

sources in subterranean ponds, lakes or collections of water. We say also that a large river has its *source* in a lake. For example, the St. Lawrence has its *source* in the great lakes of America.

2. First cause; original; that which gives rise to any thing. Thus ambition, the love of power and of fame, have been the *sources* of half the calamities of nations. Intemperance is the *source* of innumerable evils to individuals.
3. The first producer; he or that which originates; as Greece the *source* of arts.

Waller.

SOURDET, *n.* [Fr. *sourdine*, from *sourd*, deaf.] The little pipe of a trumpet.

SOUR-DOCK, *n.* Sorrel, so called.

SOURCE, *pp.* Made sour; made peevish.

SOUR-GOURD, *n.* A plant of the genus *Adansonia*.

SOURING, *ppr.* Making acid; becoming sour; making peevish.

SOURING, *n.* That which makes acid.

SOURISH, *a.* Somewhat sour; moderately acid; as *sourish* fruit; a *sourish* taste.

SOUR'LY, *adv.* With acidity.

2. With peevishness; with acrimony.

The stern Athenian prince

Then *sourly* smil'd.

Dryden.

3. Discontentedly.

Brown.

SOUR'NESS, *n.* Acidity; sharpness to the taste; tartness; as the *sourness* of vinegar or of fruit.

Sourness being one of those simple ideas which one cannot describe.

Arbutnot.

2. Asperity; harshness of temper.

Take care that no *sourness* and moroseness mingle with our seriousness of mind.

Nelson.

SOUR-SOP, *n.* A plant, the *annona muricata*.

Lee.

The custard apple.

Miller.

SÖUS, *n. plu.* of *sou* or *sol*. [See *Sou*.]

SOUSE, *n.* [Ir. *sousgeach*, watery.] Pickle made with salt.

2. Something kept or steeped in pickle.

3. The ears, feet, &c. of swine. [*America*.]

SOUSE, *v. t.* To steep in pickle.

But *souse* the cabbage with a bounteous heart.

Pope.

2. To plunge into water.

They *soused* me into the Thames, with as little remorse as they drown blind puppies.

Shak.

SOUSE, *v. i.* [See *Soss*. This word is probably the same as the preceding, to plunge, to dip; I believe from the Armoric.]

To fall suddenly on; to rush with speed; as a hawk on its prey.

Jove's bird will *souse* upon the tim'rous hare.

Dryden.

SOUSE, *v. t.* To strike with sudden violence.

Shak.

SOUSE, *adv.* With sudden violence. [*This word is low and vulgar*.]

SÖUTER, *n.* [Sax. *sutere*; L. *sutor*.] A shoemaker; a cobbler. [*Not in use*.]

Chaucer.

SÖUTERLY, *adv.* Like a cobbler. [*Not in use*.]

SÖUTERRAIN, *n.* [Fr.; that is, *sub-terrain*, under ground.] A grotto or cavern under ground. [*Not English*.]

Arbutnot.

SÖUTH, *n.* [Sax. *suth*; G. *süd*; D. *zuid*; Dan. *sud*; Sw. *söder*; Fr. *sud*; Arm. *su*.]

1. The north and south are opposite points in the horizon; each ninety degrees or

the quarter of a great circle distant from the east and west. A man standing with his face towards the east or rising sun, has the *south* on his right hand. The meridian of every place is a great circle passing through the north and south points. Strictly, *south* is the horizontal point in the meridian of a place, on the right hand of a person standing with his face towards the east. But the word is applied to any point in the meridian, between the horizon and the zenith.

2. In a less exact sense, any point or place on the earth or in the heavens, which is near the meridian towards the right hand as one faces the east.

3. A southern region, country or place; as the queen of the *south*, in Scripture. So in Europe, the people of Spain and Italy are spoken of as living in the *south*. In the United States, we speak of the states of the *south*, and of the north.

4. The wind that blows from the south. [*Not used*.]

Shak.

SÖUTH, *a.* In any place north of the tropic of Cancer, pertaining to or lying in the meridian towards the sun; as a *south* wind.

2. Being in a southern direction; as the *south* sea.

SÖUTH, *adv.* Towards the south. A ship sails *south*; the wind blows *south*.

SÖUTHEAST, *n.* The point of the compass equally distant from the south and east.

Bacon.

SÖUTHEAST, *a.* In the direction of south-east, or coming from the southeast; as a *southeast* wind.

SÖUTHEASTERN, *a.* Towards the south-east.

SÖUTHERLY, *a.* *suth'erly*. Lying at the south, or in a direction nearly south; as a *southerly* point.

2. Coming from the south or a point nearly south; as a *southerly* wind.

SÖUTHERN, *a.* *suth'ern*. [Sax. *suth* and *ern*, place.]

1. Belonging to the south; meridional; as the *southern* hemisphere.

2. Lying towards the south; as a *southern* country or climate.

3. Coming from the south; as a *southern* breeze.

SÖUTHERNLY, *adv.* *suth'ernly*. Towards the south.

Hakewill.

SÖUTHERNMÖST, *a.* *suth'ernmost*. Furthest towards the south.

SÖUTHERNWOOD, *n.* *suth'ernwood*. A plant agreeing in most parts with the wormwood.

Miller.

The southernwood is the *Artemisia abrotanum*, a different species from the wormwood.

SÖUTHING, *a.* Going towards the south; as the *southing* sun.

Dryden.

SÖUTHING, *n.* Tendency or motion to the south.

Dryden.

2. The *southing* of the moon, the time at which the moon passes the meridian.

Mar. Dict.

3. Course or distance south; as a ship's *southing*.

SÖUTHMÖST, *a.* Furthest towards the south.

Milton.

SÖUTHSAY, } [See *Soothsay*.]
SÖUTHSAYER, }

SÖUTHWARD, *adv.* *suth'ard*. Towards the south; as, to go *southward*.

Locke.

SÖUTHWARD, *n.* *suth'ard*. The southern regions or countries.

Raleigh.

SÖUTHWEST', *n.* [*south* and *west*.] The point of the compass equally distant from the south and west.

Bacon.

SÖUTHWEST', *a.* Lying in the direction of the southwest; as a *southwest* country.

2. Coming from the southwest; as a *southwest* wind.

SÖUTHWEST'ERLY, *a.* In the direction of southwest, or nearly so.

2. Coming from the southwest, or a point near it; as a *southwesterly* wind.

SÖUTHWEST'ERN, *a.* In the direction of southwest, or nearly so; as, to sail a *southwestern* course.

SÖUVENANCE, *n.* [Fr.] Remembrance. [*Not English, nor is it used*.]

Spenser.

SÖUVENIR, *n.* [Fr.] A remembrancer.

SÖVEREIGN, *a.* *suver'ean*. [We retain this barbarous orthography from the Norman *souverign*. The true spelling would be *suveran*, from the L. *supernus*, *superus*; Fr. *souverain*; It. *sovrano*; Sp. Port. *soberrano*.]

1. Supreme in power; possessing supreme dominion; as a *sovereign* prince. God is the *sovereign* ruler of the universe.

2. Supreme; superior to all others; chief. God is the *sovereign* good of all who love and obey him.

3. Supremely efficacious; superior to all others; predominant; effectual; as a *sovereign* remedy.

4. Supreme; pertaining to the first magistrate of a nation; as *sovereign* authority.

SÖVEREIGN, *n.* *suver'ean*. A supreme lord or ruler; one who possesses the highest authority without control. Some earthly princes, kings and emperors are *sovereigns* in their dominions.

2. A supreme magistrate; a king.

3. A gold coin of England, value 20s. or \$4.44.

SÖVEREIGNIZE, *v. i.* *suver'anize*. To exercise supreme authority. [*Not in use*.]

Herbert.

SÖVEREIGNLY, *adv.* *suver'eanly*. Supremely; in the highest degree.

He was *sovereignly* lovely in himself.

[*Little used*.]

Boyle.

SÖVEREIGNTY, *n.* *suver'cranty*. Supreme power; supremacy; the possession of the highest power, or of uncontrollable power. Absolute *sovereignty* belongs to God only.

SÖW, *n.* [Sax. *suga*; Sw. *sugga*; D. *zeug*; G. *sau*.]

1. The female of the hog kind or of swine.

2. An oblong piece of lead.

Ainsworth.

3. An insect; a millepede.

Ainsworth.

SÖW'-BREAD, *n.* A plant of the genus *Cyclamen*.

SÖW'-BUG, *n.* An insect; a millepede.

SÖW'-THISTLE, *n.* A plant of the genus *Sonchus*. The downy *sow-thistle* is of the genus *Andryala*.

SÖW, *v. t.* pret. *sowed*; *pp.* *sowed* or *sown*.

[Sax. *sawan*; G. *säen*; D. *zaen*; Sw. *så*; Dan. *saaer*; Russ. *sign*; perhaps L. *sevi*. This word is probably contracted.]

1. To scatter on ground, for the purpose of growth and the production of a crop; as, to *sow* good seed; to *sow* a bushel of wheat or rye to the acre; to *sow* oats,