GLEAMY, a. Darting beams of light; cast- 2. A scoff; a game at cards. Obs.

ing light in rays.

In brazen arms, that cast a gleamy ray, Swift through the town the warrior bends his way.

a handful or cluster. In W. glan is clean.]

1. To gather the stalks and ears of grain which reapers leave behind them.

corn- Ruth ii.

2. To collect things thinly scattered; to gather what is left in small parcels or The flux of a thin humor from the urethra; numbers, or what is found in detached parcels; as, to glean a few passages from an author.

Judges xx. thousand men. Judges xx.
GLEAN, v. i. To gather stalks or ears of

grain left by reapers. And she went, and came and gleaned in the field after the reapers. Ruth ii.

GLEAN, n. A collection made by gleaning, or by gathering here and there a little.

Druden. thighs. GLE'ANED, pp. Gathered after reapers;

collected from small detached parcels; as grain gleaned from the field. 2. Cleared of what is left; as, the field is GLI ADINE, n. [Gr. γλια, glue.] One of

oleaned. 3. Having suffered a gleaning. The public

prints have been gleaned. GLE'ANER, n. One who gathers after

reapers. 2. One who collects detached parts or num-

bers, or who gathers slowly with labor. GLE'ANING, ppr. Gathering what reap-

parcels. GLE ANING, n. The act of gathering after 2. Smooth; voluble; easily moving; as a 3. Transient luster.

2. That which is collected by gleaning. GLEBE, n. [L. gleba, a clod or lump of

earth; Fr. glebe, land, ground; probably from collecting, as in globe, club.]

1. Turf; soil; ground. Till the glad summons of a genial ray

Unbinds the glebe-

2. The land belonging to a parish church or ecclesiastical benefice. Spelman. Encyc. GLIB NESS, n. Smoothness; slipperiness; Arbuthnot. 3. A crystal. Obs.

4. Among miners, a piece of earth in which 2. Volubility of the tongue. is contained some mineral ore. Encyc.

GLE/BOUS, a. Gleby; turfy. GLE/BY, a. Turfy; cloddy. n. [Sax. glida, from glidan, to

GLEDE, glide; Sw. glada.]

Deut. xiv. 13. but the same Hebrew word, Lev. xi. 14. is rendered a vulture.

GLEE, n. [Sax. glie, from glig, gligg, sport music.]

1. Joy; merriment; mirth; gayety; particularly, the mirth enjoyed at a feast. Spenser.

2. A sort of catch or song sung in parts. Mason. Busby

Chaucer.

GLEE/FUL, a. Merry ; gay ; joyous.

cian. Obs. Shak.

GLEEK, v. i. To make sport of; to gibe; GLIDER, n. He or that which glides. to sneer; to spend time idly. Obs.

Pope. GLEE MAN, n. A musician. Obs. bright; gleiniaw, to purify, to brighten; Ir. glan.] To shine; to glisten. [Not used.]

Let me now go to the field, and glean ears of GLEE/SOME, a. Merry; joyous. Obs. on— Ruthii. GLEET, n. [from Sax. glidan, to glide, or

hlyttrian, to melt; Ice. glat.]

a thin ichor running from a sore. Encuc. Wiseman.

They gleaned of them in the highways five GLEET, v. i. To flow in a thin limpid hu-2. To flow slowly, as water. Cheyne.

GLETY, a. Ichorous; thin; limpid:
GLEN, n. [W. glyn, a valley in which a
river flows, as it from lyn, fiquor, water;

a mineral cogalization. Sax. glen ; Ir. glean.] A valley; a dale; a depression or space be-

tween hills. The gleans of yellow thyme distend his GLENE, n. [Gr. γληνη.] In anatomy, the

cavity or socket of the eye, and the pupil; any slight depression or cavity receiving a bone in articulation. Parr. Cyc. GLEW. [See Gluc.]

parent, brittle substance, of a straw-yellow of honeycomb.

of honeycomb.
Thomson.
Sor numlabor.
glibberig, glib, shippery; W. llippr; L.
glaber, smooth; labor, to slide. This word Qu. L. glucontains the elements of slip. bo, Gr. γλυφω. Class Lb. No. 27. 37.] ers leave; collecting in small detached [1, Smooth; slipper; admitting a body to 2. A flash of light; as the lightning's glimpse. slide easily on the surface; as, ice is glib.

> glib tongue. GLIB, n. A thick curled bush of hair hanging down over the eyes. [Not in use.] Spenser.

GLIB, v. t. To castrate. [Qu. to make 5. Short fleeting enjoyment; as a glimpse of smooth, glubo, γλιφω.] Shak 2. To make smooth.

Garth. GLIB'LY, adv. Smoothly; volubly; as, to slide glibly; to speak glibly.

as a polished ice-like glibness. Chapman. GLIS'SA, n. A fish of the tunny kind, with-

Dict. GLIDE, v. i. [Sax. glidan ; G. gleiten ; D. glyden; Dan glider. Qu. Fr. glisser, in a GLISTEN, v. i. glis'n. [Sax. glisnian; G. different dialect. It has the elements of gleissen. This word and glitter are probslide, as glib has of slip.]

A fowl of the rapacious kind, the kite, a species of Falco. The word is used in 1. To flow gently; to move without noise or violence; as a river.

By east, among the dusty vallies glide The silver streams of Jordan's crystal flood. Fairfax

along without apparent effort; as a hawk or an eagle gliding through the air.

3. To move or pass rapidly and with ap-

with ease as on a smooth surface, or to pass along rapidly without apparent effort, and without obstruction.

GLE AMING, n. A shoot or sheeting of GLEEK, n. [See Glee.] Music, or a musi- GLIDE, n. The act or manner of moving smoothly, swiftly and without labor or obstruction. Shak

Spenser Shak. GLI DING, ppr. Passing along gently and smoothly; moving rapidly, or with ease. GLEAN, v. t. [Fr. glaner, to glean; glane, GLEEN, v. i. [W. glan, clean, pure, holy, GLIMMER, v. i. [G. glimmen, glimmern, to gleam, to glimmer; D. glimmen; Sw.

glimma; Dan. glimrer; Ir. laom, flame.] To shoot feeble or scattered rays of light; as the glimmering dawn; a glimmering lamn

When rosy morning glimmer'd o'er the dales.

The west yet glimmers with some streaks of day To shine faintly; to give a feeble light. Mild evening glimmered on the lawn

Trumbul! GLIM'MER, n. A faint light; feeble scat-

a mineral resulting from crystalization, but rarely found in regular crystals. Usually it appears in thin, flexible, elastic lamins, which exhibit a high polish and strong luster. It is an essential ingredient in granite, gneiss, and mica slate. Cleaveland.

GLIM MERING, ppr. Shining faintly; shooting feeble scattered rays of light. the constituents of gluten, a slightly translight.

A faint view. color, having a slight smell, similar to that Use GLIMPSE, n. glims. [D. glimp, from glimmen.

1. A weak faint light.

Such vast room in Nature, Only to shine, yet scarce to contribute Milton. Each orb a glimpse of light.

Milton.

One glimpse of glory to my issue give Dryden. 4. A short transitory view. He saw at a

glimpse the design of the enemy. delight. Bp. Hall. 6. Exhibition of a faint resemblance. Shak.

GLIMPSE, v. i. To appear by glimpses. Drayton.

out scales. Dict. Nat. Hist. Government of the Tongue. GLIST, n. [from glisten.] Glimmer; mica. See Glimmer.

> gleissen. ably dialectical forms of the same word. In Irish lasadh, lasaim, is to burn, to light; Dan. lyser, Sw. lysa, to shine; Russ. oblis-tavu. In W. llathru is to make smooth

and glossy, to polish, to glitter. Qu. Heb. to shine, L. glisco, Eng. gloss.] 2. To move silently and smoothly; to pass To shine; to sparkle with light; as the glistening stars.

The ladies' eyes glistened with pleasure. Richardson.

parent ease; as, a ship glides through the GLISTENING, ppr. Shining; sparkling; water. GLEED, n. [Sax. gled.] A glowing coal. 4. In a general sense, to move or slip along GLISTER, v.i. [See Glisten.] To shine;

to be bright; to sparkle; to be brilliant.
All that glistens is not gold.
Sho GLISTER. [See Clyster.]