Worksheet: Lagrange Interpolation

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There are functions which satisfy a bewildering number of constraints. Or we might find in a paper, a the existence of a function - satisfying very reasonable constraints - which is nearly impossible to construct.

Let's try to find an f(x) that passes through a few points.

- f(0) = 1
- f(1) = 2
- f(2) = 2
- f(3) = 3
- f(4) = 0

How will we find such a function? Let's guess a structure for it:

$$f(x) = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3 + a_4 x^4 + a_5 x^5$$

Next plug in the values x=0, x=1, etc to solve a system of simultaneous equations:

$$f(0) = 1 = a_0 + a_1 \times 0 + a_2 \times 0^2 + a_3 \times 0^3 + a_4 \times 0^4 + a_5 \times 0^5$$

$$f(1) = 2 = a_0 + a_1 \times 1 + a_2 \times 1^2 + a_3 \times 1^3 + a_4 \times 1^4 + a_5 \times 1^5$$

$$f(2) = 2 = a_0 + a_1 \times 2 + a_2 \times 2^2 + a_3 \times 2^3 + a_4 \times 2^4 + a_5 \times 2^5$$

$$f(3) = 3 = a_0 + a_1 \times 3 + a_2 \times 3^2 + a_3 \times 3^3 + a_4 \times 3^4 + a_5 \times 3^5$$

$$f(4) = 0 = a_0 + a_1 \times 4 + a_2 \times 4^2 + a_3 \times 4^3 + a_4 \times 4^4 + a_5 \times 4^5$$

The equation is solved in a standard way called Lagrange Interpolation

$$f(x) = f(0) \frac{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)}{(0-1)(0-2)(0-3)(0-4)}$$

$$+ f(1) \frac{(x-0)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)}{(1-0)(1-2)(1-3)(1-4)}$$

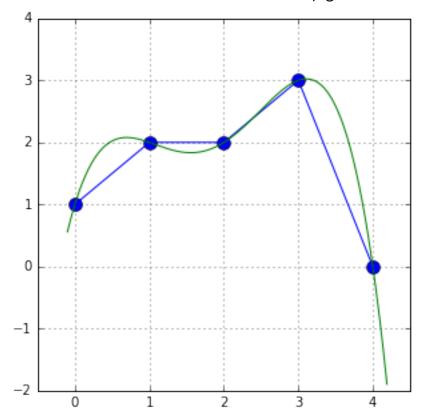
$$+ f(2) \frac{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)}{(2-0)(2-1)(2-3)(2-4)}$$

$$+ f(3) \frac{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)}{(3-0)(3-1)(3-2)(3-4)}$$

$$+ f(4) \frac{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)}{(4-0)(4-1)(4-2)(4-3)}$$

A little bit complicated to write down, we can set x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 and check it works.

Not without artifacts... However, looks very good in some places!



We don't really know what is happending between the values of x=0 and x=1.

NEXT more constraint problems.

References

(1) ...