

2020-11-17 - 16:30.08  
16:30.08

Print this page

Elsie

Elsie Black

uni0000			
EN DASH uni2013	—	—	—
EM DASH uni2014	—	—	—
LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2018	‘	‘	‘
RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2019	’	’	’
SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201A	‚	‚	‚
LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201C	“	“	“
RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201D	”	”	”
DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201E	„	„	„
SPACE uni0020			
EXCLAMATION MARK uni0021	!	!	!
QUOTATION MARK uni0022	"	"	"
NUMBER SIGN uni0023	#	#	#
DOLLAR SIGN uni0024	\$	\$	\$
PERCENT SIGN uni0025	%	%	%
AMPERSAND uni0026	&	&	&

APOSTROPHE uni0027	'	'	'
LEFT PARENTHESIS uni0028	(	(	(
RIGHT PARENTHESIS uni0029	)	)	)
ASTERISK uni002A	*	*	*
PLUS SIGN uni002B	+	+	+
COMMA uni002C	,	,	,
HYPHEN-MINUS uni002D	-	-	-
FULL STOP uni002E	.	.	.
SOLIDUS uni002F	/	/	/
DIGIT ZERO uni0030	0	0	0
DIGIT ONE uni0031	1	1	1
DIGIT TWO uni0032	2	2	2
DIGIT THREE uni0033	3	3	3
DIGIT FOUR uni0034	4	4	4
DIGIT FIVE uni0035	5	5	5
DIGIT SIX uni0036	6	6	6
DIGIT SEVEN uni0037	7	7	7
DIGIT EIGHT uni0038	8	8	8
SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2039	<	>	>
DIGIT NINE uni0039	9	9	9
COLON uni003A	:	:	:
SEMICOLON uni003B	;	;	;
LESS-THAN SIGN uni003C	<	<	<
EQUALS SIGN uni003D	=	=	=
GREATER-THAN SIGN uni003E	>	>	>
QUESTION MARK uni003F	?	?	?
COMMERCIAL AT uni0040	@	@	@
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A uni0041	A	A	A

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B uni0042	B	B	<b>B</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C uni0043	C	C	<b>C</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D uni0044	D	D	<b>D</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E uni0045	E	E	<b>E</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F uni0046	F	F	<b>F</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G uni0047	G	G	<b>G</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H uni0048	H	H	<b>H</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I uni0049	I	I	<b>I</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J uni004A	J	J	<b>J</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K uni004B	K	K	<b>K</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L uni004C	L	L	<b>L</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M uni004D	M	M	<b>M</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N uni004E	N	N	<b>N</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O uni004F	O	O	<b>O</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P uni0050	P	P	<b>P</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q uni0051	Q	Q	<b>Q</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R uni0052	R	R	<b>R</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S uni0053	S	S	<b>S</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T uni0054	T	T	<b>T</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U uni0055	U	U	<b>U</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V uni0056	V	V	<b>V</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W uni0057	W	W	<b>W</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X uni0058	X	X	<b>X</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y uni0059	Y	Y	<b>Y</b>
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z uni005A	Z	Z	<b>Z</b>
LEFT SQUARE BRACKET uni005B	[	[	<b>[</b>
REVERSE SOLIDUS uni005C	\	\	<b>\</b>
RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET uni005D	]	]	<b>]</b>

CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni005E	^	^	^
LOW LINE uni005F	—	—	—
GRAVE ACCENT uni0060	`	`	`
LATIN SMALL LETTER A uni0061	a	a	<b>a</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER B uni0062	b	b	<b>b</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER C uni0063	c	c	<b>c</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER D uni0064	d	d	<b>d</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER E uni0065	e	e	<b>e</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER F uni0066	f	f	<b>f</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER G uni0067	g	g	<b>g</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER H uni0068	h	h	<b>h</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER I uni0069	i	i	<b>i</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER J uni006A	j	j	<b>j</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER K uni006B	k	k	<b>k</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER L uni006C	l	l	<b>l</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER M uni006D	m	m	<b>m</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER N uni006E	n	n	<b>n</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER O uni006F	o	o	<b>o</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER P uni0070	p	p	<b>p</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER Q uni0071	q	q	<b>q</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER R uni0072	r	r	<b>r</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER S uni0073	s	s	<b>s</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER T uni0074	t	t	<b>t</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER U uni0075	u	u	<b>u</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER V uni0076	v	v	<b>v</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER W uni0077	w	w	<b>w</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER X uni0078	x	x	<b>x</b>
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y uni0079	y	y	<b>y</b>

LATIN SMALL LETTER Z uni007A	Z	z	𝙏
LEFT CURLY BRACKET uni007B	{	{	⎵
VERTICAL LINE uni007C			℥
RIGHT CURLY BRACKET uni007D	}	}	⎶
TILDE uni007E	~	~	~
uni007F			
NO-BREAK SPACE uni00A0			
INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK uni00A1	¡	¡	𝐢
CENT SIGN uni00A2	¢	¢	¢
POUND SIGN uni00A3	£	£	£
CURRENCY SIGN uni00A4	¤	¤	¤
YEN SIGN uni00A5	¥	¥	¥
BROKEN BAR uni00A6			
SECTION SIGN uni00A7	§	§	§
DIAERESIS uni00A8	¨	¨	¨
COPYRIGHT SIGN uni00A9	©	©	©
FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00AA	ª	ª	ª
LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00AB	«	«	«
NOT SIGN uni00AC	¬	¬	¬
EURO SIGN uni20AC	€	€	€
REGISTERED SIGN uni00AE	®	®	®
MACRON uni00AF	–	–	–
DEGREE SIGN uni00B0	°	°	°
PLUS-MINUS SIGN uni00B1	±	±	±
SUPERSCRRIPT TWO uni00B2	²	²	²
SUPERSCRRIPT THREE uni00B3	³	³	³
ACUTE ACCENT uni00B4	´	´	´
MICRO SIGN uni00B5	μ	μ	μ

PILCROW SIGN uni00B6	¶	¶	¶
MIDDLE DOT uni00B7	·	•	•
CEDILLA uni00B8	ç	ç	ç
SUPERSCRRIPT ONE uni00B9	¹	¹	¹
MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00BA	º	º	º
RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00BB	»	»	»
VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER uni00BC	¼	¼	¼
VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF uni00BD	½	½	½
VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS uni00BE	¾	¾	¾
INVERTED QUESTION MARK uni00BF	¿	¿	¿
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00C0	À	À	À
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00C1	Á	Á	Á
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00C2	Â	Â	Â
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00C3	Ã	Ã	Ã
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00C4	Ä	Ä	Ä
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00C5	Å	Å	Å
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE uni00C6	Æ	Æ	Æ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00C7	Ç	Ç	Ç
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00C8	È	È	È
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00C9	É	É	É
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CA	Ê	Ê	Ê
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00CB	Ë	Ë	Ë
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00CC	Ì	Ì	Ì
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00CD	Í	Í	Í
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CE	Î	Î	Î
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00CF	Ï	Ï	Ï

LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH uni00D0	Ð	Đ	ᐃ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00D1	Ñ	Ṃ	Ñ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00D2	Ò	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00D3	Ó	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00D4	Ô	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE uni00D5	Õ	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00D6	Ö	Ȫ	Ȫ
MULTIPLICATION SIGN uni00D7	×	×	×
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE uni00D8	Ø	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00D9	Ù	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00DA	Ú	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00DB	Û	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00DC	Ü	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00DD	Ý	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN uni00DE	Þ	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S uni00DF	ß	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00E0	à	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00E1	á	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00E2	â	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00E3	ã	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00E4	ä	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00E5	å	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER AE uni00E6	æ	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00E7	ç	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00E8	è	Ȫ	Ȫ
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00E9	é	Ȫ	Ȫ

LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EA	ê	ê	ê
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00EB	ë	ë	ë
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00EC	ì	ì	ì
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00ED	í	í	í
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EE	î	î	î
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00EF	ï	ï	ï
LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH uni00F0	ð	ð	ð
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00F1	ñ	ñ	ñ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00F2	ò	ò	ò
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00F3	ó	ó	ó
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00F4	ô	ô	ô
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE uni00F5	õ	õ	õ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00F6	ö	ö	ö
DIVISION SIGN uni00F7	÷	÷	÷
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE uni00F8	ø	ø	ø
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00F9	ù	ù	ù
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00FA	ú	ú	ú
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00FB	û	û	û
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00FC	ü	ü	ü
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00FD	ý	ý	ý
LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN uni00FE	þ	þ	þ
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni00FF	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ
uniF8FF			
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH OGONEK uni0104	Ą	Ą	Ą
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH OGONEK uni0105	ą	ą	ą
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK uni0118	Ę	Ę	Ę
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK uni0119	ę	ę	ę
TRADE MARK SIGN uni2122			



	™	™	™
OHM SIGN uni2126	Ω	Ω	Ω
LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH STROKE uni0127	ħ	h	h
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH TILDE uni0128	İ	İ	İ
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH TILDE uni0129	ı	ı	ı
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH OGONEK uni012E	Į	Į	Į
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH OGONEK uni012F	į	į	į
LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I uni0131	l	l	l
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE IJ uni0133	ij	ij	ij
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni0134	Ĵ	Ĵ	Ĵ
LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni0135	ĵ	ĵ	ĵ
LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CEDILLA uni0137	ķ	ķ	ķ
LATIN SMALL LETTER KRA uni0138	ƙ	ƙ	ƙ
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH MIDDLE DOT uni0140	ł	ł	ł
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE uni0141	Ł	Ł	Ł
LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE uni0142	ł	ł	ł
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH ACUTE uni0143	Ń	Ń	Ń
LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH ACUTE uni0144	ń	ń	ń
LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE uni0152	Œ	Œ	Œ
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE uni0153	œ	œ	œ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH ACUTE uni0154	Ŕ	Ŕ	Ŕ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA uni0156	Ŗ	Ŗ	Ŗ
LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CEDILLA uni0157	ŗ	ŗ	ŗ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH CARON uni0158	Ř	Ř	Ř
LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH CARON uni0159	ř	ř	ř
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH ACUTE uni015B	Ś	Ś	ś
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni015D	Ŝ	Ŝ	ŝ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0160	Š	Š	š

LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0161	Š	Š	š
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH OGONEK uni0172	Ų	Ų	ų
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH OGONEK uni0173	ų	ų	ų
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni0178	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017D	Ž	Ž	ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017E	ž	ž	ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH HOOK uni0192	f	f	f
DAGGER uni2020	†	†	†
DOUBLE DAGGER uni2021	‡	‡	‡
BULLET uni2022	•	•	•
HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS uni2026	...	...	...
PER MILLE SIGN uni2030	‰	‰	‰
PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL uni2202	∂	∂	∂
INCREMENT uni2206	Δ	Δ	Δ
N-ARY PRODUCT uni220F	∏	∏	∏
N-ARY SUMMATION uni2211	Σ	Σ	Σ
MINUS SIGN uni2212	−	−	−
SQUARE ROOT uni221A	√	√	√
INFINITY uni221E	∞	∞	∞
SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni203A	>	<	<
INTEGRAL uni222B	∫	∫	∫
LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS J uni0237	Ƶ	Ƶ	ƶ
ALMOST EQUAL TO uni2248	≈	≈	≈
FRACTION SLASH uni2044	/	/	/
NOT EQUAL TO uni2260	≠	≠	≠
LESS-THAN OR EQUAL TO uni2264	≤	≤	≤
GREATER-THAN OR EQUAL TO uni2265	≥	≥	≥
MODIFIER LETTER CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni02C6	ˆ	ˆ	ˆ

CARON uni02C7	◌ ˇ	◌ ˇ	◌ ˇ
BREVE uni02D8	◌ ˘	◌ ˘	◌ ˘
DOT ABOVE uni02D9	◌ ˙	◌ ˙	◌ ˙
RING ABOVE uni02DA	◌ ◌̊	◌ ◌̊	◌ ◌̊
OGONEK uni02DB	◌ ˛	◌ ˛	◌ ˛
SMALL TILDE uni02DC	◌ ˜	◌ ˜	◌ ˜
DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT uni02DD	◌ ˝	◌ ˝	◌ ˝
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FF uniFB00	ff	ff	ff
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FI uniFB01	fi	fi	fi
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FL uniFB02	fl	fl	fl
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE ST uniFB06	st	st	st
GREEK SMALL LETTER PI uni03C0	π	π	π
LOZENGE uni25CA	◊	◊	◊

A.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

A	A	A

A.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

A	A	A
---	---	---

B.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

B	B	B
---	---	---

B.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

B	B	B
---	---	---

C.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

C	C	C
---	---	---

C.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

C	C	C
---	---	---

D.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

D	D	D
---	---	---

D.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

D	D	D
---	---	---

E.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

E	E	E
---	---	---

E.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

E	E	E
---	---	---

F.alt

F	F	F
---	---	---

Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

F.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

G.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

G.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

H.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

H.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

I.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

I.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

J.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

J.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

K.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

K.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

L.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

L.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

M.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

M.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

N.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

N.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

O.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

O.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

P.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

P.alt



Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature

Q.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



Q.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



R.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



R.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



S.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



S.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



T.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



T.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



T\_h  
liga feature



U.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



U.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



V.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



V.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



W.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



W.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



X.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



X.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



Y.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



Y.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



Z.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



Z.alt  
Ending "alt" ≠ OT Feature (cannot display this character)  
feature



c\_h  
liga feature



c\_t  
liga feature



c\_t  
liga feature



f1\_dotlessi  
liga feature (cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)



f1\_dotlessj  
liga feature (cannot find base glyph) (cannot find base glyph)



f\_b  
liga feature



f\_b  
liga feature



f\_h  
liga feature



f\_h  
liga feature



f\_k  
liga feature



f\_k  
liga feature



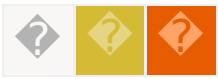
f\_t  
liga feature



f\_t  
liga feature



nonmarkingreturn  
Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.



s\_p  
liga feature



s\_p  
liga feature



uhungarumalut  
Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.



the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 4.5 million women employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 3.5 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of young people, with 1.5 million young people employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities, with 1.5 million people with disabilities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from ethnic minorities, with 1.5 million people from ethnic minorities employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Soviet Union, with 1.5 million people from the former Soviet Union employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Caribbean, with 1.5 million people from the Caribbean employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Indian subcontinent, with 1.5 million people from the Indian subcontinent employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Middle East, with 1.5 million people from the Middle East employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the African continent, with 1.5 million people from the African continent employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Pacific Islands, with 1.5 million people from the Pacific Islands employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the Balkans, with 1.5 million people from the Balkans employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Yugoslavia, with 1.5 million people from the former Yugoslavia employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Czech Republic, with 1.5 million people from the former Czech Republic employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Poland, with 1.5 million people from the former Poland employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Hungary, with 1.5 million people from the former Hungary employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Slovakia, with 1.5 million people from the former Slovakia employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Romania, with 1.5 million people from the former Romania employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Bulgaria, with 1.5 million people from the former Bulgaria employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Greece, with 1.5 million people from the former Greece employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Spain, with 1.5 million people from the former Spain employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Portugal, with 1.5 million people from the former Portugal employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Italy, with 1.5 million people from the former Italy employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former France, with 1.5 million people from the former France employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Germany, with 1.5 million people from the former Germany employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Netherlands, with 1.5 million people from the former Netherlands employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from the former Belgium, with 1.5 million people from the former Belgium employed in the public sector in 1995, compared with 1 million in 1980.







the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995). The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own aims and objectives. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own aims and objectives. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own aims and objectives. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own aims and objectives. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own aims and objectives. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own aims and objectives. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own aims and objectives. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own aims and objectives. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.



































