five in number, in the center of which and below is the mouth, which is the only oritice of the alimentary canal. They are covered with a coriaceous skin, armed with points or spines and pierced with numerous small holes, arranged in regular series, through which pass membranaceous tentacula or feelers, terminated each by a little disk or cup, by means ST'AR-SHOOT, n. [star and shoot.] of which they execute their progressive Curier. motions.

ST'AR-FLOWER, n. A plant, a species of Ornithogalum. Cyc. A plant of the genus Stellaria. Lee.

STARGAZER, n. [star and gazer.] One who gazes at the stars; a term of contempt for an astrologer, sometimes used ludicrously for an astronomer.

ST'ARGAZING, n. The act or practice of observing the stars with attention; astrol-Swift.

ST'AR-GRASS, n. [star and grass.] Starry duck meat, a plant of the genus Calli-

ST'AR-HAWK, n. A species of hawk so Ainsworth. called.

ST'AR-HŸACINTH, n. A plant of the genus Scilla.

ST'AR-JELLY, n. A plant, the Tremella, one of the Fungi; also, star-shoot, a gelatinous substance.

ST'ARLESS, a. Having no stars visible or no starlight; as a starless night.

Dryden. Milton. ST'ARLIGHT, n. [star and light.] light proceeding from the stars.

Nor walk by moon
Or glittering startight, without thee is sweet. Milton.

ST'ARLIGHT, a. Lighted by the stars, or by the stars only; as a starlight evening.

Dryden.STARLIKE, a. [star and like.] Resembling a star; stellated; radiated like a star; as starlike flowers. Mortimer. 2. Bright; illustrious.

The having turned many to righteousness shall confer a starlike and immortal brightness.

ST'ARLING, n. [Sax. stær; Sw. stare.] 1. A bird, the stare, of the genus Sturnus.

2. A defense to the piers of bridges. STA/ROST, n. In Paland, a feudatory

one who holds a fief. STA'ROSTY, n. A fief; an estate held by feudal service.

ST'AR PAYED, a. [star and paved.] Studded with stars.

The road of heaven star-paved. ST'AR-PROOF, a. | star and proof. Impervious to the light of the stars; as a starproof elm. Mitton.

ST'AR-READ, n. [star and read.] Doctrine ST'ARCH, a. Stiff; precise; rigid. of the stars; astronomy. [Not in use.]

ST'ARRED, pp. or a. [from star.] Adorn-

2. Influenced in fortune by the stars.

My third comfort, Starr'd most unfuckily-ST'ARRING, ppr. or a. Adorning with stars. 2. a. Stiff: precise; formal. 2. Samming; bright; sparkling; as starring STARCHEDNESS, n. Stiffness in mancomets. [Not in use.]

stars; adorned with stars.

Above the clouds, above the starry sky.

2. Consisting of stars; stellar; stellary starry flame. Spenser. Dryden. preciseness.
3. Shining like stars; resembling stars; as STARCHY, a. Stiff; precise. Spenser. Dryden.

starry eyes. That which is emitted from a star.

I have seen a good quantity of that jelly, by the vulgar called a star-shoot, as if it remained upon the extinction of a falling star. Bacon.

The writer once saw the same kind of substance from a brilliant meteor, at Amherst in Massachusetts. See Journ. of Science for a description of it by Rufus Graves, Esq.]

T'AR-STONE, n. Asteria, a kind of extraneous fossil, consisting of regular joints, each of which is of a radiated figure.

ST'AR-THISTLE, n. A plant of the genus Centaurea.

ST'AR-WÖRT, n. A plant of the genus Aster, and another of the genus Iridax. The yellow star-wort is of the genus Inula

or elecampane.

ST'ARBOARD, n. [Sax. stear-board; G. steuerbart, as if from steuer, the rudder or helm; D. stuur-bord, as if from stuur, helm; Sw. Dan. styr-bord. But in Fr. stribord, Sp. estribor, Arm. strybourz or stribourh, are said to be contracted from dexter-bord, rightconstruction of a vessel the helm should STA/RING, ppr. Gazing; looking with give name to the right hand side, unless STARK, a. [Sax. stere, steare; D. sterk; G. from the tiller's being held by the right hand, or at the right side of the steersman.

The right hand side of a ship or boat, when a spectator stands with his face towards

the head, stem or prow.

ST'ARBOARD, a. Pertaining to the right hand side of a ship; being or lying on the right side; as the starboard shrouds; starboard quarter; starboard tack. In seamanship, starboard, uttered by the master of a ship, is an order to the helmsman to put the helm to the starboard side.

Mar. Dict. ST'ARCII, n. [Sax. stearc, rigid, stiff; G. stärke, strength, starch; stark, strong; D. sterk, Dan. stærk, Sw. stark, strong. See Stare and Steer.

A substance used to stiffen linen and other cloth. It is the fecula of flour, or a substance that subsides from water mixed with wheat flour. It is sometimes made from potatoes. Starch forms the greatest portion of farinaceous substances, particularly of wheat flour, and it is the chief ali ment of bread.

Killingbeck. Spenser. ST'ARCH, v. t. To stiffen with starch.

ed or studded with stars; as the starred STAR-CHAMBER, n. Formerly, a court queen of Ethiopia.

Milton. of criminal jurisdiction in England. This eourt was abolished by Stat. 16 Charles I. See Blackstone, B. iv. ch. xix.

Shak. ST'ARCHED, pp. Stiffened with starch. Swift.

Addison. ners; formality.

their body is divided into rays, generally ST'ARRY, a. [from star.] Abounding with ST'ARCHER, n. One who starches, or whose occupation is to starch.

STARCHING, ppr. Stiffening with starch. Pope. ST'ARCHLY, adv. With stiffness of manner; formally.

proceeding from the stars; as starry light; STARCHNESS, n. Stiffness of manner;

Shak. STARE, n. [Sax. star; G. stahr; Sw. stare.] A bird, the starling.

STARE, v. i. [Sax. starian; Dao. stirrer; Sw. stirra; G. starren; D. staaren. In Sw. stirra ut fingren, is to spread one's fingers. The sense then is to open or extend, and it seems to be closely allied to G. starr, stiff, and to starch, stern, which imply straining, tension.]

. To gaze; to look with fixed eyes wide open; to fasten an earnest look on some object. Staring is produced by wonder, surprise, stupidity, horror, fright and sometimes by eagerness to hear or learn something, sometimes by impudence. We say, he stared with astonishment.

Look not big, nor stare, nor fret. Shak.

To stand out; to be prominent.

Take off all the staring straws and jaggs in the hive. [Not used.] To stare in the face, to be before the eyes or undeniably evident.

The law starcs them in the face, while they are breaking it.

STARE, n. A fixed look with eyes wide Dryden. STA'RER, n. One who stares or gazes.

stark, stiff, strong; formed on the root of the G. starr, stiff, rigid, Eng. steer; from straining, stretching. See Starch and Steer.]

1. Stiff; strong; rugged. Many a nobleman lies stark and stiff, Under the hoofs of vaunting enemies. Shak. The north is not so stark and cald. Obs.

B. Jonson. 2. Deep; full; profound; absolute.

Consider the stark security The commonwcalth is in now. Obs. B. Jonson.

3. Mere; gross; absolute.

He pranounces the citation stark nansense.

ST'ARK, adv. Wholly; entirely; absolutely; as stark mad; stark blind; stark naked. These are the principal applications of this word now in use. The word is in popular use, but not an elegant word in any of its applications.

STARKLY, adv. Stiffly; strongly. Shak.

ST'ART, v. i. [D. storten, to pour, to spill, to fall, to rush, to tumble; Sw. storta, to roll mon the head, to pitch headlong. In Sax. steort is a tail, that is, a shoot or projection; hence the promontory so called in Devoushire. The word seems to be a derivative from the root of star, steer. The primary sense is to shoot, to dart suddenly, or to spring.]

To move suddenly, as if by a twitch; as, to start in sleep or by a sudden spasm.

2. To move suddenly, as by an involuntary shrinking from sudden fear or alarm.

I start as from some dreadful dream. Dryden.