SNEEZE, n. A sudden and violent ejection of air through the nose with an andi-SNIV'EL, v. i. To run at the nose. SNEE'ZE-WORT, n. A plant, a species of

Achillea, and another of Xeranthemum. SNEE'ZING, ppr. Emitting air from the

nose audibly.

SNEE'ZING, n. The act of ejecting air viosternutation.

sportsmen.]

SNEW, old pret. of snow. Obs.

Chaucer

ent spelling of sneb, sneap. Hubberd's Tale. SNICK, n. A small cut or mark; a latch. [Not in use.]

Snick and snee, a combat with knives. [Not in use.

[Snee is a Dutch contraction of snyden, to cut.]

SNICK'ER, SNICK'ER, V. i. [Sw. ningg, close. This SNO RING, ppr. Respiring with a harsh snit of the sense snore.] are different.]

To laugh slily; or to laugh in one's sleeve. It is a word in common use in New Eng. land, not easily defined. It signifies to laugh 2. To snore. [Not common.] with small andible eatches of voice, as when SNORT, v. t. To turn up in anger, scorn or persons attempt to suppress loud laughter.]
SNIFF, v. i. To draw air audibly up the

nose. [See Snuff.] Swift. SNORT'ER, n. One that snorts; a snorer. SNIFF, v. t. To draw in with the breath. SNORT'ING. ppr. Forcing the air violently

Todd. [Not in use.] SNIFF, n. Perception by the nose. [Not in SNORTING, n. The act of forcing the air Warton.

SNIFT, v. i. To snort. [Not in use.] SNIG, n. [See Snake.] A kind of eel.

SNIG'GLE, v. i. [supra.] To fish for eels, by thrusting the bait into their holes. [Lo-Walton. cal. SNIG'GLE, v. t. To snare; to catch.

Beaum. SNIP, v. t. [D. snippen, to nip; knippen, to SNOTTY, a. Foul with snot.

clip. See Sneap.] To clip; to cut off the nip or neb, or to cut

off at once with shears or scissors. SNIP, n. A clip; a single cut with shears or Shak. Wiseman. scissors. Wiseman.

2. A small shred.

3. Share; a snack. [A low word.]

L'Estrange. SNIPE, n. [D. snip; G. sehnepfe; from neb,

1. A bird that frequents the banks of rivers 3. The nozzle or end of a hellow pipe. nib; so named from its hill.] and the borders of feus, distinguished by SNOUT, v. t. To furnish with a nozzle or the length of its bill; the scolopax galli-

nago. 2. A fool; a blockhead.

SNIP'PER, n. One that snips or clips. SNIP/PET, n. A small part or share. Hudibras. in use.]

Snipsnap, a cant word, formed by repeating snap, and signifying a tart dialogue with Pope. quick replies.

SNITE, n. [Sax.] A snipe. [Not in use.] Curew.

SNITE, v. t. [Sax. snytan.] To blow the nose. [Not in use.] In Scotland, suite the 1. Frozen vapor; watery particles congealcandle, snuff it. Grew.

SNIVEL, n. sniv't. [Sax. snofel, snyfling.] Qu. neb, nib, smiff.]

eling.

SNIVELER, n. One that cries with sniveling.

ifests weakness by weeping.

ful; whining.

SNELL, a. [Sax. snel.] Active; brisk; SNOD, n. [Sax.] A fillet. [Not in use or nimble. [Not in use.] local.]

SNET, n. The fat of a deer. [Local among SNOD, a. Trimmed; smooth. [Local.]

SNOOK, v. i. [Sw. snoka. Qu. nook.] lurk; to lie in ambush. [Not in use.] Scott

SNIB, to nip or reprimand, is only a differ-SNORE, v. i. [Sax. snora, a snoring; D. snorken ; G. schnarchen ; Sw. snarka ; from the root of L. naris, the nose or nostrils.] To breathe with a rough hoarse noise in

sleep Roscommon. SNORE, n. A breathing with a harsh noise

in sleep. SNO/RER, n. One that snores.

1. To force the air with violence through the nose, so as to make a noise, as high, spirited horses in prancing and play.

derision, as the nose. [Unusual.]

through the nose. through the nose with violence and noise.

Jer. viii. [Lo- 2. Act of snoring. [Unusual.]

Grose. SNOT, n. [Sax. snote; D. snot; Dan. id.] Mucus discharged from the nose. Swift. SNOT, v. t. [Sax. snyt in.] To blow the Sherwood. nose. SNOT'TER, v. i. To snivel; to sob. [Lo-

cul.

2. Mean; dirty.

blow the nese, Sax. snytan; Sw. snyte, Dan. snude, snout; snyder. to snuff.]

1. The long projecting nose of a beast, as that of swine.

2. The nose of a man; in contempt.

SNOUT'ED, a. Having a snout. Heylin.

Shak. SNOUT'Y, a. Resembling a beast's snont. Otway.

[Not SNOW, n. [a contracted word; Sax. snaw: Goth. snaiws ; D. sneeuw ; G. schnee ; Dan. snee; Sw. sne; Sclav. sneg; Bohem. snik; SNUB'-NOSED, a. Having a short flat lr. sneacht; Fr. neige; L. nix, nivis; lt. nose. Port. neve; Sp. nieve. The Latin nivis, is SNUDGE, v. i. [Dan. sniger. See Snug.] contracted from nigis, like Eng. bow, from Sax. bugan. The prefix s is common in the other languages.]

ed into white crystals in the air, and falling SNUFF, n. [D. snuf, whence snuffen, to When there is no wind, to the earth. these crystals fall in flakes or unbroken snub, neb, nib.]

collections, sometimes extremely beautiful.

Milton. 2. To ery as children, with snuffing or sniv- 2. A vessel equipped with two masts, resembling the main and fore-masts of a ship, and a third small must just abaft the mainmast, earrying a try-sail. Mar. Diet. 2. One that weeps for slight causes, or man-SNOW, v. i. [Sax. snawan.] To fall in

snow; as, it snows; it snowed yesterday. lently and audibly through the nose; SNIV/ELY, a. Running at the nose; piti-SNOW, r. t. To scatter like snow. Donne. SNOWBALL, n. [snow and ball.] A round mass of snow, pressed or rolled together. Locke. Dryden.

SNOWBALL TREE, n. A flowering shrub of the genus Viburnum; gelder rose.

SNOW-BIRD, n. A small bird which appears in the time of snow, of the genus Emberiza; called also snow-bunting.

In the U. States, the snow-bird is the Fringilta nivalis. Wilson.

SNOWBROTH, n. [snow and broth.] Snow and water mixed; very cold liquor. Shak

SNOW-EROWNED, a. [snow and erown.] Crowned or having the top covered with Drayton. SNOWDEEP, n. [snow and deep.] A plant.

SNOW-DRIFT, n. [snow and drift.] A bank of snow driven together by the wind.

SNOW-DROP, n. [snow and drop.] A plant bearing a white flower, cultivated in gardens for its beauty; the Galanthus nivalis. SNOWLESS, a. Destitute of snow. Tookc. SNOWLIKE, a. Resembling snow.

SNOW-SHOE, n. [snow and shoe.] A shoe or racket worn by men traveling on snow, to prevent their feet from sinking into the SHOW.

SNOW-SLIP, n. [snow and slip.] A large mass of snow which slips down the side of a mountain, and sometimes furies Goldsmith. houses.

SNOW-WHITE, a. [snow and white.] White as snow; very white.

SNOWY, a. White like snow. Shak. Grose. 2. Abounding with snow; covered with snow.

The snowy top of cold Olympus. Milton. SNOUT, n. [W. ysnid; D. snuit; G. 3. White; pare; unblemished. schnautze, snout; sehnäutzen, to souff, to SNUB, n. [D. sneb; a different orthography of snip, sneap, neb, nib, nip.]

A knot or projuberance in wood; a snag. [Not in use.] Spenser. SNUB, v. t. [supra.] To mip; to clip or break off the end. Hence,

Hudibras. 2. To check; to reprimand; to check, stop or rebuke with a tart sareastic reply or remark. [This is the same word radically as sneap, sneb, and is the word chiefly

SNUB, v. i. [G. schnauben, to snub, to snort, to pant for, to puff.] To sob with convulsions. [Not used.]

SNUB'-NOSE, n. A short or flat nose.

To lie close; to snug. [Not in use or vul-Herbert. SNUDGE, n. A miser, or a sneaking fellow.

[Not in use.]

smill to scent; G. schnuppe; allied to