

2020-09-25 - 16:05.32
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Khmer UI
Khmer UI Bold
Lao UI
Lao UI Bold

uni000D

SPACE
uni0020

EXCLAMATION MARK
uni0021

QUOTATION MARK
uni0022

NUMBER SIGN
uni0023

DOLLAR SIGN
uni0024

PERCENT SIGN
uni0025

AMPERSAND
uni0026

APOSTROPHE
uni0027

LEFT PARENTHESIS
uni0028

RIGHT PARENTHESIS
uni0029

ASTERISK
uni002A

PLUS SIGN
uni002B

COMMA
uni002C

HYPHEN-MINUS
uni002D

FULL STOP
uni002E

!	!	!	!	!
"	"	"	"	"
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\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
%	%	%	%	%
&	&	&	&	&
'	'	'	'	'
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-	-	-	-	-
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SOLIDUS uni002F	/	/	/	/	/
DIGIT ZERO uni0030	0	0	0	0	0
DIGIT ONE uni0031	1	1	1	1	1
DIGIT TWO uni0032	2	2	2	2	2
DIGIT THREE uni0033	3	3	3	3	3
DIGIT FOUR uni0034	4	4	4	4	4
DIGIT FIVE uni0035	5	5	5	5	5
DIGIT SIX uni0036	6	6	6	6	6
DIGIT SEVEN uni0037	7	7	7	7	7
DIGIT EIGHT uni0038	8	8	8	8	8
DIGIT NINE uni0039	9	9	9	9	9
COLON uni003A	:	:	:	:	:
SEMICOLON uni003B	;	;	;	;	;
LESS-THAN SIGN uni003C	<	<	<	<	<
EQUALS SIGN uni003D	=	=	=	=	=
GREATER-THAN SIGN uni003E	>	>	>	>	>
QUESTION MARK uni003F	?	?	?	?	?
COMMERCIAL AT uni0040	@	@	@	@	@
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A uni0041	A	A	A	A	A
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B uni0042	B	B	B	B	B
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C uni0043	C	C	C	C	C
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D uni0044	D	D	D	D	D
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E uni0045	E	E	E	E	E
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F uni0046	F	F	F	F	F
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G uni0047	G	G	G	G	G
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H uni0048	H	H	H	H	H
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I uni0049	I	I	I	I	I
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J uni004A	J	J	J	J	J

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K
uni004B

K K **K** K **K**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L
uni004C

L L **L** L **L**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M
uni004D

M M **M** M **M**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N
uni004E

N N **N** N **N**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O
uni004F

O O **O** O **O**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P
uni0050

P P **P** P **P**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q
uni0051

Q Q **Q** Q **Q**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
uni0052

R R **R** R **R**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S
uni0053

S S **S** S **S**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T
uni0054

T T **T** T **T**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U
uni0055

U U **U** U **U**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V
uni0056

V V **V** V **V**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W
uni0057

W W **W** W **W**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X
uni0058

X X **X** X **X**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
uni0059

Y Y **Y** Y **Y**

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z
uni005A

Z Z **Z** Z **Z**

LEFT SQUARE BRACKET
uni005B

[[**[** [**[**

REVERSE SOLIDUS
uni005C

\ \ **** \ ****

RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
uni005D

]] **]**] **]**

CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
uni005E

^ ^ **^** ^ **^**

LOW LINE
uni005F

— — **—** — **—**

GRAVE ACCENT
uni0060

` ` **`** ` **`**

LATIN SMALL LETTER A
uni0061

a a **a** a **a**

LATIN SMALL LETTER B
uni0062

b b **b** b **b**

LATIN SMALL LETTER C
uni0063

c c **c** c **c**

LATIN SMALL LETTER D
uni0064

d d **d** d **d**

LATIN SMALL LETTER E
uni0065

e e **e** e **e**

LATIN SMALL LETTER F
uni0066

f f **f** f **f**

LATIN SMALL LETTER G uni0067	g	g	g	g	g
LATIN SMALL LETTER H uni0068	h	h	h	h	h
LATIN SMALL LETTER I uni0069	i	i	i	i	i
LATIN SMALL LETTER J uni006A	j	j	j	j	j
LATIN SMALL LETTER K uni006B	k	k	k	k	k
LATIN SMALL LETTER L uni006C	l	l	l	l	l
LATIN SMALL LETTER M uni006D	m	m	m	m	m
LATIN SMALL LETTER N uni006E	n	n	n	n	n
LATIN SMALL LETTER O uni006F	o	o	o	o	o
LATIN SMALL LETTER P uni0070	p	p	p	p	p
LATIN SMALL LETTER Q uni0071	q	q	q	q	q
LATIN SMALL LETTER R uni0072	r	r	r	r	r
LATIN SMALL LETTER S uni0073	s	s	s	s	s
LATIN SMALL LETTER T uni0074	t	t	t	t	t
LATIN SMALL LETTER U uni0075	u	u	u	u	u
LATIN SMALL LETTER V uni0076	v	v	v	v	v
LATIN SMALL LETTER W uni0077	w	w	w	w	w
LATIN SMALL LETTER X uni0078	x	x	x	x	x
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y uni0079	y	y	y	y	y
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z uni007A	z	z	z	z	z
LEFT CURLY BRACKET uni007B	{	{	{	{	{
VERTICAL LINE uni007C					
RIGHT CURLY BRACKET uni007D	}	}	}	}	}
TILDE uni007E	~	~	~	~	~
NO-BREAK SPACE uni00A0					
INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK uni00A1	¡	¡	¡	¡	¡
CENT SIGN uni00A2	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢
POUND SIGN uni00A3	£	£	£	£	£

CURRENCY SIGN uni00A4	₪	₴	₵	₶	₷
YEN SIGN uni00A5	¥	¥	¥	¥	¥
BROKEN BAR uni00A6	¦	¦	¦	¦	¦
SECTION SIGN uni00A7	§	§	§	§	§
DIAERESIS uni00A8	¨	¨	¨	¨	¨
COPYRIGHT SIGN uni00A9	©	©	©	©	©
FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00AA	ª	ª	ª	ª	ª
LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00AB	«	«	«	«	«
NOT SIGN uni00AC	¬	¬	¬	¬	¬
SOFT HYPHEN uni00AD					
REGISTERED SIGN uni00AE	®	®	®	®	®
MACRON uni00AF	–	–	–	–	–
DEGREE SIGN uni00B0	°	°	°	°	°
PLUS-MINUS SIGN uni00B1	±	±	±	±	±
SUPERSCRIFT TWO uni00B2	²	²	²	²	²
SUPERSCRIFT THREE uni00B3	³	³	³	³	³
ACUTE ACCENT uni00B4	´	´	´	´	´
MICRO SIGN uni00B5	μ	μ	μ	μ	μ
PILCROW SIGN uni00B6	¶	¶	¶	¶	¶
MIDDLE DOT uni00B7	·	·	·	·	·
CEDILLA uni00B8	¸	¸	¸	¸	¸
SUPERSCRIFT ONE uni00B9	¹	¹	¹	¹	¹
MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00BA	º	º	º	º	º
RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00BB	»	»	»	»	»
VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER uni00BC	¼	¼	¼	¼	¼
VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF uni00BD	½	½	½	½	½
VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS uni00BE	¾	¾	¾	¾	¾
INVERTED QUESTION MARK uni00BF	¿	¿	¿	¿	¿

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00C0	À	À	À	À	À
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00C1	Á	Á	Á	Á	Á
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00C2	Â	Â	Â	Â	Â
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00C3	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã	Ã
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00C4	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä	Ä
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00C5	Å	Å	Å	Å	Å
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE uni00C6	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ	Æ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00C7	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç	Ç
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00C8	È	È	È	È	È
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00C9	É	É	É	É	É
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CA	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê	Ê
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00CB	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë	Ë
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00CC	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì	Ì
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00CD	Í	Í	Í	Í	Í
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CE	Î	Î	Î	Î	Î
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00CF	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï	Ï
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH uni00D0	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð	Ð
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00D1	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ	Ñ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00D2	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò	Ò
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00D3	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00D4	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE uni00D5	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ	Õ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00D6	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö
MULTIPLICATION SIGN uni00D7	×	×	×	×	×
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE uni00D8	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00D9	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù	Ù
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00DA	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú	Ú
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX					

uni00DB	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů	Ů
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00DC	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00DD	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý	Ý
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN uni00DE	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ	Þ
LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S uni00DF	ß	ß	ß	ß	ß
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00E0	à	à	à	à	à
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00E1	á	á	á	á	á
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00E2	â	â	â	â	â
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00E3	ã	ã	ã	ã	ã
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00E4	ä	ä	ä	ä	ä
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00E5	å	å	å	å	å
LATIN SMALL LETTER AE uni00E6	æ	æ	æ	æ	æ
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00E7	ç	ç	ç	ç	ç
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00E8	è	è	è	è	è
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00E9	é	é	é	é	é
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EA	ê	ê	ê	ê	ê
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00EB	ë	ë	ë	ë	ë
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00EC	ì	ì	ì	ì	ì
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00ED	í	í	í	í	í
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EE	î	î	î	î	î
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00EF	ï	ï	ï	ï	ï
LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH uni00F0	ð	ð	ð	ð	ð
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00F1	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ	ñ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00F2	ò	ò	ò	ò	ò
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00F3	ó	ó	ó	ó	ó
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00F4	ô	ô	ô	ô	ô
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE uni00F5	õ	õ	õ	õ	õ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00F6	ö	ö	ö	ö	ö

DIVISION SIGN uni00F7	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE uni00F8	ø	ø	ø	ø	ø
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00F9	ù	ù	ù	ù	ù
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00FA	ú	ú	ú	ú	ú
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00FB	û	û	û	û	û
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00FC	ü	ü	ü	ü	ü
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00FD	ý	ý	ý	ý	ý
LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN uni00FE	þ	þ	þ	þ	þ
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni00FF	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ
LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I uni0131	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE uni0141	Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł	Ł
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE uni0142	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł
LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE uni0152	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ	Œ
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE uni0153	œ	œ	œ	œ	œ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0160	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0161	š	š	š	š	š
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni0178	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ	Ÿ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017D	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž	Ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017E	ž	ž	ž	ž	ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH HOOK uni0192	ƒ	ƒ	ƒ	ƒ	ƒ
LATIN SMALL LETTER ESH uni0283	ƣ	ƣ	ƣ	ƣ	ƣ
MODIFIER LETTER CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni02C6	^	^	^	^	^
CARON uni02C7	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ	ˇ
MODIFIER LETTER MACRON uni02C9	ˉ	ˉ	ˉ	ˉ	ˉ
BREVE uni02D8	˘	˘	˘	˘	˘
DOT ABOVE uni02D9	˙	˙	˙	˙	˙
RING ABOVE uni02DA	◌̊	◌̊	◌̊	◌̊	◌̊
OGONEK uni02DB	◌̛	◌̛	◌̛	◌̛	◌̛
SMALL TILDE	◌̃	◌̃	◌̃	◌̃	◌̃

uni02DC	~	~	~	~	~
DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT uni02DD	“	”	”	”	”
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER DELTA uni0394	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
GREEK CAPITAL LETTER OMEGA uni03A9	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω
LAO LETTER KO uni0E81	ກ	ກ	ກ	ກ	ກ
LAO LETTER KHO SUNG uni0E82	ຂ	ຂ	ຂ	ຂ	ຂ
LAO LETTER KHO TAM uni0E84	ຄ	ຄ	ຄ	ຄ	ຄ
LAO LETTER NGO uni0E87	ງ	ງ	ງ	ງ	ງ
LAO LETTER CO uni0E88	ຈ	ຈ	ຈ	ຈ	ຈ
LAO LETTER SO TAM uni0E8A	ຊ	ຊ	ຊ	ຊ	ຊ
LAO LETTER NYO uni0E8D	ຍ	ຍ	ຍ	ຍ	ຍ
LAO LETTER DO uni0E94	ດ	ດ	ດ	ດ	ດ
LAO LETTER TO uni0E95	ຕ	ຕ	ຕ	ຕ	ຕ
LAO LETTER THO SUNG uni0E96	ຖ	ຖ	ຖ	ຖ	ຖ
LAO LETTER THO TAM uni0E97	ທ	ທ	ທ	ທ	ທ
LAO LETTER NO uni0E99	ນ	ນ	ນ	ນ	ນ
LAO LETTER BO uni0E9A	ບ	ບ	ບ	ບ	ບ
LAO LETTER PO uni0E9B	ປ	ປ	ປ	ປ	ປ
LAO LETTER PHO SUNG uni0E9C	ຜ	ຜ	ຜ	ຜ	ຜ
LAO LETTER FO TAM uni0E9D	ຝ	ຝ	ຝ	ຝ	ຝ
LAO LETTER PHO TAM uni0E9E	ພ	ພ	ພ	ພ	ພ
LAO LETTER FO SUNG uni0E9F	ຟ	ຟ	ຟ	ຟ	ຟ
LAO LETTER MO uni0EA1	ມ	ມ	ມ	ມ	ມ
LAO LETTER YO uni0EA2	ຢ	ຢ	ຢ	ຢ	ຢ
LAO LETTER LO LING uni0EA3	ຣ	ຣ	ຣ	ຣ	ຣ
LAO LETTER LO LOOT uni0EA5	ລ	ລ	ລ	ລ	ລ
LAO LETTER WO uni0EA7	ວ	ວ	ວ	ວ	ວ
LAO LETTER SO SUNG uni0EAA	ສ	ສ	ສ	ສ	ສ

LAO LETTER HO SUNG uni0EAB	ຫ	ຫ	ຫ	ຫ	ຫ
LAO LETTER O uni0EAD	ອ	ອ	ອ	ອ	ອ
LAO LETTER HO TAM uni0EAE	ຮ	ຮ	ຮ	ຮ	ຮ
LAO ELLIPSIS uni0EAF	ໆ	ໆ	ໆ	ໆ	ໆ
LAO VOWEL SIGN A uni0EB0	ເ	ເ	ເ	ເ	ເ
LAO VOWEL SIGN MAI KAN uni0EB1					
LAO VOWEL SIGN AA uni0EB2	າ	າ	າ	າ	າ
LAO VOWEL SIGN AM uni0EB3	້າ	້າ	້າ	້າ	້າ
LAO VOWEL SIGN I uni0EB4					
LAO VOWEL SIGN II uni0EB5					
LAO VOWEL SIGN Y uni0EB6					
LAO VOWEL SIGN YY uni0EB7					
LAO VOWEL SIGN U uni0EB8					
LAO VOWEL SIGN UU uni0EB9					
LAO VOWEL SIGN MAI KON uni0EBB					
LAO SEMIVOWEL SIGN LO uni0EBC					
LAO SEMIVOWEL SIGN NYO uni0EBD	ົ	ົ	ົ	ົ	ົ
LAO VOWEL SIGN E uni0EC0	ເ	ເ	ເ	ເ	ເ
LAO VOWEL SIGN EI uni0EC1	ເ	ເ	ເ	ເ	ເ
LAO VOWEL SIGN O uni0EC2	໋	໋	໋	໋	໋
LAO VOWEL SIGN AY uni0EC3	໋	໋	໋	໋	໋
LAO VOWEL SIGN AI uni0EC4	໋	໋	໋	໋	໋
LAO KO LA uni0EC6	ງ	ງ	ງ	ງ	ງ
LAO TONE MAI EK uni0EC8					
LAO TONE MAI THO uni0EC9					
LAO TONE MAI TI uni0ECA					
LAO TONE MAI CATAWA uni0ECB					
LAO CANCELLATION MARK uni0ECC					

LAO NIGGAHITA
uni0ECD

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LAO DIGIT ZERO
uni0ED0

LAO DIGIT ONE
uni0ED1

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LAO DIGIT TWO
uni0ED2

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LAO DIGIT THREE
uni0ED3

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LAO DIGIT FOUR
uni0ED4

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LAO DIGIT FIVE
uni0ED5

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LAO DIGIT SIX
uni0ED6

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LAO DIGIT SEVEN
uni0ED7

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LAO DIGIT EIGHT
uni0ED8

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LAO DIGIT NINE
uni0ED9

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LAO HO NO
uni0EDC

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LAO HO MO
uni0EDD

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KHMER LETTER KA
uni1780

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KHMER LETTER KHA
uni1781

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KHMER LETTER KO
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KHMER LETTER KHO
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KHMER LETTER NGO
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KHMER LETTER CA
uni1785

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KHMER LETTER CHA
uni1786

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KHMER LETTER CO
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KHMER LETTER CHO
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KHMER LETTER NYO
uni1789

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KHMER LETTER DA
uni178A

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KHMER LETTER TTHA
uni178B

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KHMER LETTER DO
uni178C

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KHMER LETTER TTHO

uni178D

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KHMER LETTER NNO
uni178E

KHMER LETTER TA
uni178F

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KHMER LETTER THA
uni1790

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KHMER LETTER TO
uni1791

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KHMER LETTER THO
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KHMER LETTER NO
uni1793

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KHMER LETTER BA
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KHMER LETTER PHA
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KHMER LETTER PO
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KHMER LETTER PHO
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KHMER LETTER MO
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KHMER LETTER YO
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KHMER LETTER RO
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KHMER LETTER LO
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KHMER LETTER VO
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KHMER LETTER SHA
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KHMER LETTER SSO
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KHMER LETTER SA
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KHMER LETTER HA
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KHMER LETTER LA
uni17A1

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KHMER LETTER QA
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KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QAA
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KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QAA
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KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QI
uni17A5

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KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QII uni17A6				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QU uni17A7				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QUK uni17A8				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QUU uni17A9				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QUUV uni17AA				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL RY uni17AB				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL RYY uni17AC				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL LY uni17AD				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL LYY uni17AE				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QE uni17AF				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QAI uni17B0				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QOO TYPE ONE uni17B1				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QOO TYPE TWO uni17B2				
KHMER INDEPENDENT VOWEL QAU uni17B3				
KHMER VOWEL INHERENT AQ uni17B4				
KHMER VOWEL INHERENT AA uni17B5				
KHMER VOWEL SIGN AA uni17B6				
KHMER VOWEL SIGN I uni17B7				
KHMER VOWEL SIGN II uni17B8				
KHMER VOWEL SIGN Y uni17B9				
KHMER VOWEL SIGN YY uni17BA				
KHMER VOWEL SIGN U uni17BB				
KHMER VOWEL SIGN UU uni17BC				
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KHMER VOWEL SIGN OE uni17BE				

KHMER VOWEL SIGN YA uni17BF	័	័័	័័	័	័
KHMER VOWEL SIGN IE uni17C0	័	័័	័័	័	័
KHMER VOWEL SIGN E uni17C1	័	័័	័័	័	័
KHMER VOWEL SIGN AE uni17C2	័	័័	័័	័	័
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KHMER VOWEL SIGN AU uni17C5	័	័័	័័	័	័
KHMER SIGN NIKAHIT uni17C6		័	័		
KHMER SIGN REAHMUK uni17C7	័	័័	័័	័	័
KHMER SIGN YUUKALEAPINTU uni17C8	័	័័	័័	័	័
KHMER SIGN MUUSIKATOAN uni17C9		័	័		
KHMER SIGN TRIISAP uni17CA		័	័		
KHMER SIGN BANTOC uni17CB		័	័		
KHMER SIGN ROBAT uni17CC		័	័		
KHMER SIGN TOANDAKHIAT uni17CD		័	័		
KHMER SIGN KAKABAT uni17CE		័	័		
KHMER SIGN AHSDA uni17CF		័	័		
KHMER SIGN SAMYOK SANNYA uni17D0		័	័		
KHMER SIGN VIRIAM uni17D1		័	័		
KHMER SIGN COENG uni17D2		័	័		
KHMER SIGN BATHAMASAT uni17D3		័័	័័		
KHMER SIGN KHAN uni17D4	័	័	័	័	័
KHMER SIGN BARIYOOSAN uni17D5	័	័	័	័	័
KHMER SIGN CAMNUC PII KUUH uni17D6	័	័	័	័	័
KHMER SIGN LEK TOO uni17D7	័	័	័	័	័
KHMER SIGN BEYYAL uni17D8	័	័	័	័	័
KHMER SIGN PHNAEK MUAN uni17D9	័	័	័	័	័
KHMER SIGN KOOMUUT uni17DA	័	័	័	័	័

KHMER CURRENCY SYMBOL RIEL uni17DB	៛	៛	៛	៛
KHMER SIGN AVAKRAHASANYA uni17DC	ៜ	ៜ	ៜ	ៜ
KHMER SIGN ATTHACAN uni17DD	៝	៝	៝	៝
KHMER DIGIT ZERO uni17E0	០	០	០	០
KHMER DIGIT ONE uni17E1	១	១	១	១
KHMER DIGIT TWO uni17E2	២	២	២	២
KHMER DIGIT THREE uni17E3	៣	៣	៣	៣
KHMER DIGIT FOUR uni17E4	៤	៤	៤	៤
KHMER DIGIT FIVE uni17E5	៥	៥	៥	៥
KHMER DIGIT SIX uni17E6	៦	៦	៦	៦
KHMER DIGIT SEVEN uni17E7	៧	៧	៧	៧
KHMER DIGIT EIGHT uni17E8	៨	៨	៨	៨
KHMER DIGIT NINE uni17E9	៩	៩	៩	៩
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK SON uni17F0	០	០	០	០
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK MUOY uni17F1	១	១	១	១
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK PII uni17F2	២	២	២	២
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK BEI uni17F3	៣	៣	៣	៣
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK BUON uni17F4	៤	៤	៤	៤
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK PRAM uni17F5	៥	៥	៥	៥
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK PRAM-MUOY uni17F6	៦	៦	៦	៦
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK PRAM-PII uni17F7	៧	៧	៧	៧
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK PRAM-BEI uni17F8	៨	៨	៨	៨
KHMER SYMBOL LEK ATTAK PRAM-BUON uni17F9	៩	៩	៩	៩
KHMER SYMBOL PATHAMASAT uni19E0	០០	០០	០០	០០
KHMER SYMBOL MUOY KOET uni19E1	១១	១១	១១	១១
KHMER SYMBOL PII KOET uni19E2	២២	២២	២២	២២
KHMER SYMBOL BEI KOET uni19E3	៣៣	៣៣	៣៣	៣៣
KHMER SYMBOL BUON KOET uni19E4	៤៤	៤៤	៤៤	៤៤
KHMER SYMBOL PRAM KOET				

uni19E5		ឡេ	ឡែ		
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KHMER SYMBOL PRAM-MUOY KOET uni19E6					
KHMER SYMBOL PRAM-PII KOET uni19E7		ឡៃ	ឡៃ		
KHMER SYMBOL PRAM-BEI KOET uni19E8		ឡែ	ឡែ		
KHMER SYMBOL PRAM-BUON KOET uni19E9		ឡែ	ឡែ		
KHMER SYMBOL DAP KOET uni19EA		ឡូ	ឡូ		
KHMER SYMBOL DAP-MUOY KOET uni19EB		ឡូ	ឡូ		
KHMER SYMBOL DAP-PII KOET uni19EC		ឡៃ	ឡៃ		
KHMER SYMBOL DAP-BEI KOET uni19ED		ឡៃ	ឡៃ		
KHMER SYMBOL DAP-BUON KOET uni19EE		ឡែ	ឡែ		
KHMER SYMBOL DAP-PRAM KOET uni19EF		ឡែ	ឡែ		
KHMER SYMBOL TUTEYASAT uni19F0		ឡេ	ឡេ		
KHMER SYMBOL MUOY ROC uni19F1		ឡេ	ឡេ		
KHMER SYMBOL PII ROC uni19F2		ឡេ	ឡេ		
KHMER SYMBOL BEI ROC uni19F3		ឡេ	ឡេ		
KHMER SYMBOL BUON ROC uni19F4		ឡេ	ឡេ		
KHMER SYMBOL PRAM ROC uni19F5		ឡេ	ឡេ		
KHMER SYMBOL PRAM-MUOY ROC uni19F6		ឡេ	ឡេ		
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KHMER SYMBOL PRAM-BUON ROC uni19F9		ឡែ	ឡែ		
KHMER SYMBOL DAP ROC uni19FA		ឡូ	ឡូ		
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HAIR SPACE uni200A					

ZERO WIDTH SPACE uni200B				
ZERO WIDTH NON-JOINER uni200C				
ZERO WIDTH JOINER uni200D				
EN DASH uni2013	—	—	—	—
EM DASH uni2014	—	—	—	—
LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2018	'	'	'	'
RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2019	'	'	'	'
SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201A	'	'	'	'
LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201C	"	"	"	"
RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201D	"	"	"	"
DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201E	"	"	"	"
DAGGER uni2020	†	†	†	†
DOUBLE DAGGER uni2021	‡	‡	‡	‡
BULLET uni2022	•	•	•	•
HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS uni2026
PER MILLE SIGN uni2030	‰	‰	‰	‰
SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2039	<	<	<	<
SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni203A	>	>	>	>
FRACTION SLASH uni2044	/	/	/	/
SUPERSCRIFT FOUR uni2074	4	4	4	4
EURO SIGN uni20AC	€	€	€	€
TRADE MARK SIGN uni2122	™	™	™	™
OHM SIGN uni2126	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω
PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL uni2202	∂	∂	∂	∂
INCREMENT uni2206	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
N-ARY PRODUCT uni220F	∏	∏	∏	∏
N-ARY SUMMATION uni2211	Σ	Σ	Σ	Σ
MINUS SIGN uni2212	—	—	—	—

DIVISION SLASH
uni2215

/	/	/	/	/
√	√	√	√	√

SQUARE ROOT
uni221A

∞	∞	∞	∞	∞
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INFINITY
uni221E

INTEGRAL
uni222B

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RATIO
uni2236

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ALMOST EQUAL TO
uni2248

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NOT EQUAL TO
uni2260

≠	≠	≠	≠	≠
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LESS-THAN OR EQUAL TO
uni2264

≤	≤	≤	≤	≤
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GREATER-THAN OR EQUAL TO
uni2265

≥	≥	≥	≥	≥
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MUCH LESS-THAN
uni226A

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MUCH GREATER-THAN
uni226B

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LOZENGE
uni25CA

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DOTTED CIRCLE
uni25CC

⦿	⦿	⦿	⦿	⦿
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LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FI
uniFB01

fi	fi	fi	fi	fi
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LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FL
uniFB02

fl	fl	fl	fl	fl
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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 50% of the public sector workforce being female in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of young people, with 15% of the public sector workforce being aged 16-24 in 1995.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities, with 10% of the public sector workforce being disabled in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from ethnic minorities, with 10% of the public sector workforce being from ethnic minorities in 1995.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 50 years of age, with 15% of the public sector workforce being over 50 years of age in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 60 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 60 years of age in 1995.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 65 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 65 years of age in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 70 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 70 years of age in 1995.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 75 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 75 years of age in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 80 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 80 years of age in 1995.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 85 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 85 years of age in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 90 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 90 years of age in 1995.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 95 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 95 years of age in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 100 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 100 years of age in 1995.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 105 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 105 years of age in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 110 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 110 years of age in 1995.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 115 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 115 years of age in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 120 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 120 years of age in 1995.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1999). The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex and diverse entity, and it is difficult to define it precisely. However, it can be described as the part of the economy that is owned and controlled by the state. It includes a wide range of activities, from the provision of health care and education to the provision of social housing and the operation of public transport.

The public sector is a major source of employment in the UK, and it is also a major source of revenue for the state. The public sector is a complex and diverse entity, and it is difficult to define it precisely. However, it can be described as the part of the economy that is owned and controlled by the state.

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the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of information, and the study of the communication of information. The field includes the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of information, and the study of the communication of information. (p. 10)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of communication, and the study of the communication of information. The field includes the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of communication, and the study of the communication of information. (p. 10)

The 'information science' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of information, and the study of the communication of information. The field includes the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of information, and the study of the communication of information. (p. 10)

The 'information systems' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of information, and the study of the communication of information. The field includes the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of information, and the study of the communication of information. (p. 10)

The 'information technology' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of information, and the study of the communication of information. The field includes the study of the nature, sources, uses, and management of information, and the study of the communication of information. (p. 10)

The 'information science and technology' field is defined as:

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100%

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 4.5 million women employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 3.5 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of young people, with 1.5 million young people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities, with 1.5 million people with disabilities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from ethnic minorities, with 1.5 million people from ethnic minorities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the lower social classes, with 1.5 million people from the lower social classes employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 50 years of age, with 1.5 million people over 50 years of age employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are under 25 years of age, with 1.5 million people under 25 years of age employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are single, with 1.5 million single people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are married, with 1.5 million married people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are divorced, with 1.5 million divorced people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are widowed, with 1.5 million widowed people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are cohabiting, with 1.5 million cohabiting people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living alone, with 1.5 million people living alone employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a partner, with 1.5 million people living with a partner employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a family, with 1.5 million people living with a family employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a child, with 1.5 million people living with a child employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a grandchild, with 1.5 million people living with a grandchild employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a great-grandchild, with 1.5 million people living with a great-grandchild employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a great-grandchild, with 1.5 million people living with a great-grandchild employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 4.5 million women employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 3.5 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of young people, with 1.5 million young people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities, with 1.5 million people with disabilities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from ethnic minorities, with 1.5 million people from ethnic minorities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 50 years of age, with 1.5 million people over 50 years of age employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are under 25 years of age, with 1.5 million people under 25 years of age employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are single, with 1.5 million single people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are married, with 1.5 million married people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are divorced, with 1.5 million divorced people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are widowed, with 1.5 million widowed people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are cohabiting, with 1.5 million cohabiting people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living alone, with 1.5 million people living alone employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a partnership, with 1.5 million people in a partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a civil partnership, with 1.5 million people in a civil partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a registered partnership, with 1.5 million people in a registered partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a common-law partnership, with 1.5 million people in a common-law partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a civil partnership, with 1.5 million people in a civil partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are in a registered partnership, with 1.5 million people in a registered partnership employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

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The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a partner, with 1.5 million people living with a partner employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a family, with 1.5 million people living with a family employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a child, with 1.5 million people living with a child employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a grandchild, with 1.5 million people living with a grandchild employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a parent, with 1.5 million people living with a parent employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are living with a sibling, with 1.5 million people living with a sibling employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex and diverse entity, and it is difficult to define it precisely. However, it can be described as the part of the economy that is owned and controlled by the state. It includes a wide range of activities, from the provision of health care and education to the provision of social housing and the operation of public transport.

The public sector is a major source of employment in the UK, and it is also a major source of revenue for the state. The public sector is funded by a variety of sources, including taxes, borrowing, and grants from the central government.

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