VA/IVODE, n. [Selav.] A prince of the Dacian provinces; sometimes written waiwode, for this is the pronunciation.

VAL'ANCE, n. [Qu. Fr. avalant, falling; Norm. valaunt, descending.]

The fringes of drapery hanging round the Swift. tester and head of a bed. VAL'ANCE, v. t. To decorate with hanging fringes.

VALE, n. [Fr. val; It. valle; I. vallis. Qu. W. gwael, low, and Eng. to fall, Fr. avaler.]

1. A tract of low ground or of land between hills; a valley. [Vale is used in poetry, and valley in prose and common discourse.]

In those fair vales, by nature form'd to please.

2. A little trough or canal; as a pump vale to earry off the water from a ship's pump. 3. Vales, money given to servants. [avails.]

[Not used in America.]
VALEDIC'TION, n. [L. valedico; vale, farewell, and dico, to say.] A farewell;

a bidding farewell.

VALEDIC TORY, α. Bidding farewell; as 2.

a valedictory oration.

VALEDIC'TORY, n. An oration or address spoken at commencement, in American colleges, by a member of the class which receive the degree of bachelor of arts, and take their leave of college and of each other.

VAL'ENTINE, n. A sweetheart or choice made on Valentine's day. Wolton.

2. A letter sent by one young person to another on Valentine's day. Burton. VALE/RIAN, n. A plant of the genus Valeriana, of many species.

VAL/ET, n. [Fr.; formerly written vadlet,

valect, vallet, &c.]

I. A waiting servant; a servant who at-

tends on a gentleman's person. 2. In the manege, a kind of goad or stick

armed with a point of iron. Cyc. VALETUDINA'RIAN, a. [L. valetudina-VALETU'DINARY, a. rius, from valetudo, from valco, to be well.]

Sickly; weak; infirm; seeking to recover health.

VALETUDINA'RIAN, n. A person of a VALETU'DINARY, n. weak, infirm or sickly constitution; one who is seeking to recover health.

Valetudinarians must live where they can command and seold. Swift.

VAL'IANCE, n. val'yance. Bravery; valor. [Not in use.] Spenser.

valoir, L. valco, to be strong.]

Walton. a valiant fencer.

2. Brave; courageous; intrepid in danger; heroic; as a valiant soldier.

Be thou valiant for me, and fight the Lord's battles. 1 Sam. xviii.

3. Performed with valor; bravely conducted; heroic; as a valiant action or achiev-ment; a valiant combat. Nelson. Ad valorem, in commerce, according to the value; as an ad valorem duty.

with personal strength.

2. Courageously; bravely; heroically.

VAL'IAN'ΓNESS, n. Stoutness; strength. 2. Most generally, valor; bravery; intrepidi-VAL/UABLE, a. [Fr. valable; from value.] ty in danger.

Achimetes, having won the top of the walls, by the valiantness of the defendants was forced to retire. Knolles.

VAL'ID, a. [Fr. valide; L. validus, from valeo, to be strong. The primary sense of the root is to strain or stretch.]

1. Having sufficient strength or force; founded in truth; sound; just; good; that can be supported; not weak or defective; as a valid reason; a valid argument; a valid objection.

2. Having legal strength or force; efficacious; executed with the proper formalities; that cannot be rightfully overthrown or set aside; supportable by law or right: as a valid deed; a valid covenant; a valid instrument of any kind; a valid claim or title; a valid marriage.

3. Strong; powerful; in a literal sense; as

valid arms. [Not in use.] VALID'ITY, n. [Fr. validité; from valid.] I. Strength or force to convince; justness: soundness; as the validity of an argument or proof; the validity of an objection.

Legal strength or force; that quality of a thing which renders it supportable in law or equity; as the validity of a will; the validity of a grant; the validity of a claim or of a title. Certain forms and solemnities are usually requisite to give validily to contracts and conveyances of rights.

3. Value. [Not in use.] Shak. VAL/IDLY, adv. In a valid manner; in such a manner or degree as to make firm

or to convince.

VAL'IDNESS, n. Validity, which see. VAL'ISE, n. [Fr.] A horseman's case or

portmanteau.

VALLAN'CY, n. [from valance.] A large wig that shades the face. Dryden. VALLA'TION, n. [L. vallatus, from vallum, a wall.] A rampart or entrenchment.

Warton. VAL/LEY, n. plu. valleys. [Fr. valle; L. 5. Importance; efficacy in producing effects; vallis. See Vale.]

1. A hollow or low tract of land between hills or mountains.

2. A low extended plain, usually alluvial, penetrated or washed by a river. The valley of the Connecticut is remarkable for its fertility and beauty.

Ye mountains, sink; ye valleys, rise; Watts. Prepare the Lord his way.

3. In building, a gutter over the sleepers in the roof of a building. Cyc. VAL/LUM, n. [L.] A trench or wall.

Warton. VALIANT, a. val'yant. [Fr. vaillant, from VAL'OR, n. [L. valor; Fr. valeur; from L.] valeo, to be strong, to be worth.]

1. Primarily, strong; vigorous in body; as Strength of mind in regard to danger; that quality which enables a man to encounter; danger with firmness; personal bravery; courage; intrepidity; prowess.

When valor preys on reason, It eats the sword it fights with.

For centemplation he and valor form'd. Milton.

value; as an ad valorem duty. VAL'IANTLY, adv. Stoutly; vigorously; VAL'OROUS, a. Brave; courageous; stout;

intrepid; as a valorous knight. VAL'OROUSLY, adv. In a brave manner; 7. To raise to estimation.

heroically I. Having value or worth; having some 106

good qualities which are useful and osteemed; precious; as a valuable horse; valuable land; a valuable house.

2. Worthy; estimable; deserving esteem; as a valuable friend; a valuable compan-

VALUA'TION, n. [from value.] The act of estimating the value or worth; the act of setting a price; as the just valuation of civil and religious privileges.

2. Apprizement; as a valuation of lands for the purpose of taxation.

3. Value set upon a thing; estimated worth. So slight a valuation. VALUA'TOR, n. One who sets a value;

an apprizer.
VALUE, n. val'u. [Fr. valoir, valu; from L. valor, from valeo, to be worth; It. va-

lore; Sp. valor.]

1. Worth; that property or those properties of a thing which render it useful or estimable; or the degree of that property or of such properties. The real value of a thing is its utility, its power or capacity of procuring or producing good. Hence the real or intrinsic value of iron, is far greater than that of gold. But there is, in many things, an estimated value, depending on opinion or fushion, such as the value of precious stones. The value of land depends on its fertility, or on its vicinity to a market, or on both.

2. Price; the rate of worth set upon a commodity, or the amount for which a thing is sold. We say, the value of a thing is what it will bring in market.

3. Worth; applied to persons.

Ye are all physicians of no value. Job xiii. Ye are of more value than many sparrows. Matt. x.

4. High rate.

Cesar is well acquainted with your virtue. And therefore sets this value on your life. Addison.

as considerations of no value.

-Before events shall have decided on the value of the measures. Marshall 6. Import; precise signification; as the value

of a word or phrase. .Milford. VALUE, v. t. val'u. To estimate the worth of; to rate at a certain price; to apprize;

as, to value lands or goods.

2. To rate at a high price; to have in high esteem; as a valued poem or picture. A man is apt to value his own performances at too high a rate; he is even disposed to value himself for his humility. 3. To esteem; to hold in respect and es-

timation; as, to value one for his works or virtues.

4. To take account of.

Shak.

The mind doth ratue every moment. Bacon.

5. To reckon or estimate with respect to number or power.

The queen is valu'd thirty thousand strong. Shal:

6. To consider with respect to importance. The king must take it ill,

So slightly ratu'd in his messenger. Neither of them edtued their promises according to the rules of honor or integrity. Clarendon.

Some value themselves to their country by jealousies to the crown. [Not in use.]

Temple.

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