni0192	ƒ	ƒ	ƒ	ƒ	ƒ	ƒ	ƒ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH COMMA BELOW uni0218	Ș	Ș	Ș	Ș	Ș	Ș	Ș
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH COMMA BELOW uni0219	ș	ș	ș	ș	ș	ș	ș
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH COMMA BELOW uni021A	Ț	Ț	Ț	Ț	Ț	Ț	Ț
LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH COMMA BELOW uni021B	ț	ț	ț	ț	ț	ț	ț
LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS J uni0237	Ƶ	Ƶ	Ƶ	Ƶ	Ƶ	Ƶ	Ƶ
MODIFIER LETTER CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni02C6	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ
CARON uni02C7	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ
MODIFIER LETTER MACRON uni02C9	˘	˘	˘	˘	˘	˘	˘
BREVE uni02D8	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ
DOT ABOVE uni02D9	˙	˙	˙	˙	˙	˙	˙
RING ABOVE uni02DA	◌̊	◌̊	◌̊	◌̊	◌̊	◌̊	◌̊
OGONEK uni02DB	◌̛	◌̛	◌̛	◌̛	◌̛	◌̛	◌̛
SMALL TILDE	◌̃	◌̃	◌̃	◌̃	◌̃	◌̃	◌̃

uni02DC	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT uni02DD	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨
COMBINING GRAVE ACCENT uni0300							
COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT uni0301							
COMBINING CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni0302							
COMBINING TILDE uni0303							
COMBINING MACRON uni0304							
COMBINING BREVE uni0306							
COMBINING DOT ABOVE uni0307							
COMBINING DIAERESIS uni0308							
COMBINING RING ABOVE uni030A							
COMBINING DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT uni030B							
COMBINING CARON uni030C							
COMBINING COMMA BELOW uni0326							
COMBINING CEDILLA uni0327							
COMBINING OGONEK uni0328							
GREEK SMALL LETTER PI uni03C0	π	π	π	π	π	π	π
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER SHARP S uni1E9E	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß
EN DASH uni2013	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
EM DASH uni2014	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2018	'	'	'	'	'	'	'
RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2019	'	'	'	'	'	'	'
SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201A	'	'	'	'	'	'	'
LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201C	“	“	“	“	“	“	“
RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201D	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201E	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
DAGGER uni2020	†	†	†	†	†	†	†
DOUBLE DAGGER uni2021	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡

BULLET uni2022	•	▪	▪	▪	▪	▪	▪
HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS uni2026	…	…	…	…	…	…	…
PER MILLE SIGN uni2030	‰	‰	‰	‰	‰	‰	‰
SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2039	<	<	<	<	<	<	<
SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni203A	>	>	>	>	>	>	>
FRACTION SLASH uni2044	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
SUPERSCRIPT ZERO uni2070	⁰	⁰	⁰	⁰	⁰	⁰	⁰
SUPERSCRIPT FOUR uni2074	⁴	⁴	⁴	⁴	⁴	⁴	⁴
SUBSCRIPT ZERO uni2080	₀	₀	₀	₀	₀	₀	₀
SUBSCRIPT ONE uni2081	₁	₁	₁	₁	₁	₁	₁
SUBSCRIPT TWO uni2082	₂	₂	₂	₂	₂	₂	₂
SUBSCRIPT THREE uni2083	₃	₃	₃	₃	₃	₃	₃
SUBSCRIPT FOUR uni2084	₄	₄	₄	₄	₄	₄	₄
EURO SIGN uni20AC	€	€	€	€	€	€	€
TURKISH LIRA SIGN uni20BA	₺	₺	₺	₺	₺	₺	₺
RUBLE SIGN uni20BD	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽
SCRIPT SMALL L uni2113	ℓ	ℓ	ℓ	ℓ	ℓ	ℓ	ℓ
TRADE MARK SIGN uni2122	™	™	™	™	™	™	™
OHM SIGN uni2126	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω
ESTIMATED SYMBOL uni212E	ℰ	ℰ	ℰ	ℰ	ℰ	ℰ	ℰ
PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL uni2202	∂	∂	∂	∂	∂	∂	∂
INCREMENT uni2206	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
N-ARY PRODUCT uni220F	∏	∏	∏	∏	∏	∏	∏
N-ARY SUMMATION uni2211	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ
MINUS SIGN uni2212	−	−	−	−	−	−	−
DIVISION SLASH uni2215	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
BULLET OPERATOR uni2219	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
SQUARE ROOT uni221A	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
INFINITY							

	uni221E	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞
	INTEGRAL uni222B	∫	∫	∫	∫	∫	∫	∫
	ALMOST EQUAL TO uni2248	≈	≈	≈	≈	≈	≈	≈
	NOT EQUAL TO uni2260	≠	≠	≠	≠	≠	≠	≠
	LESS-THAN OR EQUAL TO uni2264	≤	≤	≤	≤	≤	≤	≤
	GREATER-THAN OR EQUAL TO uni2265	≥	≥	≥	≥	≥	≥	≥
	LOZENGE uni25CA	◇	◇	◇	◇	◇	◇	◇
	uniF000	Hi	▲	▲	▲	▲	▲	▲
	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FI uniFB01	fi	fi	fi	fi	fi	fi	fi
	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FL uniFB02	fl	fl	fl	fl	fl	fl	fl

Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni030C.alt						
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni0326.alt						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni0300.cap						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni0301.cap						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni0302.cap						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni0303.cap						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni0304.cap						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni0306.cap						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni0307.cap						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni0308.cap						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni030A.cap						
Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character) feature	uni030B.cap						
uni030C.cap							

Ending "cap" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)
feature

zero.zero
zero feature

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

one.pnum
pnum feature

1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

four.pnum
pnum feature

4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

seven.pnum
pnum feature

7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1999). The public sector has become an important employer of people with mental health problems, and the number of people with mental health problems employed in the public sector has increased from 10,000 in 1980 to 20,000 in 1999 (Mental Health Foundation, 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to improve the mental health of people in the public sector, and the need to provide training and support to public sector employees. The Mental Health Foundation (2000) has identified a number of key areas for action, including: (1) the need to improve the mental health of public sector employees; (2) the need to provide training and support to public sector employees; (3) the need to improve the mental health of people in the public sector; and (4) the need to provide training and support to people in the public sector.

The purpose of this paper is to review the literature on the mental health of people in the public sector, and to identify the key areas for action. The paper is organized as follows: (1) a review of the literature on the mental health of people in the public sector; (2) a review of the literature on the need to provide training and support to public sector employees; (3) a review of the literature on the need to improve the mental health of people in the public sector; and (4) a review of the literature on the need to provide training and support to people in the public sector.

The first section of the paper reviews the literature on the mental health of people in the public sector. The second section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to public sector employees. The third section reviews the literature on the need to improve the mental health of people in the public sector. The fourth section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to people in the public sector.

The first section of the paper reviews the literature on the mental health of people in the public sector. The second section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to public sector employees. The third section reviews the literature on the need to improve the mental health of people in the public sector. The fourth section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to people in the public sector.

The first section of the paper reviews the literature on the mental health of people in the public sector. The second section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to public sector employees. The third section reviews the literature on the need to improve the mental health of people in the public sector. The fourth section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to people in the public sector.

The first section of the paper reviews the literature on the mental health of people in the public sector. The second section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to public sector employees. The third section reviews the literature on the need to improve the mental health of people in the public sector. The fourth section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to people in the public sector.

The first section of the paper reviews the literature on the mental health of people in the public sector. The second section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to public sector employees. The third section reviews the literature on the need to improve the mental health of people in the public sector. The fourth section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to people in the public sector.

The first section of the paper reviews the literature on the mental health of people in the public sector. The second section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to public sector employees. The third section reviews the literature on the need to improve the mental health of people in the public sector. The fourth section reviews the literature on the need to provide training and support to people in the public sector.

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are undernourished has increased from 600 million to 800 million (FAO 1996).

There are a number of reasons why the world's population is becoming more undernourished. First, the world's population is growing rapidly. The world population is projected to reach 6 billion by the year 2000, and to reach 8 billion by the year 2025 (UNEP 1992).

Second, the world's population is becoming more urban. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in urban areas. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 60% (UNEP 1992).

Third, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from other countries. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from other countries. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Fourth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the private sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the private sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Fifth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the public sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the public sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Sixth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the non-profit sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the non-profit sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Seventh, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the voluntary sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the voluntary sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Eighth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the government sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the government sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Ninth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the international community. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the international community. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Tenth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the private sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the private sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Eleventh, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the public sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the public sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Twelfth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the non-profit sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the non-profit sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Thirteenth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the voluntary sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the voluntary sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Fourteenth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the government sector. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the government sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

Fifteenth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the international community. In 1990, 15% of the world's population was dependent on food from the international community. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 25% (UNEP 1992).

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 4.5 million women employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 3.5 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of young people, with 1.5 million young people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities, with 1.5 million people with disabilities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from ethnic minorities, with 1.5 million people from ethnic minorities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 50 years of age, with 1.5 million people over 50 years of age employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are under 25 years of age, with 1.5 million people under 25 years of age employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are single, with 1.5 million single people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are married, with 1.5 million married people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are divorced, with 1.5 million divorced people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are widowed, with 1.5 million widowed people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are cohabiting, with 1.5 million cohabiting people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living alone, with 1.5 million people living alone employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a civil partnership, with 1.5 million people in a civil partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a common-law partnership, with 1.5 million people in a common-law partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a registered partnership, with 1.5 million people in a registered partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a civil union, with 1.5 million people in a civil union employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a civil partnership, with 1.5 million people in a civil partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a common-law partnership, with 1.5 million people in a common-law partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 4.5 million women employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 3.5 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of young people, with 1.5 million young people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities, with 1.5 million people with disabilities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from ethnic minorities, with 1.5 million people from ethnic minorities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 50 years of age, with 1.5 million people over 50 years of age employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are under 25 years of age, with 1.5 million people under 25 years of age employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are single, with 1.5 million single people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are married, with 1.5 million married people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are divorced, with 1.5 million divorced people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are widowed, with 1.5 million widowed people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are cohabiting, with 1.5 million cohabiting people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living alone, with 1.5 million people living alone employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a civil partnership, with 1.5 million people in a civil partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a common-law partnership, with 1.5 million people in a common-law partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a registered partnership, with 1.5 million people in a registered partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a civil union, with 1.5 million people in a civil union employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a civil partnership, with 1.5 million people in a civil partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a common-law partnership, with 1.5 million people in a common-law partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

