Mishna. Enfield. Eneyc. MISIMPRÖVE, v. t. misimproov'. To im-

prove to a bad purpose; to abuse; as, to misimprove time, talents, advantages.

MISIMPRÖVED, pp. Used to a bad pur-

MISIMPRÖVEMENT, n. misimproov'ment. Ill use or employment; improvement to a bad purpose.

MISINFÉR', v. t. To draw a wrong inference.

MISINFORM', v. t. To give crroneous information to; to communicate an incorrect statement of facts. Baeon.

MISINFORMA'TION, n. Wrong informations; false account or intelligence re-Bacon. South. ceived.

MISINFORM'ED, pp. Wrongly informed. MISINFORM'ER, n. One that gives wrong information.

MISINFORM/ING, ppr. Communicating erroneous information to.

MISINSTRUCT', v. t. To instruct amiss. Hooker.

MISINSTRUC'TION, n. Wrong instruc-More. tion.

MISINTEL/LIGENCE, n. Wrong infor-

mation; disagreement. MISINTER/PRET, v. t. To interpret erro-

neously; to understand or to explain in a wrong sense. Arbuthnot. MISINTERPRETA'TION, n. The act of

interpreting erroneously.

MISINTER PRETED, a. Erroneously understood or explained.

MISINTER/PRETER, n. One who interprets erroneously

MISINTER'PRETING, ppr. Erroneously interpreting.

MISJOIN', v. t. To join unfitly or improp-Milton. Dryden.

MISJOIN'ED, pp. Improperly united. MISJOIN'ING, ppr. Joining unfitly or im

properly MISJUDGE, v. t. misjudj'. To mistake in judging of; to judge erroneously.

 $L^{i}Estrange$ MISJUDGE, v. i. misjudj'. To err in judg ment; to form false opinions or notions. MISJUDG'ED, pp. Judged erroneously.

MISJUDG'ING, ppr. Judging erroneously of; forming a wrong opinion or inference. MISJUDG/MENT, n. A wrong or unjust determination. Hale.

MIS'KIN, n. A little bagpipe.
MISKIN'DLE, v. t. To kindle amiss; to inflame to a bad purpose.

MISLA'ID, pp. Laid in a wrong place, or place not recollected; lost.

MISLA'Y, v. t. To lay in a wrong place. The fault is generally mistaid upon nature.

Lacke 2. To lay in a place not recollected; to lose. If the butler be the tell-tale, mislay a spoon so as he may never find it. Swift.

MISLA/YER. n. One that lays in a wrong place; one that loses. Bacon.MISLA'YING, ppr. Laying in a wrong

place, or place not remembered; losing. ly mistte.]

To rain in very fine drops, like a thick mist.

MISLE/AD, v. t. pret. and pp. misled. [See] Lead.

astray; to guide into error; to cause to mistake; to deceive.

Bacon. But of the two, less dangerous is th' offense,

To tire our patience, than mistead our sense.

Pope. MISLE'ADER, n. One who leads into error. MISLE/ADING, ppr. Leading into error; causing to err; deceiving.

MISLED', pp. of mislead. Led into error; lcd a wrong way.

—To give due light

To the misled and lonely traveller. Milton.

MISLI'KE, v. t. To dislike; to disapprove; to have aversion to; as, to mislike a man Raleigh. Sidney. or an opinion. For this word, dislike is generally used.

MISLI'KE, n. Dislike; disapprobation

MISLI'KED, pp. Disliked; disapproved. MISLI'KER, n. One that dislikes.

MISLI'KING, ppr. Disliking; disapproving.

MISLIN, [See Meslin.]
MISLIVE, v. i. misliv'. To live amiss. [Not

MISLUCK', n. Ill luck; misfortune.

MISLY, a. [See Misle and Mist.] Raining

2. To place on an improper object; as, he in very small drops.

MISMAN'AGE, v. t. To manage ill; to administer improperly; as, to mismanage public affairs.

MISMAN'AGE, v. i. To behave ill; to conduct amiss.

MISMAN'AGED, pp. Ill managed or conducted.

MISMAN'AGEMENT, n. Ill or improper management; ill conduct; as the mismanagement of public or private affairs.

Burke.

MISMAN'AGING, ppr. Managing ill. MISM'ARK, v. t. To mark with the wrong token; to mark erroneously. Collier.

MISMARKED, pp. Wrongly marked.
MISMARKING, ppr. Marking erroneously
MISMATCH', v. l. To match unsuitably.

ill joined.

MISMATCH'ING, ppr. Matching in an un- I. To mistake. suitable manner. MISNA'ME, v. t. To call by the wrong

MISNA/MED, pp. Called by a wrong name. MISPRISION, n. misprizh/un. [supra.] Ne-MISNA/MING, ppr. Calling by a wrong name

MISNO'MER, n. [Old Fr. mes, wrong, and nommer, to name.]

In law, the mistaking of the true name of a person; a misnaming. [Misnosmer, as written by Blackstone, must be a corrupt orthography. In no dialect has name, L. nomen, been written with s, unless by mistake.

MISOBE/DIENCE, n. Erroneous obedience or disobedience. [Not used.]

Milton. MISLE, v. i. mis'l. [from mist, and proper-MISOBSERVE, v. t. misobzerv'. To observe inaccurately; to mistake in observing.

> Gay. Derham. MISOG'AMIST, n. [Gr. μισεω, to hate, and] γαμος, marriage.] A hater of marriage.

MISH/NIC, a. Pertaining or relating to the To lead into a wrong way or path; to lead MISOG'YNIST, n. [Gr. μισεω, to liate, and yven, woman.

A woman hater. [Unusual.] Fuller Trust not servants who mistead or misinform MISOG'YNY, n. [supra.] Hatred of the female sex.

MISOPIN/ION, n. Erroneous opinion. Bp. Hall.

MISOR/DER, v. t. To order ill; to manage erroncously. Obs. Aseham. 2. To manage ill; to conduct badly. Shak.

MISOR'DER, n. Irregularity; disorderly proceedings. [We now use disorder.] Camden.

MISOR'DERLY, a. Irregular; disorderly. Ascham.

MISPELL, MISPEND, &c. [See Missspell, Miss-spend.]

MISPERSUA'DE, v. t. To persuade amiss, or to lead to a wrong notion. Hooker. MISPERSUA'SION, n. A false persuasion;

wrong notion or opinion. Decay of Piety. MISPIK'EL, n. Arsenical pyrite; an ore of arsenic, containing this metal in combination with iron, sometimes found in cubic crystals, but more often without any regular form. Foureroy.

MISPLA CE, v. t. To put in a wrong place;

misplaced his confidence. South. MISPLA'CED, pp. Put in a wrong place, or on an improper object.

MISPLA'CING, ppr. Putting in a wrong place, or on a wrong object.

MISPLE AD, v. i. To err in pleading. Blackstone. MISPLE'ADING, ppr. Making a mistake

in pleading MISPLE/ADING, n. A mistake in plead-

MISMAN'AGER, n. One that manages ill. MISPOINT', v. t. To point improperly; to err in punctuation.

MISPRINT', v. t. To mistake in printing;

to print wrong.
MISPRINT', n. A mistake in printing; a deviation from the copy. Ch. Obs. MISPRINT'ED, pp. Erroneously printed. MISPRINT'ING, ppr. Printing wrong.

Southern. MISPRI'SE, v.t. [Fr. meprendre, mepris; MISMATCH'ED, pp. Unsuitably matched; MISPRI'ZE, v.t. mes, wrong, and prendre, to take.l Shak.

2. To slight or undervalue.

O for those vanish'd hours, so much mis-pris'd. Hillhouse. Hillhouse.

glect; contempt.

2. In law, any high offense under the degree of capital, but nearly bordering thereon. Misprision is contained in every treason and felony. Misprisions are divided into negatire and positive; negative, which consist in the concealment of something which ought to be revealed; and positive, which consist in the commission of something which ought not to be done. Misprision of treason, consists in a bare knowledge and concealment of treason, without assenting to Blackstone.

Maladministration in offices of high public trust, is a positive misprision. Locke. 3. Mistake; oversight; contempt. [Not in 21.80. Shak.

MISPROCEE/DING, n. Wrong or irregular proceeding. Bacon.