

2. To throw out; to emit. *Prior.*
 EVOLVE, *v. i.* To open itself; to disclose itself. *Prior.*
 EVOLVED, *pp.* Unfolded; opened; expanded; emitted.
 EVOLVENT, *n.* In *geometry*, a curve formed by the evolution of another curve; the curve described from the evolute.

Ash.
 EVOLVING, *ppr.* Unfolding; expanding; emitting.

EVOMITION, *n.* A vomiting. *Sieff.*
 EVULGATION, *n.* A divulging. [*Not in use.*]

EVULSION, *n.* [*L. evulsio*, from *evello*; *e* and *vello*, to pluck.]
 The act of plucking or pulling out by force.

Brown.
 EWE, *n. yu.* [*Sax. ewa*, *ewe*; *D. ooi*; *Ir. ai* or *oi*; *Sp. oveja*. It seems to be *L. ovis*.]
 A female sheep; the female of the ovine race of animals.

EWER, *n. yu.* [*Sax. huer* or *huer*.] A kind of picher with a wide spout, used for bringing water for washing the hands.

Shak. Pope.
 EWRY, *n. yu.* [*from ewer*.] In *England*, an office in the king's household, where they take care of the linen for the king's table, lay the cloth, and serve up water in ewers after dinner.

Dict.
 EX, A Latin preposition or prefix, *Gr. ἐξ* or *ex*, signifying out of, out, proceeding from. Hence in composition, it signifies sometimes out of, as in *exhale*, *exclude*; sometimes off, from or out, as in *L. excludo*, to cut off or out; sometimes beyond, as in *excess*, *exceed*, *excel*. In some words it is merely emphatical; in others it has little effect on the signification.

EXACERBATE, *v. t.* [*L. exacerbare*, to irritate; *ex* and *acerbo*, from *acerbus*, severe, bitter, harsh, sour, *G. herbe*. See *Harvest*.]

1. To irritate; to exasperate; to inflame angry passions; to imbitter; to increase malignant qualities.
 2. To increase the violence of a disease.

Med. Repos.
 EXACERBATION, *n.* The act of exasperating; the irritation of angry or malignant passions or qualities; increase of malignity.

2. Among physicians, the increased violence of a disease; hence, a paroxysm, as in the return of an intermitting fever.

This term is more generally restricted to the periodical increase of remittent and continued fevers, where there is no absolute cessation of the fever. *Cyc.*

3. Increased severity; as violent exacerbat-
 ions of punishment. [*Unusual.*] *Paley.*

EXACERBESCENCE, *n.* [*L. exacerbescere*.]
 Increase of irritation or violence, particularly the increase of a fever or disease.

Darwin.
 EXACT', *a. egzact'*. [*L. exactus*, from *exigo*, to drive; *ex* and *ago*, *Gr. agō*, to drive, urge or press.]

1. Closely correct or regular; nice; accurate; conformed to rule; as a man exact in his dealings.

All this, exact to rule, were brought about. *Pope.*

2. Precise; not different in the least. This is the exact sum or amount, or the exact time. We have an exact model for imitation.

3. Methodical; careful; not negligent; correct; observing strict method, rule or order. This man is very exact in keeping his accounts.

4. Punctual. Every man should be exact in paying his debts when due; he should be exact in attendance on appointments.

5. Strict. We should be exact in the performance of duties.

The exactest vigilance cannot maintain a single day of unmingled innocence. *Rambler.*

EXACT', *v. t. egzact'*. [*L. exigo*, *exactum*; *Sp. erigir*; *It. esigere*; *Fr. exiger*. See the Adjective.]

1. To force or compel to pay or yield; to demand or require authoritatively; to extort by means of authority or without pity or justice. It is an offense for an officer to exact illegal or unreasonable fees. It is customary for conquerors to exact tribute or contributions from conquered countries.

2. To demand of right. Princes exact obedience of their subjects. The laws of God exact obedience from all men.

3. To demand of necessity; to enforce a yielding or compliance; or to enjoin with pressing urgency.

Duty,
 And justice to my father's soul, exact
 This cruel piety. *Denham.*

EXACT', *v. i.* To practice extortion.
 The enemy shall not exact upon him. *Ps. lxxxix.*

EXACTED, *pp.* Demanded or required by authority; extorted.

EXACTING, *ppr.* Demanding and compelling to pay or yield under color of authority; requiring authoritatively; demanding without pity or justice; extorting; compelling by necessity.

EXACTION, *n.* The act of demanding with authority, and compelling to pay or yield; authoritative demand; a levying or drawing from by force; a driving to compliance; as the exaction of tribute or of obedience.

2. Extortion; a wresting from one unjustly; the taking advantage of one's necessities, to compel him to pay illegal or exorbitant tribute, fees or rewards.

Take away your exactions from my people. *Ezek. xlv.*

3. That which is exacted; tribute, fees, rewards or contributions demanded or levied with severity or injustice. Kings may be enriched by exactions, but their power is weakened by the consequent dissipation of their subjects.

EXACTITUDE, *n.* Exactness. [*Little used.*]

EXACTLY, *adv.* Precisely according to rule or measure; nicely; accurately. A tenon should be exactly fitted to the mortise.

2. Precisely according to fact. The story exactly accords with the fact or event.

3. Precisely according to principle, justice or right.

EXACTNESS, *n.* Accuracy; nicety; precision; as, to make experiments with exactness.

2. Regularity; careful conformity to law or rules of propriety; as exactness of deportment.

3. Careful observance of method and conformity to truth; as exactness in accounts or business.

EXACTOR, *n.* One who exacts; an officer who collects tribute, taxes or customs.

I will make thee officers peace, and thine exactors righteousness. *Isa. lx.*

2. An extortioner; one who compels another to pay more than is legal or reasonable; one who demands something without pity or regard to justice. *Bacon.*

3. He that demands by authority; as an exactor of oaths. *Bacon.*

4. One who is unreasonably severe in his injunctions or demands. *Tillotson.*

EXACTRESS, *n.* A female who exacts or is severe in her injunctions. *B. Jonson.*

EXACUATE, *v. t.* [*L. exacuare*.] To whet or sharpen. [*Not in use.*] *B. Jonson.*

EXAGGERATE, *v. t.* [*L. exaggerare*; *ex* and *agger*, to heap, from *agger*, a heap.]

1. To heap on; to accumulate. In this literal sense, it is seldom used; perhaps never.

2. To heighten; to enlarge beyond the truth; to amplify; to represent as greater than strict truth will warrant. A friend exaggerates a man's virtues; an enemy exaggerates his vices or faults.

3. In painting, to heighten in coloring or design. *Encycr.*

EXAGGERATED, *pp.* Enlarged beyond the truth.

EXAGGERATING, *ppr.* Enlarging or amplifying beyond the truth.

EXAGGERATION, *n.* A heaping together; heap; accumulation. [*Little used.*] *Hale.*

2. In rhetoric, amplification; a representation of things beyond the truth; hyperbolic representation, whether of good or evil.

3. In painting, a method of giving a representation of things too strong for the life.

EXAGGERATORY, *a.* Containing exaggeration.

EXAGITATE, *v. t.* [*L. exagitare*.] To shake; to agitate; to reproach. [*Little used or obs.*] *Arbutnot.*

EXALT', *v. t. egzalt'*. [*Fr. exalter*; *Sp. exaltar*; *It. esaltare*; *Low L. exalto*; *ex* and *altus*, high.]

1. To raise high; to elevate.

2. To elevate in power, wealth, rank or dignity; as, to exalt one to a throne, to the chief magistracy, to a bishopric.

3. To elevate with joy or confidence; as, to be exalted with success or victory. [We now use *elate*.]

4. To raise with pride; to make undue pretensions to power, rank or estimation; to elevate too high or above others.

He that exalteth himself shall be abased. *Luke xiv. Matt. xxiii.*

5. To elevate in estimation and praise; to magnify; to praise; to extol.

He is my father's God, and I will exalt him. *Ex. xv.*

2. To raise, as the voice; to raise in opposition. *2 Kings xix.*

3. To elevate in diction or sentiment; to make sublime; as exalted strains.

4. In physics, to elevate; to purify; to sub-