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Advent Pro ExtraLight
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Advent Pro Bold

SPACE
uni0020

EXCLAMATION MARK
uni0021

QUOTATION MARK
uni0022

NUMBER SIGN
uni0023

DOLLAR SIGN
uni0024

PERCENT SIGN
uni0025

AMPERSAND
uni0026

APOSTROPHE
uni0027

LEFT PARENTHESIS
uni0028

RIGHT PARENTHESIS
uni0029

ASTERISK
uni002A

PLUS SIGN
uni002B

COMMA
uni002C

HYPHEN-MINUS
uni002D

FULL STOP
uni002E

SOLIDUS
uni002F

!	!	!	!	!	!	!	!
"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
&	&	&	&	&	&	&	&
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/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

DIGIT ZERO uni0030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DIGIT ONE uni0031	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
DIGIT TWO uni0032	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
DIGIT THREE uni0033	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
DIGIT FOUR uni0034	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
DIGIT FIVE uni0035	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
DIGIT SIX uni0036	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
DIGIT SEVEN uni0037	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
DIGIT EIGHT uni0038	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
DIGIT NINE uni0039	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
COLON uni003A	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
SEMICOLON uni003B	;	;	;	;	;	;	;
LESS-THAN SIGN uni003C	<	<	<	<	<	<	<
EQUALS SIGN uni003D	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
GREATER-THAN SIGN uni003E	>	>	>	>	>	>	>
QUESTION MARK uni003F	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
COMMERCIAL AT uni0040	@	@	@	@	@	@	@
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A uni0041	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B uni0042	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C uni0043	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D uni0044	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E uni0045	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F uni0046	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G uni0047	G	G	G	G	G	G	G
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H uni0048	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I uni0049	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J uni004A	J	J	J	J	J	J	J

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K
uni004B

K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L
uni004C

L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M
uni004D

M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N
uni004E

N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O
uni004F

O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P
uni0050

P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q
uni0051

Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
uni0052

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S
uni0053

S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T
uni0054

T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U
uni0055

U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V
uni0056

V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W
uni0057

W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X
uni0058

X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
uni0059

Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z
uni005A

Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
uni005B

[[[[[[[[
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

REVERSE SOLIDUS
uni005C

\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
uni005D

]]]]]]]]
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
uni005E

^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOW LINE
uni005F

_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

GRAVE ACCENT
uni0060

`	`	`	`	`	`	`	`
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN SMALL LETTER A
uni0061

a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN SMALL LETTER B
uni0062

b	b	b	b	b	b	b	b
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN SMALL LETTER C
uni0063

c	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN SMALL LETTER D
uni0064

d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN SMALL LETTER E
uni0065

e	e	e	e	e	e	e	e
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN SMALL LETTER F
uni0066

f	f	f	f	f	f	f	f
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LATIN SMALL LETTER G uni0067	g	g	g	g	g	g	g
LATIN SMALL LETTER H uni0068	h	h	h	h	h	h	h
LATIN SMALL LETTER I uni0069	i	i	i	i	i	i	i
LATIN SMALL LETTER J uni006A	j	j	j	j	j	j	j
LATIN SMALL LETTER K uni006B	k	k	k	k	k	k	k
LATIN SMALL LETTER L uni006C	l	l	l	l	l	l	l
LATIN SMALL LETTER M uni006D	m	m	m	m	m	m	m
LATIN SMALL LETTER N uni006E	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
LATIN SMALL LETTER O uni006F	o	o	o	o	o	o	o
LATIN SMALL LETTER P uni0070	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
LATIN SMALL LETTER Q uni0071	q	q	q	q	q	q	q
LATIN SMALL LETTER R uni0072	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
LATIN SMALL LETTER S uni0073	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
LATIN SMALL LETTER T uni0074	t	t	t	t	t	t	t
LATIN SMALL LETTER U uni0075	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
LATIN SMALL LETTER V uni0076	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
LATIN SMALL LETTER W uni0077	w	w	w	w	w	w	w
LATIN SMALL LETTER X uni0078	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y uni0079	y	y	y	y	y	y	y
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z uni007A	z	z	z	z	z	z	z
LEFT CURLY BRACKET uni007B	{	{	{	{	{	{	{
VERTICAL LINE uni007C							
RIGHT CURLY BRACKET uni007D	}	}	}	}	}	}	}
TILDE uni007E	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
NO-BREAK SPACE uni00A0							
INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK uni00A1	!	!	!	!	!	!	!
CENT SIGN uni00A2	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢

POUND SIGN uni00A3	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
CURRENCY SIGN uni00A4	¤	¤	¤	¤	¤	¤	¤
YEN SIGN uni00A5	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥
SECTION SIGN uni00A7	§	§	§	§	§	§	§
DIAERESIS uni00A8	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨
COPYRIGHT SIGN uni00A9	©	©	©	©	©	©	©
FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00AA	ª	ª	ª	ª	ª	ª	ª
LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00AB	«	«	«	«	«	«	«
SOFT HYPHEN uni00AD							
REGISTERED SIGN uni00AE	®	®	®	®	®	®	®
MACRON uni00AF	¯	¯	¯	¯	¯	¯	¯
DEGREE SIGN uni00B0	°	°	°	°	°	°	°
PLUS-MINUS SIGN uni00B1	±	±	±	±	±	±	±
ACUTE ACCENT uni00B4	´	´	´	´	´	´	´
MICRO SIGN uni00B5	µ	µ	µ	µ	µ	µ	µ
PILCROW SIGN uni00B6	¶	¶	¶	¶	¶	¶	¶
CEDILLA uni00B8	¸	¸	¸	¸	¸	¸	¸
RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00BB	»	»	»	»	»	»	»
INVERTED QUESTION MARK uni00BF	¿	¿	¿	¿	¿	¿	¿
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00C0	À	À	À	À	À	À	À
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00C1	Á	Á	Á	Á	Á	Á	Á
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00C2	Â	Â	Â	Â	Â	Â	Â
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00C3	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00C4	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00C5	Å	Å	Å	Å	Å	Å	Å
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE uni00C6	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00C7	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00C8	È	È	È	È	È	È	È

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00C9	É	É	É	É	É	É	É
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CA	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00CB	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00CC	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00CD	Í	Í	Í	Í	Í	Í	Í
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CE	Î	Î	Î	Î	Î	Î	Î
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00CF	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH uni00D0	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00D1	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00D2	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00D3	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00D4	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE uni00D5	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00D6	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö
MULTIPLICATION SIGN uni00D7	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE uni00D8	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00D9	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00DA	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00DB	Û	Û	Û	Û	Û	Û	Û
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00DC	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00DD	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN uni00DE	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ
LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S uni00DF	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00E0	à	à	à	à	à	à	à
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00E1	á	á	á	á	á	á	á
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00E2	â	â	â	â	â	â	â
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00E3	ã	ã	ã	ã	ã	ã	ã
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS							

	uni00E4	ä	ä	ä	ä	ä	ä	ä
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE	uni00E5	å	å	å	å	å	å	å
LATIN SMALL LETTER AE	uni00E6	æ	æ	æ	æ	æ	æ	æ
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA	uni00E7	ç	ç	ç	ç	ç	ç	ç
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE	uni00E8	è	è	è	è	è	è	è
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE	uni00E9	é	é	é	é	é	é	é
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni00EA	ê	ê	ê	ê	ê	ê	ê
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS	uni00EB	ë	e	e	e	ë	ë	ë
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE	uni00EC	ì	ì	ì	ì	ì	ì	ì
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE	uni00ED	í	í	í	í	í	í	í
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni00EE	î	î	î	î	î	î	î
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS	uni00EF	ï	ï	ï	ï	ï	ï	ï
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE	uni00F1	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE	uni00F2	ò	ò	ò	ò	ò	ò	ò
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE	uni00F3	ó	ó	ó	ó	ó	ó	ó
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni00F4	ô	ô	ô	ô	ô	ô	ô
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE	uni00F5	õ	õ	õ	õ	õ	õ	õ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS	uni00F6	ö	o	o	o	ö	ö	ö
DIVISION SIGN	uni00F7	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE	uni00F8	ø	ø	ø	ø	ø	ø	ø
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE	uni00F9	ù	ù	ù	ù	ù	ù	ù
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE	uni00FA	ú	ú	ú	ú	ú	ú	ú
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni00FB	û	û	û	û	û	û	û
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS	uni00FC	ü	u	u	u	ü	ü	ü
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE	uni00FD	ý	ý	ý	ý	ý	ý	ý
LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN	uni00FE	þ	p	p	p	p	p	p
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS	uni00FF	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH MACRON	uni0100	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā	Ā

LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH MACRON uni0101	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE uni0102	Ă	Ă	Ă	Ă	Ă	Ă	Ă
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE uni0103	ă	ă	ă	ă	ă	ă	ă
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH OGONEK uni0104	Ą	Ą	Ą	Ą	Ą	Ą	Ą
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH OGONEK uni0105	ą	ą	ą	ą	ą	ą	ą
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH ACUTE uni0106	Ć	Ć	Ć	Ć	Ć	Ć	Ć
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH ACUTE uni0107	ć	ć	ć	ć	ć	ć	ć
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni0108	Ĉ	Ĉ	Ĉ	Ĉ	Ĉ	Ĉ	Ĉ
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni0109	ĉ	ĉ	ĉ	ĉ	ĉ	ĉ	ĉ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH DOT ABOVE uni010A	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH DOT ABOVE uni010B	č	č	č	č	č	č	č
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CARON uni010C	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č	Č
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CARON uni010D	č	č	č	č	č	č	č
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH CARON uni010E	Ď	Ď	Ď	Ď	Ď	Ď	Ď
LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CARON uni010F	d'	d'	d'	d'	d'	d'	d'
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH STROKE uni0110	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð
LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH STROKE uni0111	đ	đ	đ	đ	đ	đ	đ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON uni0112	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē	Ē
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON uni0113	ē	ē	ē	ē	ē	ē	ē
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE uni0116	Ė	Ė	Ė	Ė	Ė	Ė	Ė
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE uni0117	ė	ė	ė	ė	ė	ė	ė
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK uni0118	Ę	Ę	Ę	Ę	Ę	Ę	Ę
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK uni0119	ę	ę	ę	ę	ę	ę	ę
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CARON uni011A	Ě	Ě	Ě	Ě	Ě	Ě	Ě
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CARON uni011B	ě	ě	ě	ě	ě	ě	ě
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni011C	Ĝ	Ĝ	Ĝ	Ĝ	Ĝ	Ĝ	Ĝ
LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni011D	ĝ	ĝ	ĝ	ĝ	ĝ	ĝ	ĝ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH BREVE uni011E	Ğ	Ğ	Ğ	Ğ	Ğ	Ğ	Ğ
LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH BREVE							

	uni011F	ǧ	ǧ	ǧ	ǧ	ǧ	ǧ	ǧ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH DOT ABOVE	uni0120	Ġ	Ġ	Ġ	Ġ	Ġ	Ġ	Ġ
LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH DOT ABOVE	uni0121	ğ	ğ	ğ	ğ	ğ	ğ	ğ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA	uni0122	Ģ	Ģ	Ģ	Ģ	Ģ	Ģ	Ģ
LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CEDILLA	uni0123	ģ	ģ	ģ	ģ	ģ	ģ	ģ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni0124	Ĥ	Ĥ	Ĥ	Ĥ	Ĥ	Ĥ	Ĥ
LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni0125	ĥ	ĥ	ĥ	ĥ	ĥ	ĥ	ĥ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH STROKE	uni0126	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ
LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH STROKE	uni0127	ħ	ħ	ħ	ħ	ħ	ħ	ħ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH TILDE	uni0128	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH TILDE	uni0129	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH MACRON	uni012A	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī	Ī
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH MACRON	uni012B	ī	ī	ī	ī	ī	ī	ī
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH OGONEK	uni012E	Į	Į	Į	Į	Į	Į	Į
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH OGONEK	uni012F	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOT ABOVE	uni0130	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I	uni0131	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni0134	Ĵ	Ĵ	Ĵ	Ĵ	Ĵ	Ĵ	Ĵ
LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni0135	ĵ	ĵ	ĵ	ĵ	ĵ	ĵ	ĵ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA	uni0136	Ķ	Ķ	Ķ	Ķ	Ķ	Ķ	Ķ
LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA	uni0137	ķ	ķ	ķ	ķ	ķ	ķ	ķ
LATIN SMALL LETTER KRA	uni0138	Ɔ	Ɔ	Ɔ	Ɔ	Ɔ	Ɔ	Ɔ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH ACUTE	uni0139	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ	Ĺ
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH ACUTE	uni013A	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA	uni013B	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CEDILLA	uni013C	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH CARON	uni013D	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CARON								

	uni013E	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE	uni0141	Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE	uni0142	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH ACUTE	uni0143	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH ACUTE	uni0144	ń	ń	ń	ń	ń	ń	ń
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CEDILLA	uni0145	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CEDILLA	uni0146	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH CARON	uni0147	Ň	Ň	Ň	Ň	Ň	Ň	Ň
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH CARON	uni0148	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ENG	uni014A	Ŋ	Ŋ	Ŋ	Ŋ	Ŋ	Ŋ	Ŋ
LATIN SMALL LETTER ENG	uni014B	ŋ	ŋ	ŋ	ŋ	ŋ	ŋ	ŋ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON	uni014C	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON	uni014D	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	uni0150	Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő	Ő
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	uni0151	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő
LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE	uni0152	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE	uni0153	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH ACUTE	uni0154	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ
LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH ACUTE	uni0155	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	ŕ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA	uni0156	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ
LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA	uni0157	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CARON	uni0158	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř
LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CARON	uni0159	ř	ř	ř	ř	ř	ř	ř
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH ACUTE	uni015A	Ś	Ś	Ś	Ś	Ś	Ś	Ś
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH ACUTE	uni015B	ś	ś	ś	ś	ś	ś	ś
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni015C	Ŝ	Ŝ	Ŝ	Ŝ	Ŝ	Ŝ	Ŝ
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CIRCUMFLEX	uni015D	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ	ŝ
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CEDILLA	uni015F	Ș	Ș	Ș	Ș	Ș	Ș	Ș

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0160	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0161	š	š	š	š	š	š	š
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CEDILLA uni0162	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť
LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CEDILLA uni0163	ť	ť	ť	ť	ť	ť	ť
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH CARON uni0164	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř	Ř
LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CARON uni0165	ř	ř	ř	ř	ř	ř	ř
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH STROKE uni0166	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ
LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH STROKE uni0167	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ	Ƨ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH TILDE uni0168	Ũ	Ũ	Ũ	Ũ	Ũ	Ũ	Ũ
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH TILDE uni0169	ũ	ũ	ũ	ũ	ũ	ũ	ũ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON uni016A	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON uni016B	ū	ū	ū	ū	ū	ū	ū
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH BREVE uni016C	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH BREVE uni016D	ů	ů	ů	ů	ů	ů	ů
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH RING ABOVE uni016E	Ű	Ű	Ű	Ű	Ű	Ű	Ű
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH RING ABOVE uni016F	ű	ű	ű	ű	ű	ű	ű
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE uni0170	Ű	Ű	Ű	Ű	Ű	Ű	Ű
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE uni0171	ű	ű	ű	ű	ű	ű	ű
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH OGONEK uni0172	Ų	Ų	Ų	Ų	Ų	Ų	Ų
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH OGONEK uni0173	ų	ų	ų	ų	ų	ų	ų
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni0178	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH ACUTE uni0179	Ź	Ź	Ź	Ź	Ź	Ź	Ź
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH ACUTE uni017A	ź	ź	ź	ź	ź	ź	ź
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE uni017B	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE uni017C	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017D	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017E	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH COMMA BELOW							

uni0218	Š	š	Š	š	Š	š	Š	š
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH COMMA BELOW uni0219	Ŧ	ŧ	Ŧ	ŧ	Ŧ	ŧ	Ŧ	ŧ
LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS J uni0237	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
MODIFIER LETTER CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni02C6	^	^	^	^	^	^	^	^
CARON uni02C7	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ
BREVE uni02D8	˘	˘	˘	˘	˘	˘	˘	˘
DOT ABOVE uni02D9	˙	˙	˙	˙	˙	˙	˙	˙
RING ABOVE uni02DA	◊	◊	◊	◊	◊	◊	◊	◊
OGONEK uni02DB	˛	˛	˛	˛	˛	˛	˛	˛
SMALL TILDE uni02DC	˜	˜	˜	˜	˜	˜	˜	˜
DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT uni02DD	˝	˝	˝	˝	˝	˝	˝	˝
GREEK DIALYTIKA TONOS uni0385	͂	͂	͂	͂	͂	͂	͂	͂
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA WITH TONOS uni0386	Ἀ	Ἀ	Ἀ	Ἀ	Ἀ	Ἀ	Ἀ	Ἀ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON WITH TONOS uni0388	Ἐ	Ἐ	Ἐ	Ἐ	Ἐ	Ἐ	Ἐ	Ἐ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA WITH TONOS uni0389	Ἠ	Ἠ	Ἠ	Ἠ	Ἠ	Ἠ	Ἠ	Ἠ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH TONOS uni038A	Ἢ	Ἢ	Ἢ	Ἢ	Ἢ	Ἢ	Ἢ	Ἢ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON WITH TONOS uni038C	Ἤ	Ἤ	Ἤ	Ἤ	Ἤ	Ἤ	Ἤ	Ἤ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH TONOS uni038E	Ἦ	Ἦ	Ἦ	Ἦ	Ἦ	Ἦ	Ἦ	Ἦ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA WITH TONOS uni038F	Ἲ	Ἲ	Ἲ	Ἲ	Ἲ	Ἲ	Ἲ	Ἲ
GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA AND TONOS uni0390	ῖ	ῖ	ῖ	ῖ	ῖ	ῖ	ῖ	ῖ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ALPHA uni0391	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER BETA uni0392	Β	Β	Β	Β	Β	Β	Β	Β
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER GAMMA uni0393	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER DELTA uni0394	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER EPSILON uni0395	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ZETA uni0396	Ζ	Ζ	Ζ	Ζ	Ζ	Ζ	Ζ	Ζ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER ETA uni0397	Η	Η	Η	Η	Η	Η	Η	Η
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER THETA uni0398	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ

GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA uni0399	Ι	ι	ι	ι	ι	ι	ι
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER KAPPA uni039A	Κ	κ	κ	κ	κ	κ	κ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER LAMDA uni039B	Λ	λ	λ	λ	λ	λ	λ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER MU uni039C	Μ	μ	μ	μ	μ	μ	μ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER NU uni039D	Ν	ν	ν	ν	ν	ν	ν
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER XI uni039E	Ξ	ξ	ξ	ξ	ξ	ξ	ξ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMICRON uni039F	Ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PI uni03A0	Π	π	π	π	π	π	π
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER RHO uni03A1	Ρ	ρ	ρ	ρ	ρ	ρ	ρ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER SIGMA uni03A3	Σ	σ	σ	σ	σ	σ	σ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER TAU uni03A4	Τ	τ	τ	τ	τ	τ	τ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON uni03A5	Υ	υ	υ	υ	υ	υ	υ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PHI uni03A6	Φ	φ	φ	φ	φ	φ	φ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER CHI uni03A7	Χ	χ	χ	χ	χ	χ	χ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER PSI uni03A8	Ψ	ψ	ψ	ψ	ψ	ψ	ψ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA uni03AA	Ϊ	ϊ	ϊ	ϊ	ϊ	ϊ	ϊ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA uni03AB	Ϋ	ϣ	ϣ	ϣ	ϣ	ϣ	ϣ
GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH TONOS uni03AC	Ά	ά	ά	ά	ά	ά	ά
GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON WITH TONOS uni03AD	Έ	έ	έ	έ	έ	έ	έ
GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA WITH TONOS uni03AE	Ή	ή	ή	ή	ή	ή	ή
GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH TONOS uni03AF	Ί	ί	ί	ί	ί	ί	ί
GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA AND TONOS uni03B0	ΰ	ϣ	ϣ	ϣ	ϣ	ϣ	ϣ
GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA uni03B1	α	α	α	α	α	α	α
GREEK SMALL LETTER BETA uni03B2	β	β	β	β	β	β	β
GREEK SMALL LETTER GAMMA uni03B3	γ	γ	γ	γ	γ	γ	γ
GREEK SMALL LETTER DELTA uni03B4	δ	δ	δ	δ	δ	δ	δ
GREEK SMALL LETTER EPSILON uni03B5	ε	ε	ε	ε	ε	ε	ε
GREEK SMALL LETTER ZETA uni03B6	ζ	ζ	ζ	ζ	ζ	ζ	ζ
GREEK SMALL LETTER ETA							

	uni03B7	η	η	η	η	η	η	η
	GREEK SMALL LETTER THETA uni03B8	θ	θ	θ	θ	θ	θ	θ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA uni03B9	ι	ι	ι	ι	ι	ι	ι
	GREEK SMALL LETTER KAPPA uni03BA	κ	κ	κ	κ	κ	κ	κ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER LAMDA uni03BB	λ	λ	λ	λ	λ	λ	λ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER MU uni03BC	μ	μ	μ	μ	μ	μ	μ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER NU uni03BD	ν	ν	ν	ν	ν	ν	ν
	GREEK SMALL LETTER XI uni03BE	ξ	ξ	ξ	ξ	ξ	ξ	ξ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON uni03BF	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο	ο
	GREEK SMALL LETTER PI uni03C0	π	π	π	π	π	π	π
	GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO uni03C1	ρ	ρ	ρ	ρ	ρ	ρ	ρ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER FINAL SIGMA uni03C2	ς	ς	ς	ς	ς	ς	ς
	GREEK SMALL LETTER SIGMA uni03C3	σ	σ	σ	σ	σ	σ	σ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER TAU uni03C4	τ	τ	τ	τ	τ	τ	τ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON uni03C5	υ	υ	υ	υ	υ	υ	υ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER PHI uni03C6	φ	φ	φ	φ	φ	φ	φ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER CHI uni03C7	χ	χ	χ	χ	χ	χ	χ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER PSI uni03C8	ψ	ψ	ψ	ψ	ψ	ψ	ψ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA uni03C9	ω	ω	ω	ω	ω	ω	ω
	GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA uni03CA	ϊ	ϊ	ϊ	ϊ	ϊ	ϊ	ϊ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA uni03CB	ϋ	ϋ	ϋ	ϋ	ϋ	ϋ	ϋ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH TONOS uni03CC	ό	ό	ό	ό	ό	ό	ό
	GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON WITH TONOS uni03CD	ύ	ύ	ύ	ύ	ύ	ύ	ύ
	GREEK SMALL LETTER OMEGA WITH TONOS uni03CE	ώ	ώ	ώ	ώ	ώ	ώ	ώ
	LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2018	‘	‘	‘	‘	‘	‘	‘
	RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2019	’	’	’	’	’	’	’
	SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201A	‚	‚	‚	‚	‚	‚	‚
	LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK							

	uni201C	“	”	“	”	“	”	“	”
	RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201D	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
	DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201E	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
	BULLET uni2022	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS uni2026
	PER MILLE SIGN uni2030	‰	‰	‰	‰	‰	‰	‰	‰
	SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2039	<	<	<	<	<	<	<	<
	SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni203A	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>
	FRACTION SLASH uni2044	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	EURO SIGN uni20AC	€	€	€	€	€	€	€	€
	TRADE MARK SIGN uni2122	™	™	™	™	™	™	™	™
	OHM SIGN uni2126	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω
	INCREMENT uni2206	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FF uniFB00	ff	ff	ff	ff	ff	ff	ff	ff
	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FI uniFB01	fi	fi	fi	fi	fi	fi	fi	fi
	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FL uniFB02	fl	fl	fl	fl	fl	fl	fl	fl
	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FFL uniFB04	ffi	ffi	ffi	ffi	ffi	ffi	ffi	ffi

	nonmarkingreturn	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
	Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
	Upsilondieresis	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
	Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
	_196	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
	(cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)liga feature	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
	w_w_w	www	www	www	www	www	www	www	www
	liga feature								
	f_t	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft
	liga feature								
	t_t	tt	tt	tt	tt	tt	tt	tt	tt
	liga feature								
	Y_alt	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?
	(cannot find base glyph)liga feature	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?
	y_alt	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?
	(cannot find base glyph)liga feature	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?
	Ydieresis_alt	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?

Ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?
ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?
ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?
Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?
σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ
στ	στ	στ	στ	στ	στ	στ	στ
λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ
ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ
γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ
˘Y?	˘y?	˘y?	˘y?	˘y?	˘y?	˘y?	˘y?
?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Ww	Ww	Ww	Ww	Ww	Ww	Ww	Ww
ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft	ft
tt	tt	tt	tt	tt	tt	tt	tt
Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?
y?	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?	y?
ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?
Ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?
ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?	ý?
ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?	ÿ?
Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?
ÿ?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	Y?	ÿ?	Y?
σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ	σΧ
στ	στ	στ	στ	στ	στ	στ	στ
λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ	λλ
ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ	ΥΥ
γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ	γΚ

Y? 'y? 'y? 'y? 'y? 'y? 'y?

100%

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (1990–1999) and the number of people in the public sector has increased by 2.5 million (1990–1999).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the efficiency of the public sector. This has led to a number of initiatives, including the introduction of competition, the restructuring of public services, and the introduction of new management practices. These initiatives have led to a number of changes in the way that public services are delivered, and have led to a number of improvements in the efficiency of the public sector.

One of the main reasons for the need to improve the efficiency of the public sector is the increasing pressure on public resources. This pressure is caused by a number of factors, including the increasing cost of public services, the increasing demand for public services, and the increasing need for public services.

Another reason for the need to improve the efficiency of the public sector is the need to ensure that public services are delivered in a cost-effective manner. This is important because the public sector is responsible for a large proportion of the country's total expenditure.

There are a number of ways in which the efficiency of the public sector can be improved. These include the introduction of competition, the restructuring of public services, and the introduction of new management practices.

One of the most important ways in which the efficiency of the public sector can be improved is by the introduction of competition. This can be done in a number of ways, including the privatization of public services, the introduction of competitive tendering, and the introduction of public-private partnerships.

Another way in which the efficiency of the public sector can be improved is by the restructuring of public services. This can be done in a number of ways, including the merging of public services, the restructuring of public services, and the introduction of new public services.

Finally, the efficiency of the public sector can be improved by the introduction of new management practices. These practices can include the introduction of new management systems, the introduction of new management techniques, and the introduction of new management tools.

There are a number of challenges associated with improving the efficiency of the public sector. These challenges include the need to ensure that public services are delivered in a cost-effective manner, the need to ensure that public services are delivered in a timely manner, and the need to ensure that public services are delivered in a high-quality manner.

Despite these challenges, there is a growing consensus that the efficiency of the public sector must be improved. This is because the public sector is responsible for a large proportion of the country's total expenditure, and because the public sector is responsible for a large proportion of the country's total population.

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One of the most important ways in which the efficiency of the public sector can be improved is by the introduction of competition. This can be done by allowing private companies to compete for public contracts, or by allowing private companies to take over public services.

Another way in which the efficiency of the public sector can be improved is by the restructuring of public services. This can be done by merging public services, or by transferring public services to private companies.

A third way in which the efficiency of the public sector can be improved is by the introduction of performance targets. These targets can be used to measure the performance of public services, and can be used to reward public services that perform well.

There are a number of advantages to improving the efficiency of the public sector. These include the fact that it can lead to a reduction in the cost of public services, the fact that it can lead to an improvement in the quality of public services, and the fact that it can lead to a more efficient use of public resources.

However, there are also a number of disadvantages to improving the efficiency of the public sector. These include the fact that it can lead to a loss of jobs, the fact that it can lead to a loss of public control, and the fact that it can lead to a loss of public services.

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There are a number of advantages to improving the efficiency of the public sector. These include the fact that it can lead to a reduction in the cost of public services, the fact that it can lead to an improvement in the quality of public services, and the fact that it can lead to a more efficient use of public resources.

However, there are also a number of disadvantages to improving the efficiency of the public sector. These include the fact that it can lead to a loss of jobs, the fact that it can lead to a loss of public control, and the fact that it can lead to a loss of public services.

Despite these disadvantages, there is a growing consensus that the efficiency of the public sector must be improved. This is because the public sector is responsible for a large proportion of the country's total expenditure, and because the public sector is responsible for a large proportion of the country's total population.

There are a number of ways in which the efficiency of the public sector can be improved. These include the introduction of competition, the restructuring of public services, and the introduction of performance targets.

One of the most important ways in which the efficiency of the public sector can be improved is by the introduction of competition. This can be done by allowing private companies to compete for public contracts, or by allowing private companies to take over public services.

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There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the efficiency of the public sector. This has led to a number of initiatives, including the introduction of competition, the restructuring of public services, and the introduction of performance targets. These initiatives have led to a number of changes in the way that public services are delivered, and have led to a number of improvements in the efficiency of the public sector.

One of the main reasons for the need to improve the efficiency of the public sector is the increasing pressure on public resources. This is due to a number of factors, including the increasing cost of public services, the increasing demand for public services, and the increasing pressure on public resources.

Another reason for the need to improve the efficiency of the public sector is the increasing demand for public services. This is due to a number of factors, including the increasing demand for health care, education, and social services.

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There are a number of challenges associated with improving the efficiency of the public sector. These include the need to ensure that public services are not compromised, the need to ensure that public resources are used efficiently, and the need to ensure that public services are delivered in a timely and effective manner.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is expected to increase by 1.5 billion (United Nations 1994).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of children in the 1990s. The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) has been instrumental in this regard, and has produced a series of reports on the state of the world's children (UNICEF 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994). These reports have highlighted the need for a new approach to children's rights, one that is based on the principle of the best interests of the child.

The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC) is a landmark document in this regard. It was adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in 1989, and is the most widely ratified human rights treaty in the world. The UNCRC sets out the rights of children, and provides a framework for the development of national laws and policies to protect and promote these rights.

The UNCRC is a comprehensive document, covering a wide range of issues. It includes provisions on the right to life, the right to a name and nationality, the right to a family, the right to education, the right to health, and the right to participate in decisions that affect them. It also includes provisions on the protection of children from abuse and exploitation.

The UNCRC is a landmark document, and it is essential that we ensure that its principles are fully implemented. This requires a commitment to the best interests of the child, and a willingness to take the necessary steps to protect and promote these rights. It is the responsibility of all of us to ensure that the children of the world have the best possible start in life.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (1990–1999) (Department of Health 2000).

There is a growing emphasis on the importance of the public sector in the provision of health care services, and the need to ensure that the public sector is able to meet the needs of the population. This has led to a number of initiatives aimed at improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the public sector, including the introduction of competition and the creation of new public sector organisations.

The purpose of this paper is to explore the challenges facing the public sector in the provision of health care services, and to discuss some of the initiatives that are being implemented to address these challenges.

The paper is organised as follows. The first section discusses the challenges facing the public sector in the provision of health care services. The second section discusses some of the initiatives that are being implemented to address these challenges. The third section discusses the implications of these initiatives for the future of the public sector.

The first challenge facing the public sector is the need to ensure that the public sector is able to meet the needs of the population. This is a challenge that is becoming increasingly acute as the population ages and the demand for health care services increases.

The second challenge facing the public sector is the need to ensure that the public sector is able to provide high quality health care services. This is a challenge that is becoming increasingly acute as the public sector is under increasing pressure to reduce costs and improve efficiency.

The third challenge facing the public sector is the need to ensure that the public sector is able to attract and retain staff. This is a challenge that is becoming increasingly acute as the public sector is under increasing pressure to reduce costs and improve efficiency.

The fourth challenge facing the public sector is the need to ensure that the public sector is able to provide a range of health care services. This is a challenge that is becoming increasingly acute as the public sector is under increasing pressure to reduce costs and improve efficiency.

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Communication science is the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, communication, dissemination and use of communication. It is an interdisciplinary field that draws on a wide range of disciplines, including library science, information science, sociology, psychology, computer science, and management science. (p. 1)

The 'information' and 'communication' fields are defined as:

Information science and communication science are two fields that are closely related and often overlap. Information science is the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, communication, dissemination and use of information. Communication science is the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, communication, dissemination and use of communication. (p. 1)

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (1990–1999) and the number of people in the private sector has increased by 1.6 million (1990–1999).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of care in the public sector. This has led to a number of initiatives, including the introduction of the Health Care Act 2001, which sets out the requirements for the registration of health care professionals, and the introduction of the Health Care Act 2003, which sets out the requirements for the regulation of health care professionals.

The Health Care Act 2001 also introduced the concept of the 'fit person' to the public sector. This is a person who is fit to practice in the public sector and is not subject to any restrictions on their practice.

The Health Care Act 2003 also introduced the concept of the 'fit person' to the private sector. This is a person who is fit to practice in the private sector and is not subject to any restrictions on their practice.

The Health Care Act 2003 also introduced the concept of the 'fit person' to the independent sector. This is a person who is fit to practice in the independent sector and is not subject to any restrictions on their practice.

The Health Care Act 2003 also introduced the concept of the 'fit person' to the voluntary sector. This is a person who is fit to practice in the voluntary sector and is not subject to any restrictions on their practice.

The Health Care Act 2003 also introduced the concept of the 'fit person' to the non-profit sector. This is a person who is fit to practice in the non-profit sector and is not subject to any restrictions on their practice.

The Health Care Act 2003 also introduced the concept of the 'fit person' to the social enterprise sector. This is a person who is fit to practice in the social enterprise sector and is not subject to any restrictions on their practice.

The Health Care Act 2003 also introduced the concept of the 'fit person' to the community sector. This is a person who is fit to practice in the community sector and is not subject to any restrictions on their practice.

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The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own objectives and its own way of working. The public sector is also funded by the government, and this has implications for the way in which it is managed and the way in which it is funded.

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...the study of the nature, uses and functions of information, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used as a resource for individual and social development. (p. 1)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, uses and functions of communication, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used as a resource for individual and social development. (p. 1)

These definitions are very broad and cover a wide range of topics. They are also very similar to each other, which is not surprising given that they are both part of the same journal.

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There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of care in the public sector, and to ensure that the public sector is able to meet the needs of the population. This has led to a number of initiatives, including the introduction of the Health Care Act 1999, which aims to improve the quality of care in the public sector, and the introduction of the Health Care Act 2001, which aims to improve the quality of care in the public sector.

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