Bentley. WHEEL, v. i. To turn on an axis. 2. To turn; to move round; as, a body of troops wheel to the right or left.

3. To fetch a compass.

Then wheeting down the steep of heav'n he 3. Pope. flies.

4. To roll forward.

Thunder Must wheel on th' earth, devouring where it rolls.

WHEE/LED, pp. Conveyed on wheels; turned; rolled round.

WHEE/LING, ppr. Conveying on wheels or

in a wheel-carriage; turning.
WHEE'LING, n. The act of conveying on wheels.

The act of passing on wheels, or convenience for passing on wheels. We say, it is good wheeling, or had wheeling, according to the state of the roads.

3. A turning or circular movement of troops

embodied.

WHEE/LY, a. Circular; suitable to retation.

WHEEZE, v. i. [Sax. hweosan; Arm. chu-eza; Sw. hes, hoarse; Dan. hvaser; Sw. hvasa, to hiss, to whiz; Dan. hvaes, a whistling. Wheese, whiz, and prohably whisper, 5. In general, from which person, cause, are of one family, and accord with the root of the L. fistula.]
To breathe hard and with an audible sound,

as persons affected with asthma.

Dryden. Swift. WHEE/ZING, ppr. Breathing with difficulty and noise.

WHELK, n. A wrinkle; inequality on the surface; protuberance; a pustule. [See Welk and Weal.]

2. A shell of the genus Buccinum, or trumpetshell, univalvular, spiral and gibbous, with From what place seever; from what cause an oval aperture ending in a short canal Linne. Cyc. or gutter.

Spenser. rounded.

WHELM, v. t. [Sax. ahwylfun; Goth. hulyan; Ice. wilmu or hwilma.]

To cover with water or other fluid; to cover by immersion in something that envelops on all sides; as, to whelm a person or a company in the seas; to whelm a caravan in sand or dust.

2. To cover completely ; to immerse deeply ; 1. At which place or places. to overburden; as, to whelm one in sor-

3. To throw over so as to cover. [Not used.] Mortimer.

WHELM'ED, pp. Covered, as by being 2. At or in what place. plunged or immersed.

WHELM'ING, ppr. Covering, as by immer- 3. At the place in which.

WHELP, n. [Dan. hvalp; Sw. valp; D. welp. This word coincides in elements with wolf, L. vulpes.]

1. The young of the canine species, and of several other beasts of prey; a puppy; a cub; as a hear robbed of her whelps; lion's whelps.

2. A son; in contempt. Addison.

A young man; in contempt. WHELP, v. i. To bring forth young, as the female of the canine species and some Boyle. other beasts of prey.

WHEN, adv. [Goth. hean; Sax. hwænne; G. wann ; D. wanneer ; L. quando : Gaelic, WHEREABOUT', adv. [where and about.]

1. At the time. We were present when Gen. | meet your friend?

La Fayette embarked at Havre for New 2. Near which place. York.

2. At what time, interrogatively.

When shall these things be? Matt. xxiv. Which time.

I was adopted heir by his consent; Since when, his oath is broke. Shak.

4. After the time that. When the act is passed, the public will be satisfied.

Milton. 5. At what time.

Kings may

Daniel. When as, at the time when; what time. Obs. When as sacred light began to dawn.

Milton. WHENCE, adv. [Sax. hwanon.] From what

Whence and what art thou? 2. From what source. Whence shall we derive hope? Whence comes this honor?

Whence both this man this wisdom? Matt.

3. From which premises, principles or facts. These facts or principles are admitted, whence it follows, that judgment must be entered for the plaintif.

1. How; by what way or means. Mark xii.

place, principle or circumstance.

From whence may be considered as tautological, from being implied in whence; but the use is well authorized, and in some cases use is well authorized, and in some cases the use of it seems to give force or beauty

2. By what, interrogatively.

Whereby shall I know this? Luke i. to the phrase. We ascended the mountain, from whence we took a view of the beautiful plains below.

Of whence, is not now used.
WHENCESOEV'ER, adv. [whence, so, and 2. Why; for what reason. ever.1

or source soever.

Any idea, whencesoever we have it- Locke WHELK'Y, a. Protuberant; embossed; WHENCEVER. [See Whensoever.]

WHENEV'ER, adv. [when mal ever.] whatever time. Whenever you come, you will be kindly received.

WHENSOEV ER, adv. [when, so, and ever.] At what time soever; at whatever time. Locke.

WHERE, adv. [Sax. hwwr; Goth. hwar; Sw. hvar; D. waar.]

She visited the place where first she was so in all places where I record my name, I will come to thee and I will bless thee. Ex. xx.

Adam, where art thou? Gen. iii.

Where I thought the remnant of my age Should have been cherish'd by her child-like Shak. duty.

4. Whither; to what place, or from what place. Where are you going? Where are you from? [These uses of where are comas vulgar.]

but could not find him any where.

[Note. Where seems to have been originally a noun, and was so used by Spenser. "He shall find no where safe to him." In this sense, it is obsolete; yet it implies placo, its original signification.]

1. Near what place. Whereabout did you

3. Concerning which. The object whereaboul they are conversant. Hooker.

Shak.

WHEREAS, adv. s as z. [where and as.] 1. When in fact or truth, implying opposition to something that precedes.

Are not those found to be the greatest zealots, who are most notoriously ignorant? where-as true zeal should always begin with true knowledge

Take their advantage, when and how they list. 2. The thing being so that; considering that things are so; implying an admission of facts, sometimes followed by a different statement, and sometimes by inferences or something consequent, as in the law style, where a preamble introduces a law.

H'hereas wars are generally causes of pov-Bacon.

3. Whereat; at which place. Obs.

Spenser. 1. But on the contrary. [See No. 1.]

Woodward. WHEREAT', adv. [where and at.] At which.
Whereot he was no less angry and ashamed,

than desirous to obey Zelmane. Sidney. 2. At what, interrogatively. Whereat are

you offended? WHEREBY', adv. [where and by.] By which.

You take my life When you do take the means whereby I live. Shak.

WHEREFORE, adv. [where and for.] For which reason.

Wherefore by their fruits ye shall know

Wherefore didst thou doubt? Matt. xiv. WHEREIN', adv. [where and in.] In which; in which thing, time, respect, book, &c. This is the thing wherein you have erred. 2. In what.

Yet ye say, wherein have we wearied him? Mal ii

WHEREINTÖ', adv. [where and into.] Into which. Obs.

WHERENESS, n. Ubiety; imperfect local-A point hath no dimensions, but only a where-

ness, and is next to nothing. Grew. [This word is not used, nor has it any intelligible signification.]

WHEREOF', adv. [where and of.] Of which. We are not guilty of the crime whereof we are accused.

2. Of what, Whercof was this house built? Obs.

How this world, when and whereof created-

WHEREON', adv. [where and on.] On which; ns the ground whereon we tread.

2. On what. Whereon do we stand? Obs. WHERESO, adv. Ohs. [See Wheresoever.] mon, and the first cannot be condemned WHERESOEV'ER, adv. [where, so, and

ever. Shak. Any where, in any place. I sought the man. In what place soever; in whatever place, or in any place indefinitely. Seize the thief, wheresoever he may be found. [Wherever is the preferable word.]

WHERETHROUGH, through which, is not

WHERETÖ. adv. [where and to.] To which, IF hereto we have already attained- Phil. iii. 2. To what; to what end. [Little used.]