Rauzy-Veech Identities

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I was reading a string theory paper and checking the references. The formula didn't make much sense, and upon closer inspection the diagram from one set of papers I was reading looked exactly like th other.

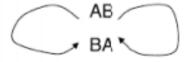
S-duality and T-duality

$$su(3): \qquad T \subset SU(3) \stackrel{S}{\longleftarrow} (SU(3)/\mathbb{Z}_3)_0 \stackrel{T}{\longrightarrow} (SU(3)/\mathbb{Z}_3)_1$$

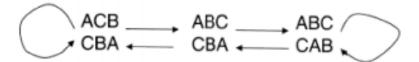
$$su(4): \qquad SU(4) \stackrel{S}{\longrightarrow} (SU(4)/\mathbb{Z}_4)_0 \stackrel{T}{\longrightarrow} (SU(4)/\mathbb{Z}_4)_3 \stackrel{T}{\longrightarrow} (SU(4)/\mathbb{Z}_4)_2 \stackrel{S}{\longrightarrow} (SU(4)/\mathbb{Z}_2)_- \qquad (SU(4)/\mathbb{Z}_2)_+$$

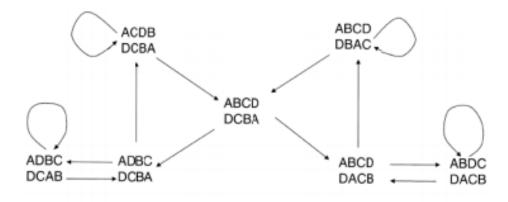
$$\downarrow 0 \qquad \qquad \uparrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow 0 \qquad \qquad$$

Rauzy-Veech Induction



g=1, s=1,d=2





g=2,s=1,d=4

References

- (1) Ofer Aharony, Nathan Seiberg, Yuji Tachikawa. **Reading between the lines of four-dimensional gauge theories** arXiv:1305.0318
- (2) Artur Avila, Carlos Matheus, Jean-Christophe Yoccoz.

 Zorich conjecture for hyperelliptic Rauzy-Veech groups. arXiv:1606.01227
- (3) JC Yoccoz Interval exchange maps and translation surfaces from Homogeneous Flows, Moduli Spaes and Arithmetic http://www.claymath.org/library/proceedings/cmip010c.pdf