minute; with very little time intervening. As if it were minutely proclaimed in thunder from heaven.

MINU'TENESS, n. Extreme smallness, fineness or slenderness; as the minuteness of the particles of air or of a fluid; the minuteness of the filaments of eotton; the minuteness of details in narration.

2. Attention to small things; critical exactness; as the minuteness of observation or 2. To soil or danb with mud or loud matter.

distinction.

tinguishes minutes of time, or on which

lars.

girl. Shak. 2. A sbe-puppy.

MI'NY, a. [from mine.] Abounding with mines.

2. Subterraneous. Thomson. MI'RABLE, a. Wonderful. [Not in use.] Shak.

MHR'ACLE, n. [Fr. from L. miraeulum, MHR'RÖR, n. [Fr. miroir; Sp. mirar, Corn. MISANTHROP'IC, from miror, to wonder; Arm. miret, to hold. See Marvel.]

1. Literally, a wonder or wonderful thing;

but appropriately,

2. In theology, an event or effect contrary to the established constitution and course of things, or a deviation from the known laws can be wrought only by Almighty power, as when Christ healed lepers, saying, "I will, be thou clean," or calmed the tempest, "Peace, be still."

They considered not the miracle of the loaves.

Mark vi.

A man approved of God by miraeles and signs. Acts ii.

3. Anciently, a spectacle or dramatic representation exhibiting the lives of the saints.

MIR'A€LE, v. t. To make wonderful. [. Not used.] Shak. MIR'ACLE-MÖNGER, n. An impostor who

pretends to work miracles. Hallmvell. MIRAC'ULOUS, α. Performed supernaturally, or by a power beyond the ordinary agency of natural laws; effected by the direct agency of Almighty power, and not

by natural causes; as the miraculous healing of the sick or raising the dead by MIRTH/FUL, a. Merry; jovial; festive.

Christ.

- Supernatural; furnished supernaturally or competent to perform miracles; as the miraculous powers of the Apostles. Miraculous, applied to the extraordinary nowers of the Apostles, may mean conferred by supernatural agency, or compe-MIRY, a. [from mire.] Abounding with tent to work miracles. I believe it is generally used in the latter sense.
- 3. In a less definite sense, wonderful; extraordinary.

MIRAC'ULOUSLY, adv. By miracle; supernaturally.

Æneas, wounded as he was, could not have engaged him in single combat, unless his hurt had been miraculously healed. Dryden.

2. Wonderfully; by extraordinary means.

MIRAC'ULOUSNESS, n. The state of being effected by miracle or by supernatural MISADVEN'TURE, n. Mischance; mis-MISBELIE'F, n. Erroncons belief: false agency.

baleony or gallery commanding an extens-I in thunder ive view.

Hammond. MIRE, n. [See Class Mr. No. 16.] Deep

mud; earth so wet and soft as to yield to

the feet and to wheels.

MHRE, v. t. To plunge and fix in mire; to ox or a carriage is mired, when it has sunk deep into mud and its progress is stopped. MISAFFECT', v. t. To dislike.

deep as to be unable to move forward.

noinures are marked.

Boyle. MIRE, n. An ant. [See Pismire.]

MINU'TIÆ, n. [L.] The smaller partieuMIRE-CRŌW, n. The sea-crow or pewit

gull, of the genus Larus.

MINX, n. [Qu. minnoc.] A pert, wanton MIRINESS, n. [from miry.] The state of consisting of deep mud.

Murky.

MIRK'SOMENESS, n. Obscurity. Murky.

miras, to look; L. miror, to admire.]

I. A looking glass; any glass or polished tion of rays of light.

In the clear mirror of thy ruling star I saw, alas! some dread event depend.

of nature; a supernatural event. Miracles 2. A pattern; an exemplar; that on which MISAPPLIED, pp. Applied to a wrong men ought to fix their eyes; that which person or purpose.

gives a true representation, or in which a MISAPPLY', v. t. To apply to a wrong true image may be seen.

O goddess, heavenly bright, Mirror of grace and majesty divine.

Spenser. MIR/ROR-STONE, n. A bright stone. Obs. MIRTII, n. merth. [Sax. mirht, myrhth;

mirig, merry; Ar. to be very

brisk or joyful. Class Mr. No. 10.] Social MISAPPREHEND'ING, ppr. Misunder-merriment; hilarity; high excitement of standing. pleasurable feelings in company; noisy gayety; jollity. Mirth differs from joy and cheerfulness, as always implying noise.

With genial joy to warm the soul Bright Helen mixed a mirth-inspiring bowl.

I will cause to cease the voice of mirth from Judah and Jerusalem. Jer. vii.

The feast was served, the bowl was crown'd. To the king's pleasure went the mirthful round

MIRTH/FULLY, ade. In a jovial manner. MIRTH/LESS, a. Without mirth or hilarity.

Gay. a miry lane.

2. Consisting of mire.

Shak. MISBEGOT',
MISBEGOT',
MISBEGOT'TEN,

ppr. or a. Unlawfully
or irreguwrong, from the verb miss, to err, to go
larly begotten.

Shak. Dryden. ian, to err, to deviate or wander; D. mis, missen; G. miss, missen; Dan. mis. mister; MISBEHAVED, a. Guilly of ill behavior; Sw. mis, mista; W. meth, a failing, a miss; Fr. mes, or me, in composition; It. mis.

MISACCEPTA TION, n. The act of taking or understanding in a wrong sense.

fortune; ill luck; an unlucky accident.

MIN'UTELY, adv. [from minute.] Every MIRADOR, n. [Sp. from L. miror.] A 2. In law, homicide by misadventure, is when a man, doing a lawful act, without any intention of injury, unfortunately kills another. This is called excusable homicide. Blackstone.

MISADVEN/TURED, a. Unfortunate.

set or stall in mud. We say, a horse, an MISADVI SED, a. [See Advise.] Ill advised; ill directed. Johnson.

MISAFFECT'ED, a. Ill disposed.

Shak. MISAFFIRM', v. t. To affirm incorrectly. MINUTE-WATCH, n. A watch that dis-MIRE, v. i. To sink in mud, or to sink so MISA/IMED, a. Not rightly aimed or directed. Spenser.

MISALLEDGE, v. t. misallej'. To state erroneonsly.

MISALLEGA/TION, n. Erroneous statement.

MISALLI'ANCE, n. Improper association. MIRK, a. [Sax. miree.] Dark. Obs. [See MISALLI'ED, a. Ill allied or associated.

Burke. MIRK/SOME, α. Dark; obscure. [See MIS/ANTHROPE,] [Gr. μισανθρωπος; MISAN/THROPIST,] π. μισεω, to hate, and ανθρωπος, man.] Α hater of mankind.

MISANTHROP/ICAL, \ \alpha \cdot \text{ing a dislike to} mankind. Walsh.

substance that forms images by the reflec-MISAN'THROPY, n. Hatred or dislike to mankind; opposed to philanthropy.
MISAPPLICATION, n. A wrong applica-

tion; an application to a wrong person or purpose.

person or purpose; as to misapply a name or title; to misapply our talents or exertions; to misapply public money.
MISAPPLY/ING, ppr. Applying to a wrong

person or purpose.
MISAPPREHEND', v. t. To misunderstand; to take in a wrong sense. Locke. MISAPPREHEND/ED, pp. Not rightly un-

derstood.

MISAPPREHEN'SION, n. A mistaking or mistake; wrong apprehension of one's meaning or of a fact.

MISASCRIBE, v. t. To ascribe falsely or erroneously. Boule. MISASSIGN, r. t. [See Assign.] To assign erroneously. Boyle. MISATTEND', v. t. To disregard. Milton.

MISBECOME, v. t. misbeeum'. [See Become.] Not to become; to suit ill; not to

Thy father will not act what misbecomes him. Addison.

MISBE€ŏM ING, ppr. or a. Unseemly; unsuitable; improper; indecorous.

deep mud; full of mire: as a miry road MISBECOM'INGNESS, n. Unbecomingness; unsuitableness.

wrong, Goth. missa; Sax. mis, from miss-MISBEHA/VE, v. i. To behave ill; to conduct one's self improperly.

ill bred; rude. MISBEHA'VIOR, n. misbeha'vyor. Ill con-

duct; improper, rude or uncivil behavior.

religion. Massinger.