

ENGULF', *v. t.* To throw or to absorb in a gulf.

ENGULF'ED, *pp.* Absorbed in a whirlpool, or in a deep abyss or gulf.

ENGULF'MENT, *n.* An absorption in a gulf, or deep cavern, or vortex.

ENHANCE', *v. t.* *enhans.* [Norm. *enhancer*, from *haunce*, to raise. *Qu.* Norm. *enhance*, *hauz*, *hauz*, *high*.]

1. To raise; to lift; applied to material things by *Spenser*, but this application is entirely obsolete.

2. To raise; to advance; to heighten; applied to price or value. War *enhances* the price of provisions; it *enhances* rents, and the value of lands.

3. To raise; applied to qualities, quantity, pleasures, enjoyments, &c. Pleasure is *enhanced* by the difficulty of obtaining it.

4. To increase; to aggravate. The guilt of a crime may be *enhanced* by circumstances.

ENHANCE', *v. i.* *enh'ans.* To be raised; to swell; to grow larger. A debt *enhances* rapidly by compound interest.

ENHANCED, *pp.* Raised; advanced; heightened; increased.

ENHANCEMENT, *n.* Rise; increase; augmentation; as the *enhancement* of value, price, enjoyment, pleasure, beauty.

2. Increase; aggravation; as the *enhancement* of evil, grief, punishment, guilt, or crime.

ENHANCER, *n.* One who enhances; he or that which raises price, &c.

ENHANCING, *pp.* Raising; increasing; augmenting; aggravating.

ENHARBOR, *v. i.* To dwell in or inhabit.

ENHARDEN, *v. t.* To harden; to encourage.

ENHARMONIC, *a.* [from *harmonic*, *harmonia*.]

In music, an epithet applied to such species of composition, as proceed on very small intervals, or smaller intervals than the diatonic and chromatic. An *enharmonic* interval is the eighth of a tone. *Encyc.*

ENIGMA, *n.* [L. *enigma*; Gr. *αἰνigma*, from *αἰνέω*, to hint.]

A dark saying, in which some known thing is concealed under obscure language; an obscure question; a riddle. A question, saying or painting, containing a hidden meaning, which is proposed to be guessed. *Johnson.* *Encyc.*

ENIGMATIC, } *a.* Relating to or containing a riddle; obscure; darkly expressed; ambiguous.

2. Obscurely conceived or apprehended.

ENIGMATICALLY, *adv.* In an obscure manner; in a sense different from that which the words in common acceptation imply.

ENIGMATIST, *n.* A maker or dealer in enigmas and riddles. *Addison.*

ENIGMATIZE, *v. i.* To utter or form enigmas; to deal in riddles.

ENIGMATOGRAPHY, } *n.* [Gr. *αἰνίγμα*, and *γραφία*, or *γραφία*.]

The art of making riddles; or the art of solving them.

ENJOIN', *v. t.* [Fr. *enjoindre*; *en* and *joindre*, to join; It. *ingiugnere*; L. *injungo*, *in* and *jungo*. See *Join*. We observe

that the primary sense of *join* is to set, extend or lay to, to throw to or on; otherwise the sense of order or command could not spring from it. To *enjoin* is to set or lay to or on.]

1. To order or direct with urgency; to admonish or instruct with authority; to command. Says *Johnson*, "this word is more authoritative than *direct*, and less imperious than *command*." It has the force of pressing admonition with authority; as, a parent *enjoins* on his children the duty of obedience. But it has also the sense of command; as the duties *enjoined* by God in the moral law.

2. In law, to forbid judicially; to issue or direct a legal injunction to stop proceedings.

This is a suit to enforce the defendants from disturbing the plaintiffs. *Kent.*

ENJOIN ED, *pp.* Ordered; directed; admonished with authority; commanded.

ENJOIN ER, *n.* One who enjoins.

ENJOIN ING, *pp.* Ordering; directing.

ENJOINMENT, *n.* Direction; command; authoritative admonition.

ENJOY', *v. t.* [Fr. *jouir*; Arm. *jouicz*; It. *giuire*. See *Joy*.]

1. To feel or perceive with pleasure; to take pleasure or satisfaction in the possession or experience of. We *enjoy* the dainties of a feast, the conversation of friends, and our own meditations.

I could *enjoy* the pangs of death, And smile in agony. *Addison.*

2. To possess with satisfaction; to take pleasure or delight in the possession of.

Thou shalt beget sons, but thou shalt not *enjoy* them. Deut. xxviii.

3. To have, possess and use with satisfaction; to have, hold or occupy, as a good or profitable thing, or as something desirable. We *enjoy* a free constitution and inestimable privileges.

That the children of Israel may *enjoy* every man the inheritance of his fathers. Num. xxxv.

The land shall *enjoy* her sabbaths. Lev. xxvi.

To *enjoy one's self*, is to feel pleasure or satisfaction in one's own mind, or to relish the pleasures in which one partakes; to be happy.

ENJOY', *v. i.* To live in happiness. [Unusual.] *Milton.*

ENJOY'ABLE, *a.* Capable of being enjoyed.

ENJOY'ED, *pp.* Perceived with pleasure or satisfaction; possessed or used with pleasure; occupied with content.

ENJOYER, *n.* One who enjoys.

ENJOYING, *pp.* Feeling with pleasure; possessing with satisfaction.

ENJOYMENT, *n.* Pleasure; satisfaction; agreeable sensations; fruition.

2. Possession with satisfaction; occupancy of any thing good or desirable; as the *enjoyment* of an estate; the *enjoyment* of civil and religious privileges.

ENKINDLE, *v. t.* [from *kindle*.] To kindle; to set on fire; to inflame; as, to *enkindle* sparks into a flame. In this literal sense, *kindle* is generally used.

2. To excite; to rouse into action; to inflame; as, to *enkindle* the passions into a flame; to *enkindle* zeal; to *enkindle* war or discord, or the flames of war.

ENKINDLED, *pp.* Set on fire; inflamed; roused into action; excited.

ENKINDLING, *pp.* Setting on fire; inflaming; rousing; exciting.

ENLARK, *v. t.* To cover with lard or grease; to baste. *Shak.*

ENLARGE, *v. t.* *enl'arg.* [from *large*.] To make greater in quantity or dimensions; to extend in limits, breadth or size; to expand in bulk. Every man desires to *enlarge* his possessions; the prince, his dominions; and the landholder, his farm. The body is *enlarged* by nutrition, and a good man rejoices to *enlarge* the sphere of his benevolence.

God shall *enlarge* Japhet. Gen. ix.

2. To dilate; to expand; as with joy or love. O ye, Corinthians, our mouth is open to you, our heart is *enlarged*. *St. Paul.*

3. To expand; to make more comprehensive. Science *enlarges* the mind.

4. To increase in appearance; to magnify to the eye; as by a glass. *Shak.*

5. To set at liberty; to release from confinement or pressure.

6. To extend in a discourse; to diffuse in eloquence.

They *enlarged* themselves on this subject. *Clarendon.*

In this application, the word is generally intransitive.

7. To augment; to increase; to make large or larger, in a general sense; a word of general application.

To *enlarge the heart*, may signify to open and expand in good will; to make free, liberal and charitable.

ENLARGE, *v. i.* *enl'arg.* To grow large or larger; to extend; to dilate; to expand.

A plant *enlarges* by growth; an estate *enlarges* by good management; a volume of air *enlarges* by rarefaction.

2. To be diffuse in speaking or writing; to expatiate. I might *enlarge* on this topic.

3. To exaggerate. *Swift.*

ENLARGED, *pp.* Increased in bulk; extended in dimensions; expanded; dilated; augmented; released from confinement or straits.

ENLARGEDLY, *adv.* With enlargement. *Mountagu.*

ENLARGEMENT, *n.* Increase of size or bulk, real or apparent; extension of dimensions or limits; augmentation; dilatation; expansion. The *enlargement* of bulk may be by accretion or addition; of dimensions, by spreading, or by additions to length and breadth; of a sum or amount, by addition, collection or accumulation.

2. Expansion or extension, applied to the mind, to knowledge, or to the intellectual powers, by which the mind comprehends a wider range of ideas or thought.

3. Expansion of the heart, by which it becomes more benevolent and charitable.

4. Release from confinement, servitude, distress or straits. *Esther* iv. *Shak.*

5. Diffusiveness of speech or writing; an expatiating on a particular subject; a wide range of discourse or argument.

ENLARGER, *n.* He or that which enlarges, increases, extends or expands; an amplifier. *Brown.*

ENLARGING, *pp.* Increasing in bulk; ex-