2. Established; settled; positive; as a determinate rule or order.

The determinate counsel of God. Acts ii. 3. Decisive; conclusive; as a determinate 8. To put an end to; as, to determine a will. 1. To remove or drive from a throne; to deresolution or judgment.

4. Resolved on.

Sidney. 5. Fixed; resolute DETERMINATE, v. t. To limit. [Not

See Determine. DETERMINATELY, adv. With certain-

The principles of religion are determinately true or falce 2. Resolutely; with fixed resolve. [Ilmue.

ual.] Sidney. 2. being determinate, certain, or precise.

DETERMINA TION, n. The act of deter-

mining or deciding.

2. Decision of a question in the mind; firm resolution; settled purpose; as, they have acquainted me with their determination.

3. Judicial decision: the ending of a controversy or suit by the judgment of a court. Justice is promoted by a speedy 2, a. Having a firm or fixed purpose, as a 4. Absolute direction to a certain end.

Remissness can by no means consist with constant determination of the will to the greatest apparent good.

5. An ending; a putting an end to; as the determination of a will. Blackstone. DETERMINATIVE, a. That uncontrollably directs to a certain end.

The determinative power of a just cause.

2. Limiting; that limits or bounds; as, a

word may be determinative and limit the DETERMINATOR, n. One who deter-

Brown. DETERM'INE, v. t. [L. determino ; de and termino, to bound; terminus, a boundary or limit; W. tervyn, an extremity, or limit terv, outward, extreme; tervynu, to fix a bound, to limit, to determine; term, a term, DETER SIVE, a. [It. detersivo; Fr. deterextreme point ; termiaw, to limit : Ir. teora. Term.

sion or conclusion of a cause, or of a doubtful or controverted point; applicable to the decisions of the mind, or to judi- DETEST, v. t. [L. detestor; de and testor cial decisions. We say, I had determined this question in my own mind; the court has determined the cause.

2. To end and fix; to settle ultimately; as, this event determined his fate.

3. To fix on; to settle or establish; as, to seeds. God-hath determined the times before ap

pointed. Acts xvii.

4. To end; to limit; to bound; to confine Yonder hill determines our view. Knowl- DETEST ABLENESS, n. Extreme hateedge is determined by the sight.

To give a direction to; to influence the DETEST ABLY, adv. Very hatefully choice; that is, to limit to a particular purpose or direction; as, this circumstance DETESTA TION, n. Extreme hatred; abdetermined him to the study of law. Also, horrence; with of. The good man ento give a direction to material bodies in their course; as, impulse may determine a DETESTED, pp. Hated extremely; ab- 1. Literally, to draw from. Hence, to take moving body to this or that point.

6. To resolve, that is, to end or settle a DETESTER, n. One who abhors. point in the mind, as in Definition first. I determined this with myself. 2 Cor. ii.

To destroy. [Not used.] Shak.

Blackstone.

Shak. 9. To settle or ascertain, as something uncertain.

The character of the soul is determined by the character of its God. DETERMINE, v. i. To resolve; to conclude: to come to a decision.

He shall pay as the judges determine. Ex

It is indifferent how the learned shall determine concerning this matter.

To end; to terminate. The danger de-termined by the death of the conspirators. Revolutions often determine in setting up

Blackstone tingencies.

DETERM'INED, pp. Ended; concluded; decided; limited; fixed; settled; resolved; directed.

determined man ; or manifesting a firm res-DETERMINING, ppr. Ending; deciding

fixing; settling; resolving; limiting; di-

DETERRATION, n. [L. de and terra, earth. The uncovering of any thing which is buried or covered with earth; taking from out of the earth. Woodward. Bramhall. DETER RED, pp. [See Deter.] Discouraged or prevented from proceeding or act ing, by fear, difficulty or danger.

Watts. DETER RING, ppr. Discouraging or influencing not to proceed or act, by fear, difficulty, danger, or prospect of evil.

2. a. Discouraging; frightening. 4sh. DETER SION, n. [L. detersus, detergo, Sec Deterge.] The act of cleansing, as a sore. Wiseman.

sif. See Deterge. a border or limit; Gr. τερμα, τερμων. See Cleansing; having power to cleanse from DET ONIZE, v. i. To explode; to burn offending matter.

1. To end; particularly, to end by the deci- DETER SIVE, n. A medicine which has the power of cleansing ulcers, or carrying

> to affirm or bear witness; It. detestare; Sp. detestar; Fr. detester. The primary sense of testor is to set, throw or thrust.

To detest is to thrust away. To abhor; to abominate; to hate extremely:

To fix on; to settle or establish; as, to as, to delest crimes or meanness.

as, to delest crimes or meanness.

DETEST ABLE, a. Extremely hateful; abominable; very odious; deserving ab-

horrence. detestable things. Ezek. v.

tertains uniformly a detestation of sin.

DETESTING, ppr. Hating extremely; ab-horring; abominating.

Paul had determined to sail by Ephesus, DETHRO NE, v. t. [Fr. detroner; Sp. destrongr : It. strongre : de and throne. L. thronus]

pose: to divest of royal authority and dig-

2. To divest of rule or power, or of supreme power.

The protector was dethroned. Hume DETHRO'NED, pp. Removed from a

throne; deposed DETHRO NEMENT, n. Removal from a throne; deposition of a king, emperor or prince

DETHRO'NER, n. One who dethrones. DETHRO'NING, ppr. Driving from a throne; depriving of regal power.

tyranny at home, or in conquest from DETINUE, n. [Fr. detenu, detained; delenir, to detain.] Some estates may determine, on future con- In law, a writ of detinue is one that lies

against him who wrongfully detains goods or chattels delivered to him, or in his possession. This writ lies for a thing certain and valuable, as for a horse, cow, sheep, plate, cloth, &c., to recover the thing itself or damages for the detainer. Blackstone. DET ONATE, v. t. [L. detono; de and tono, to thunder.)

In chimistry, to cause to explode; to burn or inflame with a sudden report.

DET ONATE, v. i. To explode; to burn with a sudden report. Niter detonates with sulphur.

DET ONATED, pp. Exploded; burnt with

DET ONATING, ppr. Exploding; inflaming with a sudden report. DETONATION, n. An explosion or sud-

den report made by the inflammation of certain combustible bodies, as fulminating Detonation is not decrepitation. DETONIZATION, n. The act of explo-

ding, as certain combustible bodies. DET ONIZE, v. t. [See Detonate.] To cause to explode; to burn with an explosion; to

calcine with detonation.

with a sudden report. This precipitate-detonizes with a considerable noise.

DET ONIZED, pp. Exploded, as a combustible body

DET ONIZING, ppr. Exploding with a DETOR SION, n. A turning or wresting ;

DETORT', v. t. [L. detortus, of detorqueo; de and torqueo, to twist.]

To twist; to wrest; to pervert; to turn from the original or plain meaning Druden.

Thou hast defiled my sanctuary with all thy DETORTED, pp. Twisted; wrested; per-

DETORT ING, ppr. Wresting; perverting. DETÖUR', n. [Fr.] A turning; a circuitous way

DETRA€T, v. t. [L. detractum : detrecto : detraho ; de and traho, to draw ; Sp. detractar; It. detrarre; Fr. detracter, See. Draw and Drag.

away from reputation or merit, through envy, malice or other motive; hence, to detract from, is to lessen or depreciate repmation or worth; to derogate from.