

1. Not one; *used of persons or things.*

There is *none* that doeth good; no, not one. Ps. xiv.

2. Not any; not a part; not the least portion.

Six days shall ye gather it, but on the seventh day, which is the sabbath, in it there shall be *none*. Ex. xvi.

3. It was formerly used before nouns; as, "thou shalt have *none* assurance of thy life." This use is obsolete; we now use *no*; thou shalt have *no* assurance. "This is *none* other but the house of God;" we now say, *no* other.

4. It is used as a substitute, the noun being omitted. "He walketh through dry places, seeking rest and finding *none*;" that is, *no* rest. Matt. xii.

5. In the following phrase, it is used for *nothing*, or *no concern*. "Israel would *none* of me," that is, Israel would not listen to me at all; they would have *no* concern with me; they utterly rejected my counsels.

6. As a substitute, *none* has a plural signification.

Terms of peace were *none* vouchsafed.

Milton.

NON-ELECT', *n.* [*L. non*, not, and *electus*, elected.]

One who is not elected or chosen to salvation.

Huntington.

NON-ELEC'TRIC, *a.* Conducting the electric fluid.

NON-ELEC'TRIC, *n.* A substance that is not an electric, or which transmits the fluid; as metals.

NON-EMPHATIC, } *a.* Having no emphasis; unemphatic.

Beattie.

NON-EN'TITY, *n.* Non-existence; the negation of being.

Bentley.

2. A thing not existing.

There was no such thing as rendering evil for evil, when evil was a *non-entity*.

South.

NON-EPIS'COPAL, *a.* Not episcopal; not of the episcopal church or denomination.

J. M. Mason.

NON-EPISCOPALIAN, *n.* One who does not belong to the episcopal church or denomination.

J. M. Mason.

NONES, *n. plu.* [*L. nonæ*; perhaps *Goth. nium*, Eng. *nine*.]

1. In the *Roman calendar*, the fifth day of the months January, February, April, June, August, September, November and December, and the seventh day of March, May, July and October. The *nones* were *nine* days from the *ides*.

2. Prayers, formerly so called.

Todd.

NON-ESSEN'TIAL, *n.* Non-essentials are things not essential to a particular purpose.

J. M. Mason.

NON-ESUCH, *n.* [*none* and *such*.] An extraordinary thing; a thing that has not its equal.

2. A plant of the genus *Lychnis*.

Lec.

NON-EXECUTION, *n.* Neglect of execution; non-performance.

NON-EXIST'ENCE, *n.* Absence of existence; the negation of being.

2. A thing that has no existence or being.

Brown.

NON-EXPORTA'TION, *n.* A failure of exportation; a not exporting goods or commodities.

NONIL/LION, *n.* [*L. nonus*, nine, and *mill-ion*.] The number of nine million millions.

NON-IMPOR'TATION, *n.* Want or failure of importation; a not importing goods.

NON-JU'RING, *a.* [*L. non*, not, and *juro*, to swear.]

Not swearing allegiance; an epithet applied to the party in Great Britain that would not swear allegiance to the Hanoverian family and government.

NON-JU'ROR, *n.* In *Great Britain*, one who refused to take the oath of allegiance to the government and crown of England at the revolution, when James II. abdicated the throne, and the Hanoverian family was introduced. The non-jurors were the adherents of James.

NON-MANUFAC'TURING, *a.* Not carrying on manufactures; as *non-manufacturing* states.

Hamilton.

NON-METAL/LIC, *a.* Not consisting of metal.

Core's *Orfila*.

NON-NAT'URAL, *n.* In *medicine*, things which, by the abuse of them, become the causes of disease, as meat, drink, sleep, rest, motion, the passions, retentions, excretions, &c.

Functions or accidents not strictly belonging to man.

Parr.

NON-OBSERV'ANCE, *n.* Neglect or failure to observe or fulfill.

Non obstante, [*L. notwithstanding*.] a clause in statutes and letters patent, importing a license from the king to do a thing which at common law might be lawfully done, but being restrained by act of parliament, cannot be done without such license.

Encyc.

NONPAREIL, *n. nonpareil'*. [*Fr. non*, not or no, and *pareil*, equal.]

1. Excellence unequalled.

Shak.

2. A sort of apple.

3. A sort of printing type very small, and the smallest now used except three.

NONPAREIL, *a. nonpareil'*. Having no equal; peerless.

Whitlock.

NON-PA'YMENT, *n.* Neglect of payment.

S. E. Dwight.

NON-PLUS, *n.* [*L. non*, not, and *plus*, more, further.]

Puzzle; insuperable difficulty; a state in which one is unable to proceed or decide.

Locke.

NON-PLUS, *r. t.* To puzzle; to confound; to put to a stand; to stop by embarrassment.

Dryden.

Your situation has *nonplussed* me.

Th. Scott.

NON-PONDEROSITY, *n.* Destitution of weight; levity.

Block.

NON-PON'DEROUS, *a.* Having no weight.

NON-PRODUC'TION, *n.* A failure to produce or exhibit.

NON-PROFI'CIENCY, *n.* Failure to make progress.

NON-PROFI'CIENT, *n.* One who has failed to improve or make progress in any study or pursuit.

Bp. Hall.

Non Pros. contraction of *nolle prosequi*, the plaintiff will not prosecute. It is used also as a verb.

NON-REG'ARDANCE, *n.* Want of due regard.

Diel.

NON-RENDI'TION, *n.* Neglect of rendition; the not rendering what is due.

The non-payment of a debt, or the non-

rendition of a service which is due, is an injury for which the subsequent reparation of the loss sustained—is an atonement.

S. E. Dwight.

NON-RESEM'BLANCE, *n.* *s* as *z*. Unlikeness; dissimilarity.

NON-RES'IDENCE, *n.* *s* as *z*. Failure or neglect of residing at the place where one is stationed, or where official duties require one to reside, or on one's own lands.

Swift.

NON-RES'IDENT, *a.* Not residing in a particular place, on one's own estate, or in one's proper place; as a *non-resident* clergyman or proprietor of lands.

NON-RES'IDENT, *n.* One who does not reside on one's own lands, or in the place where official duties require. In the United States, lands in one state or township belonging to a person residing in another state or township, are called the lands of *non-residents*.

NON-RESIST'ANCE, *n.* *s* as *z*. The omission of resistance; passive obedience; submission to authority, power or usurpation without opposition.

NON-RESIST'ANT, *a.* Making no resistance to power or oppression.

Arbutnot.

NON-SA'NE, *a.* [*L. non*, not, and *sanus*, sound.]

Unsound; not perfect; as a person of *non-sane* memory.

Blackstone.

NON-SENSE, *n.* No sense; words or language which have no meaning, or which convey no just ideas; absurdity.

Dryden.

2. Trifles; things of no importance.

Thomson.

NONSENS'ICAL, *a.* Unmeaning; absurd; foolish.

Ray.

NONSENS'ICALLY, *adv.* Absurdly; without meaning.

NONSENS'ICALNESS, *n.* Jargon; absurdity; that which conveys no proper ideas.

NONSENS'ITIVE, *a.* Wanting sense or perception.

Feltham.

NON-SOLU'TION, *n.* Failure of solution or explanation.

Broome.

NON-SOLV'ENCY, *n.* Inability to pay debts.

Swift.

NON-SOLV'ENT, *a.* Not able to pay debts; insolvent.

Johnson.

NON-SPAR'ING, *a.* Sparing none; all-destroying; merciless.

Shak.

NONSUCH. [See *Nonesuch*.]

NON-SUIT, *n.* In *law*, the default, neglect or non-appearance of the plaintiff in a suit, when called in court, by which the plaintiff signifies his intention to drop the suit. Hence a *nonsuit* amounts to a stoppage of the suit. A *nonsuit* differs from a *retraxit*; a *nonsuit* is the default or neglect of the plaintiff, and after this he may bring another suit for the same cause; but a *retraxit* is an open positive renunciation of the suit, by which he forever loses his action. [See the Verb.]

Blackstone.

NON-SUIT, *r. t.* To determine or record that the plaintiff drops his suit, on default of appearance when called in court. When a plaintiff being called in court, declines to answer, or when he neglects to deliver his declaration, he is supposed