morose manner.

SUR/LINESS, n. Gloomy moroseness erabbed ill nature; as the surliness of a

SUR'LING, n. A sour morose fellow. [Not Camden. in usc.]

SUR/LY, a. [W. swr, surly, snarling; swri, surliness, sullenness. Qu. its alliance with sour.]

I. Gloomily morose; crabbed; snarling: sternly sour; rough; cross and rude; as a surly groom; a surly dog.

That surly spirit, melancholy. Shak 2. Rough; dark; tempestnous.

Now soften'd into joy the surly storm Thomson.

SURMI'SAL, n. Surmise. [Not in use.] SURMISE, v. t. surmi'ze. [Norm. surmys, alledged; surmitter, to surmise, to accuse, to suggest; Fr. sur and mettre, to put.]

To suspect; to imagine without certain knowledge; to entertain thoughts that slight evidence.

It wafted nearer vet, and then she knew That what before she but surmis'd, was true. SUROX/YDATE, v. t. To form a suroxyd. Druden.

This change was not wrought by altering the form or position of the earth, as was surmised by a very learned man, but by dissolving it. Woodward.

SURMI'SE, n. Suspicion; the thought or imagination that something may be, of which however there is no certain or strong evidence; as the surmises of jealousy or of envy.

We double honor gain From his surmise prov'd false. Milton No man ought to be charged with principles he disowns, unless his practices contradict his professions; not upon small surmises. SURMI'SED, pp. Suspected; imagined

upon slight evidence. SURMI/SER, n. One who surmises.

SURMI'SING, ppr. Suspecting; imagining upon slight evidence.

SURMI/SING, n. The act of suspecting surmise; as evil surmisings. 1 Tim. vi.

SURMOUNT', v. t. [Fr. surmonter; sur and monter, to ascend.]

1. To rise above.

The mountains of Olympus, Atho and Atlas, surmount all winds and clouds. Ruleigh.

2. To conquer; to overcome; as, to surmount difficulties or obstacles.

3. To surpass; to exceed.

What surmounts the reach

Milton. Of human sense-SURMOUNT ABLE, a. That may be over-

come; superable. SURMOUN'T'ED, pp. Overcome; canquered; surpassed.

SURMOUNT ER, n. One that surmounts. SURMOUNTANG, ppr. Rising above :

overcoming; surpassing. SURMUL/LET, n. A fish of the genus Mullus, (M. barbatus,) remarkable for the SUR'PLUS, n. [Fr. sur and plus, L. id., brilliancy of its colors, and for the changes The name is also applied to other species

of the genus. Ed. Encyc. SUR/MULOT, n. A name given by Buffon to the brown or Norway rat. Ed. Encyc. SUR'NAME, n. [Fr. surnom: It. soprannome; Sp. sobrenombre; L. super and no- 2. In law, the residuum of an estate, after men.]

tion added to the haptismal or christian name, and which becomes a family name. occupation, estate, place of residence, or some particular thing or event that related to the person. Thus William Rufus or 3. In accounts, a greater disbursement than red; Edmund Ironsides; Robert Smith. or the smith; William Turner.

2. An appellation added to the original SURPRISAL, n. surpri'zal. [See Surprise.] name.

My surname Coriolanus. Shak SURNA'ME, v. t. [Fr. surnommer.] To name or call by an appellation added to the original name.

Another shall subscribe with his hand unto the Lord, and surname himself by the name of Israel. Is xliv.

And Simon he surnamed Peter. Mark iii. SURNA'MED, pp. Called by a name added 1. to the ehristian or original name.

SHRNA'MING, ppr. Naming by an appellation added to the original name.

something does or will exist, but upon SUROX/YD, n. [sur and oxyd.] That which contains an addition of oxyd. [Little used.

[Little used.]

SURPASS, v. t. [Fr. surpasser; sur and passer, to pass beyond.]

To exceed; to excel; to go beyond in any thing good or bad. Homer surpasses modern poets in sublimity. Pope surpasses most other poets in smoothness of versification. Achilles surpassed the other Greeks in strength and courage. Clodins surpassed all men in the profligacy of his Perhaps no man ever surpassed Washington in genuine patriotism and integrity of life.

SURP'ASSABLE, a. That may be exceed ed. Dict.

SURP'ASSED, pp. Exceeded; excelled. SURPASSING, ppr. Exceeding; going beyond.

2. a. Excellent in an eminent degree; exceeding others.

O thou, that with surpassing glory crown'd-Milton.

SURP'ASSINGLY, adv. In a very excellent manner; or in a degree surpassing 1 others.

SURPLICE, n. sur'plis. [Fr. surplis; Sp. SURPRI/SED, pp. Come upon or taken sobrepelliz; L. super pellicium, above the robe of fur.l

A white garment worn by elergymen of SURPRI SING, ppr. Falling on or taking some denominations over their other dress, in their ministrations. It is particularly the habit of the clergy of the church of England.

SUR/PLICED, a. Wearing a surplice.

SUR/PLICE-FEES, n. [surptice and fees.] Fees paid to the clergy for occasional du-

more.

which they undergo as the fish expires. I. Overplus; that which remains when use is satisfied; excess beyond what is prescribed or wanted. In the United States, the surplus of wheat and rye not required for consumption or exportation, is distilled.

the debts and legacies are paid.

STR LILY, adv. [from surly.] In a surly, [I. An additional name; a name or appella-||SURPLUS'AGE, n. Surplus; as surplusage of grain or goods beyond what is wanted.

Surnames, with us, originally designated 2. In law, something in the pleadings or proeeedings not necessary or relevant to the case, and which may be rejected.

> the charge of the accountant amounteth Rees.

The act of surprising or coming upon sud denly and unexpectedly; or the state of being taken unawares.

SURPRISE, v. t. surpri'ze. [Fr. from surprendre; sur and prendre, to take; It. sorpresa, sorprendere; Sp. sorpresa, sorprehender; L. super, supra, and prendo, to take.]

To come or fall upon suddenly and unexpectedly; to take unawares.

The eastle of Maeduff I will surprise. Shak. Who can speak

The mingled passions that surpris'd his heart? Thomson.

2. To strike with wonder or astonishment by something sudden, unexpected or remarkable, either in conduct, words or story, or by the appearance of something unusual. Thus we are surprised at desperate acts of heroism, or at the narration of wonderful events, or at the sight of things of uncommon magnitude or curious structure.

To confuse: to throw the mind into disorder by something suddenly presented to the view or to the mind.

Up he starts, discover'd and surpris'd.

Milton.

SURPRI'SE, n. The act of coming upon nnawares, or of taking suddenly and without preparation. The fort was taken by surprise.

The state of being taken unexpectedly.

3. An emotion excited by something happening suddenly and unexpectedly, as something novel told or presented to view. Nothing could exceed his surprise at the narration of these adventures. It expresses less than wonder and astonishment.

A dish with nothing in it. [Not in use.]

unawares; struck with something novel or unexpected.

suddenly or unawares; striking with something novel; taking by a sudden or unexpected attack.

2. a. Exciting surprise; extraordinary; of a nature to excite wonder and astonishment; as surprising bravery; surprising patience; a surprising escape from dan-

Warton. SURPRISINGLY, adv. In a manner or degree that excites surprise. He exerted himself surprisingly to save the life of his companion.

SUR/QUEDRY, n. [sur and Norm. Fr. cuider, to think. Qu. Sp. cuidar, to heed. See Heed.] Overweening pride; arrogance. Not in use ] Spenser.

SURREBUT', v. i. [sur and rebut.] In legal pleadings, to reply, as a plaintif, to a defendant's rebutter.