

the ground with the hand, as seed in sowing; opposed to planting in hills or rows.

BROAD-CLOTH, *n.* A species of woollen cloth, so called from its breadth.

BROADEN, *v. i.* *broad'n.* To grow broad. [Unusual.] *Thomson.*

BROAD-EYED, *a.* [broad and eye.] Having a wide view or survey; as broad-eyed day. *Shak.*

BROAD-FRONTED, *a.* Having a broad front; applied to cattle. *Chapman.*

BROAD-HORNED, *a.* Having large horns. *Hulot.*

BROAD-ISH, *a.* Rather broad. *Russel.*

BROAD-LEAVED, *a.* [broad and leaf.]

BROAD-LEAFED, *a.* Having broad leaves. *Woodward.*

BROADLY, *adv.* In a broad manner.

BROADNESS, *n.* Breadth; extent from side to side; coarseness; grossness; fullness. *Dryden.*

BROAD-PIECE, *n.* [broad and piece.] A piece of gold coin broader than a guinea. *Encyc.*

BROAD-SEAL, *n.* The great seal of England; as a verb, not used.

BROAD-SHOULDERED, *a.* [broad and shoulder.] Broad across the shoulders. *Spectator.*

BROAD-SIDE, *n.* [broad and side.] A discharge of all the guns on one side of a ship, above and below, at the same time. *Mar. Dict.*

2. The side of a ship, above the water, from the bow to the quarter. *Mar. Dict.*

3. In printing, a sheet of paper containing one large page, or printed on one side only. *Ash. Johnson.*

BROAD-SPREADING, *a.* Spreading widely. *Shak.*

BROAD-SWORD, *n.* [broad and sword.] A sword with a broad blade, and a cutting edge. *Ash. Wiseman.*

BROAD-TAILED, *a.* Having a wide tail. *Sandys.*

BROAD-WISE, *adv.* [broad and wise.] In the direction of the breadth. *Boyle.*

BROCADE, *n.* [Sp. *brocado*]; probably from *broche*, the instrument used in embroidery; so Fr. *brochure*, a pamphlet or stitched book. *Encyc. Span. Dict.*

BROCADED, *a.* Woven or worked, as brocade, with gold and silver. *Johnson.*

2. Drest in brocade. *Johnson.*

BROCADE-SHELL, *n.* The trivial name of the *Conus geographicus*. *Cyc.*

BRO-CAGE, *n.* [See Broke, Broker.]

1. The premium or commission of a broker: the gain or profit derived from transacting business for other men, as brokers, either in a good or bad sense. *Spenser.*

2. The hire given for any unlawful office. *Bacon.*

3. The trade of a broker; a dealing in odd things. *Shak.*

4. The business of a broker; the transactions of commercial business, as buying and selling, for other men. [See Broke, Broker.]

5. The act of pimping. *Ash.*

BRO-CATEL, *a.* [Sp. *brocatel*.] A cal-

BROCATELLO, *n.* [Sp. *brocatello*.] A cal-

carious stone or spe-

cies of marble, composed of fragments of four colors, white, gray, yellow and red. *Fourcroy. Nicholson. Sp. Dict.*

2. A kind of coarse brocade, used chiefly for tapestry. Newman says it is made of hemp and silk. *Encyc. Newman's Sp. Dict.*

BROCCOLI, *n.* [It. *broccolo*, sprouts; Fr. *brocoli*.]

A variety of cabbage or Brassica.

BROCHE, the true, but not the common orthography of broach.

BROCK, *n.* [Sax. *broc*; Ir. *broc*; Corn. *id*.]

W. *broc*, a badger, and noise, din, tumult, foam, anger; *broc*, to chafe, fume, wax fierce, from *rhoc*, a rough sound; *rhogain*, to grunt. *Owen.*

A badger; an animal of the genus *Ursus*, found in the northern parts of Europe and Asia. The Russians call it *barsuk*. In Ir. *broch* is a wolf, a wild savage and a badger.

BROCK ET, *n.* [See Brock.] A red deer two years old. Bailey writes this *broc* or *brocket*. The French write it *brocard*.

BROCKIN, *n.* [Fr. *brodequin*.] A buskin or half boot. *Echard.*

BROG GLE, *v. i.* To fish for eels. [Not used.]

BROGUE, *n.* *brig*. [Ir. *brog*, a shoe, a house.]

1. A shoe. "Clouted brogues," in Shakspeare, signify shoes whose soles are studded with nails, or clouts.

2. A cant word for a corrupt dialect or manner of pronunciation. *Ferguson.*

3. Brogues is used by Shenstone for breeches, from the Irish *brog*.

BROGUE-MAKER, *n.* A maker of brogues. *Johnson.*

BROID, *v. t.* To braid. *Obs.* [See Braid.]

BROIDER, *v. t.* [Fr. *broder*; Sp. and Port. *brodar*, to embroider; Arm. *brodar*, to prick; D. *broduren*, to embroider; W. *brodian*, to make compact, to darn, to embroider; *bruyd*, a broach, an embroidering frame.]

To adorn with figures of needle work. A robe, a brodered coat, and a girdle. *Exod.*

BROIDERER, *n.* One that embroiders.

BROIDERY, *n.* Embroidery; ornamental needle work wrought upon cloth. [See Embroider.] *Tickel.*

BROIL, *n.* [Fr. *brouillerie*, from *brouiller*, to mix, confound, embroil; It. *broglia*, tumult; *brogliare*, to embroil. From *brogia*, tumult, we have *roil*, to disturb, as lees. See *Roil*. The primary sense is, to stir, to agitate. It may be allied to *brawl* and the French *bruler*.]

A tumult; a noisy quarrel; contention; discord, either between individuals or in the state. *Shak. Granville.*

BROIL, *v. t.* [Qu. Fr. *bruler*.] I believe this is from *brouiller*.]

To agitate with heat; to dress or cook over coals, before the fire; but more generally upon a gridiron over coals. *Dryden.*

BROIL, *v. i.* To be subjected to the action of heat, like meat over the fire; to be greatly heated or to sweat with heat. *Shak.*

Where have you been broiling? *Shak.*

BROIL, *Ed. pp.* Agitated or dressed by heat.

BROIL, *Fr. n.* One that excites broils; that which dresses by broiling.

BROIL, *Ing. pp.* Agitating by heat; sweating.

BROKE, *v. i.* [Sax. *brucan*, to use, employ,

enjoy; to eat or chew; to brook; to profit. *broce*, use; *bree*, use, gain; *bruce*, gain, profit, fruit, *fructus*; a violation, or breaking; Sw. *bruka*; G. *brauchen*; Dan. *bruger*; Sw. *bruka*, to use or employ; L. *fruo*, for *fruco*, whence *fructus*, fruit; Gr. *πρασσα*, *πραβω*, *πραγμα*. See *Practice*.]

To transact business for another in trade; to act as agent in buying and selling, and other commercial business; to transact business by an agent. *Bacon. Shak.*

[This word is little used, at least in America; and English writers seem to have used it in a low sense.]

BROKE, *pret. and pp. of break.*

BROKEN, *pp. of break* *bro'kn.* Parted by violence; rent asunder; infirm; made bankrupt.

BROKEN-BACKED, *a.* A broken-backed ship is one which is so weakened in her frame as to droop at each end. *Mar. Dict.*

BROKEN-BELLIED, *a.* Having a ruptured belly. *Sandys.*

BROKEN-HEARTED, *a.* [broke and heart.] Having the spirits depressed or crushed by grief or despair.

BROKENLY, *adv.* In a broken interrupted manner; without a regular series. *Hakewell.*

BROKENNESS, *n.* A state of being broken; unevenness.

2. Contrition; as brokenness of heart.

BROKENWIND, *n.* [broke and wind.] A disease in horses, often accompanied with a preternatural enlargement of the lungs and heart, which disables them from bearing fatigue. *Encyc.*

BROKENWINDED, *a.* Having short breath, as a horse.

BROKER, *n.* [from broke.]

1. An agent or negotiator, who is employed by merchants to make and conclude bargains for them, for a fee or rate per cent., or who transacts other business for his employers. Brokers are of several kinds.

1. *Exchange-brokers*, who make and conclude bargains for others in matters of money or merchandize, learn the rate of exchange and notify their employers.

2. *Stock-brokers*, who are employed to buy and sell shares in the stocks, whether of the public funds, of banks or of other corporations.

3. *Pawn-brokers*, who make it their business to lend money upon pawns, that is, property deposited in pledge.

4. *Insurance-brokers*, whose business is to procure the insurance of vessels at sea or bound on a voyage.

In the U. States, the business of a stock-broker and an insurance-broker is often or generally carried on by the same person.

2. One who deals in old household goods. *Johnson.*

3. A pimp or procurer. *Shak. Johnson.*

[In the two latter senses, the word, I believe, is never used in America, unless in cant language.]

BROKERAGE, *n.* The fee, reward or commission given or charged for transacting business as a broker. *Anderson's Comm.*

BROKERLY, *a.* Mean; servile. *Johnson.*

BROKERY, *n.* The business of a broker. [Not used.] *Hall.*