4. To break upon suddenly with sharp an-

gry words.
To crack; as, to snap a whip.

To snap off, to break suddenly. Wiseman. 2. To bite off suddenly. To snap one up, to snap one up short, to treat with sharp words. SNAP, v. i. To break short; to part asunder

suddenly; as, a most or spar snaps; a nee-

dle snaps.

If steel is too hard, that is, too brittle, with the least bending it will snap.

2. To make an effort to bite; to aim to seize with the teeth; as, a dog snaps at a passenger; a fish snaps at the bait.

3. To utter sharp, harsh, angry words. SNAP, n. A sudden breaking or rupture of any substance.

2. A sudden eager bite; a sudden seizing or effort to seize with the teeth.

3. A crack of a whip.

L'Estrange. 4. A greedy fellow. 5. A catch; a theft. Johnson. SNAP'-DRAGON, n. A plant, calf's snout, of the genus Antirrhinum, and another of SNAST, n. [G. schnautze, a snout.] the genus Ruellia, and one of the genus

Barleria. 2. A play in which raisins are snatched from burning brandy and put into the mouth.

Tatler.

Swift. 3. The thing eaten at snap-dragon. SNAP PED, pp. Broken abruptly; seized or bitten suddenly; cracked, as a whip.

SNAP'PER, n. One that snaps. Shak. SNAP PISH, a. Eager to bite; apt to snap; as a snappish cur.

grily or tartly.

SNAP PISHLY, adv. Peevishly; angrily; tartly.

SNAP PISHNESS, n. The quality of being

snappish; peevishness; tartness. SNAP'SACK, n. A knapsack. [Vulgar.] SN'AR, v. i. To snarl. [Not in use.]

Spenser.

SNARE, n. [Dan. snare; Sw. snara; Dan. 3. A short fit of vigorous action; as a snatch 2. To insinuate contempt by covert expressnore, a string or cord, D. snor; Sw. snore, a line; snora, to lace.]

1. An instrument for catching animals, particularly fowls, by the leg. It consists of a cord or string with slip-knots, in which the log is entangled. A snare is not a net.

2. Any thing by which one is entangled and 5. brought into trouble. 1 Cor. vii.

A fool's lips are the snare of his soul. Prov.

SNARE, v. t. [Dan. snarer.] To eatch with a snare; to ensuare; to entangle; to bring SNATCHED, pp. Seized suddenly and viointo unexpected evil, perplexity or dan-

The wicked is snared in the work of his own

hands. Ps. ix.

SNA'RED, pp. Entangled; unexpectedly involved in difficulty.

SNA'RER, n. One who lays snares or en-

tangles. SNA'RING, ppr. Entangling; ensuaring.

SN'ARL, v. i. [G. schnarren, to snarl, to The handle of a sythe. This word seems to be allied to gnard, and lop; to prone. [Not in use.] to proceed from some root signifying to SNAT'TOCK, n. [supra.] A chip; a slice. twist, bind or fasten, or to involve, entangle, and thus to be allied to snare.]

1. To growl, as an angry or surly dog; to gnarl; to utter grumbling sounds; but it I. To creep or steal away privately expresses more violence than grumble.

That I should snart and bite and play the dog. Shak.

2. To speak roughly; to talk in rude murmuring terms.

It is malicious and unmanly to snart at the little lapses of a pen, from which Virgil himself 2. To behave with meanness and servility; stands not exempted. Druden.

SN'ARL, v. t. To entangle; to complicate; to involve in knots; as, to snarl the hair; to snart a skain of thread. [This word is in universal popular use in New England.] 2. To embarrass.

SN'ARL, n. Entanglement; a knot or complication of hair, thread, &c., which it is

difficult to disentangle.

SN'ARLER, n. One who snarls; a surly growling animal; a grumbling quarrelsome fellow.

SN'ARLING, ppr. Growling; grumbling angrily.

2. Entangling.

SNA'RY, a. [from snare.] Entangling; insidious.

Spiders in the vault their snary webs have spread.

snutl of a candle. [Not in use.] Bacon. SNATCH, v. t. pret. and pp. snatched or snacht. [D. snakken, to gasp, to cutch for

breath.]

1. To seize hastily or abruptly.

When half our knowledge we must snatch, Pope. not take.

2. To seize without permission or ceremony; as, to snatch a kiss.

3. To seize and transport away; as, snatch Thomson. nie to beaven. 2. Peevish; sharp in reply; apt to speak an SNATCH, v. i. To catch at; to attempt to seize suddenly.

ize suddemy.

Nay, the ladies too will be snatching.

Shak. He shall snatch on the right hand, and be

hungry. 1s. ix. SNATCH, n. A hasty catch or seizing.

2. A catching at or attempt to seize suddenly.

Tusser. at weeding after a shower.

1. A broken or interrupted action; a short fit or turn.

They move by fits and snatches. Williams. We have often little snatches of sunshine.

Spectator. 5. A shuffling answer. [Little used.] Shak. SNATCH'-BLOCK, n. A particular kind of block used in ships, having an opening in one side to receive the bight of a rope. Mar. Dict.

lently

SNATCH'ER, n. One that snatches or takes abruptly. Shak.

SNATCH/ING, ppr. Seizing hastily or abruptly; catching at.
SNATCH/INGLY, adv. By snatching

hastily; abruptly.

SN'ATH, n. [Sax. snæd; Eng. snathe, sneath.

New England. speak in the throat; D. snar, snappish. SNATHE, v. t. [Sax. snidan, snithan.] To

[Not in use or local.] Gayton.

SNEAK, v. i. [Sax. snican; Dan. sniger, to creep, to move softly. See Snake.]

withdraw meanly, as a person afraid or

ashamed to be seen; as, to sneak away from company; to sneak into a corner or behind a screen.

You skulk'd behind the fence, and sneak'd away.

to crouch; to truckle.

Will sneaks a seriv ner, an exceeding knave.

SNEAK, v. t. To hide. [Not in use. Hake.

SNEAK, n. A mean fellow.

SNE/AKER, n. A small vessel of drink. [Local. Spectator. SNE/AKING, ppr. Creeping away slily;

stealing away. 2. a. Mean; servile; erouching. 3. Meanly parsimonious; covetous; nig-

gardly

SNE/AKINGLY, adv. In a sneaking manner; meanly. Herbert. SNE'AKINGNESS, n. Meanness; niggard-Boyle. liness.

SNE'AKUP, n. A sneaking, cowardly, insidious fellow. [Not used.] Shak. SNEAP, v. t. [Dan. snibbe, reproach, repri-

mand; snip, the end or point of a thing; D. snip, a snipe, from its bill; snippen, to snip or nip; G. schneppe, a peak; from the root of neb, nib, nip, with the sense of shooting out, thrusting like a sharp point.] 1. To check; to reprove abruptly; to repri-

mand. Obs. Chaucer. 2. To nip. Obs.

SNEB, v. t. To check; to reprimand. [The same as sneap.] SNEEK, n. The latch of a door. [Not in use or local.

SNEED, n. A snath. [See Snath.]

SNEER, v. i. [from the root of L. naris, nose; to turn up the nose.]

1. To show contempt by turning up the nose, or by a particular cast of countenance; "naso suspendere adunco."

I could be content to be a little sneered at. Pope.

3. To utter with grimace. Congrere. Tatler. 4. To show mirth awkwardly.

SNEER, n. A look of contempt, or a turning up of the nose to manifest contempt; a look of disdain, derision or ridicule.

2. An expression of ludierous scorn. SNEE/RER, n. One that sneers.

SNEE/RFUL, a. Given to sneering. [Not in use.]

SNEE/RING, ppr. Manifesting contempt or seorn by turning up the nose, or by some grimace or significant look.

SNEE/RINGLY, adv. With a look of contempt or scorn.

SNEEZE, v. i. [Sax. niesan; D. niezen; G. niesen; Sw. nysa; from the root of nose, G. nase, Dan. næse, D. neus, L. nasus; the primary sense of which is to project.]

'o emit air through the nose audibly and violently, by a kind of involuntary convulsive force, occasioned by irritation of the inner membrane of the nose. Thus snuff or any thing that tickles the nose, makes one sneeze. Swift.