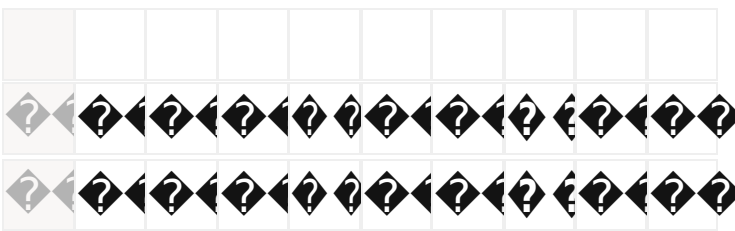


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the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of information, and the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these activities take place. (p. 1)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of communication, and the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these activities take place. (p. 1)

The 'information science' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, creation, organisation, storage, retrieval, dissemination and use of information and communication, and the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these activities take place. (p. 1)

The 'information studies' field is defined as:

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the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information production, distribution, access, use and evaluation, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these processes take place. (p. 10)

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own aims and objectives. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are undernourished has increased from 600 million to 800 million (FAO 1996).

There are a number of reasons why the world's population is becoming more undernourished. First, the world's population is growing rapidly. The world population is projected to reach 6 billion by the year 2000, and to reach 8 billion by the year 2025 (UNEP 1992).

Second, the world's population is becoming more urban. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in urban areas. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 60% (UNEP 1992).

Third, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food imports. In 1990, the world's population imported 100 million tonnes of food. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 150 million tonnes (UNEP 1992).

Fourth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food aid. In 1990, the world's population received 100 million tonnes of food aid. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 150 million tonnes (UNEP 1992).

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the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, uses and functions of information, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used; and the study of the ways in which information is organised, stored, retrieved and disseminated in the various forms and media, and the ways in which it is used in the various contexts. (p. 1)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

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...the study of the nature, uses and functions of information law, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used; and the study of the ways in which information law is organised, stored, retrieved and disseminated in the various forms and media, and the ways in which it is used in the various contexts. (p. 1)

