

5. Severe; violent; as a *sore* conflict.
 6. Criminal; evil. *Obs.* *Shak.*
SORE, *adv.* With painful violence; intensely; severely; grievously.
 Thy hand presseth me *sore*. *Com. Prayer.*
 2. Greatly; violently; deeply. He was *sorely* afflicted at the loss of his son.
Sore sigh'd the knight, who this long sermon heard. *Dryden.*
SORE, *v. t.* To wound; to make *sore*. *Obs.*
Spenser.
SORE, *n.* [Fr. *sor-falcon*. *Todd.*] A hawk of the first year.
Spenser.
 2. [Fr. *saur*.] A buck of the fourth year.
Shak.
SOREHON, } *n.* [Irish and Scottish.] A
SORN, } kind of servile tenure
 which subjected the tenant to maintain
 his chieftain gratuitously, whenever he
 wished to indulge himself in a debauch.
 So that when a person obtrudes himself
 on another for bed and board, he is said
 to *sorn*, or be a *sorner*.
Spenser. Macbean.
SOREL, *n.* [dim. of *sore*.] A buck of the
 third year. *Shak.*
SORELY, *adv.* [from *sore*.] With violent
 pain and distress; grievously; greatly;
 as, to be *sorely* pained or afflicted.
 2. Greatly; violently; severely; as, to be
sorely pressed with want; to be *sorely*
 wounded.
SORENESS, *n.* [from *sore*.] The tender-
 ness of any part of an animal body, which
 renders it extremely susceptible of pain
 from pressure; as the *soreness* of a boil,
 an abscess or wound.
 2. Figuratively, tenderness of mind, or sus-
 ceptibility of mental pain.
SORGO, *n.* A plant of the genus *Holcus*.
SORITES, *n.* [L. from Gr. *σωριτης*, a
 heap.]
 In *logic*, an argument where one proposi-
 tion is accumulated on another. Thus,
 All men of revenge have their souls of-
 ten uneasy.
 Uneasy souls are a plague to them-
 selves.
 Now to be one's own plague is folly in
 the extreme. *Watts.*
SORORICIDE, *n.* [L. *soror*, sister, and
cado, to strike, to kill.]
 The murder or murderer of a sister. [Little
 used, and obviously because the crime is
 very infrequent.]
SORRAGE, *n.* The blades of green wheat
 or barley. [*Not used.*] *Dict.*
SORRANCE, *n.* In *farriery*, any disease
 or sore in horses.
SORREL, *a.* [Fr. *sauze*, yellowish brown;
saurer, to dry in the smoke; It. *sauzo*.]
 Of a reddish color; as a *sorrel* horse.
SORREL, *n.* A reddish color; a faint red.
SORREL, *n.* [Sax. *sur*, sour; Dan. *syre*,
sorrel; W. *surm*.]
 A plant of the genus *Rumex*, so named from
 its acid taste. The *wood sorrel* is of the
 genus *Oxalis*. The *Indian red* and *Indian*
white sorrels are of the genus *Hibiscus*.
SORREL-TREE, *n.* A species of *Andro-*
meda.
SORRILY, *adv.* [from *sorry*.] Meanly;
 despicably; pitifully; in a wretched man-
 ner.
 Thy pipe, O Pan, shall help, though I sing
sorry. *Sidney.*

SORRINESS, *n.* Meanness; poorness;
 despicableness.
SORROW, *n.* [Sax. *sorg*; Goth. *saurga*;
 Sw. Dan. *sorg*, care, solicitude, sorrow;
 D. *sorg*; G. *sorge*, care, concern, uneasiness;
 from the same root as *sore*, heavy.]
 The uneasiness or pain of mind which is
 produced by the loss of any good, real or
 supposed, or by disappointment in the
 expectation of good; grief; regret. The
 loss of a friend we love occasions *sorrow*;
 the loss of property, of health or any
 source of happiness, causes *sorrow*. We
 feel *sorrow* for ourselves in misfortunes;
 we feel *sorrow* for the calamities of our
 friends and our country.
 A world of woe and *sorrow*. *Milton.*
 The safe and general antidote against *sorrow*
 is employment. *Rambler.*
SORROW, *v. i.* [Sax. *sarian*, *sargian*, *sor-*
gian, Goth. *saurgan*, to be anxious, to
 sorrow.]
 To feel pain of mind in consequence of the
 actual loss of good, or of frustrated hopes
 of good, or of expected loss of happiness;
 to grieve; to be sad.
 I rejoice not that ye were made sorry, but
 that ye *sorrowed* to repentance. 1 Cor. vii.
 I desire no man to *sorrow* for me.
Hayward.
Sorrowing most of all for the words which
 he spoke, that they should see his face no
 more. Acts xx.
SORROWED, *pp.* Accompanied with *sor-*
row. [*Not in use.*] *Shak.*
SORROWFUL, *a.* Sad; grieving for the
 loss of some good, or on account of some
 expected evil.
 2. Deeply serious; depressed; dejected.
 1 Sam. i.
 3. Producing sorrow; exciting grief; mourn-
 ful; as a *sorrowful* accident.
 4. Expressing grief; accompanied with grief;
 as *sorrowful* meat. Job vi.
SORROWFULLY, *adv.* In a *sorrowful*
 manner; in a manner to produce grief.
SORROWFULNESS, *n.* State of being
sorrowful; grief.
SORROWING, *ppr.* Feeling sorrow, grief
 or regret.
SORROWING, *n.* Expression of sorrow.
Bacon.
SORROWLESS, *a.* Free from sorrow.
SORRY, *a.* [Sax. *sarig*, *sari*, from *sar*,
 sore.]
 1. Grieved for the loss of some good; pain-
 ed for some evil that has happened to
 one's self or friends or country. It does
 not ordinarily imply severe grief, but
 rather slight or transient regret. It may
 be however, and often is used to express
 deep grief. We are *sorry* to lose the com-
 pany of those we love; we are *sorry* to
 lose friends or property; we are *sorry* for
 the misfortunes of our friends or of our
 country.
 And the king was *sorry*. Matt. xiv.
 2. Melancholy; dismal. *Spenser.*
 3. Poor; mean; vile; worthless; as a *sorry*
 slave; a *sorry* excuse.
L'Estrange. Dryden.
 Coarse complexions,
 And cheeks of *sorry* grain— *Milton.*
SORT, *n.* [Fr. *sorte*; It. *sorta*; Sp. *suerte*;
 Port. *sorte*; G. *id.*; D. *soort*; Sw. Dan.
sort; L. *sors*, lot, chance, state, way, *sort*.
 This word is from the root of Fr. *sortir*,

It. *sortire*, L. *sortior*; the radical sense of
 which is to start or shoot, to throw or to
 fall, to come suddenly. Hence *sors* is lot,
 chance, that which comes or falls. The
 sense of *sort* is probably derivative, signi-
 fying that which is thrown out, separated
 or selected.]
 1. A kind or species; any number or col-
 lection of individual persons or things
 characterized by the same or like quali-
 ties: as a *sort* of men; a *sort* of horses;
 a *sort* of trees; a *sort* of poems or writ-
 ings. *Sort* is not a technical word, and
 therefore is used with less precision or
 more latitude than *genus* or *species* in the
 sciences.
 2. Manner; form of being or acting.
 Flowers, in such *sort* worn, can neither be
 smelt nor seen well by those that wear them.
Hooker.
 To Adam in what *sort* shall I appear?
Milton.
 3. Class or order; as men of the wiser *sort*,
 or the better *sort*; all *sorts* of people. [See
 Def. 1.]
 4. Rank; condition above the vulgar. [*Not*
in use.] *Shak.*
 5. A company or knot of people. [*Not in*
use.] *Shak. Waller.*
 6. Degree of any quality.
 I shall not be wholly without praise, if in
 some *sort* I have copied his style. *Dryden.*
 7. Lot. *Obs.* *Shak.*
 8. A pair; a set; a suit.
SORT, *v. t.* To separate, as things having
 like qualities from other things, and place
 them in distinct classes or divisions; as,
 to *sort* cloths according to their colors;
 to *sort* wool or thread according to its
 fineness.
 Shell fish have been, by some of the an-
 cients, compared and *sorted* with insects.
Bacon.
 Rays which differ in refrangibility, may be
 parted and *sorted* from one another. *Newton.*
 2. To reduce to order from a state of con-
 fusion. [See *supra*.]
 3. To conjoin; to put together in distribu-
 tion.
 The swain perceiving by her words ill *sorted*,
 That she was wholly from herself transported—
Brown.
 4. To enll; to choose from a number; to
 select.
 That he may *sort* her out a worthy spouse.
Chapman.
SORT, *v. i.* To be joined with others of
 the same species.
 Nor do metals only *sort* with metals in the
 earth, and minerals with minerals. *Woodward.*
 2. To consort; to associate.
 The illiberality of parents towards children,
 makes them base and *sort* with any company.
Bacon.
 3. To suit; to fit.
 They are happy whose natures *sort* with
 their vocations. *Bacon.*
 4. To terminate; to issue; to have success.
 [Fr. *sortir*.] [*Not in use.*] *Bacon.*
 5. To fall out. [*Not in use.*] *Shak.*
SORTABLE, *a.* That may be sorted.
 2. Suitable; befitting. *Bacon.*
SORTABLY, *adv.* Suitably; fitly.
SORTAL, *a.* Pertaining to or designating
 a *sort*. [*Not in use.*] *Locke.*
SORTANCE, *n.* Suitableness; agreement.
 [*Not in use.*] *Shak.*