Kings xiv.

WORSE, adv. In a manner more evil or

We will deal worse with thee than with

them. Geo. xix.

WÖRSE, to put to disadvantage, is not in use. [See Worst.]

WÖRSEN, v. t. To worse. [Not in use.] Milton.

WÖRSER, is a vulgar word, and not used 2. The most severe or aggravated state; the in good writing or speaking.

WORSHIP, n. Sax. weorthscype; worth and 3. The most calamitons state. Be armed ship; the state of worth or worthiness. See Worth.1

1. Excellence of character; dignity; worth;

worthiness.

-Elfin born of poble state. And muckle worship in his native land. Spenser.

In this sense, the word is nearly or quite obsolete; but hence,

2. A title of honor, used in addresses to certain magistrates and others of respectable character.

My father desires your worship's company. Shak.

3. A term of ironical respect.

Pope. 4. Chiefly and eminently, the act of paying divine honors to the Supreme Being; or the reverence and homage paid to him in religious exercises, consisting in adoration, confession, prayer, thanksgiving and the like.

The worship of God is an eminent part of re-Tillotson. Prayer is a chief part of religious worship.

1bm. 5. The homage paid to idols or false gods by 3. New beer unfermented, or in the act of 3. Worth; quality or state of deserving.

pagans; as the worship of Isis. 6. Honor; respect; civil deference.

Then shalt thou have worship in the presence of them that sit at meat with thee. Luke xiv.

7. Idolatry of lovers; obsequious or submissive respect. Shak.

WÖRSIHP, v. t. To adore; to pay divine honors to; to reverence with supreme respect and veneration.

Thou shalt worship no other God. Exxxxiv.

Adore and worship God supreme. Milton. 2. To respect; to honor; to treat with civil reverence.

Nor worship'd with a waxen epitaph. Shak. 3. To honor with extravagant love and extreme submission; as a lover.

With bended knees I daily worship her.

Carew. WÖRSHIP, v. i. To perform acts of adoration.

To perform religious service.

Our fathers worshiped in this mountain.

WÖRSHIPED, pp. Adored; treated with 2. divine honors; treated with eivil respect.

WORSHIPER, n. One who worships; one who pays divine honors to any being; one who adores. South.

WÖRSHIPFUL, a. Claiming respect; worthy of honor from its character or dignity. This is worshipful society. Shak.

A term of respect, sometimes ironically. WÖRSHIPFULLY, adv. Respectfully.

Shak. WÖRSHIPING, ppr. Adoring; paying di- WÖRTH, a. Equal in value to. Silver is 5. Deserving of ill; as things worthy of

Judah was put to the worse before Israel. 2|| reverence; treating with extreme submis-|| sion.

2. Something less good. Think not the WORST, a. [superl. of worse, which see.] worse of him for his enterprise. as the worst man; the worst sinner.

2. Most severe or dangerous; most difficult to heal; as the worst di-ease.

3. Most afflictive, pernicious or calamitous; as the worst evil that can befall a state or an individual.

WORST, n. The most evil state; in a moral sense.

highth; as, the disease is at the worst.

against the worst.

WORST, v.t. To get the advantage over in contest; to defeat; to overthrow. It is madness to contend, when we are sure to be worsted.

WORSTED, pp. Defeated; overthrown. WORSTED, n. WUST'ED. [The crigin of this word is oncertain. It is usually

supposed to take its name from a town in England or in Flanders: but in Norman, worstetz is mentioned; as lit de worstetz, a bed of worsted.]

Yarn spun from combed wool; a particular kind of woolen yarn.

WORST'ED, a. Consisting of worsted; 3. Justly; not without cause. made of worsted yaru; as worsted stock-

WORT, n. [Sax. wyrt; G. wurz; Sw. ort; Dan. urt; Fr. vert, verd; from the root of L. vireo, to grow; viridis, green.]

1. A plant; an herb; now used chiefly or 2. Excellence; dignity; virtue. wholly in compounds; as in mugwort, liverwort, splcenwort.

2. A plant of the cabbage kind.

fermentation; the sweet infusion of malt. Worthless, a. Having no value; as a Bacon. Cyc.

WORTH, a termination, signifies a farm or court; as in Wordsworth.

WORTH, v. i. [Sax. weorthan, to be.] This verb is now used only in the phrases, wo worth the day, we worth the man, &c., in which the verb is in the imperative mode, and the noun in the dative; we be to the day

WŎŘTII, n. [Sax. weorth, wurth, wyrth; G. werth ; D. waarde ; Sw. vard ; Dan. vard ; W. gwerth; L. virtus, from the root of vireo. The primary sense is strength.]

1. Value; that quality of a thing which renders it useful, or which will produce an equivalent good in some other thing. The worth of a day's labor may be estimated in money, or in wheat. The worth of labor is settled between the hirer and the hired. The worth of commodities is usually the price they will bring in market; but price is not always worth.

Value of mental qualities; excellence; virtue; usefulness; as a man or magis trate of great worth.

As none but she, who in that court did dwell, Could know such worth, or worth describe so well. Waller.

All worth consists in doing good, and in the disposition by which it is done. Dwight.

3. Importance; valuable qualities; applied 4. Suitable to any thing bad. to things; as, these things have since lost their worth.

vine honors to; treating with supremel scarce worth the labor of digging and re- stripes. Luke xii.

fining. In one country, a day's labor is worth a dollar; in another, the same labor is not worth fifty cents. It is worth while to consider a subject well before we come to a decision.

If your arguments produce no conviction, they are worth nothing to me. Beattie. Deserving of; in a good or bad sense, but chiefly in a good sense. The castle is worth defending.

To reign is worth ambition, though in hell.

This is life indeed, life worth preserving.

Addison. 3. Equal in possessions to; having estate to the value of. Most men are estimated by their neighbors to be worth more than they are. A man worth a hundred thousand dollars in the United States, is called rich; but not so in London or Paris.

Worthiest of blood, an expression in law, denoting the preference of sons to daughters

in the descent of estates.

WÖRTHILY, adv. In a manner suited to; as, to walk worthily of our extraction. [Bad.] 2. Descreedly; according to merit.

You worthity succeed not only to the honors of your accestors, but also to their virtues.

Druden.

I affirm that some may very worthily deserve to be hated South.

WÖRTHINESS, n. Dosert; merit. The prayers which our Savior made, were

for his own worthiness accepted. Hooker.

Who is sure he hath a soul, unless It see and judge and follow worthiness? Donne.

worthless garmeut; a worthless ship.

2. Having no value of character or no virtue; as a worthless man or woman.

3. Having no dignity or excellence; as a worthless magistrate.

WÖRTHLESSNESS, n. Want of value; want of useful qualities; as the worthlessness of an old garment or of barren land. 2. Want of excellence or dignity; as the

worthlessness of a person. WÖRTHY, a. [G. wurdig; D. waardig;

Sw. vardig.]

1. Deserving; such as merits; having worth or excellence; equivalent; with of, before the thing deserved. She has married a man worthy of her.

Thou art worthy of the sway. I am not worthy of the least of all the mercies- Gen. xxxii.

2. Possessing worth or excellence of qualities; virtuous; estimable; as a worthy citizen; a worthy magistrate.

Happier thou may'st he, worthier caust not be. This worthy mind should worthy things em-Davies.

3. Suitable; having qualities suited to; either in a good or bad sense; equal in value; as flowers worthy of paradise.

The merciless Macdonald, Worthy to be a rebel. Shal: