re-enforce; but reinforce seems now to be the most common.

REINFÖRCED, pp. Strengthened by additional force.

REINFÖRCEMENT, n. New force added; fresh supplies of strength; particularly, additional troops or ships.

REINFORCING, ppr. Adding fresh force REINSU'RE, v. t. [re and insure.] To insure

REINGRA/TIATE, v. t. To ingratiate again. Mitford.

REINGRA'TIATE, v.t. [re and ingratiate.] To ingratiate again; to recommend again to favor.

REINGRA'TIATED, pp. Reinstated in fa-

REINGRA'TIATING, ppr. Ingratiating

REINHAB'IT, v. t. [re and inhabit.] To inhabit again. REINHAB/ITED, pp. Inhabited again.

REINHAB/ITING, ppr. Inhabiting a second

REINLESS, a. Without rein; without restraint; uncheeked.

REINLIST', v. t. or i. [re and inlist.] To inlist again.

[It is written also rc-enlist.] REINLISTED, pp. Inlisted anew.

REINLIST ING, ppr. Inlisting anew. REINLIST MENT, n. The act of inlisting anew; the act of engaging again in mili-REINTHRO'NING, ppr. Replacing on the tary service.

Brown. time.

REINS, n. plu. [Fr. rein, rognon; L. ren, renes; It. rene, arnione; Sp. rinones.]

1. The kidneys; the lower part of the back. 2. In Scripture, the inward parts; the heart, or seat of the affections and passions. Ps. Ixxiii.

REINSERT', v. t. [re and insert.] To insert a second time.

REINSERT'ED, pp. Inserted again. REINSERT'ING, ppr. Inserting again. REINSER'TION, n. A second insertion.

REINSPECT', v. t. [re and inspect.] To in-

spect again, as provisions.
REINSPECTION, n. The act of inspecting a second time. Laws of Conn. REINSPIRE, r. t. [re and inspire.] To in-

spire anew. REINSPIRED, pp. Inspired again.

REINSPI/RING, ppr. Inspiring again. REINSTALL, v. t. [re and install.] To install again; to seat anew.

REINSTALL/ED, pp. Installed anew. REINSTALL'ING, ppr. Installing again. REINSTALL'MENT, n. A second install-

REINSTA'TE, v. t. [re and instate.] To place again in possession or in a former state; to restore to a state from which one had been removed; as, to reinstate a king in the possession of the kingdom; to reinstate one in the affections of his family.

REINSTA'TED, pp. Replaced in possession 5. or in a former state.

REINSTA'TING, ppr. Replacing in a former state; putting again in possession.

sistance or support. [It is written also REINSU'RANCE, n. [re and insurance. See REJECTA'NEOUS, a. [from the L.] Not Sure.]

> second insurance of the same property. Such reinsurance is permitted by the REJECTER, n. One that rejects or re-French commercial code; but in England is prohibited by statute, except when the REJECT ING, ppr. Throwing away; casting first underwriter is insolvent. Walsh.

the same property a second time by other REJEC'TION, n. [L. rejectio.] The act of underwriters.

The insurer may cause the property insured to be reinsured by other persons.

Walsh. French Com. Code.

Herbert. REINSURED, pp. Insured a second time

by other persons. REINSU'RING, ppr. Insuring a second

time by other persons. REIN/TEGRATE, v. t. [Fr. reintegrer; 1... redintegro; red, re, and integro, from integer.]

To renew with regard to any state or quality; to restore. [Little used.] REINTER ROGATE, v. t. [re and interro-

To interrogate again; to question repeatedly. Cotgrave.

Marshall. REINTHRO'NE, v. t. [re and inthrone. See Enthrone.]

To replace on the throne. REINTHRO'NED, pp. Placed again on the throne.

throne.

REINQUI'RE, v. t. To inquire a second REINTHRO'NIZE, v. t. To reinthrone. [Not in use.]

REINVEST', v. t. [re and invest.] To invest anew.

REINVEST'ED, pp. Invested again. REINVEST'ING, ppr. Investing anew. REINVEST'MENT, n. The act of invest-

ing anew; a second or repeated investment.

REINVIG'ORATE, v. t. To revive vigor in; to reanimate.

REIT, n. Sedge; sea weed. BaileyREIT ERATE, v. t. [Fr. reiterer; L. re and itero.

To repeat; to repeat again and again; as reiterated crimes; to reiterate requests. Milton.

and again.

Dryden. REITERA TION, n. Repetition. REJECT', v. t. [L. rejicio, rejectus; re and jacio, to throw.

Millon. I. To throw away, as any thing useless or vile.

2. To cast off.

Have I rejected those that me ador'd? Brown.

To cast off; to forsake. Jer. vii.

I. To refuse to receive; to slight; to des-

Because thou hast rejected knowledge, I will 2. To meet one again. reject thee. Hos. iv. I Sam. xv.

To refuse to grant; as, to reject a prayer or request.

REINSTA TEMENT, n. The act of putting in a former state; re-establishment.

6. To refuse to accept; as, to reject an offer.

REJECT ABLE, a. That may be rejected.

REJOIND ER, n. An answer to a reply; Marshall. REJECTAMENT'A, n. [from L. rejecto.]

Things thrown out or away. [Ill formed.] 2. In law pleadings, the defendant's answer

chosen or received; rejected. An insurance of property already insured; a REJECT ED, pp. Thrown away; cast off;

refused; slighted.

Clarke. fuses

off; refusing to grant or accept; slight-

throwing away; the act of casting off or forsaking; refusal to accept or grant.

Bacon. REJECT/IVE, a. That rejects, or tends to east off.

REJECT'MENT, n. Matter thrown away.

REJOICE, v. i. rejois'. [Fr. rejouir, rejouissant; re and jouir, to enjoy; Arm. joauçzaat ; It. gioire ; Sp. regocijar, to rejoice ; Sp. Port. gozar, to enjoy; gozo, jey. In most of the dialects, the last radical of joy is lost; but the Spanish and Portuguese retain it in z, which is a palatal letter. Hence this word seems to be the D. juichen, to rejoice, to shout; G. jauchzen. Qu. the Dan. hujer, to rejoice; huj, a shout, joy, rejoicing, which is the English hue, in hue and cry; Fr. huer and hucher. Amidst such changes of letters, it is not easy to ascertain the primary elements. But it is easy to see that the primary sense is to shout, or to be animated or excited.]

To experience joy and gladness in a high degree; to be exhilarated with lively and pleasurable sensations; to exult.

When the righteous are in authority, the people rejoice; but when the wicked beareth rule, the people mourn. Prov. xxix.

I will rejoice in thy salvation. Ps. ix

REJOICE, v. t. rejois. To make joyful; to gladden; to animate with lively pleasurable sensations; to exhilarate.

Whose leveth wisdom rejoiceth his father. Prov. xxix.

While she, great saint, rejoices heaven.

REJOIC'ED, pp. Made glad; exhilarated. REJOIC'ER, n. One that rejoices.

REIT/ERATED, pp. Repeated again and REJOIC'ING, ppr. Animating with glad-

To in-Milton. REIT'ERATING, ppr. Repeating again REJOICING, n. The act of expressing

joy and gladness. The voice of *rejnicing* and salvation is in the tabernacles of the righteous. Ps. exviii.

2. The subject of joy.

Thy testimonies have I taken as an heritage. forever, for they are the rejoicing of my heart. Ps. cxix.

The experience of joy. Gal. vi.

REJOIC'INGLY, adv. With joy or exultation. Sheldon. REJOIN', v. t. [re and join; Fr. rejoindre.]

1. To join again; to unite after separation. Brown.

Pope.

REJOIN, r. i. To answer to a reply. Dryden.

2. In law pleadings, to answer, as the de-

or in general, an answer.

Fleming. to the plaintif's replication.