16. To establish or pronounce charges alledged to be true. The grand jury have found a bill against the accused, or they 6. Refined.

find a true bill. 17. To supply; to furnish. Who will find the money or provisions for this expedi-tion? We will find ourselves with provis-

ions and clothing.

touching or by sounding. We first sounded and found bottom at the depth of ninety 9. Subtil; sly; fraudulent. five fathoms on the Sole bank.

To find one's self, to be; to fare in regard to 10. Elegant; beautiful in thought. ease or pain, health or sickness. Pray, sir, how do you find yourself this morning

To find in, to supply : to furnish : to provide He finds his nephew in money, victuals and clothes. To find out. To invent; to discover seme

thing before unknown. A man of Tyre, skilful to work in gold-and to

find out every device. 2 Chron. ii.
2. To unriddle; to solve; as, to find out the meaning of a parable or an enigma.

To discover; to obtain knowledge of what is hidden; as, to find out a secret. To understand; to comprehend.

Canst thou by searching find out God? Joh

as, to find out a thief or a theft; to find out a trick.

To find fault with, to blame ; to censure. thing; one that discovers what is lost or

is unknown; one who discovers by searching, or by accident. FINDFAULT, n. A censurer; a caviller.

Shak

FINDFAULT'ING, a. Apt to censure Whitlock. FINDING, ppr. Discovering.

FINDING, n. Discovery; the act of discovering.

2. In law, the return of a jury to a bill; a verdict.

FIN DY, a. [Sax. findig, heavy; gefindig, capacious; Dan. fyndig, strong, emphati-cal, nervous, weighty, from fynd, force, energy, emphasis, strength; probably from crowding, tension, stretching, from find.]

Full; heavy; or firm, solid, substantial. Obs.
A cold May and a windy, Makes the barn fat and findy

Old Prov. Junius FINE, a. [Fr. fin, whence finesse; Sp. Port. fino, whence fineza; It. fino, whence finezza; Dan fiin; Sw. fin; G. fein; D. fyn; hence to refine. The Ir. has fion; and the W. fain, feined, signify rising

diminish. Class Bn. No 29.1

1. Small; thin; slender; minute; of very small diameter; as a fine thread; fine silk; a fine hair. We say also, fine sand, 3. fine particles. 2. Subtil; thin; tenuous; as, fine spirits

evaporate; a finer medium opposed to a grosser. 3. Thin; keen; smoothly sharp; as the fine

edge of a razor.

linen or cambric.

5. Clear; pure; free from feculence or for-Vol. I.

eign matter; as fine gold or silver; wine FINE, v. t. [See Fine, the adjective.] To is not good till fine.

Those things were too fine to be fortunate, and succeed in all parts.

7. Nice; delicate; perceiving or discerning taste : a fine sense.

18. To discover or gain knowledge of by 8. Subtil; artful; dextrous. [See Finess.]

Hubberd's Tale.

To call the trumpet by the name of the metal

was fine. Dryden. Very handsome; beautiful with dignity The lady has a fine person, or a fine face 12. Accomplished; elegant in manners. He was one of the finest gentlemen of his

13. Accomplished in learning; excellent; as a fine scholar.

as a man of a fine mind.

16. Showy; splendid; clegant; as a range of fine buildings; a fine house or garden; a fine view.

5. To detect; to discover; to bring to light: 17. Ironically, worthy of contemptuous notice; eminent for bad qualities.

That same knave, Ford, her husband, has the finest mad devil of jealousy in him, Master FINDER, n. One who meets or falls on any Fine Arts, or polite arts, are the arts which depend chiefly on the labors of the mind

or imagination, and whose object is pleasure; as poetry, music, painting and sculp-

inition of each. In general, fine, in popular language, expresses whatever is excellent, showy or magnificent.

but I have not found it, in its simple form, 2. Subjected to a pecuniary penalty. in any modern language, except the English. Junius says that fin, in Cimbric, is a mulct, and finio, to fine. The word seems to be the L. finis, and the application of it to pecuniary compensation seems to have proceeded from its feudal use, in 2. To a thin or sharp edge; as an instruthe transfer of lands, in which a final agreement or concord was made between the lord and his vassal. See פנה fanah. Class Bn. No. 23.1

In a feudal sense, a final agreement between 4. With elegance or beauty. persons concerning lands or rents, or between the lord and his vassal, prescribing the conditions on which the latter should hold his lands.

to a point, as a cone. Ar. [2, 3] afana, to 2. A sum of money paid to the lord by his fer his lands to another. This in England was exacted only from the king's tenants in capite.

> by way of penalty for an offense; a mulet; a pecuniary punishment. Fines are usually prescribed by statute, for the several FINENESS, n. [Fr. finesse; It. finezza.] violations of law; or the limit is prescribed, beyond which the judge cannot impose a fine for a particular offense.

end or conclusion; to conclude; to sum up all.

clarify; to refine; to purify; to defecate; to free from feculence or foreign matter;

as, to fine wine. [This is the most general use of this

mond. minute beauties or deformities; as a fine 2. To purify, as a metal; as, to fine gold or silver. In this sense, we now generally

use refine; but fine is proper. Job xxviii. Prov. xvii. 3. To make less coarse; as, to fine grass.

[Not used.] Mortimer. 4. To decorate ; to adorn. [Not in use.] Shak

FINE, v. t. [See Fine, the noun.] To impose on one a pecuniary penalty, payable to the government, for a crime or breach of law; to set a fine on by judgment of a court; to punish by fine. The trespassers were fined ten dollars and imprisoned

a month. 2. v. i. To pay a fine. [Not used.] Oldham. as a man of fine genius.

2. Excellent; superior; brilliant or acute: FINEDRAW, r.t. (fine and draze.) To see up a rent with so much incety that it is not perceived. Johnson.

FINEDRAWER, n. One who finedraws. FINEDRAWING, n. Rentering; a dex-

trous or nice sewing up the rents of cloths or stuffs Encyc. FINEFINGERED, a. Nice in workman-

ship; dextrous at fine work. Johnson. FINESPOKEN, a. Using fine phrases.

Chesterfield. FINESPUN, a. Drawn to a fine thread: minute : subtle.

FINESTILL, v. t. To distill spirit from melasses, treacle or some preparation of sac-The uses of this word are so numerous and FINESTILLER, n. One who distills spirit

FINE, n. [This word is the basis of finance, FI/NED, pp. Refined; purified; defecated.

FINELESS, a. Endless; boundless. [Not Shak.

FINELY, adv. In minute parts; as a substance finely pulverized.

ment finely sharpened.

3. Gaily; handsomely; beautifully; with elegance and taste. She was finely at-

Plutarch says very finely, that a man should not allow himself to hate even his enemies; for if you indulge this passion on some occasions, it will rise of itself in others. Addison. Spelman. 5. With advantage; very favorably; as a

house or garden finely situated. 6. Nicely; delicately; as a stuff finely

wrought.

Blackstone. 7. Purely ; completely. Clarendon. A sum of money paid to the king or state 8. By way of irony, wretchedly; in a man-

ner deserving of contemptuous notice. He is finely caught in his own snare.

Thinness; smallness; slenderness; as the fineness of a thread or silk. Hence, Consisting of fine threads; as fine linen.

4. Made of fine threads; not coarse; as fine In fine. [Fr. enfin; L. in and finis.] In the 3. Smallness; minuteness; as the fineness of sand or particles : the fineness of soil or