WIIIR, v. t. To hurry.

WHIRL, v. t. hwurl. [Sax. hwyrfan; D.] wervelen; G. wirbeln, to whirl, to warble; Dan. hvirveler, Sw. hvirfla, to whirl; Dan. hvirvelbeen, whirl-bone, vertebra; hvirvelsoe, whirl-sea, a whirlpool; Sw. hvirfvel. Ice. whirla, a whirl. We see that whirl and warble are dialectical forms of the same word, and both probably from the root of L. verto and Eng. veer.]

To turn round rapidly; to turn with velocity. He whirls his sword around without delay.

Druden. WHIRL, v. i. To be turned round rapidly; to move round with velocity; as the whirling spindles of a cotton machine or wheels 2. Part of a woman's dress; a kind of tippet. of a coach.

The wooden engine flies and whirts about, Dryden.

2. To move hastily.

-But whirt'd away, to shun his hateful sight. Druden.

WHIRL, n. [G. wirbel; Dan. hvirvel.] A turning with rapidity or velocity; rapid rotation or circumvolution; quick gyration; as the whirl of a top; the whirl of a wheel; the whirl of time; the whirls of Creech. Pope. fancy.

2. Any thing that moves or is turned with velocity, particularly on an axis or pivet.

3. A hook used in twisting.

4. In botany, a species of inflorescence, consisting of many subsessile flowers surrounding the stem in a ring. It is also written whorl and wherl. Martyn.

WHIRL'-BAT, n. [whirl and bat.] Any thing moved with a whirl as preparatory for a blow, or to augment the force of it. Poets use it for the aucient cestus.

The whirl-bat and the rapid race shall be Reserv'd for Cesar. Dryden. WHIRL'-BL'AST, n. [whirl and blast.] A

whirling blast of wind. Entick. WHIRL'-BONE, n. [whirl and bone.] The patella; the cap of the knee; the knee-Ainsworth.

WHIRL'ED, pp. Turned round with velo-

whirls; verticillate.

WHIRL/IGIG, n. [whirl and gig.] A toy which children spin or whirl round.

Johnson.

2. In military antiquities, an instrument for punishing petty offenders, as sutlers, brawling women, &c.; a kind of wooden cage turning on a pivot, in which the offender was whirled round with great ve-Cyc. locity.

WHIRLING, ppr. Turning or moving round with velocity.

WHIRL/ING-TABLE, n. A machine conrived to exhibit and demonstrate the principal laws of gravitation, and of the planetary motions in enrvilinear orbits.

WHIRL-PIT, n. A whirlpool. [Not used.] 3. A hissing or buzzing sound. WHIRL POOL, n. [whirl and pool.] An WHIS PERED, pp. Uttered in a low voice; eddy of water; a vortex or gulf where the water moves round in a circle. In some cases, a whirlpool draws things to 2. A tattler; one who tells secrets; a conveyits center and absorbs them, as is the case with the Maelstrom off the coast of Nor-3. A backbiter; one who slanders secretly.

Bacon.

Brow. vii.

WHIRL/WIND, n. [whirl and wind.] A WHIS/PERING, ppr. Speaking in a low WHITE, a. [Sax. hwit; Sw. hvit; Dan.

axis; this axis or the perpendicular column moving horizontally, raising and whirling dust, leaves and the like. WHIRRAW'. [See Hoora.]

WHIR/RING, n. The sound of a partridge's

or pheasant's wings.

[Note.- Whir is used by the common people in New England in an adverbial manner, to express the rapid flight or the sound of any thing thrown. See Whir.]

WHISK, n. [G. D. wisch, a wisp.] A small bunch of grass, straw, hair or the like, used for a brush; hence, a brush or small

besom.

Child.

WHISK, v. t. To sweep, brush or wipe with a whisk.

2. To sweep along; to move nimbly over the ground. Hudibras.

WHISK, v. i. To move nimbly and with Purchas. velocity. WIHSK'ER, n. [from whisk.] Long hair growing on the buman check. Pope.

WHISK ERED, a. Formed into whiskers; furnished with whiskers.

WIIISK/ET, n. A basket. [Local.]

WIIISK'ING, ppr. Brushing; sweeping 3. To sound shrill, or like a pipe. along; moving with velocity along the surface.

A spirit distilled from grain. In the north of England, the name is given to the spirit 2. To call by a whistle; as, he whistled back drawn from burley. In the United States, whisky is generally distilled from wheat, WHIS TLE, n. [Sax. hwistle; L. fistula.] rye or maiz.

WHIS/PER. v. i. [Sax. hwisprian; Dan. 2. The sound made by a small wind instruhvisker; Sw. hviska, to buzz, to whisper; allied to whistle, wheeze, and L. fistula. The word seems by its sound to be an onomatopy, as it expresses a sibilant sound or 4. The mouth; the organ of whistling. [Vulbreathing.]

1. To speak with a low hissing or sibilant voice. It is ill manners to whisper in com-

The hollow whisp'ring breeze— Thomson. 2. In botany, growing in whirls; bearing 2. To speak with suspicion or timorous caution.

To plot secretly; to devise mischief.

All that hate me whisper together against me. Ps. xli.

WHIS'PER, v. t. To address in a low voice. He whispers the man in the ear. [But this is elliptical for whispers to.] 2. To utter in a low sibilant voice.

whispered a word in my ear.

3. To prompt secretly; as, he came to whisper Woolsey. Shak.

WIHSPER, n. A low soft sibilant voice; or words uttered with such a voice.

The whisper cannot give a tone. Bacon Soft whispers through th' assembly went. Dryden

2. A cautious or timorous speech.

uttered with suspicion or cantion. WHIS PERER, n. One who whispers.

Prov. xvi.

violent wind moving in a circle, or rather voice; telling secretly; backbiting.

in a spiral form, as if moving round an WHIS/PERING, n. The act of speaking with a low voice; the telling of tales, and exciting of suspicions; a backbiting.

WIHS PERINGLY, adv. In a low voice. WIHST, a. [Corn. huist, silenee.] Silent; mute; still; not speaking; not making a noise.

The winds with wonder whist,

Smoothly the waters kiss'd. Milton. [This adjective, like some others, always follows its noun. We never say, whist wind; but the wind is whist.]

Whist is used for be silent. Whist, whist, that

is, be silent or still.

WHIST, n. A game at cards, so called because it requires silence or close attention. It is not in America pronounced whisk.

WIHSTLE, v. i. hwis'l. [Sax. hwistlan; Sw. hvissla; Dan. hvidsler; L fistula, a

whistle; allied to whisper.]

1. To utter a kind of musical sound, by pressing the breath through a small orifice formed by contracting the lips.

While the plowman near at hand, Whistles o'er the furrow'd land. Milton.

2. To make a sound with a small wind instrument

The wild winds whistle, and the billows roar.

WHISKY, n. [Ir. uisge, water, whence usquebaugh; W. wysg, a stream.]

WHISTLE, v. t. To form, utter or modulate by whistling; as, to whistle a time or late by whistling; as, to whistle a tune or

his dog.

L. A small wind instrument.

ment.

3. Sound made by pressing the breath through a small orifice of the lips.

gar.]

5. A small pipe, used by a boatswain to summon the sailors to their duty; the boatswain's call. Mar. Dict.

6. The shrill sound of winds passing among trees or through crevices, &c.

7. A call, such as sportsmen use to their dogs.

WHISTLED, pp. Sounded with a pipe; uttered in a whistle.

WIIIS'TLE-FISH, n. A local name of a species of Gadus, with only two fins on the back; the Mustela fluviatilis. Cyc. WIHS/TLER, n. One who whistles.

WHIS/TLING, ppr. Uttering a musical sound through a small orifice of the lips; sounding with a pipe; making a shrill sound, as wind.

WHIS'TLY, adv. Silently.

WIHT, n. [Sax. wiht, a creature, also a thing, something, any thing. This is thing, something, any thing. probably from the root of L. vivo, victum.]

A point; a jot; the smallest part or particle imaginable. It is used without a prepesition. He is not a whit the wiser for exnerience.

It does not me a whit displease. Cowley. The regular construction would be by a whit, or in a whit. In these phrases, a whit may be interpreted by in the least, in the smallest degree.

hvid; D. wit; G. weiss.]