minister. Hence in friendship, trusty ; [4. Secretly ; slyly. [Not much used.] Carew. confidential. 13. Having an appearance of concealment: implying art, craft or wariness; as a close

the object; as, to give close attention. Keep your mind or thoughts close to the bu Locke. 7. siness or subject.

15. Full to the point; home; pressing; as a to the question. Dryden.

16. Pressing : carnest : warm: as a close de-

tion; as a close prisoner.

18. Covetous; penurious; not liberal; as a 3. Narrowness; straitness; as of a place. close man.

19. Applied to the weather or air, close, in popular language, denotes warm and 5. Want of ventilation; applied to a close damp, cloudy or foggy, or warm and relaxing, occasioning a sense of lassitude 6. Confinement or retirement of a person; and depression. Perhaps originally, confined oir

20. Strictly adhering to the original; as a close translation.

with the wings close, and in a standing nosture. Bailey. CLOSE, adv. Closely; nearly; densely: 10. Pressure; urgency; variously applied

secretly; pressingly. Behind her death Close followed, pace for pace.

CLOSE-BANDED, a. Being in close order; closely united. CLOSE-BODIED, a. Fitting the body ex-

actly; setting close; as a garment.

paet order ; compact. LLOSE-COUCHED, a. Quite concealed. Milton.

CLOSE-CURTAINED, a. Inclosed or surrounded with curtains Milton. CLOSE-FISTED, a. Covetous; niggardly, 2.

Berkeley. CLOSE-HANDED, a. Covetous; penuri-Hale

CLOSE-HANDEDNESS, n. Covetousness. Holyday.

CLOSE-HAULED, a. In seamanship, having the tacks or lower corners of the sails drawn close to the side to windward, and Encye.

CLOSE-PENT, a. Shut close. Dryden. CLOSE-QUARTERS, n. Strong barriers of wood used in a ship for defense when the ship is boarded. Mar. Dict.

the convenience of the sick and infirm. CLOSE-TONGUED, a. Keeping silence :

cautious in speaking. Shak CLO'SED, pp. s as z. Shut; made fast;

ended; concluded. CLO'SELY, adv. In a close, compact manner; with the parts united, or pressed to-

ble closely luted. 2. Nearly; with little space intervening : 2. That which closes, or shuts; that by applied to space or time; as, to follow closely at one's heels; one event follows closely

upon another. 3. Intently; attentively; with the mind or 4. Conclusion.

thoughts fixed; with near inspection; as CLOT, n. [See Clod.] A concretion, par- CLOTHES, n. plu. of cloth; pronounced to look or attend closely.

CLOTHES, n. plu. of cloth; pronounced ticularly of soft or fluid matter, which con-

Shak. 5. With near affection, attachment or interest; intimately; as, men closely connected in friendship; nations closely allied by treaty.

11. Intent; fixed; attentive; pressing upon 6. Strictly; within close limits; without communication abroad : as a prisoner closelu confined.

With strict adherence to the original; as, 6. Full to the point; home; pressing; as a to translate closely.

close argument; bring the argument close CLOSENESS, n. The state of being shut,

pressed together, or united. Hence according to the nature of the thing to which

texture in wood or fossils. Bacon.

4. Tightness in building, or in apartments firmness of texture in cloth, &c.

room, or to the air confined in it. Swift. recluseness; solitude. Shak. 7. Reserve in intercourse ; secrecy ; priva-Bacon. cv: eaution.

8. Covetousness; penuriousness. Addison. 21. In heraldry, drawn in a coat of arms 9. Connection; near union; intimacy, whether of friendship, or of interest; as the closeness of friendship, or of alliance.

> as the closeness of an agreement, or of debate; the closeness of a question or inquiry Milton. 11. Adherence to an original; as the close-

> ness of a version. Milton. €LO'SER, n. s as z. A finisher; one who concludes. CLO'SER, a. comp. of close. More close

. Ayliffe. CLO SEST, a. superl. of close. Most close. CLOSE-COMPACT'ED, a. Being in com- In these words, s has its proper sound. Addison. CLOS'ET, n. s as z. A small room or

apartment for retirement; any room for privacy. When thou prayest, enter into thy closet.

Mat. vi. An apartment for curiosities or valuable things. Dryden.

3. A small close apartment or recess in the side of a room for repositing utensils and furniture.

CLOS'ET, v. t. s as z. To shut up in a closet; to conceal; to take into a private apartment for consultation. Herbert, Swift.

the sheets hauled close aft, in sailing near CLOS/ETED, pp. s as z. Shut up in a clos-

CLOS ETING, ppr. s as z. Shutting up in a private room; concealing. CLOS'ET-SIN, n. cloz'et-sin. Sin committed in privacy. Bp. Hall.

CLOSE-STOOL, n. A chamber utensil for CLOSH, n. A disease in the feet of cattle, Bailey. called also the founder.

> cing; agreeing; ending. That ends or con-CLO'SING, a. s as z.

cludes : as a closing word or letter.

gether, so as to leave no vent; as a cruci- CLO SURE, n. clo'zhur. The act of shut-Boyle ting; a closing.

which separate parts are fastened or made Pope. to adhere. 3. Inclosure; that which confines. Shak.

Shak.

cretes into a mass or lump; as a clot of blood. Clod and clot appear to be radically the same word; but we usually apply clod to a hard mass of earth, and clot to a mass of soiter substances, or fluids concreted.

CLOT, v. i. To concrete; to coagulate, as soft or fluid matter into a thick, inspissated mass; as. milk or blood clots.

To form into clots or clods; to adhere: as, clotted glebe. Philips. CLOT-BIRD, n. The common cenanthe or English ortolan.

bate. the word is applied, CLOTT-BUR, n. [G. klette.] Burdock.

17. Confined; secluded from communica-2. Compactness; solidity; as the closeness of CLOTH, n. clawth. [Sax. clath; D. kleed,

cloth, and kleeden, to clothe ; G. kleid, kleiden : Sw. klade, klada : Dan, klade, klader. The plural is regular, cloths; but when it signifies garments, it is written clothes.]

1. A manufacture or stuff of wool or hair, or of cotton, flax, hemp or other vegetable filaments, formed by weaving or intertexture of threads, and used for garments or other covering and for various other purposes; as woolen cloth, linen cloth, cotton cloth, hair cloth. 2.

The covering of a table; usually called a tablecloth. Pope. 3. The canvas on which pictures are drawn.

4. A texture or covering put to a particular use ; as a cloth of state. Hayward.

Dress; raiment. [See Clothes. I'll ne'er distrust my God for cloth and bread. Quarles.

6. The covering of a bed. [Not used.] Prior. CLOTHE, v. t. pret. and pp. clothed, or clad.

See Cloth. To put on garments; to invest the body

with raiment ; to cover with dress, for concealing nakedness and defending the body from cold or injuries. The Lord God made coats of skin and clothed

them. Gen. iii. To cover with something ornamental.

Embroidered purple clothes the golden beds.

But clothe, without the aid of other words, seldom signifies to adorn. In this example from Pope, it signifies merely to cover.

3. To furnish with raiment; to provide with clothes; as, a master is to feed and clothe his apprentice. To put on; to invest; to cover, as with a

garment; as, to clothe thoughts with words. I will clothe her priests with salvation. Ps. CXXXII. Drowsiness shall clothe a man with rags.

Let them be clothed with shame. Ps. xxxv

CLO SING, ppr. s as z. Shutting; coales 5. To invest; to surround; to encompass. The Lord is clothed with majesty. Ps. xciii Thou art clothed with honor and majesty.

CLO'SING, n. s as z. End; period; con- 6. To invest; to give to by commission; as,

to clothe with power or authority. To cover or spread over; as, the earth is clothed with verdure.

CLOTHE, v. i. To wear clothes.

Care no more to clothe and eat Shak CLOTHED, pp. Covered with garments; dressed; invested; furnished with clothing.