that stands high above the ground. Cyc.

TAN'LING, n. One tanned or scorched by the heat of the sun.

TAN'NED, pp. [from tan.] Converted into lether. [See Tan.]

2. Darkened by the rays of the sun.

TAN'NER, n. One whose occupation is to tan hides, or convert them into lether by the use of tan.

for tanning.

TAN'NIERS, n. A variety of the arum esculentum, an esculent root.

TAN'NIN, n. The chimical name of that astringent substance contained in vegetaand chesnut, and in gall-nuts; the substance used to change raw hides into the shoulder with a cane.

TAP'PED, ppr. Broached; opened.

TAP'PED, ppr. Broached; opened.

TAP'PING, ppr. Broaching; opening for the

into lether.

TAN'NING, n. The practice, operation and TAP, v. t. [Sax. tappan; Sw. tappa; Dan. TAP'-ROOT, n. [tap and root.] The main art of converting the raw hides of animals into lether by the use of tan.

TAN'RE€, n. A quadruped of the Indies, larger than a rat. Qu.

TAN'SY, n. s as z. [Fr. tanaisie; It. Sp. tanaceto; L. tanacetum. Qu. Gr. αθανασία, 3. To pierce for letting out a fluid; as, to TAR, n. [Sax. tare, tyr, tyrwa; D. teer; G. immortality. This is doubtful and rather improbable.1

species. It is extremely bitter to the taste, and used for medicinal and culinary nurposes. Cyc.

TANT, n. A small spider with two eyes and eight long legs, and of an elegant searlet color.

TAN/TALISM, n. [See Tuntalize.] The punishment of Tantalus; a teasing or tor-The: menting by the hope or near approach of good which is not attainable.

Is not such a provision like tuntalism to this people? J. Quincy.

TAN'TALITE, n. The ore of tantalum or columbium, a newly discovered metal. It TAPER, n. [Sax. laper, lapur. Qu. It. is of an iron black color, sometimes with a tinge of blue. It is imbedded in angular A small wax candle; a small lighted wax pieces, from the size of a pea to that of a hazel-nut.

TAN'TALIZE, v. t. [from Timtalus, in fa- Regularly narrowed towards the point; beble, who was condemned for his crimes to perpetual hunger and thirst, with food perpetual hunger and thirst, with food pyramidical; as laper fingers. Dryden, and water near him which he could not TAPER, v.i. To diminish or become gradreach.]

To tease or torment by presenting some good to the view and exciting desire, but TAPER, r. t. To make gradually smaller TARAN/TULATE, r. t. To excite or governments. continually frustrating the expectations

tease; to tornient.

Thy vain desires, at strife Within themselves, have tantaliz'd thy life. Dryden.

TAN TALIZER, n. One that tantalizes.

TAN'TALIZING, ppr. Teasing or tormenting by presenting to the view some unattainable good.

AN'TALUM, n. Columbium, the metal from weaving or spreading.] the genus Bradypus or sloth, obtained from tantalite, newly discovered. A kind of woven hangings of wool and silk. TARDILY, adv. [from tardy,] Slowly; TAN'TALUM, n. Columbium, the metal

TANK'ARD-TURNEP, n. A sort of turnep TANT'AMOUNT, a. [L. tantas, so much, presenting figures of men, animals, landand amount.]

> Equal; equivalent in value or signification; TA'PET, n. [supra.] Worked or figured as a sum tantamount to all our expenses.

> TAN'TIVY, adv. [said to be from the note TAPE-WORM, n. [lapt and worm.] A of a hunting horn; L. tanta vi.] To ride tantivy, is to ride with great speed.

Johnson. TAN'NERY, n. The house and apparatus TANT'LING, n. [See Tantalize.] One TAP'-HOUSE, n. [tap and house.] A house seized with the hope of pleasure unattain-

Mease. TAP, v. t. [Fr. taper; Arm. tapa, tapein; Dan. tapper, to throb; Gr. τυπτω, τυπος. See Class Db. No. 28.]

bles, particularly in the bark of the oak To strike with something small, or to strike a very gentle blow; to touch gently; as, TA'PIS, n. [Fr.] Tapestry. Upon the lato lap one with the hand; to lap one on

ped at the door.

tapper; D. tappen; G. zapfen.]

I. To pierce or broach a cask, and insert a tap.

2. To open a eask and draw liquor.

tap a tumor; to tap a dropsical person.

A plant of the genes Tanacetum, of many 4. To box, or here into; as, to lap a maple tree to obtain the sap for making sugar.

> TAP, n. A gentle blow; a slight blow with a small thing.

She gives her right hand woman a tap on the shoulder. Addison.

Cyc. 2. A spile or pipe for drawing liquor from a eask. But in Sp. tapar is to stop, and a tap may be a stopper. In this case, the verb to tap, should follow the noun.]

TAPE, n. $\{Sax. tappe.\}$ A narrow fillet or hand; a narrow piece of woven work, tied with tape.

doppiere, a torch, W. tampyr.

eandle, or a small light.

Get me a taper in my study, Lucius. Shak. TANTALIZA'TION, n. The act of tanta- TA'PER, a. [supposed to be from the form TARAN TULA, n. [it. tarantella.] A speof a taper.]

coming small towards one end; conical; Dryden.

ually smaller towards one end; as, a sugar loaf tapers towards a point.

in diameter.

by keeping that good out of reach; to TAPERING, ppr. Making gradually smaller.

> ter towards one end; gradually diminishing towards a point.

TAN/TALIZED, pp. Teased or tormented TAPERNESS, n. The state of being taper. serie, hangings, tapestry: L. tapes, tapestry; Fr. se tapir, to crouch, to lie flat : Sp., Slow-paced; moving or stepping slowly. tapiz, tapestry, and a grass-plot: It. tappcto, a carpet: tappezzeria, tapestry; Arm., T'ARDIGRADE, n. The tardigrades are a tapicz, a carpet; tapicziry, tapestry. Qu.

Thomson. Cyc. often enriched with gold and silver, re- with slow pace or motion.

scapes, &c. Cyc.

Stuff Spenser. Silence is sometimes tantamount to con-TAPETI, n. An American animal of the hare kind. Dict. Nat. Hist.

> worm bred in the human intestines or bowels. The body is jointed, and each joint has its mouth.

> where liquors are retailed.

TA'PIR, n. A quadruped of S. America, about 6 feet long and 31 high, resembling a hog in shape, with a short movable proboscis. It frequents the water, like the hippopotamus. Ed. Eneye.

pis, under consideration, or on the table.

discharge of a fluid.

root of a plant, which penetrates the earth directly downwards to a considerable depth. Cyc. Mortimer.

TAP STER, n. One whose business is to

theer ; Sw. tiara ; Dan. liere ; Gnelie, tearr. In D. teeren signifies to smear with tar or pitch, and to pine, waste, consume, digest, prey, subsist, feast, and teer is tender, as well as tar. The D. teeren, is the G. zehren, Dan. tærer, Sw. fara, to fret, gnaw, consume; Eug. tare, in commerce. Tar then is from flowing, or from wasting, perhaps in combustion.]

I. A thick resinous substance of a dark brown or black color, obtained from pino and fir trees, by burning the wood with a close smothering heat. Encyc. Cye. Tar inspissated is called pitch, and is

much used in ships and cordage. Cyc. used for strings and the like; as curtains 2. A sailor; so called from his tarred clothes. Pope. TAR, v. t. To smear with tar; as, to lar ropes.

2. [Sax. tiran, tyrian.] To tease; to provoke. Not in use. Shak. TARA/BE, n. A large parrot with a red head.

cies of spider, the . Iranea tarantula, so ealled, it is said, from Tarentum in Apulia, where this animal is mostly found; a venomous insect, whose bite gives name to a new disease, called tarantismus. This is said to be cured by music.

ern emotions by music.

TAR'AQUIRA, n. A species of American lizard. Cyc.

2. a. Becoming regularly smaller in diame. TARD VTION, n. [L. tardo. See Tardy.] The act of retarding or delaying. [.Not used. We use for this, retardation.]

AN'TALIZED, pp. Teased or tormented TAPERNESS, n. The state of being taper. TARDIGRADE, by the disappointment of the hope of TAPESTRY, n. [Fr. tapis, a carpet; tapis-TARDIGRADOUS,] a. tardus, slow, and T'ARDIGRADE, gradus, step.]

Brown.

genus of edentate quadrupeds, including

Shak.