rounded by a hedge.

UNHEE DED, a. Not heeded; disregarded; neglected.

Pope.

UNITEE/DFUL, a. Not cautious; inatten- 2. a. Wanting a house; homeless. tive: careless.

Dryden. negligent. UNHEE/DY, a. Precipitate; sudden.

UNHE'LE, v. t. To uncover. [Not in use.]

UNHELM'ED, a. Having no helm.

UNIIELP'ED, a. Unassisted; having no aid or auxiliary; unsupported. UNHELP'FUL, a. Affording no aid. Shak. UNITES/ITATING, a. Not hesitating; not remaining in doubt; prompt; ready

Eclec. Review. UNHES'ITATINGLY, adv. Without hesitation or doubt.

UNIIEWN', a. Not hewn; rough. Dryden. cions. [Not used.]

UNHIN'DERED, a. Not hindered; not op-UNHURT'FULLY, adv. Without harm; 5 Continued or unvaried sameness or likeposed; exerting itself freely. S. Clarke.

hinges; as, to unhinge a door. 2. To displace; to unfix by violence.

3. To unfix; to loosen; to render unstable or wavering; as, to unhinge the mind; to UNICAP SULAR, a. [L. unus, one, and unhinge opinions.

UNHOARD, v. t. To steal from a hoard; to Having one capsule to each flower, as a perseatter.

unsanctified state of the heart.

2. Impiety; wickedness; profaneness.

Raleigh. UNHO'LY, a. Not holy; not renewed and sanctified. 2 Tim. iii.

2. Profanc; not hallowed; not consecrated; common. Heb. x.

3. Impious; wicked.

4. Not ceremonially purified. Lev. x. UNHON'EST, a. [See Honest.] Dishonest; dishonorable. Obs. Ascham.

UNITON'ORED, a. [See Honor.] Not hon-ored; not regarded with veneration; not celchrated.

UNHOOK', v. t. To loose from a hook. UNHOOP', v. t. To strip of hoops.

Addison.

UNHO'PED, a. Not hoped for; not so probable as to excite hope.

> Dryden.With unhop'd success.

Unhoned for, unhoped, as above.

UNHO PEFUL, a. Such as leaves no room Boyle. to hone.

UNHORN'ED, a. Having no horns.

Tooke. UNHORSE, v. t. unhors'. To throw from a horse; to cause to dismount. UNHORS'ED, pp. Thrown from a horse.

Dryden.

horse; dismounting.

UNITOS PITABLE, a. Not kind to strangers. [But inhospitable is the word now

lie enemy.

UNHEDG'ED, a. Not hedged; not sur-||UNHOUSE, v. t. unhouz'. To drive from Uniform motion. The motion of a body is the house or habitation; to dislodge. Milton.

2. To deprive of shelter.

The world's great victor passed unheeded by. UNHOUS'ED, pp. Driven from a house or habitation. Shak.

Beaum. 3. Having no settled habitation. Shak. UNHEE/DING, a. Not heeding; careless; 4. Destitute of shelter or cover. Cattle in severe weather should not be left un-

housed. Spenser. UNITOUS'ELED, a. s as z. Not having received the sacrament. Shak.

Spenser. UNHUMAN, a. Inhuman. [But inhuman is the word used.]

Pollok. UNHU'MANIZE, v. t. To render inhuman J. Barlow. or barbarous. Dryden. UNHUM'BLED, a. Not humbled; not affected with shame or confusion; not con-Millian

trite in spirit. 2. In theology, not having the will and the natural enmity of the heart to God and

his law, subdued. UNHURT', a. Not hurt; not harmed; free from wound or injury. Dryden.

UNHI'DEBOUND, a. Lax of maw; eapa- UNHURT'FUL, a. Not hurtful; harmless; Shak. innovious.

Pope. harmlessly UNHINGE, v. t. unhinj'. To take from the UNHUS BANDED, a. s as z. Deprived of

support; neglected. Browne.2. Not managed with frugality.

Blackmore. UNHUSK'ED, a. Not being stripped of husks.

capsula, chest.]

Martyn. icarp. UNHO/LINESS, n. Want of holiness; an U/NICORN, n. [L. unicornis; unus, one,

and cornu, horn.]

I. An animal with one horn; the monorhinoceros.

The sea unicorn is a fish of the whale The state of being the only begotten. kind, called narwal, remarkable for a horn UNIG'ENOUS, a. [L. unigena.] Of one growing out at his nose. Cyc.3. A fowl.

Fossil unicorn, or fossil unicorn's horn, a substance used in medicine, a terrene crustaceous spar.

Dryden. UNIDE'AL, a. Not ideal; real. Johnson. UNIF'LOROUS, a. [L. unus, one, and flos, A unilateral raceme, is when the flowers flower.l

Bearing one flower only; as a uniflorous pedanele.

U'NIFORM, a. [L. uniformis; unus, one, and forma, form.]

1. Having always the same form or manner; This we say, the dress of 2. Ignorant. not variable. form from early ages. So we say, it is form course of piety and religion.

one's opinions on a particular subject have

been uniform. UNITORS/ING, ppr. Throwing from a 3. Of the same form with others; consoning to one rule or mode.

> Hooker. in their ceremonies, is doubted.

Philips. form temperature.

uniform, when it passes over equal spaces D. Olmsted. in equal times. Uniform matter, is that which is all of the same kind and texture. Cyc.

Shak. U'NIFORM, n. The particular dress of soldiers, by which one regiment or company is distinguished from another, or a soldier from another person. We say, the uniform of a company of militia, the uniform of the artillery or matross companies, the uniform of a regiment, &c. This dress is called a uniform, because it is alike among all the soldiers.

UNIFORM/ITY, n. Resemblance to itself at all times; even tenor; as the uniformi-

ty of design in a poem.

Consistency; sameness; as the uniformity of a man's opinions.

3. Conformity to a pattern or rule; resemblance, consonance or agreement; as the uniformity of different churches in ceremonies or rites.

4. Similitude between the parts of a whole; as the uniformity of sides in a regular figure. Beauty is said to consist in uniformity with variety.

Uniformity must tire at last, though it is a uniformity of excellence. Johnson. Act of uniformity, in England, the act of par-

liament by which the form of public prayers, administration of sacraments and other rites, is prescribed to be observed in all the churches. 1 Eliz. and 13 and 14 Car. 11.

U'NIFORMLY, adv. With even tenor; without variation; as a temper uniformly

Without diversity of one from another. ceros. This name is often applied to the UNIGEN/ITURE, n. [L. unigenitus; unus and genitus.

kind; of the same genus. Kirman. Grew. UNILA'BIATE, a. In botany, having one lip only, as a corol. Martyn. Asiat. Res.

Cyc. UNILAT'ERAL, a. [L. unus, one, and latus, side.]

Brown. 1. Being on one side or party only. [Unusnal.

2. Having one side.

grow only on one side of the common peduncle. Martun. Martyn. UNILIT'ERAL, a. [L. unus, one, and litera,

letter.) Consisting of one letter only. UNILLU'MINATED, a. Not illuminated;

the Asiaties is uniform, or has been uni-UNILLUS/TRATED, a. Not illustrated; Good. not made plain. the duty of a christian to observe a uni-UNILOCULAR, a. [L. unus, one, and lo-

culus, cell.] Shak. 2. Consistent with itself; not different; as, Having one cell only; as a unilocular peri-

carp.

UNIMAG'INABLE, a. Not to be imagined: not to be conceived. Tillotson. ant; agreeing with each other; conform-UNIMAGINABLY, adv. To a degree not to be imagined. Boyle.

How far churches are bound to be uniform UNIMAGINED, a. Not imagined; not conecived.

UNHOS'THE, a. Not belonging to a pull- A. Having the same degree or state; as uni- UNIMBU'ED, a. Not imbued; not rinctured.