

































Modern Love Regular

2020-09-25 - 15:53.14
15:53.14

Print this page

	uni0000		
	uni000D		
	SPACE uni0020		
EXCLAMATION MARK	uni0021		
QUOTATION MARK	uni0022		
NUMBER SIGN	uni0023		
DOLLAR SIGN	uni0024		
PERCENT SIGN	uni0025		
AMPERSAND	uni0026		
APOSTROPHE	uni0027		
LEFT PARENTHESIS	uni0028		
RIGHT PARENTHESIS	uni0029		
ASTERISK	uni002A		
PLUS SIGN	uni002B		
COMMA	uni002C		
HYPHEN-MINUS	uni002D		

FULL STOP uni002E	.	•
SOLIDUS uni002F	/	/
DIGIT ZERO uni0030	0	0
DIGIT ONE uni0031	1	1
DIGIT TWO uni0032	2	2
DIGIT THREE uni0033	3	3
DIGIT FOUR uni0034	4	4
DIGIT FIVE uni0035	5	5
DIGIT SIX uni0036	6	6
DIGIT SEVEN uni0037	7	7
DIGIT EIGHT uni0038	8	8
DIGIT NINE uni0039	9	9
COLON uni003A	:	:
SEMICOLON uni003B	;	;
LESS-THAN SIGN uni003C	<	<
EQUALS SIGN uni003D	=	=
GREATER-THAN SIGN uni003E	>	>
QUESTION MARK uni003F	?	?
COMMERCIAL AT uni0040	@	@
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A uni0041	A	A
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B uni0042	B	B
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C uni0043	C	C
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D uni0044	D	D
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E uni0045	E	E
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F uni0046	F	F
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G uni0047	G	G
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H		

uni0048	H	𝐇
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I uni0049	I	𝐈
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J uni004A	J	𝐉
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K uni004B	K	𝐊
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L uni004C	L	𝐋
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M uni004D	M	𝐌
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N uni004E	N	𝐍
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O uni004F	O	𝐎
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P uni0050	P	𝐏
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q uni0051	Q	𝐐
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R uni0052	R	𝐑
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S uni0053	S	𝐒
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T uni0054	T	𝐓
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U uni0055	U	𝐔
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V uni0056	V	𝐕
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W uni0057	W	𝐖
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X uni0058	X	𝐗
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y uni0059	Y	𝐘
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z uni005A	Z	𝐙
LEFT SQUARE BRACKET uni005B	[𝐋
REVERSE SOLIDUS uni005C	\	𝐒
RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET uni005D]	𝐑
CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni005E	^	𝐅
LOW LINE uni005F	—	𝐋
GRAVE ACCENT uni0060	`	𝐅
LATIN SMALL LETTER A uni0061	a	𝐚
LATIN SMALL LETTER B uni0062	b	𝐛
LATIN SMALL LETTER C uni0063	c	𝐜

	d	<i>d</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER D uni0064		
LATIN SMALL LETTER E uni0065	e	<i>e</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER F uni0066	f	<i>f</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER G uni0067	g	<i>g</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER H uni0068	h	<i>h</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER I uni0069	i	<i>i</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER J uni006A	j	<i>j</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER K uni006B	k	<i>k</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER L uni006C	l	<i>l</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER M uni006D	m	<i>m</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER N uni006E	n	<i>n</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER O uni006F	o	<i>o</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER P uni0070	p	<i>p</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER Q uni0071	q	<i>q</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER R uni0072	r	<i>r</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER S uni0073	s	<i>s</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER T uni0074	t	<i>t</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER U uni0075	u	<i>u</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER V uni0076	v	<i>v</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER W uni0077	w	<i>w</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER X uni0078	x	<i>x</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y uni0079	y	<i>y</i>
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z uni007A	z	<i>z</i>
LEFT CURLY BRACKET uni007B	{	<i>{</i>
VERTICAL LINE uni007C		<i> </i>
RIGHT CURLY BRACKET uni007D	}	<i>}</i>
TILDE uni007E	~	<i>~</i>

uni007F		
NO-BREAK SPACE uni00A0		
INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK uni00A1	¡	í
CENT SIGN uni00A2	¢	¢
POUND SIGN uni00A3	£	£
CURRENCY SIGN uni00A4	¤	¤
YEN SIGN uni00A5	¥	¥
BROKEN BAR uni00A6	¦	¦
SECTION SIGN uni00A7	§	§
DIAERESIS uni00A8	¨	¨
COPYRIGHT SIGN uni00A9	©	©
FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00AA	ª	ª
LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00AB	«	«
NOT SIGN uni00AC	¬	¬
SOFT HYPHEN uni00AD		
REGISTERED SIGN uni00AE	®	®
MACRON uni00AF	¯	¯
DEGREE SIGN uni00B0	°	°
PLUS-MINUS SIGN uni00B1	±	±
SUPERSCRIFT TWO uni00B2	²	²
SUPERSCRIFT THREE uni00B3	³	³
ACUTE ACCENT uni00B4	´	´
MICRO SIGN uni00B5	µ	µ
PILCROW SIGN uni00B6	¶	¶
MIDDLE DOT uni00B7	·	·
CEDILLA uni00B8	¸	¸
SUPERSCRIFT ONE uni00B9	¹	¹

MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR uni00BA	Ō	o
RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni00BB	»	»
VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER uni00BC	¼	¼
VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF uni00BD	½	½
VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS uni00BE	¾	¾
INVERTED QUESTION MARK uni00BF	¿	¿
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00C0	À	À
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00C1	Á	Á
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00C2	Â	Â
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00C3	Ã	Ã
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00C4	Ä	Ä
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00C5	Å	Å
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE uni00C6	Æ	Æ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00C7	Ç	Ç
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00C8	È	È
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00C9	É	É
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CA	Ê	Ê
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00CB	Ë	Ë
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00CC	Ì	Ì
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00CD	Í	Í
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00CE	Î	Î
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00CF	Ï	Ï
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH uni00D0	Ð	Ð
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00D1	Ñ	Ñ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00D2	Ò	Ò
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00D3	Ó	Ó
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00D4	Ô	Ô
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE		

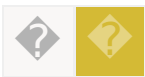
uni00D5	Õ	õ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00D6	Ö	ö
MULTIPLICATION SIGN uni00D7	×	x
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE uni00D8	Ø	ø
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00D9	Ù	ù
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00DA	Ú	ú
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00DB	Û	û
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00DC	Ü	ü
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00DD	Ý	ý
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN uni00DE	Þ	þ
LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S uni00DF	ß	ß
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE uni00E0	à	à
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE uni00E1	á	á
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00E2	â	â
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE uni00E3	ã	ã
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS uni00E4	ä	ä
LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE uni00E5	å	å
LATIN SMALL LETTER AE uni00E6	æ	æ
LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA uni00E7	ç	ç
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE uni00E8	è	è
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE uni00E9	é	é
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EA	ê	ê
LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS uni00EB	ë	ë
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE uni00EC	ì	ì
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE uni00ED	í	í
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00EE	î	î
LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS uni00EF	ï	ï
LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH uni00F0	ð	ð

LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE uni00F1	ñ	ñ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE uni00F2	ò	ò
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE uni00F3	ó	ó
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00F4	ô	ô
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE uni00F5	õ	õ
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS uni00F6	ö	ö
DIVISION SIGN uni00F7	÷	÷
LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE uni00F8	ø	ø
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE uni00F9	ù	ù
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE uni00FA	ú	ú
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX uni00FB	û	û
LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS uni00FC	ü	ü
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE uni00FD	ý	ý
LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN uni00FE	þ	þ
LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni00FF	ÿ	ÿ
LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE uni0152	Œ	Œ
LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE uni0153	œ	œ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0160	Š	Š
LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH CARON uni0161	š	š
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS uni0178	Ÿ	Ÿ
LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017D	Ž	Ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH CARON uni017E	ž	ž
LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH HOOK uni0192	f	f
MODIFIER LETTER CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT uni02C6	^	^
SMALL TILDE uni02DC	~	~
EN DASH uni2013	—	—
EM DASH uni2014	—	—

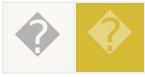
LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2018	'	‘
RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2019	’	’
SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201A	‚	‚
LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201C	“	“
RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK uni201D	”	”
DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK uni201E	„	„
DAGGER uni2020	†	†
DOUBLE DAGGER uni2021	‡	‡
BULLET uni2022	•	•
HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS uni2026	…	…
PER MILLE SIGN uni2030	‰	‰
SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni2039	<	<
SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK uni203A	>	>
EURO SIGN uni20AC	€	€
TRADE MARK SIGN uni2122	™	™

0 0/9 frac feature	0	0	0	0/9
1 1/8 frac feature	1	1	1	1/8
2 2/7 frac feature	2	2	2	2/7
3 3/6 frac feature	3	3	3	3/6
4 4/5 frac feature	4	4	4	4/5
5 5/4 frac feature	5	5	5	5/4
6 6/3 frac feature	6	6	6	6/3
7 7/2 frac feature	7	7	7	7/2
8 8/1 frac feature	8	8	8	8/1
9 9/0 frac feature	9	9	9	9/0
dotlessi				

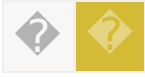
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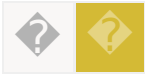
fraction
Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.



caron
Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.



ring
Cannot display because feature tag is missing in name.



uni2074
"Uni" in name but missing unicode: uni2074



the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1999). The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

The public sector is a complex organisation, and it is difficult to understand how it works. The public sector is made up of many different organisations, each of which has its own objectives and its own way of working. The public sector is also a major employer in the UK, and this has implications for the way in which the public sector is managed and the way in which it is funded.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are undernourished has increased from 600 million to 800 million (FAO 1996).

There are a number of reasons why the world's population is becoming more undernourished. First, the world's population is growing rapidly. The world population is projected to reach 6 billion by the year 2000, and to reach 8 billion by the year 2025 (UNEP 1992).

Second, the world's population is becoming more urban. In 1990, 54% of the world's population lived in urban areas. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 60% (UNEP 1992).

Third, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food imports. In 1990, the world's population imported 10% of its food. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Fourth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food aid. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from aid. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Fifth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from developed countries. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from developed countries. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Sixth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the private sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the private sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Seventh, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the public sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the public sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Eighth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the non-profit sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the non-profit sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Ninth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the voluntary sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the voluntary sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Tenth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the government sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the government sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Eleventh, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the international community. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the international community. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Twelfth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the private sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the private sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Thirteenth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the public sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the public sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Fourteenth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the non-profit sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the non-profit sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Fifteenth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the voluntary sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the voluntary sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

Sixteenth, the world's population is becoming more dependent on food from the government sector. In 1990, the world's population received 10% of its food from the government sector. By the year 2000, this figure is projected to rise to 20% (UNEP 1992).

