

Haplotype-based Pangenome Analysis in Wheat

As the writer of this script I would like to express appreciation and give all credit to the authors of the following article for creating original raw data and scripts, which are required for this R script:

Brinton, J., Ramirez-Gonzalez, R. H., Simmonds, J., Wingen, L., Orford, S., Griffiths, S., 10 Wheat Genome Project, Haberer, G., Spannagl, M., Walkowiak, S., Pozniak, C., & Uauy, C. (2020). A haplotype-led approach to increase the precision of wheat breeding. *Communications biology*, 3(1), 712. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s42003-020-01413-2> (<https://doi.org/10.1038/s42003-020-01413-2>)

This script was written in R 4.1.0 by Jose Antonio Montero Tena as part of his master thesis in 2021. Free use and modification of this script for personal interest is encouraged.

Introduction

SNP-haplotypes discovered from marker arrays can be redefined as sequence-based haplotypes, which are identical-by-state sequences sharing 100 percentage of identity between the genomes and discovered by sequence comparison. Brinton et al developed a method in 2020 that defined haploblocks as physical regions with ≥ 99.99 percent across fixed-size bins of 5-, 2.5- or 1-Mbp between pairwise comparisons of assemblies in the 10+ Wheat Genome Project. This method will subsequently be referred to as the Brinton's method. In these sequence-based haploblocks, sequence-based haplotypes can be either shared haplotypes, when pairs of assemblies share one identical-by-state sequence in this region, or unique haplotypes, when no other assembly presents the same sequence in the haploblock. Additionally, Brinton and colleagues published crop-haplotypes.com, a website that provides an interactive graphic visualization of the shared haplotypes between the wheat genome assemblies. These assemblies were chromosome-level genome assemblies of nine wheat assemblies (ArinaLrFor, Jagger, Julius, Lancer, Landmark, Mace, Norin61, Stanley, SY-Mattis) and the Chinese Spring RefSeqv1.0 assembly alongside scaffold-level assemblies of five additional assemblies (Cadenza, Claire, Paragon, Robigus and Weebill).

Aim

The aim of this script is to use Brinton's method and resources to conduct both a chromosome-scale and small-scale analysis of the pairwise comparisons between assemblies. The small-scale analysis is an original method to this script and allows the analysis of target regions within chromosomes. The aim of the small-scale analysis is to map physical start and end coordinates of the predicted haploblock both in the reference and query genomes by considering the region coverage with alignments, in other words, what is the number of alignments the haplotype prediction is based on and if there is any discontinuity that could cause false positive predictions. Also, this script aims to identify the genes contained in mapped haploblock, both in the haplotype-carrying genomes and in the IWGSC Chinese Spring Ref v1.1. Brinton et al called haplotypes both from mummer and gene-based BLAST pairwise alignments and selected for matching positions the longer predictions. Both types of analysis are provided in this script, although the results from these methods do not always match.

Background

The SNP-haplotype Hap-5B-RDMa-h2, associated with increased root dry mass (RDM), is taken as an example. This haplotype was first found by GWAS upon 9 SNP marker alleles located in the wheat chromosome 5B and matched with the assemblies of the assemblies LongReach Lancer and Paragon by BLAST. SNP-RDMa-h2 BLAST position in Lancer's chromosome 5B (655760000-656600000 bp) was

observed in crop-haplotypes.com in order to tell if the SNP-haploblock region matched with the region of any sequence-based haploblock, discovered with Brinton's method, in this area. The following blocks were observed in the pairwise comparison Lancer-Paragon under each bin size (bin size - start - end - length): 5-Mbp - 660.000.000 - 665.000.000 - 5.000.000 // 2.5-Mbp - 657.500.000 - 662.500.000 - 5.000.000 // 1-Mbp - 656.000.000 - 663.000.000 - 7.000.000 (start and end according to Lancer's coordinate system as Lancer acts as the reference in this comparison). Considering that blocks and their positions can vary between bin sizes, this observation was sufficient evidence to confirm the match between the SNP- and a potential sequence-based haplotype. Despite of this, Brinton's method must be applied on this redefined region to understand if the prediction made on crop-haplotypes.com is reliable. Additionally, other research questions as the exact start and end position of the sequence-based haploblock or its genes can be answered in this script.

Running the script

The script is designed so that you only have to edit only the upcoming parameters. You can run the script by lines (recommended for first time) or simply pressing 'Source' in the upper right corner of this window. The running time is expected to be between 5 and 7 minutes. Please, be patient and only look for solutions if error messages interrupt the pipeline. If errors do not stop coming up, you can contact the script editor at the e-mail adress jmonterotena@gmail.com (mailto:jmonterotena@gmail.com).

Defining parameters

```
chromosome <- "5B" # Copy the same format
reference_assembly <- "Lancer" # Alignment coordinates will apply for this assembly's chromosome. Can NEVER be a scaffold-level assembly (Cadenza, Claire, Paragon, Robigus, Weebil). Follow the next naming guidelines: "arinalrfor", "jagger", "julius", "lancer", "landmark", "mac e", "norin61", "stanley", "sy_mattis", "chinese" (works with capital letters)
query_assembly <- "Paragon" # This genome is aligned against the reference chromosome. Can be a scaffold-level assembly. Follow the next naming guidelines: "cadenza", "claire", "paragon", "robigus", "weebil" (works with capital letters)
zoom_start <- 655000000 # Start of the region highlighted in the small-scale analysis, in which haploblocks are sought for. ADVICE: use multiples of 5 so that the bins match with those on crop-haplotypes
zoom_end <- 665000000 # End of the region highlighted in the small-scale analysis, in which haploblocks are sought for. ADVICE: use multiples of 5 so that the bins match with those on crop-haplotypes
target_start <- 655700000 # If you have evidence of a haplotype within your zoom region that you want to compare with the sequence-based haplotypes obtained in this script, write its start coordinate in the reference chromosome. If not, simply write NA. The target region must be within the zoom region
target_end <- 656600000 # If you have evidence of a haplotype within your zoom region that you want to compare with the sequence-based haplotypes obtained in this script, write its end coordinate in the reference chromosome. If not, simply write NA. The target region must be within the zoom region

selected_start <- 655760000 # You do not need to worry about this yet. Complete section one and then come back to define the new coordinates of your haploblocks. Genes will be extracted from this position. If you have no interest in redefining your region, simply write 'target_start' or 'zoom_start', to keep with the previous coordinates
selected_end <- 662740000 # You do not need to worry about this yet. Complete section one and then come back to define the new coordinates of your haploblocks. Genes will be extracted until this position. If you have no interest in redefining your region, simply write 'target_end' or 'zoom_end', to keep with the previous coordinates
```

Running functions

Source the script 'functions.hbpa.r' to read the packages and functions required for this script.

1. CALLING HAPLOTYPES FROM RAW DATA CONTAINING \geq 20-KBP-LONG MUMMER PAIRWISE ALIGNMENTS BETWEEN LANCER AND PARAGON

Requirements:

- Raw delta files in 'all_20_kb_filtered_delta_CHROMOSOME_tables.rds'; in this case the chromosome is 5B (downloadable from https://opendata.earlham.ac.uk/wheat/under_license/toronto/Brinton_etal_2020-05-20-Haplotypes-for-wheat-breeding/nucmer/ (https://opendata.earlham.ac.uk/wheat/under_license/toronto/Brinton_etal_2020-05-20-Haplotypes-for-wheat-breeding/nucmer/)). Brinton et al filtered out alignments under 20000Kbp of length in order to get rid of non-syntenic retrotransposons
- Script 'functions.hbpa.r' (downloadable from <https://github.com/MonteroJLU/Haplotype-based-Pangenome-Wheat-Analysis.git> (<https://github.com/MonteroJLU/Haplotype-based-Pangenome-Wheat-Analysis.git>))
- Text file 'table_assembly_chr_length.txt' (downloadable from <https://github.com/MonteroJLU/Haplotype-based-Pangenome-Wheat-Analysis.git> (<https://github.com/MonteroJLU/Haplotype-based-Pangenome-Wheat-Analysis.git>))

1.1. CHROMOSOME-SCALE ANALYSIS

1.1.1. Download and save the required documents in the working directory

1.1.2. Run the script 'functions_hbpa.r'

1.1.3. Read the rds file into a data frame:

```
aln_library <- readRDS(file = paste0("all_20_kb_filtered_delta_", chromosome, "_tables.rds"))
```

1.1.4. Create a subset of the data frame containing only the alignments from the pairwise comparison Lancer-Paragon, where Lancer acts as the the reference genome:

```
aln_subset <- aln_library[grepl(paste0("^", tolower(reference_assembly), sep = ""), aln_library$comparison) & grepl(tolower(query_assembly), aln_library$comparison),]
```

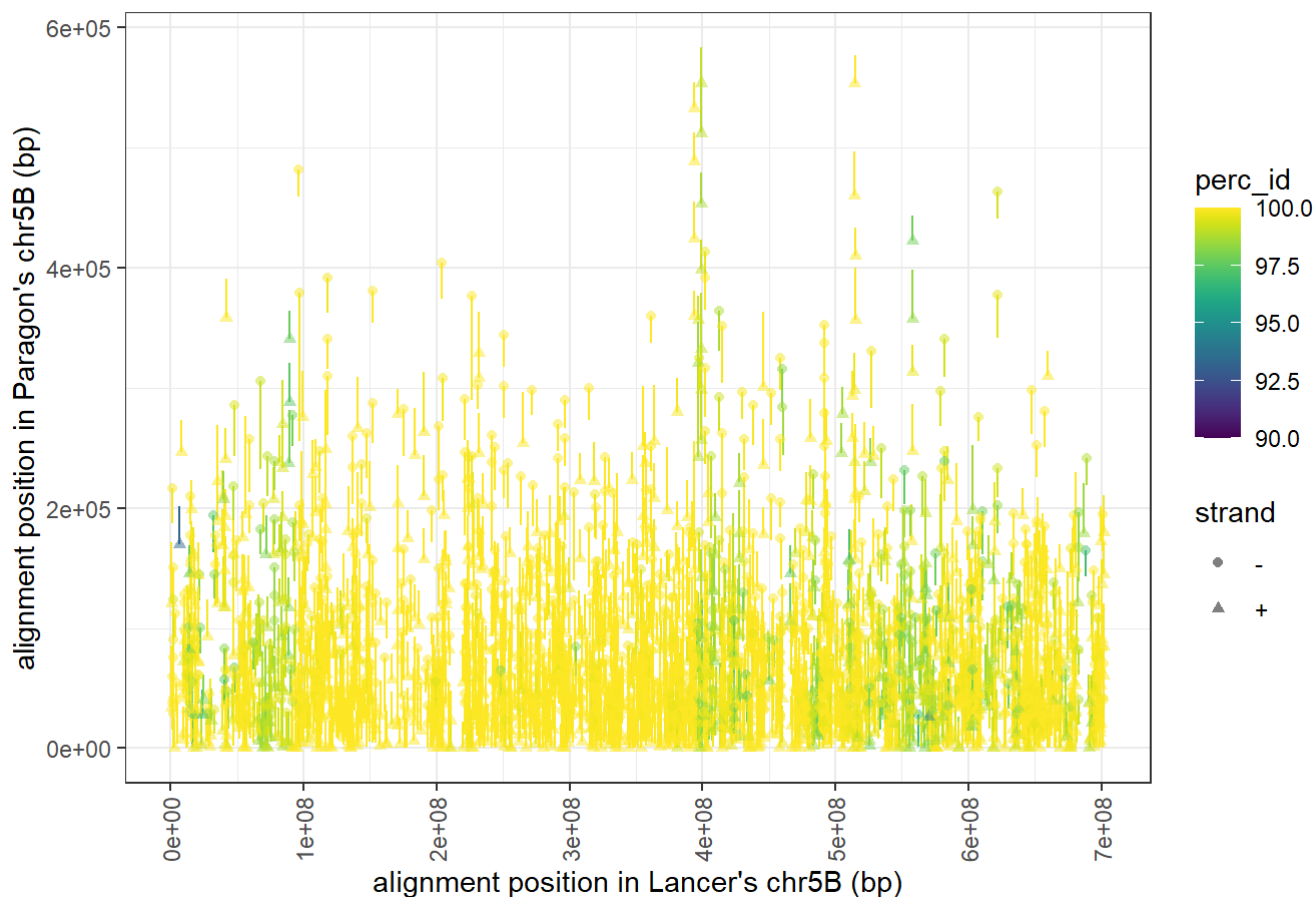
Description of the column headers: rs: reference start, re: reference end, qs: query start, qe: query end, error: number of unmatched, qid: query identification, rid: reference identification, strand: forward or reverse strand, r_length: length of the alignment in the reference, perc_id: percentage of identity, perc_id_factor: factor that

summarises perc_id, r_mid: midpoint the alignment in reference ((r_end-r_start)/2), q_mid: query midpoint, comparison: assemblies compared, chrom: chromosome.

1.1.5. Scatter-plot the alignment midpoints (X: r_mid, Y: q_mid)

```
plot_diagonal_scatterplot(aln_subset, cap_lower = 90.00, cap_upper = 100, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 100000000)
```

Reference vs query (diagonal scatterplot): Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-70

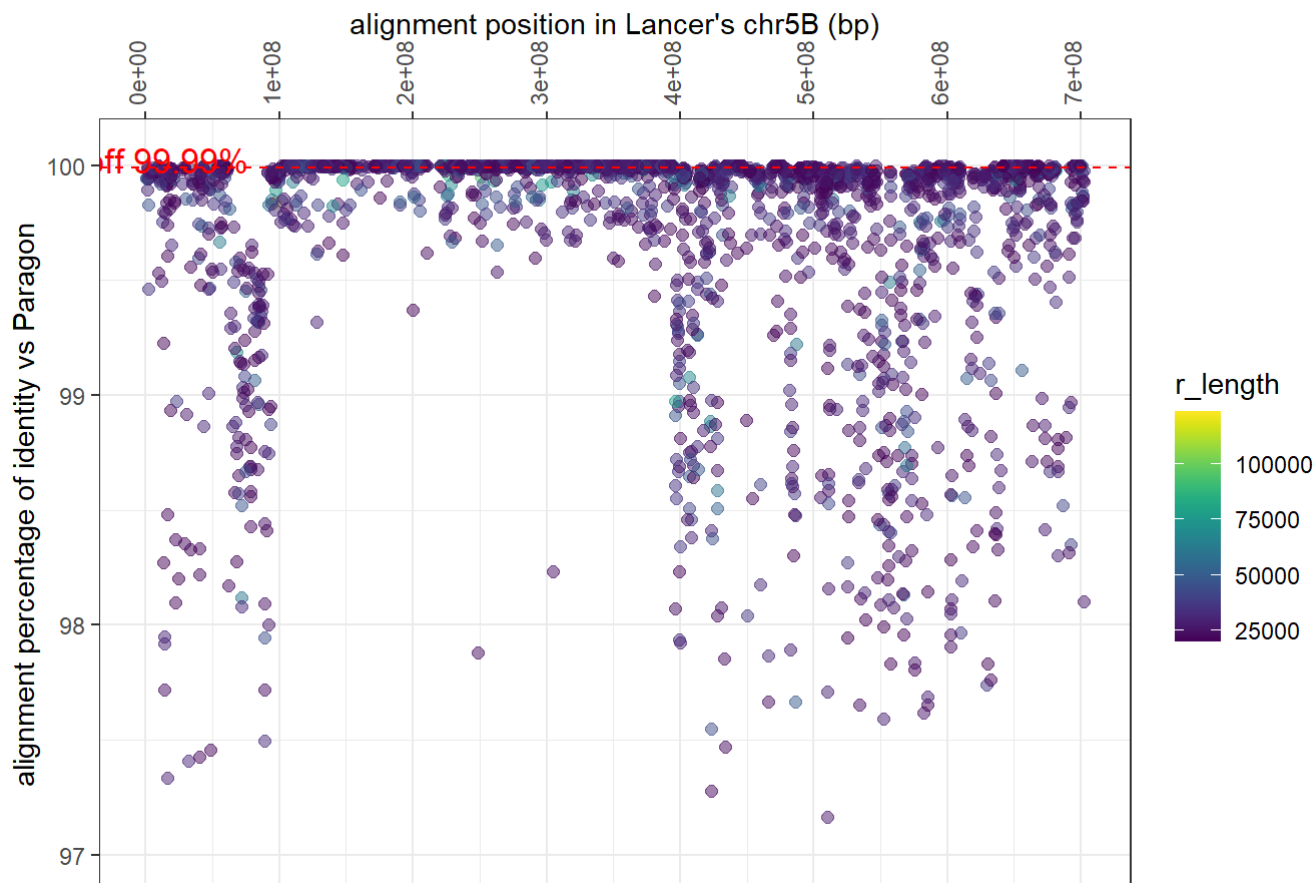


Notice unexpected vertical lines in the scatter-plot due to the use of a scaffold-level assembly as query (CLA-SLA comparison). However, this function works well for CLA-CLA comparisons.

1.1.6. Dot-plot the alignments to show percentage of identity and alignment length (X: r_mid, Y: perc_id)

```
plot_aln_pid_and_length(aln_subset, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 100000000, dot_size = 2)
```

Percentage of identity of individual alignments: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: C



1.1.7. Check for alignment properties in the data frame (percentage of alignment coverage of reference chromosome, average aln length and av aln number)

```
table_chrlength_v_assembly <- read.table(file = "table_assembly_chr_length.txt", sep = "\t",
  header = TRUE)
chr_length <- table_chrlength_v_assembly$sequence_length[grepl(tolower(reference_assembly), t
  able_chrlength_v_assembly$assembly_name) & grepl(paste0("chr", unique(aln_subset$chrom)), tab
  le_chrlength_v_assembly$sequence_name)]
print(paste0("chr", unique(aln_subset$chrom), " is ", chr_length, " bp-long in ", reference_a
  ssembly))
```

```
## [1] "chr5B is 702438406 bp-long in Lancer"
```

```
print(paste0(round(mean(aln_subset$r_length), 0), " is the average alignment length in ", ref
  erence_assembly, "-", query_assembly, paste0(" chr", unique(aln_subset$chrom)), " comparison"
  ))
```

```
## [1] "30858 is the average alignment length in Lancer-Paragon chr5B comparison"
```

```
print(paste0(nrow(aln_subset), " is the number of alignments in ", reference_assembly, "-", q
  uery_assembly, paste0(" chr", unique(aln_subset$chrom)), " comparison"))
```

```
## [1] "2650 is the number of alignments in Lancer-Paragon chr5B comparison"
```

```
print(paste0(round((sum(aln_subset$r_length)/chr_length*100), 0), "% is the alignment coverage in ", reference_assembly, "-", query_assembly, paste0(" chr", unique(aln_subset$chrom)), " comparison"))
```

```
## [1] "12% is the alignment coverage in Lancer-Paragon chr5B comparison"
```

```
coverage <- COV(aln_library, chr_length = table_chrlength_v_assembly)
print(coverage)
```

```
## $`Average % coverage with CHROMOSOME-LEVEL ASSEMBLIES as query`
## [1] 47.74529
##
## $`(By assembly)`
## arinalrfor    jagger      julius      lancer      landmark      mace      norin61
##    28.44218    50.59484    51.33529    55.81078    50.99109    55.28362    53.99118
##    stanley    sy_mattis    chinese
##    51.89199    28.44447    50.66749
##
## $`Average % coverage with SCAFFOLD-LEVEL ASSEMBLIES as query`
## [1] 9.390724
##
## $`(By assembly)`
## arinalrfor    jagger      julius      lancer      landmark      mace      norin61
##    4.216677    10.113839    10.478023    12.165450    9.566494    11.940812    11.252819
##    stanley    sy_mattis    chinese
##    10.103706    4.302350    9.767073
```

```
length <- LENGTH(aln_library)
print(length)
```

```
## $`Average aln length with CHROMOSOME-LEVEL ASSEMBLIES as query`
## [1] 45635.03
##
## $`(By assembly)`
## arinalrfor    jagger      julius      lancer      landmark      mace      norin61
##    50573.98    42245.55    43894.80    46985.47    42621.59    46726.19    45787.59
##    stanley    sy_mattis    chinese
##    44081.69    50841.05    42592.41
##
## $`Average aln length with SCAFFOLD-LEVEL ASSEMBLIES as query`
## [1] 30425.71
##
## $`(By assembly)`
## arinalrfor    jagger      julius      lancer      landmark      mace      norin61
##    31092.67    29791.85    30193.23    31045.12    29593.04    30915.88    30557.44
##    stanley    sy_mattis    chinese
##    29983.10    31462.44    29622.29
```

```
number <- NUMBER(aln_library)
print(number)
```

```
## `$Average aln number with CHROMOSOME-LEVEL ASSEMBLIES as query`
## [1] 7253.244
##
## `$ (By assembly)`
## arinalrfor    jagger    julius    lancer    landmark    mace    norin61
##    2703.778    8426.556    8480.333    8343.778    8500.111    8172.778    8399.667
##    stanley    sy_mattis    chinese
##    8404.222    2617.667    8483.556
##
## `$Average aln number with SCAFFOLD-LEVEL ASSEMBLIES as query`
## [1] 2129.46
##
## `$ (By assembly)`
## arinalrfor    jagger    julius    lancer    landmark    mace    norin61
##    652.0        2388.6    2516.4    2752.6    2296.8    2668.0    2623.2
##    stanley    sy_mattis    chinese
##    2405.8        639.8    2351.4
```

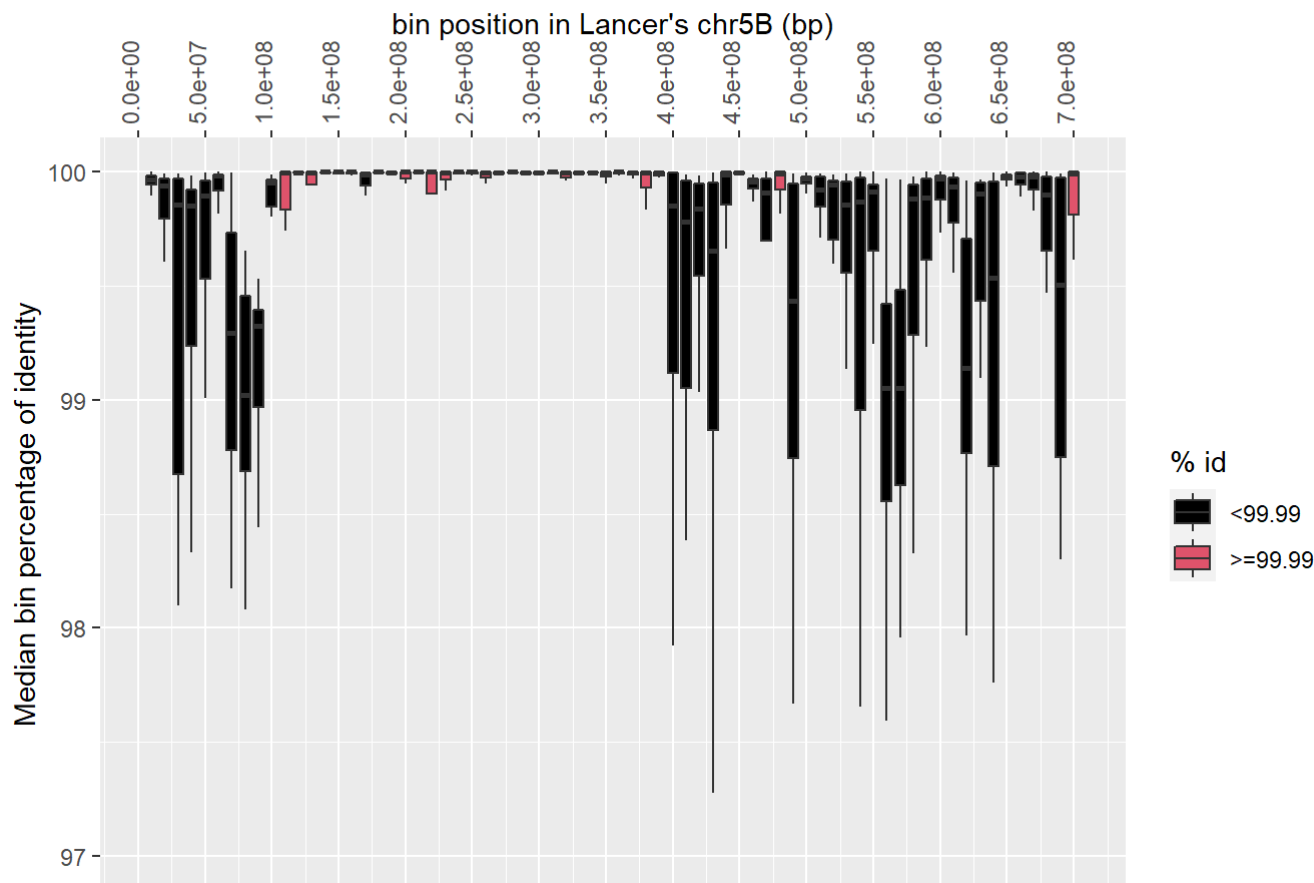
```
bin_size <- c(5000000, 2500000, 1000000)
names(bin_size) <- c("bin size: 5-Mbp", "bin size: 2.5-Mbp", "bin size: 1-Mbp")
for (i in 1:3){
  print("average expected number of alignments per bin across the chromosome")
  print(round(nrow(aln_subset)/(chr_length/bin_size[i]), 1))
}
```

```
## [1] "average expected number of alignments per bin across the chromosome"
## bin size: 5-Mbp
##    18.9
## [1] "average expected number of alignments per bin across the chromosome"
## bin size: 2.5-Mbp
##    9.4
## [1] "average expected number of alignments per bin across the chromosome"
## bin size: 1-Mbp
##    3.8
```

1.1.8. Boxplot the alignments (X: bin, Y: perc_id_median)

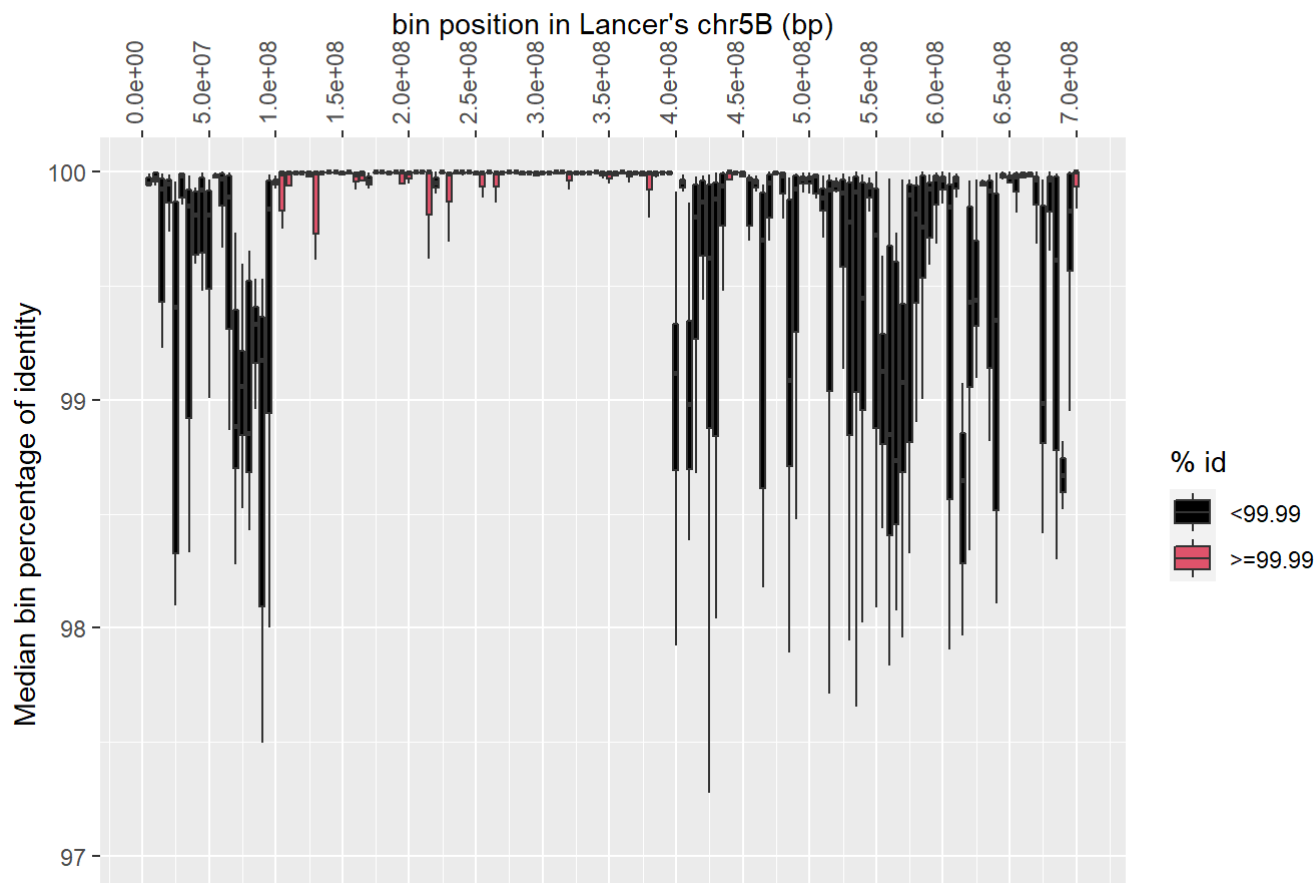
```
plot_boxplots_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 1000000, bin_start = 0, bin_end = max(aln_subset$re), cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly ,
x_label_gap = 5000000, show_outliers = FALSE)
```

Boxplot: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-702187321 Mbp, bin size: 10-Mbp, cu



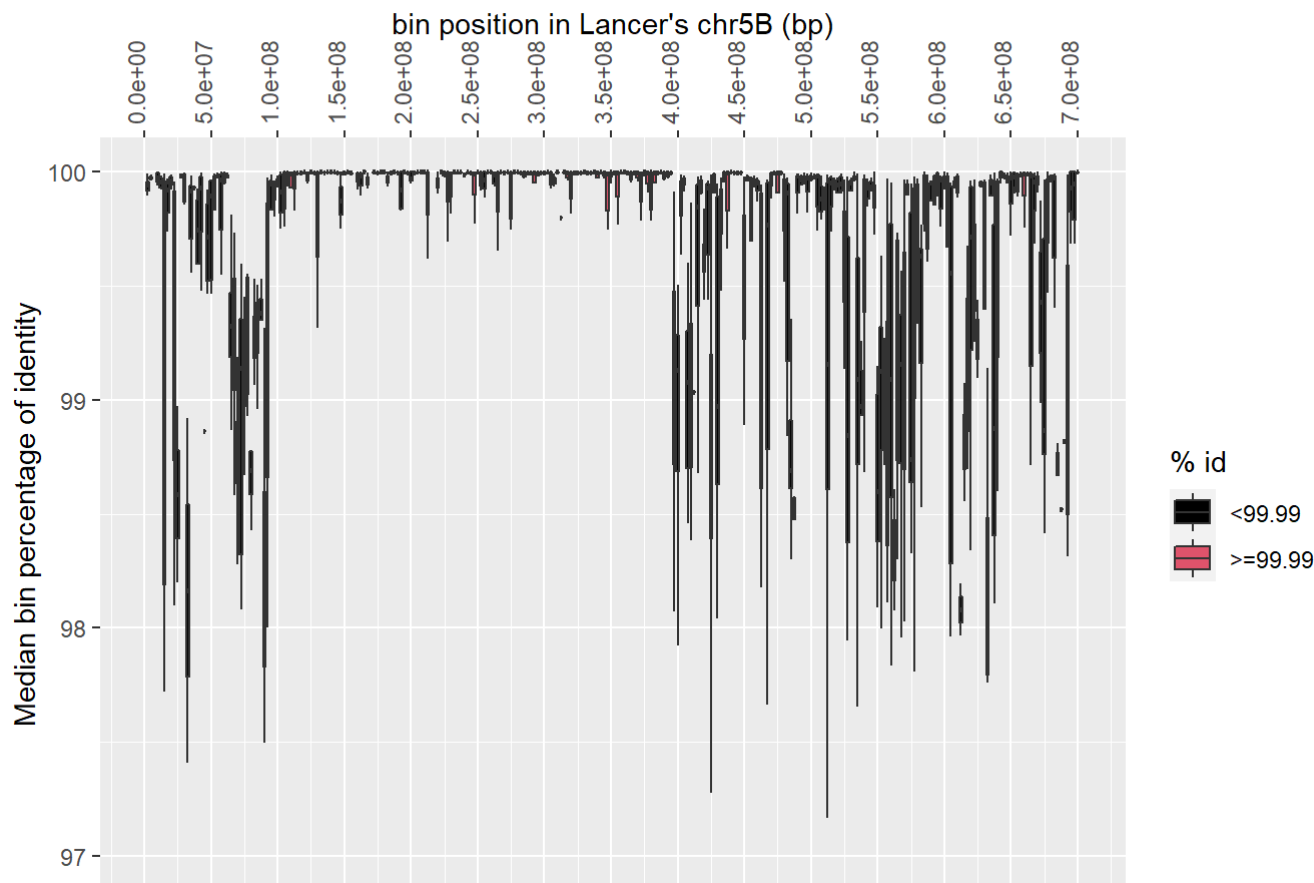
```
plot_boxplots_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 5000000, bin_start = 0, bin_end = max(aln_subset$re), cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly ,
  x_label_gap = 50000000, show_outliers = FALSE)
```


Boxplot: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-702187321 Mbp, bin size: 5-Mbp, cut



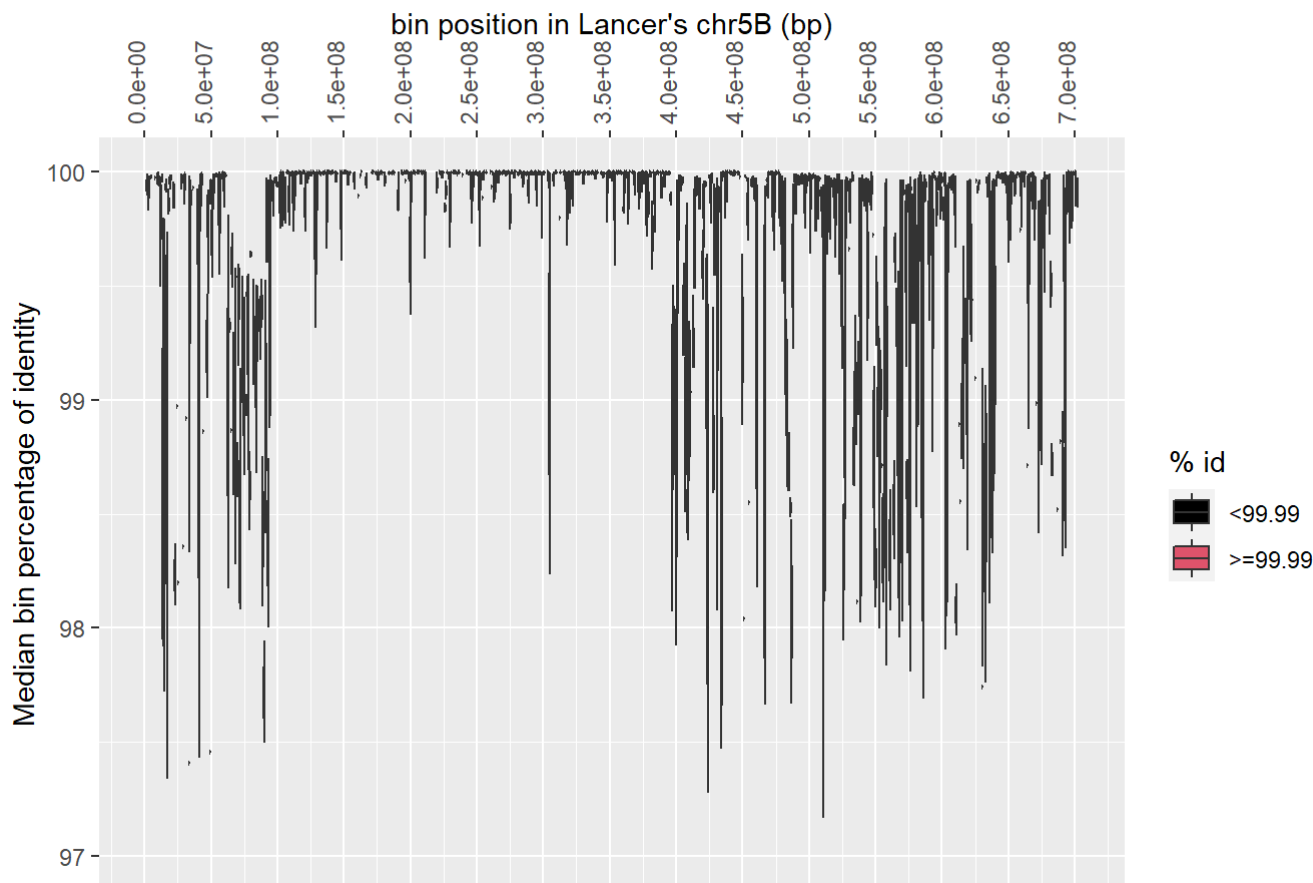
```
plot_boxplots_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 2500000, bin_start = 0, bin_end = max(aln_subset$re), cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly ,
  x_label_gap = 50000000, show_outliers = FALSE)
```

Boxplot: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-702187321 Mbp, bin size: 2.5-Mbp, c



```
plot_boxplots_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 1000000, bin_start = 0, bin_end = max(aln_subset$re), cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly ,
  x_label_gap = 50000000, show_outliers = FALSE)
```

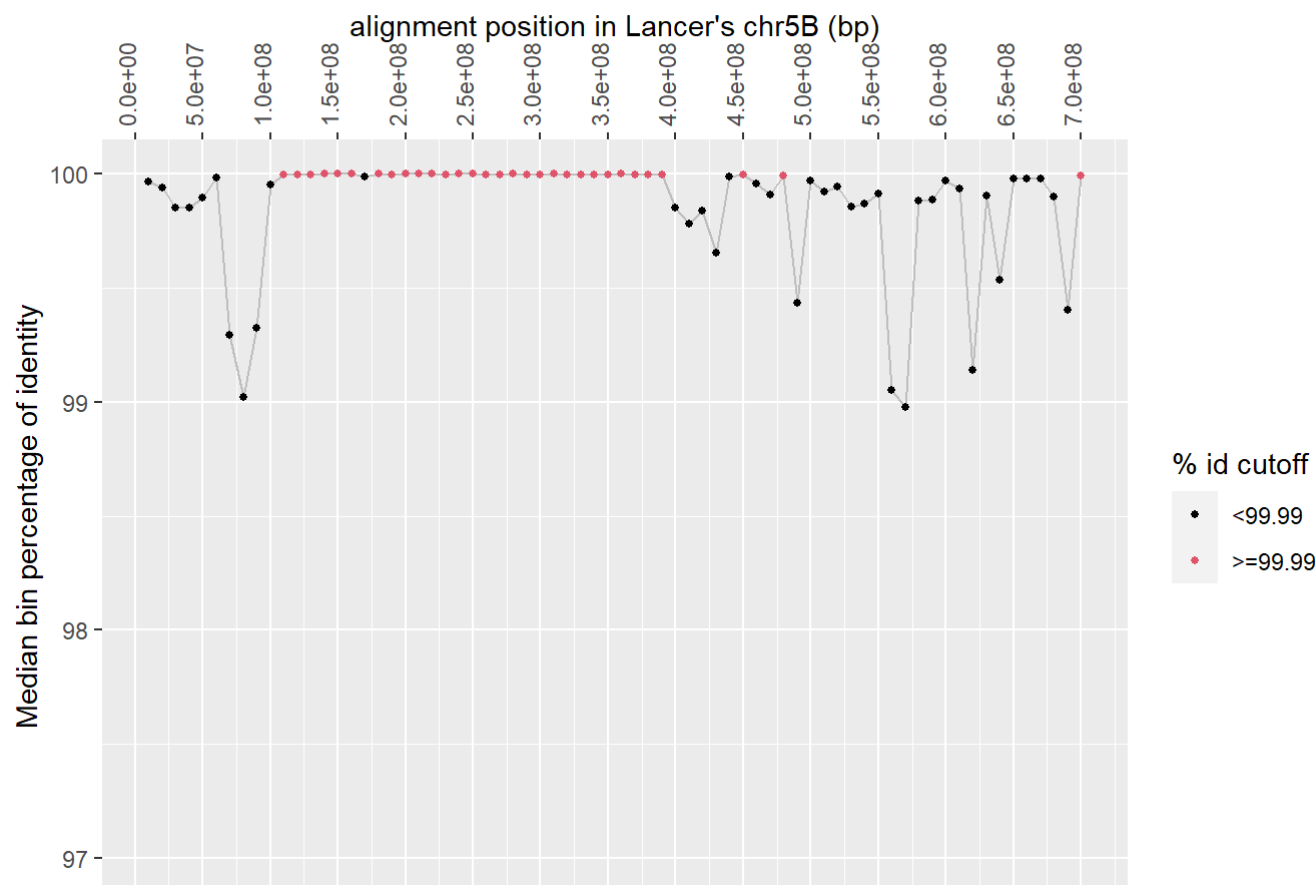
Boxplot: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-702187321 Mbp, bin size: 1-Mbp, cut



1.1.9. Plot the median percentage of identity across the chromosome or median line (X: r_mid, Y: perc_id_median)

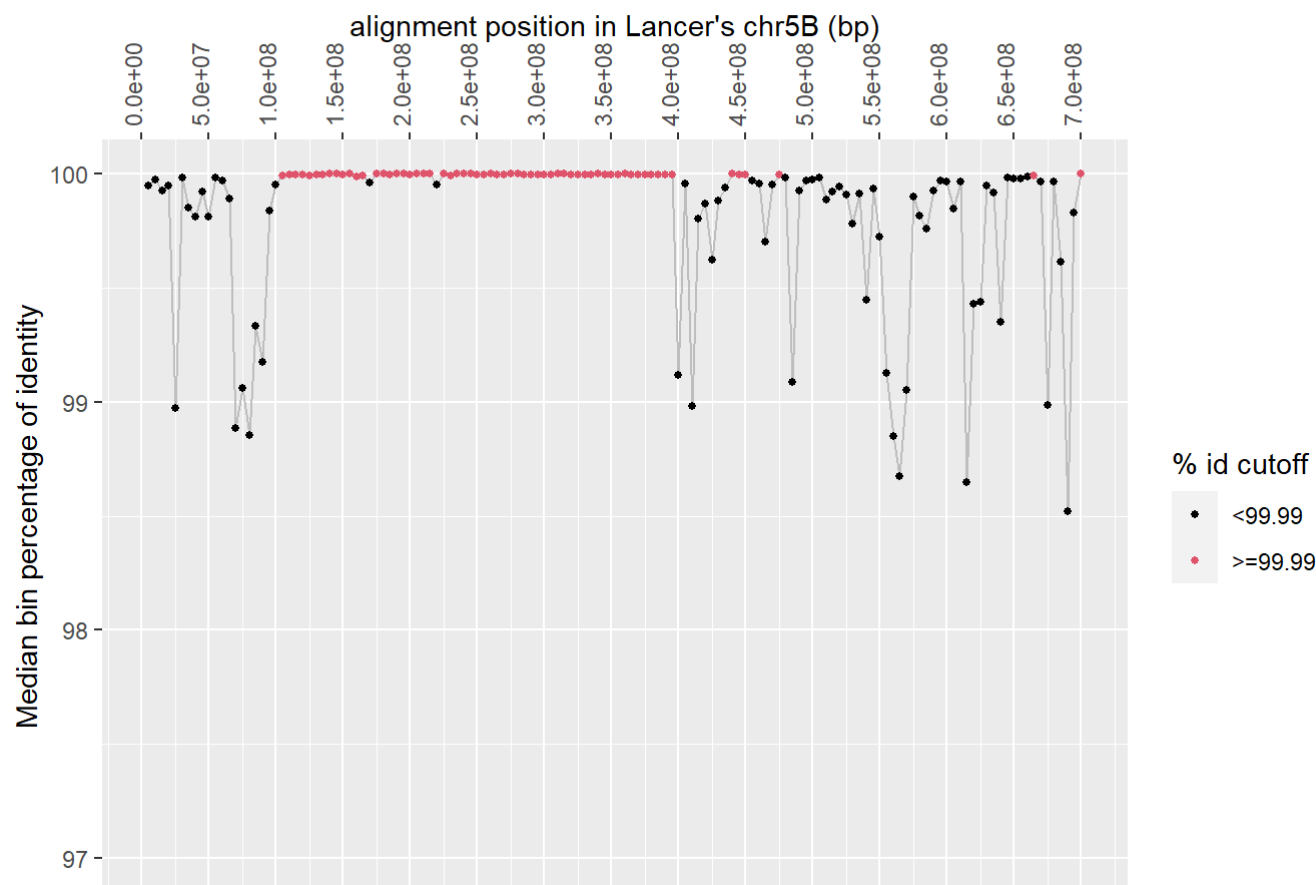
```
medians_aln_subset_10Mbp <- plot_line_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 10000000, bin_start =
0, bin_end = max(aln_subset$re), cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_
name = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 50000000)
medians_aln_subset_10Mbp
```

Median line: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-702187321, bin size: 10-Mbp



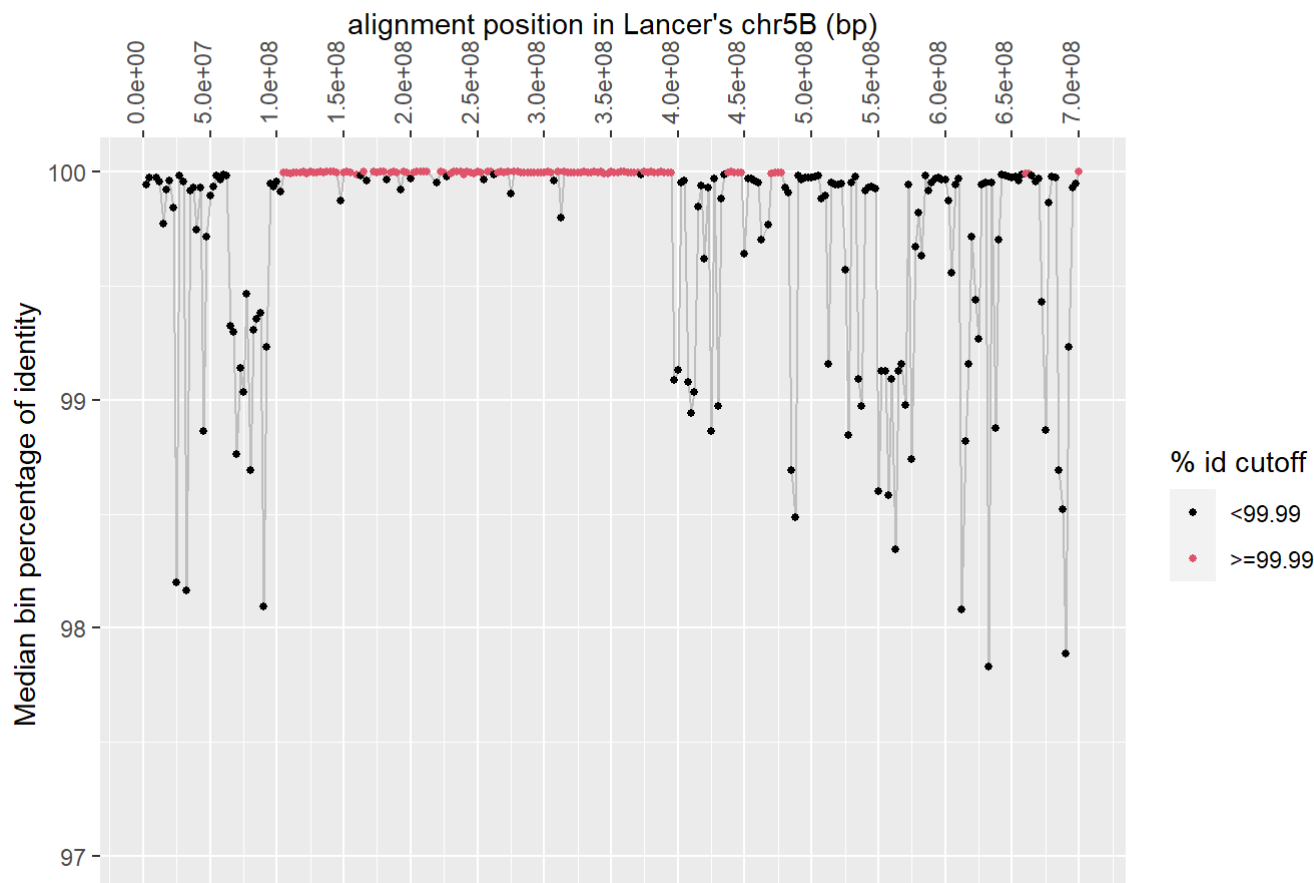
```
medians_aln_subset_5Mbp <- plot_line_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 5000000, bin_start = 0
, bin_end = max(aln_subset$re), cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_n
ame = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 50000000)
medians_aln_subset_5Mbp
```

Median line: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-702187321, bin size: 5-Mbp



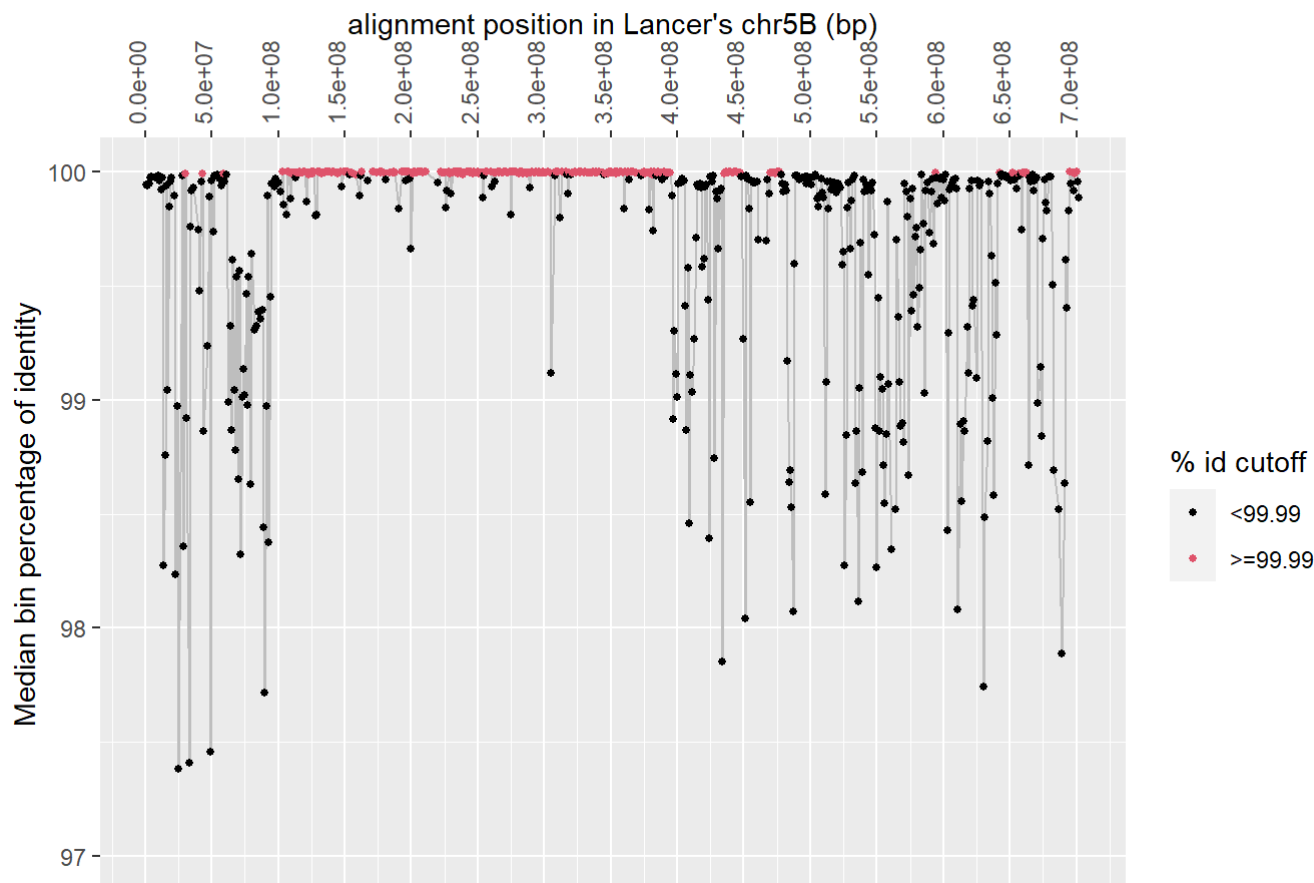
```
medians_aln_subset_2.5Mbp <- plot_line_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 2500000, bin_start =
0, bin_end = max(aln_subset$re), cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_
name = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 50000000)
medians_aln_subset_2.5Mbp
```

Median line: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-702187321, bin size: 2.5-Mbp



```
medians_aln_subset_1Mbp <- plot_line_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 1000000, bin_start = 0
, bin_end = max(aln_subset$re), cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_n
ame = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 50000000)
medians_aln_subset_1Mbp
```

Median line: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-702187321, bin size: 1-Mbp



1.1.10. Print information about the haploblock predictions in the pairwise comparison across the reference chromosome

```
medians_aln_subset_10Mbp_bin_info <- assign_blocks_mummer(median_cutoffs = medians_aln_subset_10Mbp[["data"]], original_file = aln_subset)
medians_aln_subset_5Mbp_bin_info <- assign_blocks_mummer(median_cutoffs = medians_aln_subset_5Mbp[["data"]], original_file = aln_subset)
medians_aln_subset_2.5Mbp_bin_info <- assign_blocks_mummer(median_cutoffs = medians_aln_subset_2.5Mbp[["data"]], original_file = aln_subset)
medians_aln_subset_1Mbp_bin_info <- assign_blocks_mummer(median_cutoffs = medians_aln_subset_1Mbp[["data"]], original_file = aln_subset)
medians_aln_subset_10Mbp_block_summary <- block_summary(medians_aln_subset_10Mbp_bin_info, bin_size = 10000000, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly)
medians_aln_subset_5Mbp_block_summary <- block_summary(medians_aln_subset_5Mbp_bin_info, bin_size = 5000000, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly)
medians_aln_subset_2.5Mbp_block_summary <- block_summary(medians_aln_subset_2.5Mbp_bin_info, bin_size = 2500000, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly)
medians_aln_subset_1Mbp_block_summary <- block_summary(medians_aln_subset_1Mbp_bin_info, bin_size = 1000000, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly)
print(medians_aln_subset_10Mbp_block_summary)
```

```
## bin_size comparison block_no block_start block_end
## 1 10-Mbp Lancer->Paragon 1 1.0e+08 3.9e+08
## 2 10-Mbp Lancer->Paragon 2 4.4e+08 4.8e+08
## 3 10-Mbp Lancer->Paragon 3 6.9e+08 7.0e+08
```

```
print(medians_aln_subset_5Mbp_block_summary)
```

```
## bin_size      comparison block_no block_start block_end
## 1    5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      1    1.00e+08 3.95e+08
## 2    5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      2    4.35e+08 4.50e+08
## 3    5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      3    4.70e+08 4.75e+08
## 4    5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      4    6.60e+08 6.65e+08
## 5    5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      5    6.95e+08 7.00e+08
```

```
print(medians_aln_subset_2.5Mbp_block_summary)
```

```
## bin_size      comparison block_no block_start block_end
## 1    2.5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      1  102500000 395000000
## 2    2.5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      2  435000000 447500000
## 3    2.5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      3  467500000 477500000
## 4    2.5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      4  657500000 662500000
## 5    2.5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      5  697500000 700000000
```

```
print(medians_aln_subset_1Mbp_block_summary)
```

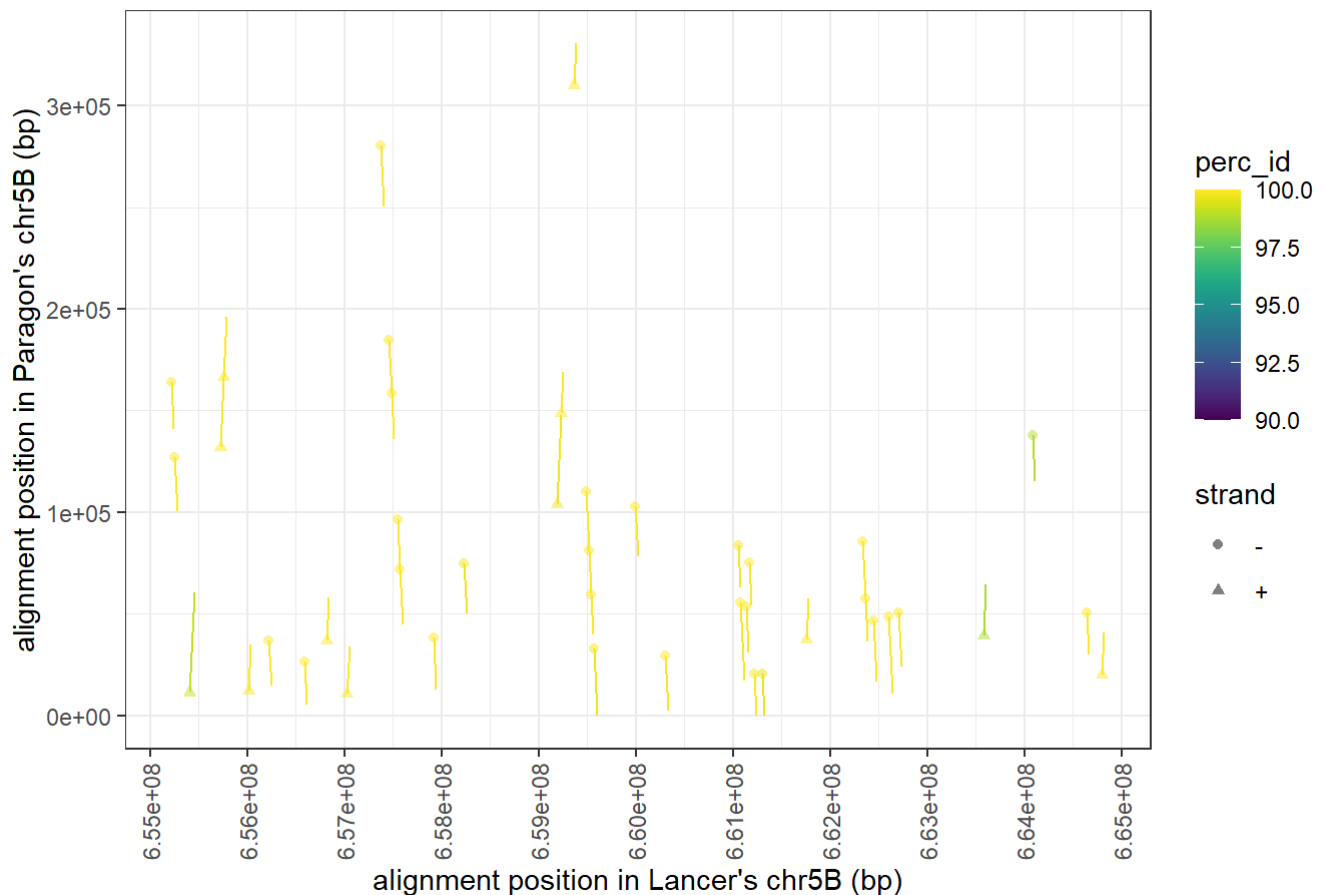
```
## bin_size      comparison block_no block_start block_end
## 1    1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      1    2.90e+07 3.00e+07
## 2    1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      2    4.20e+07 4.30e+07
## 3    1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      3    5.80e+07 5.90e+07
## 4    1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      4    1.02e+08 3.95e+08
## 5    1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      5    4.34e+08 4.47e+08
## 6    1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      6    4.69e+08 4.77e+08
## 7    1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      7    5.93e+08 5.94e+08
## 8    1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      8    6.41e+08 6.42e+08
## 9    1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      9    6.51e+08 6.53e+08
## 10   1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon     10    6.56e+08 6.63e+08
## 11   1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon     11    6.94e+08 7.00e+08
```

1.2. SMALL-SCALE ANALYSIS

1.2.1. Scatter-plot the alignment midpoints across the zoom region (X: r_mid, Y: q_mid)

```
plot_diagonal_scatterplot(aln_subset, xmin = zoom_start, xmax = zoom_end, cap_lower = 90.00,
  cap_upper = 100, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly , x_label_
  gap = 1000000)
```

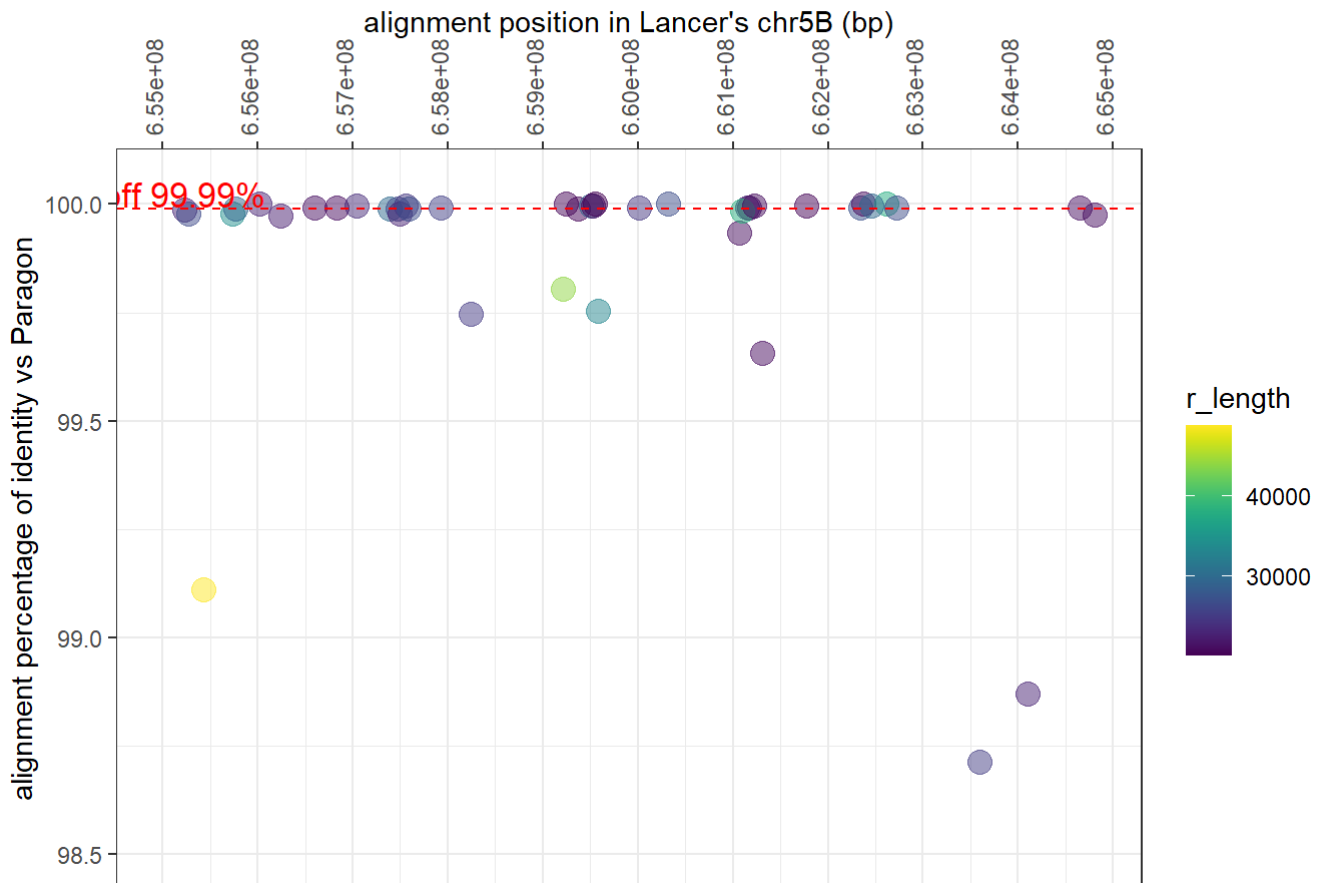

Reference vs query (diagonal scatterplot): Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 655.



1.2.2. Dot-plot the alignments to show percentage of identity and alignment length in the zoom region (X: r_mid, Y: perc_id)

```
graph <- plot_aln_pid_and_length(data = aln_subset, xmin = zoom_start, xmax = zoom_end, ymin = 98.5, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly, x_label_gap = 1000000, dot_size = 4)
graph
```

Percentage of identity of individual alignments: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region:



1.2.3. Check for alignment properties in the zoom region

```
aln_target <- aln_subset[(aln_subset$r_mid >= target_start) & (aln_subset$r_mid <= target_end),]
```

```
print(paste0(round(mean(aln_target$r_length), 0), " is the average alignment length for the target region between ", target_start/1e06, " and ", target_end/1e06, " Mbp in ", reference_assembly, "-", query_assembly, paste0(" chr", unique(aln_target$chrom)), " comparison"))
```

```
## [1] "27206 is the average alignment length for the target region between 655.7 and 656.6 Mbp in Lancer-Paragon chr5B comparison"
```

```
print(paste0(nrow(aln_target), " is the number of alignments for the target region between ", target_start/1e06, " and ", target_end/1e06, " Mbp in ", reference_assembly, "-", query_assembly, paste0(" chr", unique(aln_target$chrom)), " comparison"))
```

```
## [1] "4 is the number of alignments for the target region between 655.7 and 656.6 Mbp in Lancer-Paragon chr5B comparison"
```

```
print(paste0(round((sum(aln_target$r_length)/(target_end-target_start)*100), 0), "% is the alignment coverage for the target region between ", target_start/1e06, " and ", target_end/1e06, " Mbp in ", reference_assembly, "-", query_assembly, paste0(" chr", unique(aln_target$chrom)), " comparison"))
```

```
## [1] "12% is the alignment coverage for the target region between 655.7 and 656.6 Mbp in Lancer-Paragon chr5B comparison"
```

```
aln_zoom <- aln_subset[(aln_subset$r_mid >= zoom_start) & (aln_subset$r_mid <= zoom_end),]
print(paste0(round(mean(aln_zoom$r_length), 0), " is the average alignment length for the zoom
m region between ", zoom_start/1e06, " and ", zoom_end/1e06, " Mbp in ", reference_assembly,
"-", query_assembly, paste0(" chr", unique(aln_subset$chrom)), " comparison"))
```

```
## [1] "25963 is the average alignment length for the zoom region between 655 and 665 Mbp in
Lancer-Paragon chr5B comparison"
```

```
print(paste0(nrow(aln_zoom), " is the number of alignments for the zoom region between ", zoom_start/1e06, " and ", zoom_end/1e06, " Mbp in ", reference_assembly, "-", query_assembly, paste0(" chr", unique(aln_subset$chrom)), " comparison"))
```

```
## [1] "42 is the number of alignments for the zoom region between 655 and 665 Mbp in Lancer-Paragon chr5B comparison"
```

```
print(paste0(round((sum(aln_zoom$r_length)/(zoom_end-zoom_start)*100), 0), "% is the alignment coverage for the zoom region between ", zoom_start/1e06, " and ", zoom_end/1e06, " Mbp in ", reference_assembly, "-", query_assembly, paste0(" chr", unique(aln_subset$chrom)), " comparison"))
```

```
## [1] "11% is the alignment coverage for the zoom region between 655 and 665 Mbp in Lancer-Paragon chr5B comparison"
```

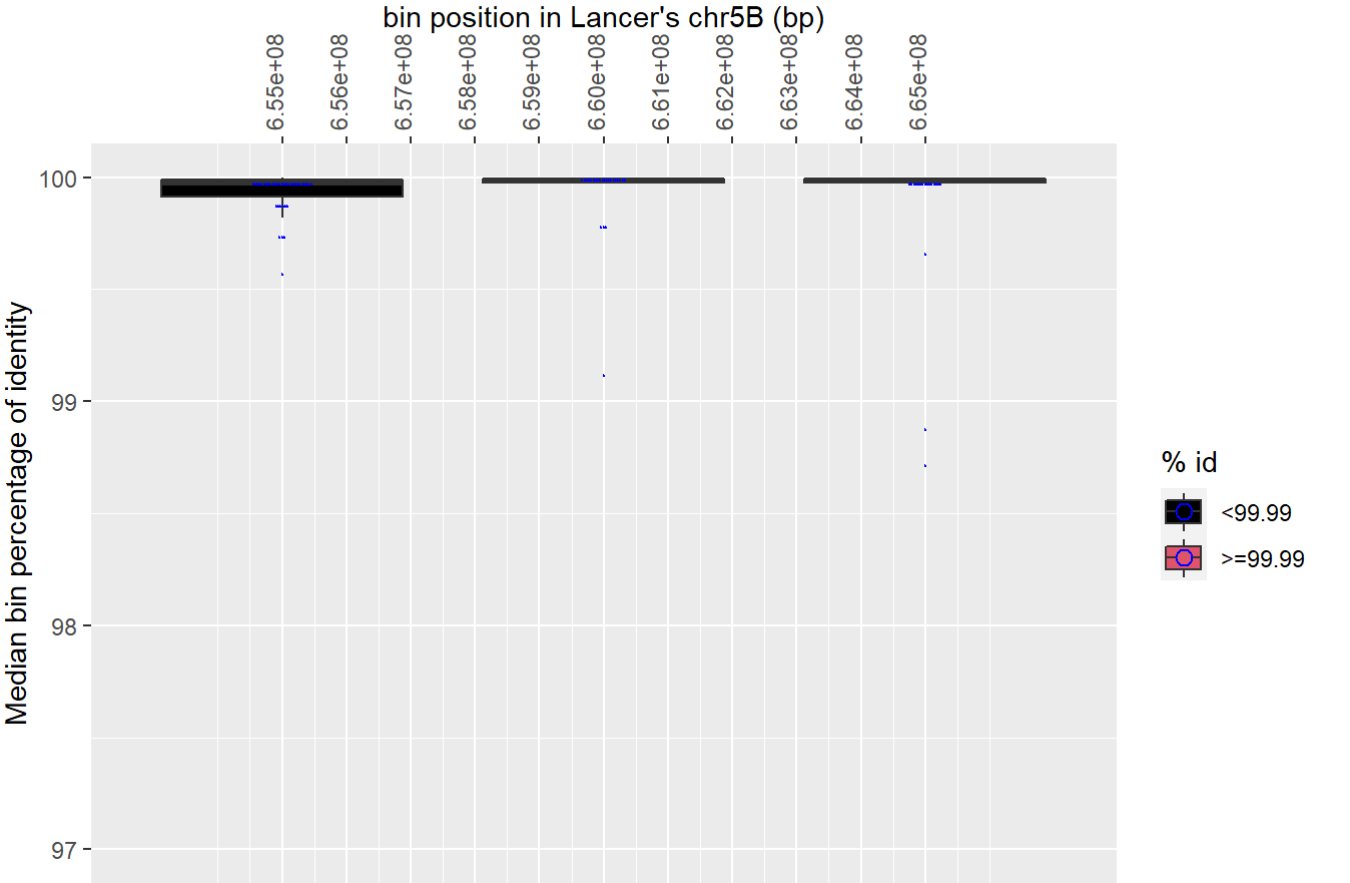
```
bin_size <- c(5000000, 2500000, 1000000)
names(bin_size) <- c("bin size: 5-Mbp", "bin size: 2.5-Mbp", "bin size: 1-Mbp")
for (i in 1:3){
  print("average expected number of alignments per bin across zoom region")
  print(nrow(aln_zoom)/((zoom_end-zoom_start)/bin_size[i]))
}
```

```
## [1] "average expected number of alignments per bin across zoom region"
## bin size: 5-Mbp
##                21
## [1] "average expected number of alignments per bin across zoom region"
## bin size: 2.5-Mbp
##                10.5
## [1] "average expected number of alignments per bin across zoom region"
## bin size: 1-Mbp
##                 4.2
```

1.2.4. Boxplot the bin median percentage of identity in the zoom region to check for outliers

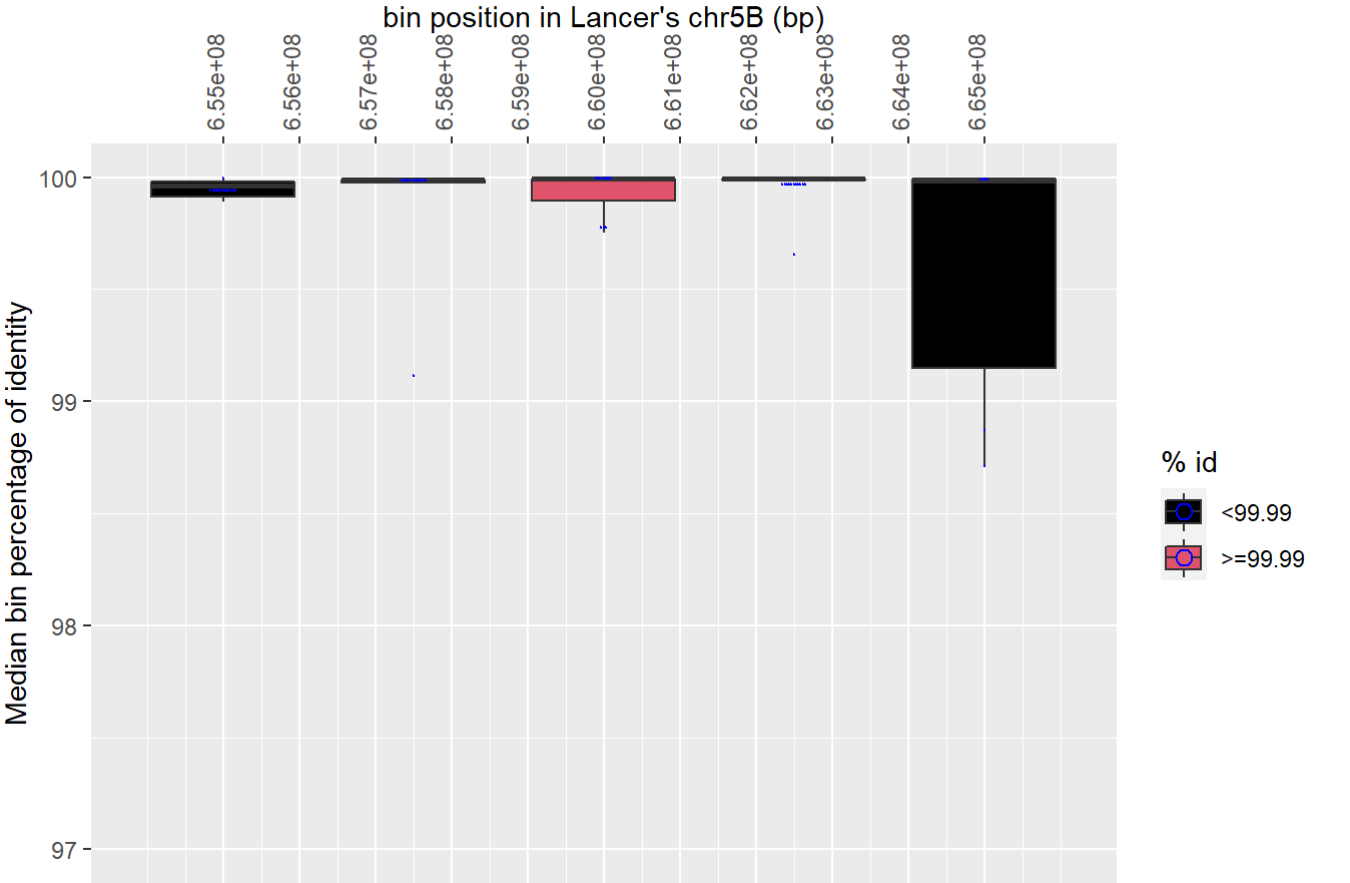
```
plot_boxplots_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 5000000, bin_start = zoom_start, bin_end = zoom_end, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly, x_label_gap = 1000000, show_outliers = TRUE)
```

Boxplot: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 6.55e+08-6.65e+08 Mbp, bin size: 5-Mk



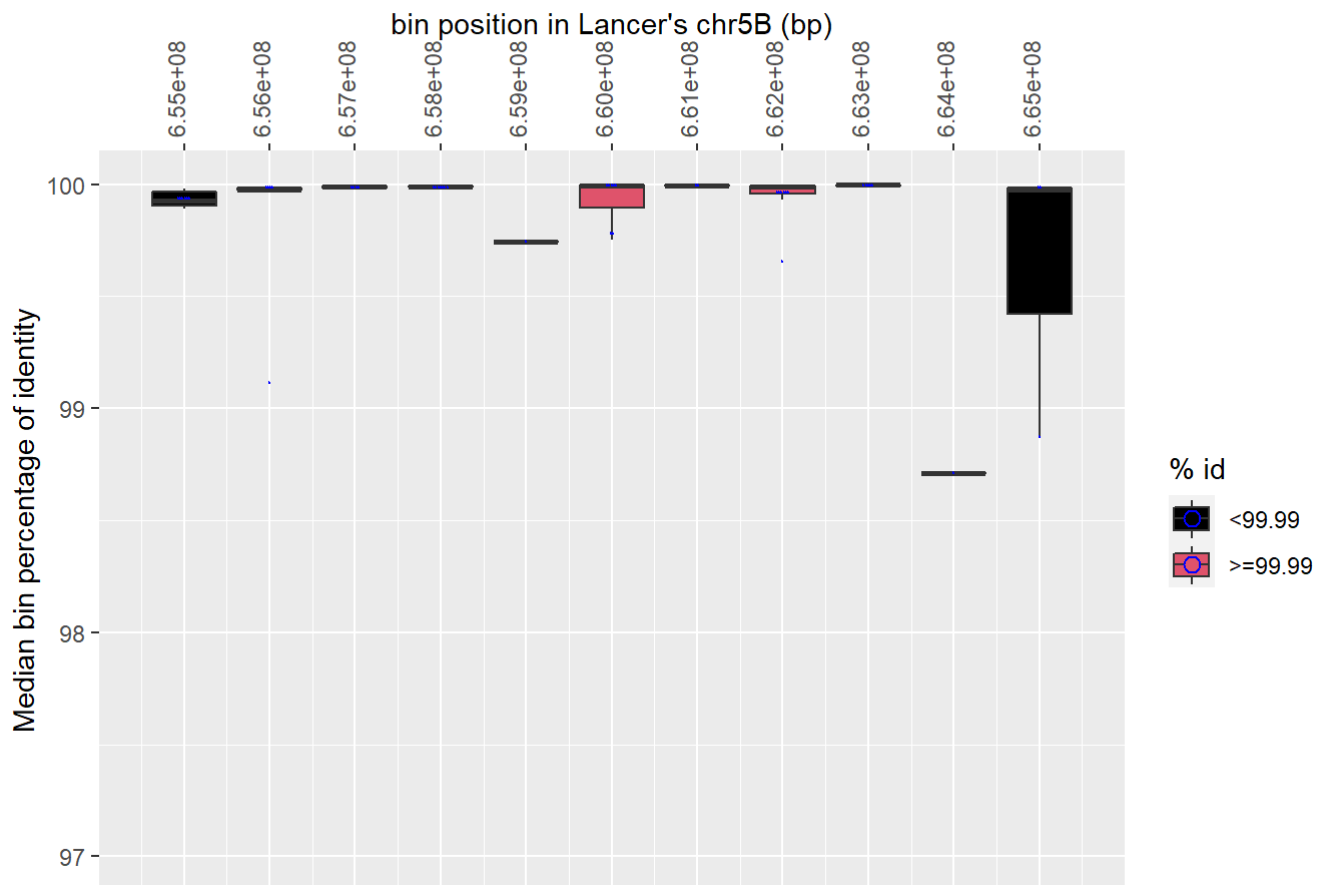
```
plot_boxplots_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 2500000, bin_start = zoom_start, bin_end = zoom_end, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 1000000, show_outliers = TRUE)
```

Boxplot: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 6.55e+08-6.65e+08 Mbp, bin size: 2.5-M



```
plot_boxplots_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 1000000, bin_start = zoom_start, bin_end = zoom_end, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 1000000, show_outliers = TRUE)
```

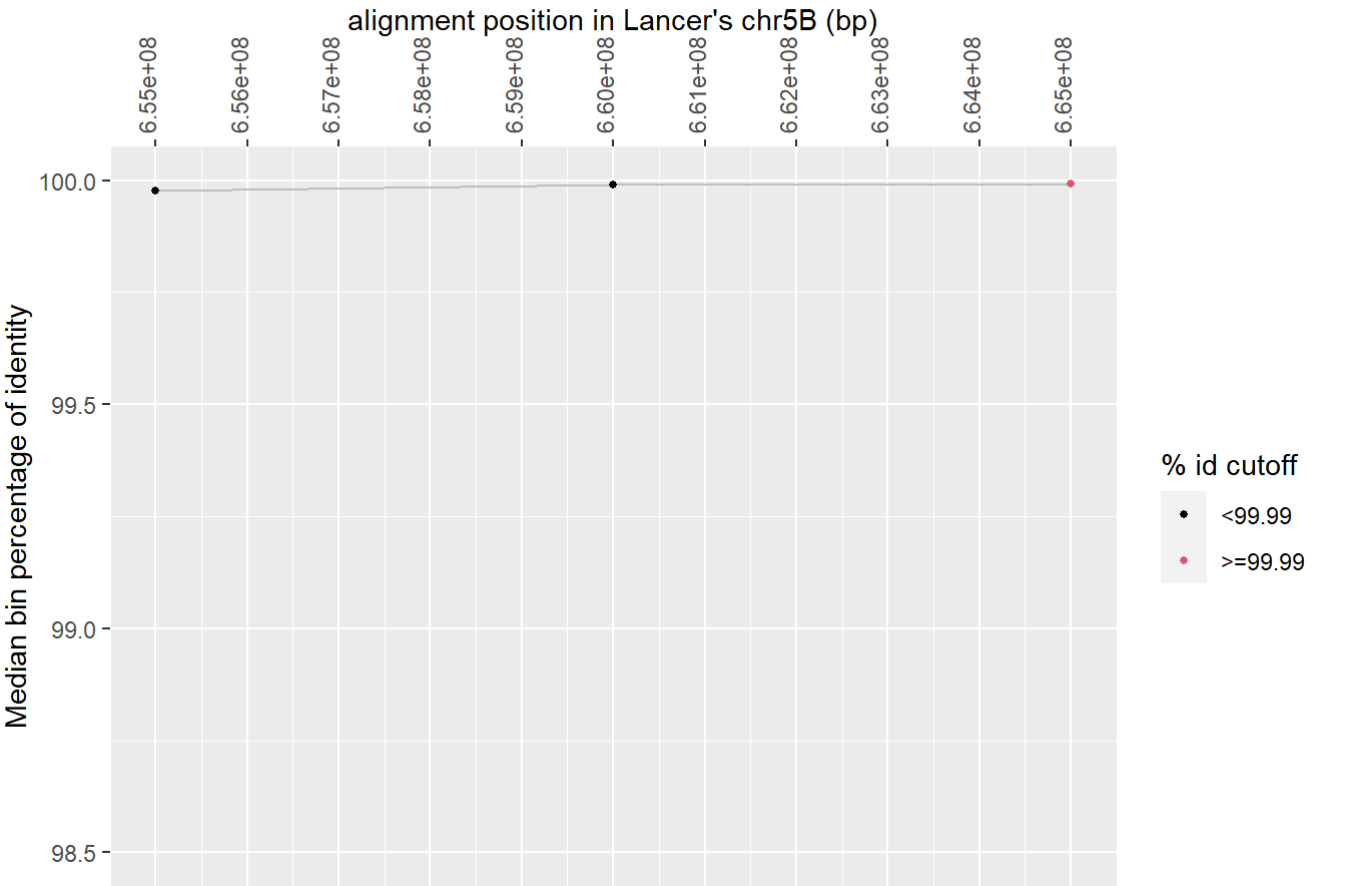
Boxplot: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 6.55e+08-6.65e+08 Mbp, bin size: 1-Mk



1.2.5. Plot the median line in the zoom region to see the haploblock predictions at different bin sizes

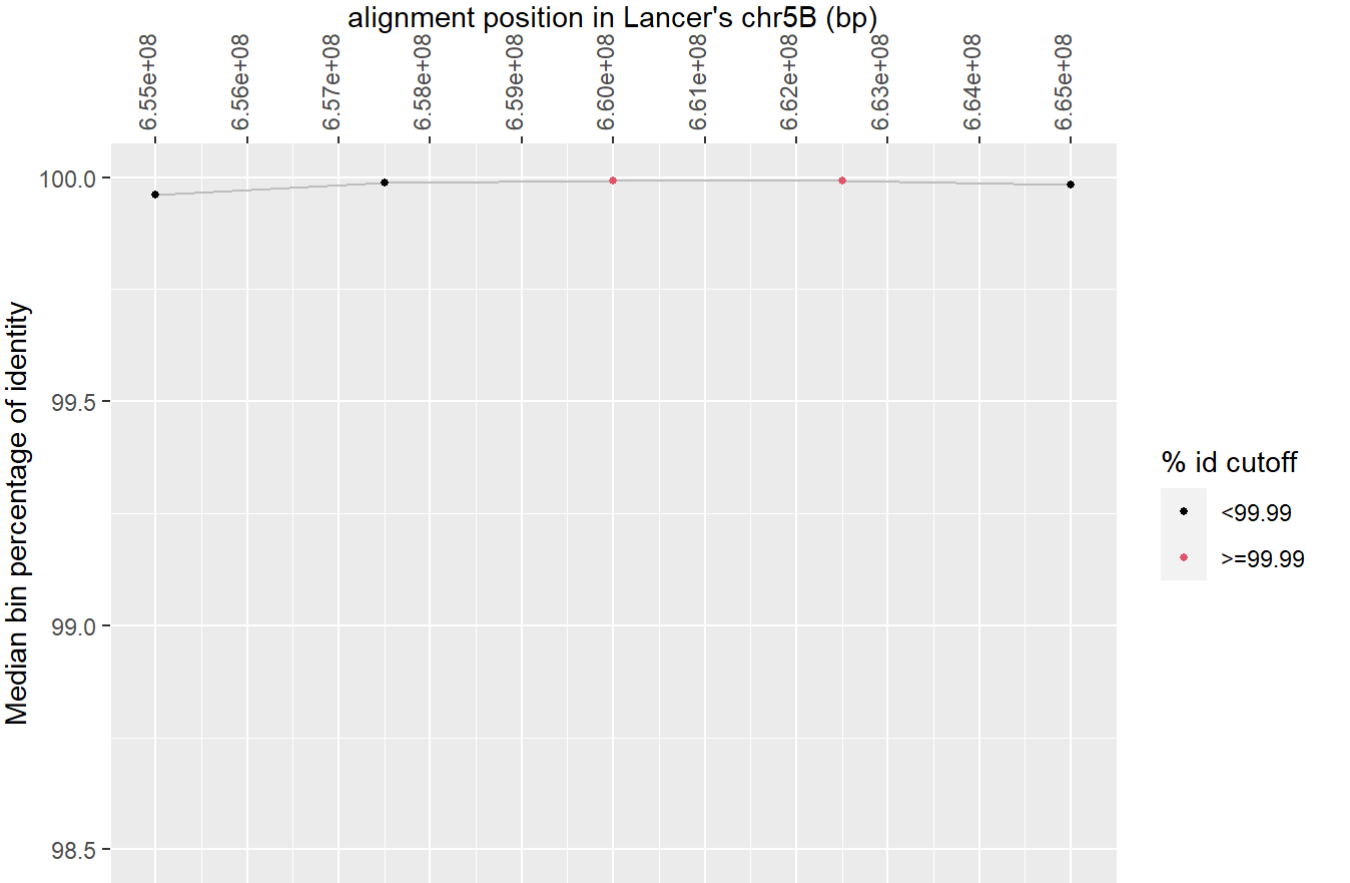
```
plot_line_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 5000000, bin_start = zoom_start, bin_end = zoom_end,
  ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly,
  x_label_gap = 1000000)
```

Median line: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 6.55e+08-6.65e+08, bin size: 5-Mb



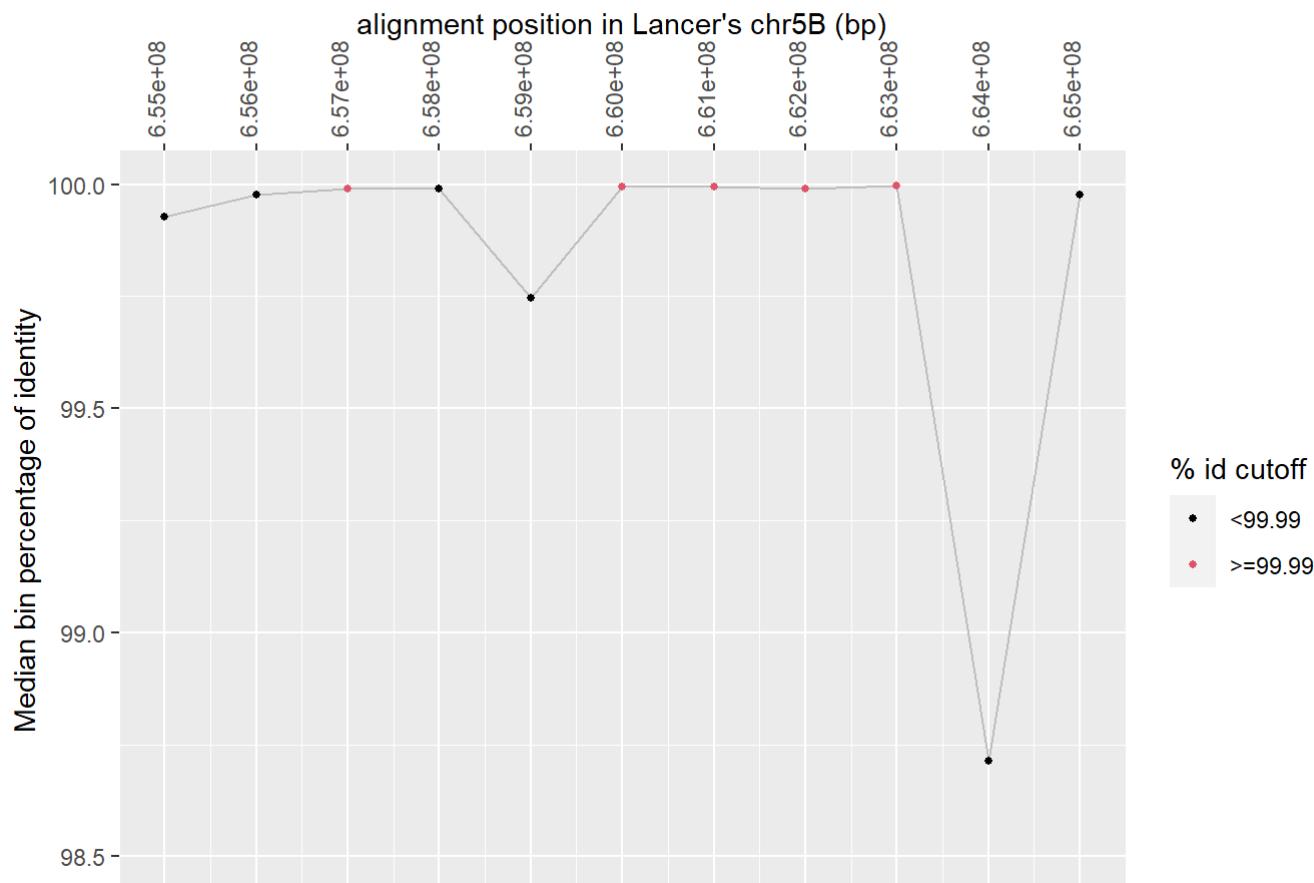
```
plot_line_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 2500000, bin_start = zoom_start, bin_end = zoom_end, ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 1000000)
```

Median line: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 6.55e+08-6.65e+08, bin size: 2.5-I



```
plot_line_bin_median(aln_subset, bin_size = 1000000, bin_start = zoom_start, bin_end = zoom_end, ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly , x_label_gap = 1000000)
```


Median line: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 6.55e+08-6.65e+08, bin size: 1-Mb

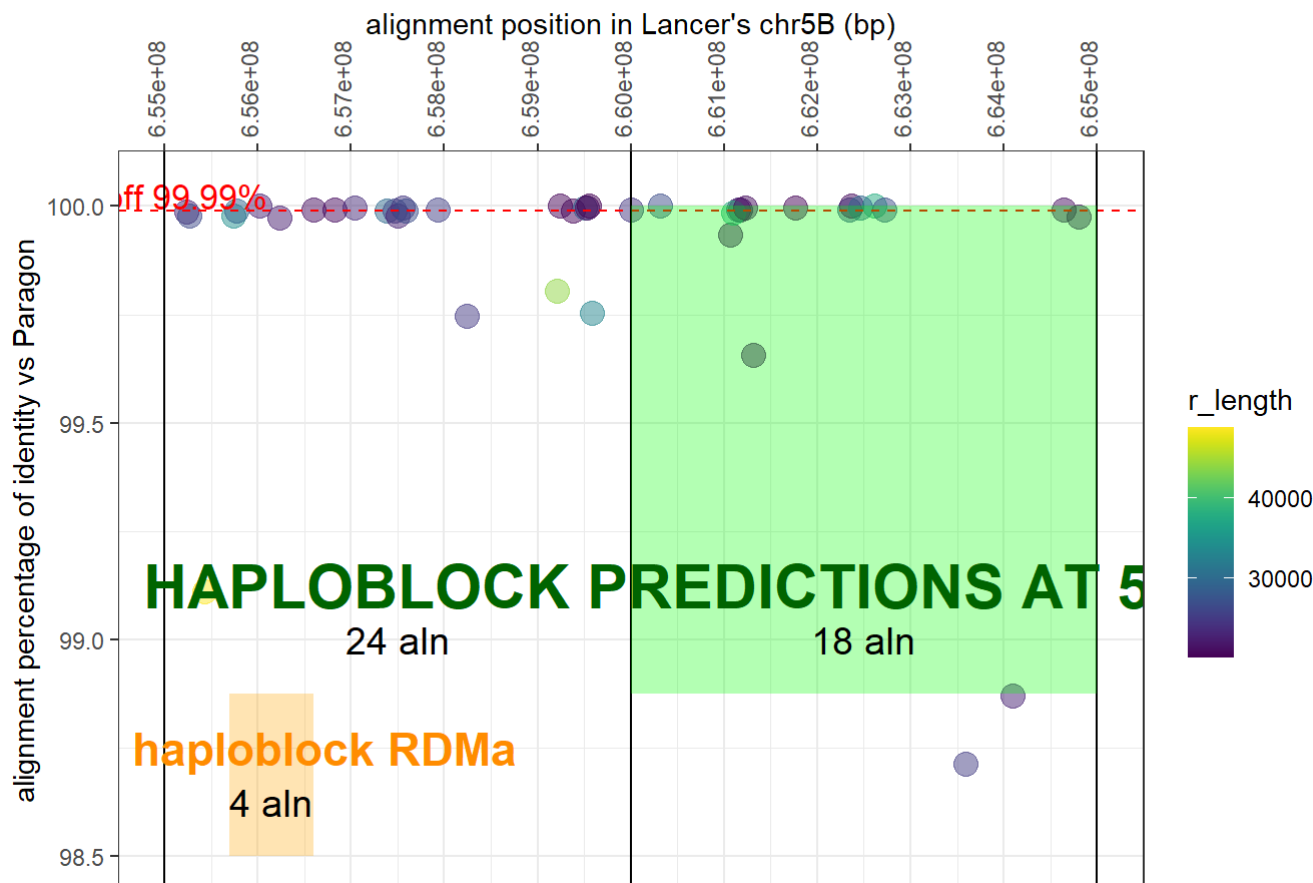


1.2.6. Dot-plot the zoom region with the haploblock predictions and the target region and make decisions regarding the start and end limits of the sequence-based haploblock

```
target <- data.frame(target_start, target_end)
plot_aln_and_bins(aln_subset = aln_subset, bin_size = 5000000, zoom_start = zoom_start, zoom_end = zoom_end, highlighted_target = target, target_text = "SNP haploblock RDMA", fill_target = "orange", color_target_text = "darkorange", fill_predictions = "green", color_prediction_text = "darkgreen", ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly, dot_size = 4, x_label_gap = 1000000)
```

```
## [1] "BINS AT 5-MBP BIN SIZE"
##      bin perc_id_median cut_off block_no bin_start bin_end aln_number
## 1 6.55e+08      99.97763 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 6.50e+08 6.55e+08        37
## 2 6.60e+08      99.98986 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 6.55e+08 6.60e+08        24
## 3 6.65e+08      99.99159 >=99.99      1 6.60e+08 6.65e+08        18
## [1] "BLOCK SUMMARY AT 5-MBP BIN SIZE"
##   bin_size      comparison block_no block_start block_end
## 1    5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      1    6.6e+08 6.65e+08
```

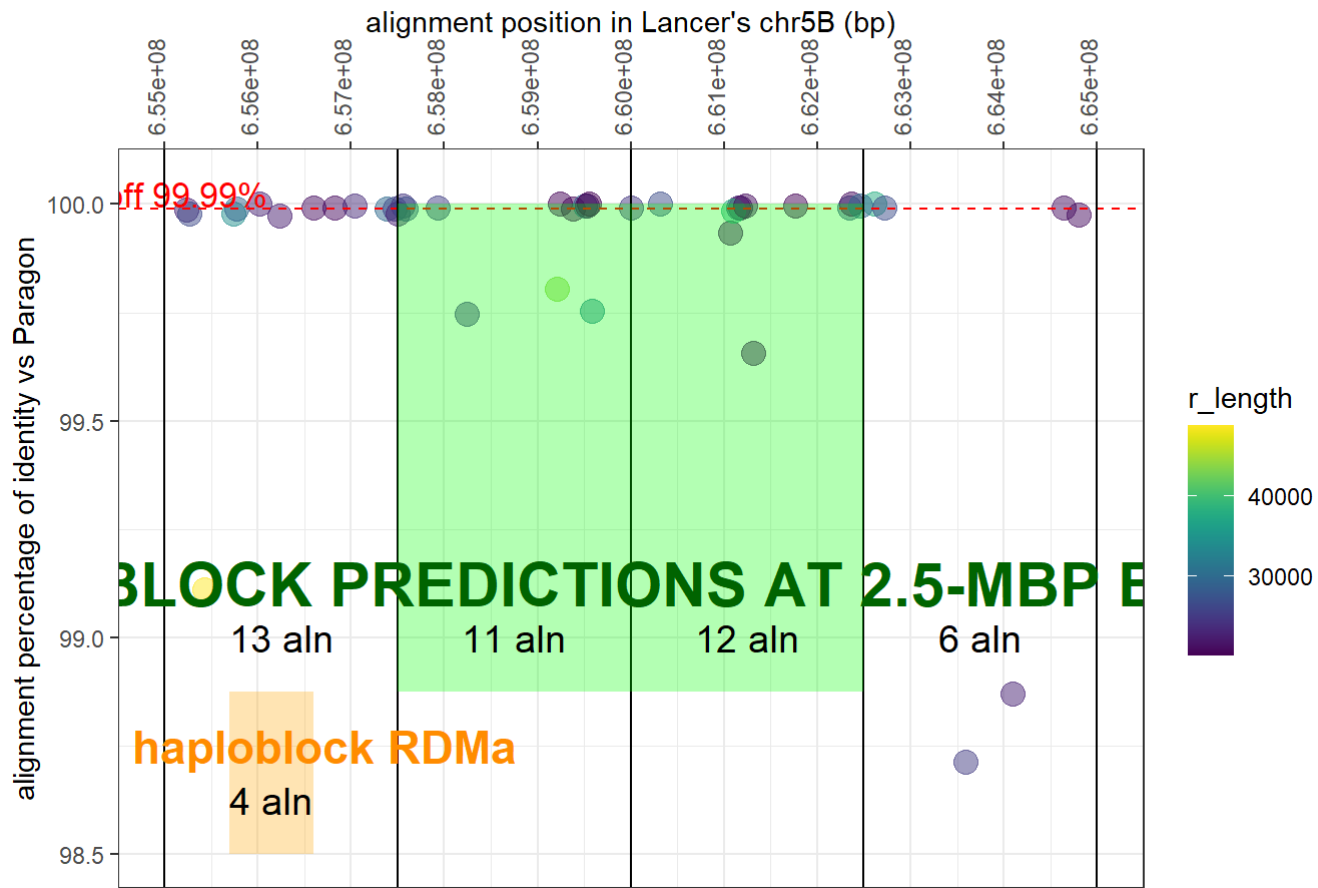
Percentage of identity of individual alignments: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region:



```
plot_aln_and_bins(aln_subset = aln_subset, bin_size = 2500000, zoom_start = zoom_start, zoom_end = zoom_end, highlighted_target = target, target_text = "SNP haploblock RDMa", fill_target = "orange", color_target_text = "darkorange", fill_predictions = "green", color_prediction_text = "darkgreen", ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly, dot_size = 4, x_label_gap = 1000000)
```

```
## [1] "BINS AT 2.5-MBP BIN SIZE"
##      bin perc_id_median cut_off block_no bin_start  bin_end aln_number
## 1 655000000      99.96227 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 652500000 655000000      13
## 2 657500000      99.98867 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 655000000 657500000      13
## 3 660000000      99.99211 >=99.99      1 657500000 660000000      11
## 4 662500000      99.99228 >=99.99      1 660000000 662500000      12
## 5 665000000      99.98336 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 662500000 665000000       6
## [1] "BLOCK SUMMARY AT 2.5-MBP BIN SIZE"
##      bin_size      comparison block_no block_start block_end
## 1 2.5-Mbp Lancer->Paragon      1 657500000 662500000
```

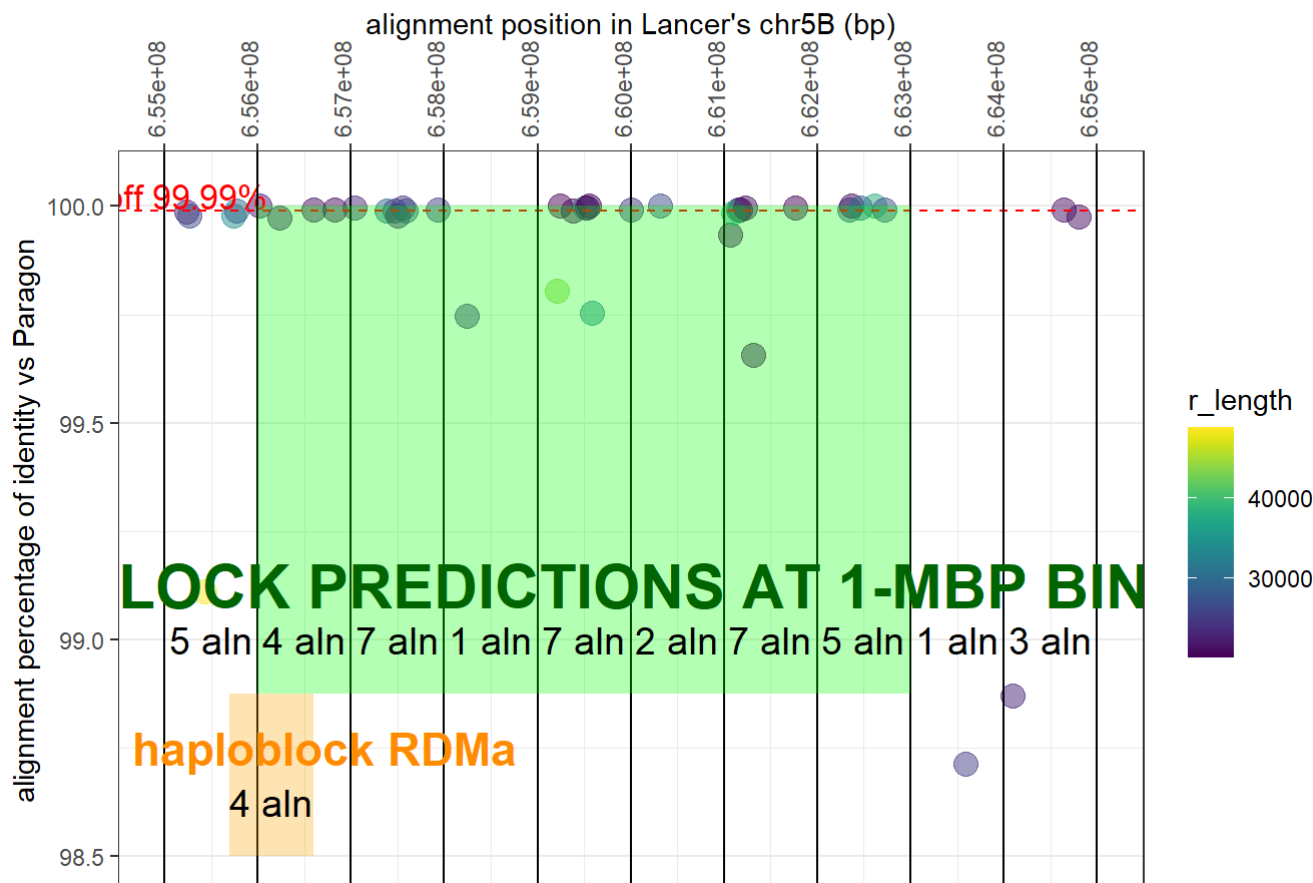
Percentage of identity of individual alignments: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region:



```
plot_aln_and_bins(aln_subset = aln_subset, bin_size = 1000000, zoom_start = zoom_start, zoom_end = zoom_end, highlighted_target = target, target_text = "SNP haploblock RDMa", fill_target = "orange", color_target_text = "darkorange", fill_predictions = "green", color_prediction_text = "darkgreen", ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly, dot_size = 4, x_label_gap = 1000000)
```

```
## [1] "BINS AT 1-MBP BIN SIZE"
##      bin perc_id median cut_off block_no bin_start bin_end aln_number
## 1 6.55e+08 99.92852 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 6.54e+08 6.55e+08 6
## 2 6.56e+08 99.97730 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 6.55e+08 6.56e+08 5
## 3 6.57e+08 99.99048 >=99.99 1 6.56e+08 6.57e+08 4
## 4 6.58e+08 99.98996 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 6.57e+08 6.58e+08 7
## 5 6.59e+08 99.74574 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 6.58e+08 6.59e+08 1
## 6 6.60e+08 99.99528 >=99.99 1 6.59e+08 6.60e+08 7
## 7 6.61e+08 99.99595 >=99.99 1 6.60e+08 6.61e+08 2
## 8 6.62e+08 99.99072 >=99.99 1 6.61e+08 6.62e+08 7
## 9 6.63e+08 99.99664 >=99.99 1 6.62e+08 6.63e+08 5
## 10 6.64e+08 98.71248 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 6.63e+08 6.64e+08 1
## 11 6.65e+08 99.97621 <99.99 NO_BLOCK 6.64e+08 6.65e+08 3
## [1] "BLOCK SUMMARY AT 1-MBP BIN SIZE"
##      bin_size comparison block_no block_start block_end
## 1 1-Mbp Lancer->Paragon 1 6.56e+08 6.63e+08
```

Percentage of identity of individual alignments: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region:



DEFINING NEW PARAMETERS

```
selected_start <- 655760000 # Genes will be extracted from this position. If you have no interest in redefining your region, simply write 'target_start' or 'zoom_start', to keep with the previous coordinates
selected_end <- 662740000 # Genes will be extracted until this position. If you have no interest in redefining your region, simply write 'target_end' or 'zoom_end', to keep with the previous coordinates
target_text <- "Potential new haploblock" # Text to print on the selected region

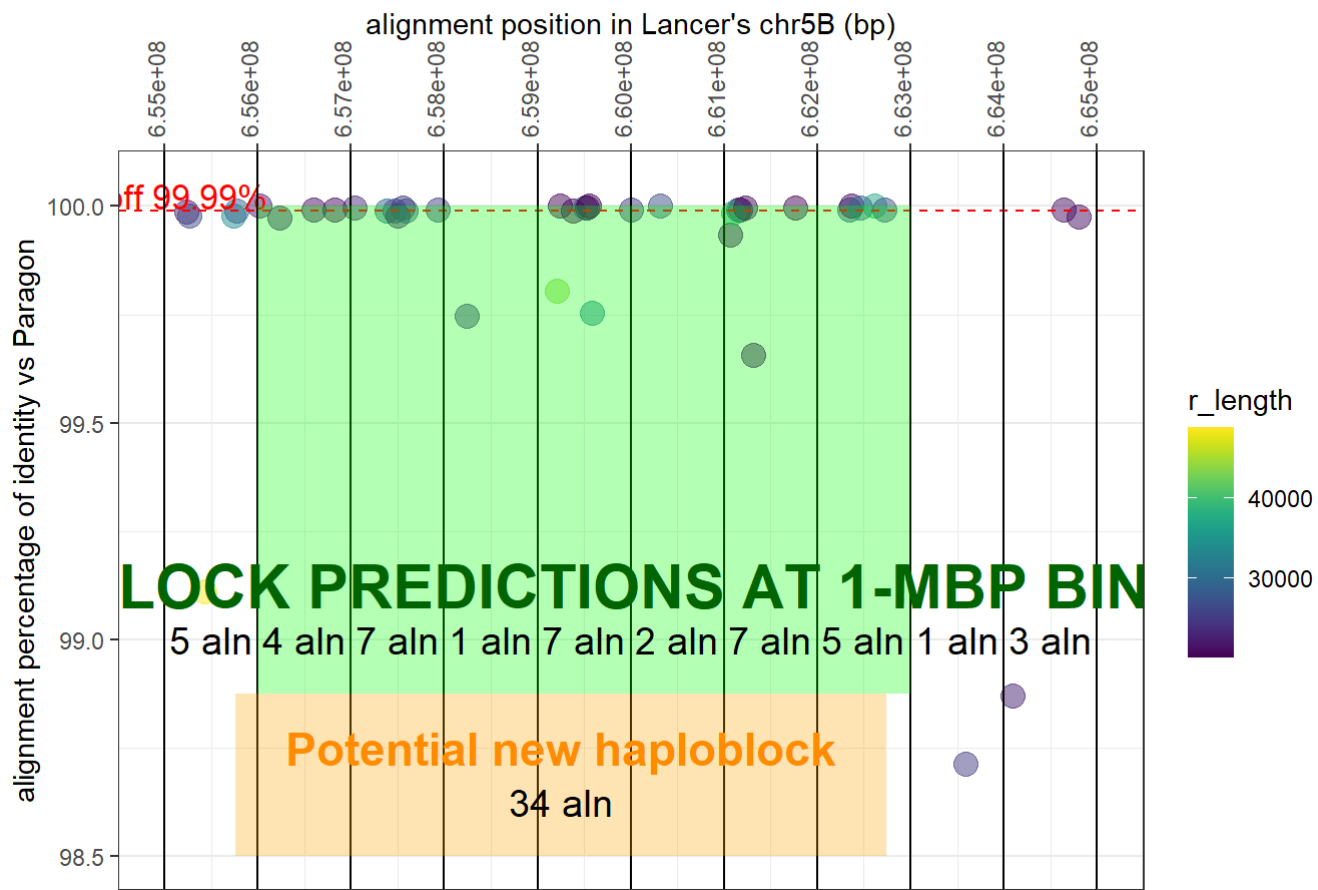
selected_haploblock <- data.frame(selected_start, selected_end)
print(selected_haploblock)
```

```
## selected_start selected_end
## 1 655760000 662740000
```

1.2.7. Plot summary graphs

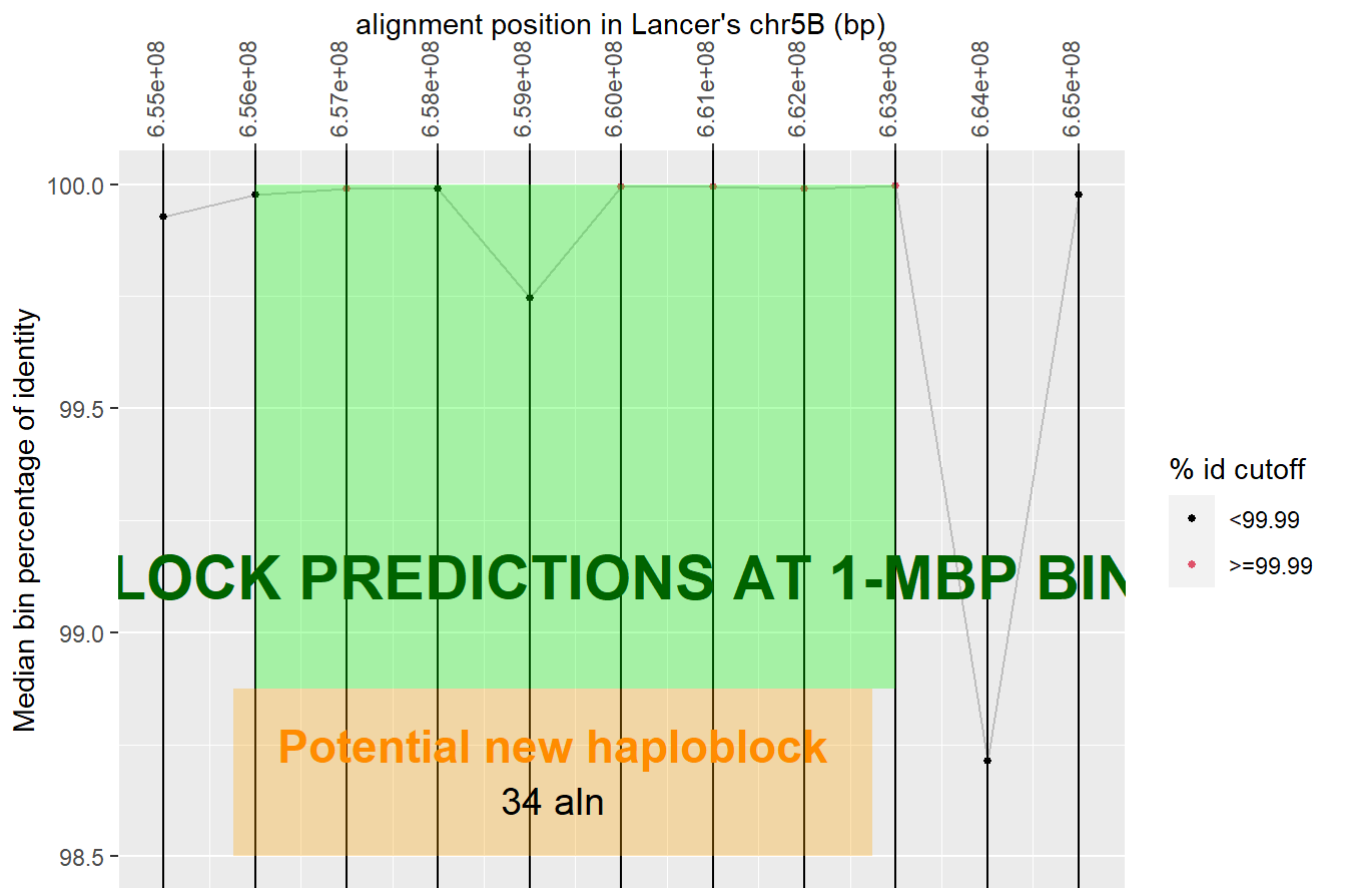
```
plot_aln_and_bins(print_tables = FALSE, aln_subset = aln_subset, bin_size = 1000000, zoom_start = zoom_start, zoom_end = zoom_end, highlighted_target = selected_haploblock, target_text = target_text, fill_target = "orange", color_target_text = "darkorange", fill_predictions = "green", color_prediction_text = "darkgreen", ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly, dot_size = 4, x_label_gap = 1000000)
```

Percentage of identity of individual alignments: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region:



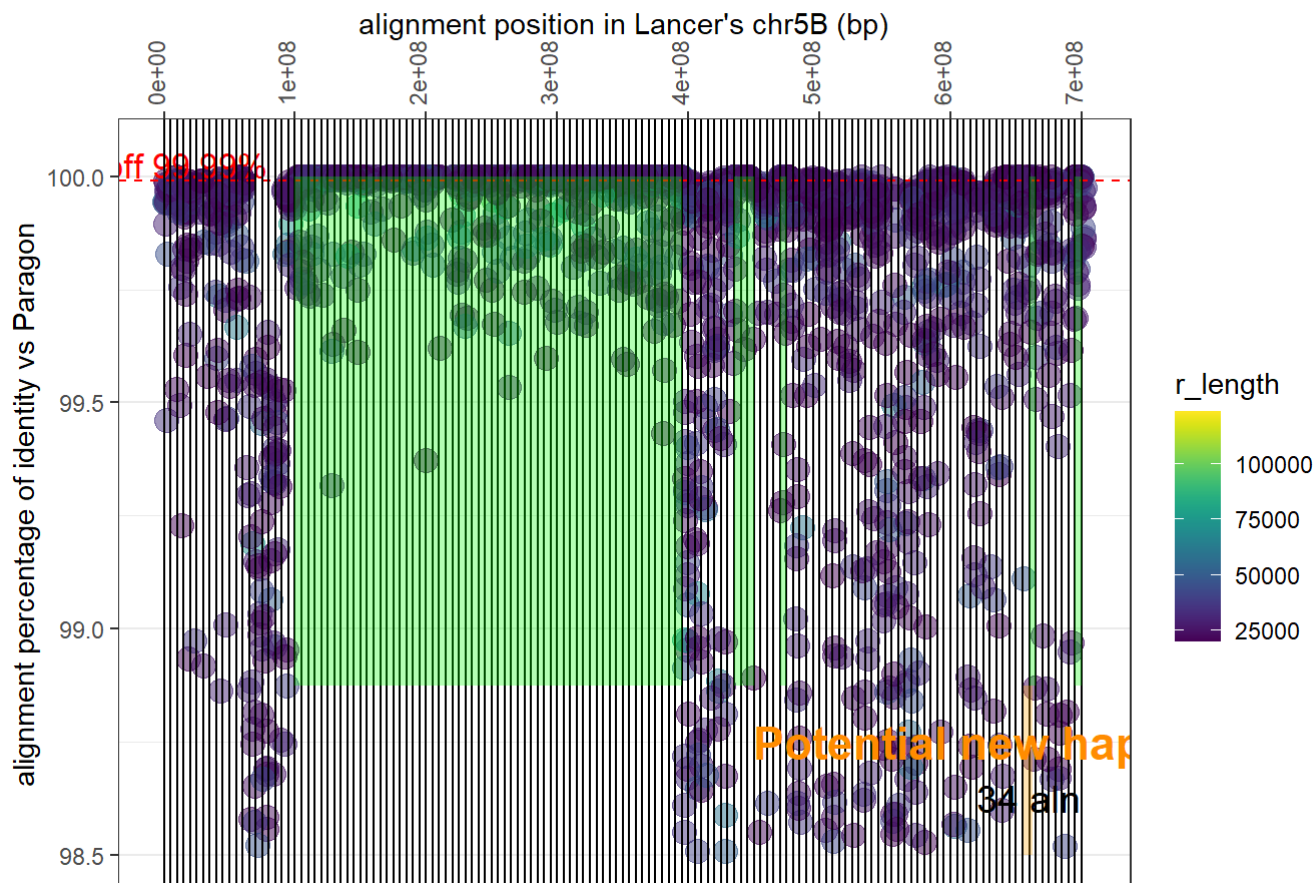
```
plot_bins_and_selected_region(print_tables = FALSE, aln_subset = aln_subset, bin_size = 100000, zoom_start = zoom_start, zoom_end = zoom_end, highlighted_target = selected_haploblock, target_text = target_text, fill_target = "orange", color_target_text = "darkorange", fill_predictions = "green", color_prediction_text = "darkgreen", ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly, dot_size = 4, x_label_gap = 100000)
```

Median line: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 6.55e+08-6.65e+08, bin size: 1-Mb



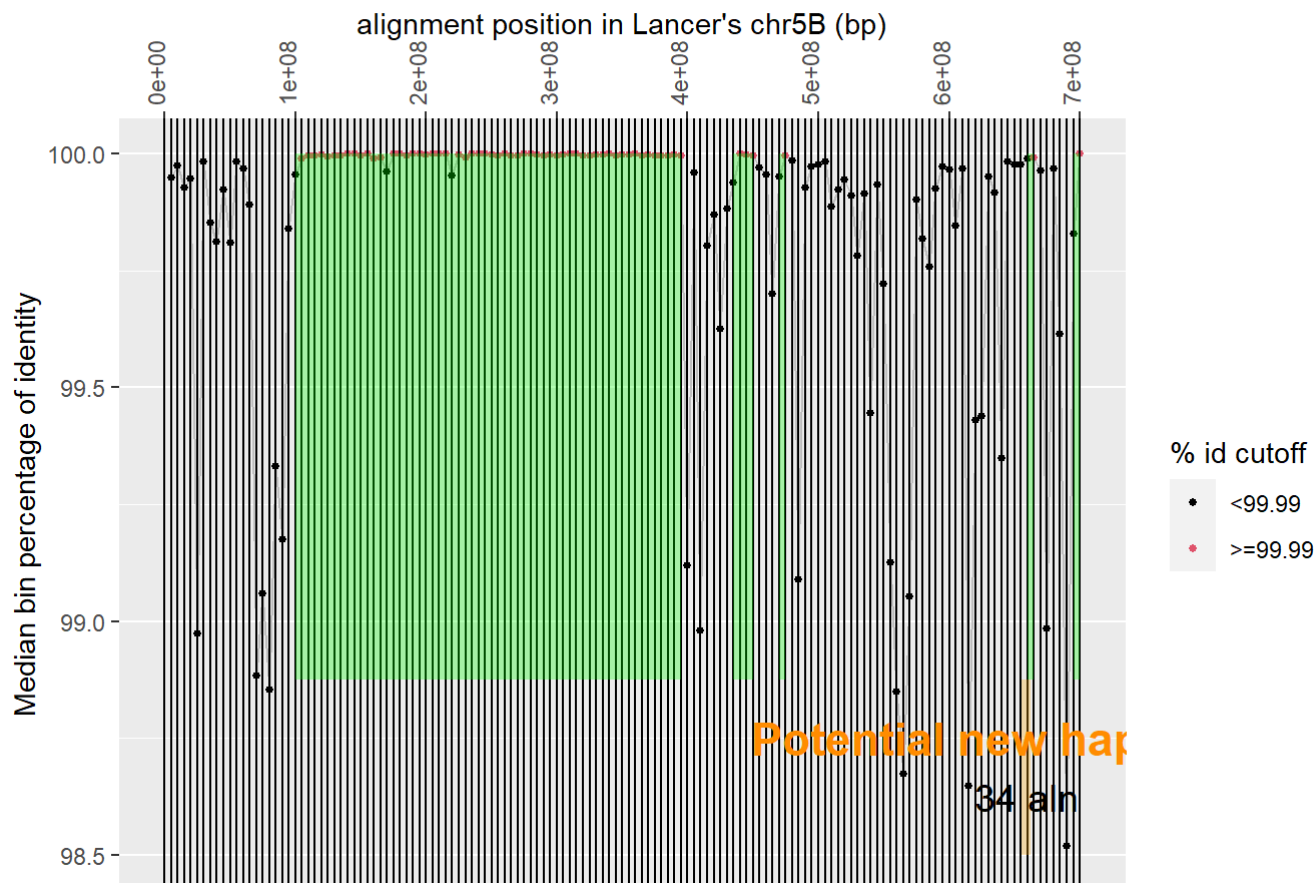
```
plot_aln_and_bins(print_tables = FALSE, aln_subset = aln_subset, bin_size = 5000000, zoom_start = 0, zoom_end = max(aln_subset$re), highlighted_target = selected_haploblock, target_text = target_text, fill_target = "orange", color_target_text = "darkorange", fill_predictions = "green", ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly, query_name = query_assembly, dot_size = 4, x_label_gap = 100000000, prediction_text = FALSE, aln_text = F)
```

Percentage of identity of individual alignments: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region:



```
plot_bins_and_selected_region(print_tables = FALSE, aln_subset = aln_subset, bin_size = 50000,
  zoom_start = 0, zoom_end = max(aln_subset$re), highlighted_target = selected_haploblock,
  target_text = target_text, fill_target = "orange", color_target_text = "darkorange", fill_predictions = "green",
  color_prediction_text = "darkgreen", ymin = 98.5, cut_off = 99.99, reference_name = reference_assembly,
  query_name = query_assembly, dot_size = 4, x_label_gap = 10000000, prediction_text = FALSE)
```

Median line: Lancer vs Paragon, zoom region: 0-702187321, bin size: 5-Mbp



2. IDENTIFY GENES WITHIN THE JUST-MAPPED HAPLOBLOCK

Requirements:

- File 'projectedGenes__Triticum_aestivum_REFERENCEassembly_v1.0.gff', in this case the reference is LongReach Lancer (downloadable from https://webblast.ipk-gatersleben.de/downloads/wheat/gene_projection/)
- File 'geneid_2_chinese.sourceid.txt' (downloadable from https://webblast.ipk-gatersleben.de/downloads/wheat/gene_projection/)

2.1. Download the files and save them in the working directory

2.2. Read the gff file containing the gene model projection for the reference assembly

```
ref_gff <- read.table ( file = "projectedGenes__Triticum_aestivum_LongReach_Lancer_v1.0.gff",
  sep = "\t" , header = F, stringsAsFactors = F)
```

2.3. Create subsets for gene projections only and edit the table


```
ref_gff_gene_only <- ref_gff[ref_gff$V3 == "gene",]
colnames(ref_gff_gene_only) <- c("chr", "annotation", "biotype", "start", "end", "score", "strand", "info", "ref_id")
ref_gff_gene_only$var_id <- gsub("ID=", "", ref_gff_gene_only$ref_id)
```

2.4. Create a subset for the haploblock

```
my_genes <- ref_gff_gene_only[grep(chromosome, ref_gff_gene_only$chr),]
my_genes <- my_genes[(my_genes$start >= selected_start) & (my_genes$end <= selected_end),]
```

2.5. Download 'geneid_2_chinese.sourceid.txt' from the last link and read the table

```
cs_id <- read.table(file = "geneid_2_chinese.sourceid.txt", sep="\t", header=T, stringsAsFactors = F)
```

2.6. Add a column to the subset with the IDs of the gene sources in Chinese Spring for each of Lancer's genes

```
my_genes <- cs_id_filler(data = my_genes, library = cs_id, chr = chromosome, ref.var = tolower(reference_assembly))
```

2.7. Extract the names of the genes in chromosome 5B separated by commas

```
my_gene_sources <- as.character(my_genes$cs_id[!grepl("^source", my_genes$cs_id)])
my_gene_sources_text <- paste(my_gene_sources, collapse = ", ")
write.table(x = my_gene_sources_text, file = "my_gene_sources.txt", sep = "", row.names = F, col.names = F, quote = F)

my_variety_genes <- as.character(my_genes$var_id[!grepl("^source", my_genes$cs_id)])
my_variety_genes_text <- paste(my_variety_genes, collapse = ", ")
write.table(x = my_variety_genes_text, file = "my_variety_genes.txt", sep = "", row.names = F, col.names = F, quote = F)

print_my_genes <- data.frame( "var_id" = my_genes$var_id, "chinese_id" = my_genes$cs_id)
write.csv2(x = print_my_genes, file = "my_genes_and_sources.csv", row.names = F, quote = F)
```

3. PROVE IF THE HAPLOBLOCK WAS CALLED BY GENE-BASED BLAST PAIRWISE ALIGNMENTS

Requirements:

- File 'varieties_all_identities_2000bp.tar.gz' (downloadable from https://opendata.earlham.ac.uk/wheat/under_license/toronto/Brinton_etal_2020-05-20-Haplotypes-for-wheat-breeding/pairwise_blast/)

(https://opendata.earlham.ac.uk/wheat/under_license/toronto/Brinton_etal_2020-05-20-Haplotypes-for-wheat-breeding/pairwise_blast/)

- File 'iwgsc_refseq_v1.2_gene_annotation.zip' (downloadable from https://urgi.versailles.inrae.fr/download/iwgsc/IWGSC_RefSeq_Annotations/v1.2/ (https://urgi.versailles.inrae.fr/download/iwgsc/IWGSC_RefSeq_Annotations/v1.2/))

3.1. Download the zip file, decompress it in the working directory and read the tables

```
HC_gtf <- read.table("IWGSC_v1.2_HC_20200615.gff3", sep = "\t", header = FALSE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
LC_gtf <- read.table("IWGSC_v1.2_LC_20200615.gff3", sep = "\t", header = FALSE, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
ALL_gtf <- rbind(HC_gtf, LC_gtf)
```

3.2. Extract the BLAST alignments and put them in table with Chinese Spring genes and their location in the IWGSC genome (long process)

```
BLAST_library <- read_pairwise_position(blast_path_gz = "varieties_all_identities_2000bp.tab.gz", gtf = ALL_gtf, write_table = "BLAST_library.tab")
```

3.3. Extract a subset with Lancer-Paragon comparison in chr5B

```
BLAST_subset <- BLAST_library[grepl(paste0(tolower(reference_assembly), "->", tolower(query_assembly)), sep = ""), BLAST_library$aln_type) & grepl(chromosome, BLAST_library$chr),]
```

3.4. Use the vector with the genes identified in the previous step to extract another subset with only the genes in our haploblock

```
BLAST_subset <- BLAST_subset[grepl(paste(my_gene_sources, collapse = "|"), BLAST_subset$transcript),]
write.csv2(x = BLAST_subset, file = "BLAST_subset.csv", row.names = F, quote = F)
```

Brinton et al (2020) only retained only gene projections consistent with the expected chromosome. This explains why this subset contains less genes than the total amount of annotated genes in our region.

```
colnames(BLAST_subset)[1] <- "cs_transcript"
colnames(BLAST_subset)[14] <- "cs_start"
colnames(BLAST_subset)[15] <- "cs_end"

BLAST_subset$var_transcript <- my_genes$var_id[grepl(paste(BLAST_subset$cs_transcript, collapse = "|"), my_genes$cs_id)]
BLAST_subset$var_start <- my_genes$start[grepl(paste(BLAST_subset$var_transcript, collapse = "|"), my_genes$var_id)]
BLAST_subset$var_end <- my_genes$end[grepl(paste(BLAST_subset$var_transcript, collapse = "|"), my_genes$var_id)]
```

Notice that some genes were filtered out if they contained more than one projection in the expected chromosome, so the amount of genes shown in this table is expected to be smaller than those found in lancer's projected genes in the region. The genes that were excluded can be seen here:

```
my_gene_sources[my_gene_sources %in% BLAST_subset$cs_transcript == FALSE]
```

```
## [1] "TraesCS5B02G496400" "TraesCS5B02G496700" "TraesCS5B02G497300"
## [4] "TraesCS5B02G497500" "TraesCS5B02G500500" "TraesCS5B02G500600"
## [7] "TraesCS5B02G500700" "TraesCS5B02G502700" "TraesCS5B02G503400"
## [10] "TraesCS5B02G503500" "TraesCS5B02G504400" "TraesCS5B02G552700"
```

```
my_genes$var_id[grepl(paste(my_gene_sources[my_gene_sources %in% BLAST_subset$cs_transcript =
= FALSE], collapse = "|"), my_genes$cs_id)]
```

```
## [1] "TraesLAC5B01G535600" "TraesLAC5B01G535800" "TraesLAC5B01G536100"
## [4] "TraesLAC5B01G536300" "TraesLAC5B01G539700" "TraesLAC5B01G539800"
## [7] "TraesLAC5B01G539900" "TraesLAC5B01G542300" "TraesLAC5B01G542700"
## [10] "TraesLAC5B01G542900" "TraesLAC5B01G543700" "TraesLAC5B01G544200"
```

We can extract another list containing only the genes that were present among the BLAST alignments

```
my_gene_sources_filtered_by_Brinton <- my_gene_sources[my_gene_sources %in% BLAST_subset$cs_t
ranscript == TRUE]
my_variety_genes_filtered_by_Brinton <- my_genes$var_id[grepl(paste(my_gene_sources [my_gene_
sources %in% BLAST_subset$cs_transcript == TRUE], collapse = "|"), my_genes$cs_id)]
my_gene_sources_filtered_by_Brinton_text <- paste(my_gene_sources_filtered_by_Brinton, collap
se = ", ")
write.table(x = my_gene_sources_filtered_by_Brinton_text, file = "my_gene_sources_filtered_by
_Brinton_text.txt", sep = "", row.names = F, col.names = F, quote = F)

my_variety_genes_filtered_by_Brinton_text <- paste(my_variety_genes_filtered_by_Brinton, coll
apse = ", ")
write.table(x = my_variety_genes_filtered_by_Brinton_text, file = "my_variety_genes_filtered_
by_Brinton_text.txt", sep = "", row.names = F, col.names = F, quote = F)

print_blast <- data.frame( "var_id" = my_variety_genes_filtered_by_Brinton_text, "chinese_id"
= my_gene_sources_filtered_by_Brinton_text)
write.csv2(x = print_blast, file = "my_genes_and_sources_filtered_by_Brinton.csv", row.names
= F, quote = F)
```

3.5. Calculate the percentage of identity in windows of 20 genes where genes containing Ns are filtered out

```
BLAST_subset <- BLAST_subset[ BLAST_subset$Ns_total == 0, ]

window_BLAST_subset <- edited_calculate_pid_windows(aln_data = BLAST_subset)
blocks_BLAST_subset <- assign_blocks(window_BLAST_subset)
```

```
## [1] "less than 100%"
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```

```
blocks_BLAST_subset
```

##	start	end	cs_start	cs_end	var_start	var_end	pident_mean
## 1	1	20	663134978	666196835	655761539	658486203	99.99828
## 2	2	21	663234734	666207172	656020702	658496928	99.99761
## 3	3	22	663796017	666209291	656553758	658499392	99.99761
## 4	4	23	664022132	666372136	656600250	658525735	99.99742
## 5	5	24	664672987	668463343	657035254	659882405	99.99742
## 6	6	25	664682920	668474547	657044824	659893484	99.99609
## 7	7	26	664726808	668519308	657104030	659938479	99.99609
## 8	8	27	664949927	668583715	657329620	660019299	99.99498
## 9	9	28	664979682	669217640	657359517	660818003	99.99587
## 10	10	29	664998106	669232964	657377616	660827247	99.99460
## 11	11	30	665016776	669292146	657396273	660884339	99.99254
## 12	12	31	665024295	669306368	657403038	660900818	99.99387
## 13	13	32	665170918	669452267	657534486	661060959	99.99280
## 14	14	33	665539582	669483645	657903967	661091774	99.99280
## 15	15	34	665560612	669898631	657925163	661273027	99.99280
## 16	16	35	665719477	669909637	658082849	661430757	99.99382
## 17	17	36	665767971	670099306	658131416	661722411	99.99146
## 18	18	37	665938590	670116476	658242152	661739162	99.99146
## 19	19	38	665939237	670118309	658242780	661741296	99.99146
## 20	20	39	666195640	670130079	658485922	661752676	99.99146
## 21	21	40	666202129	670246635	658492724	661761415	99.99146
## 22	22	41	666207065	670305619	658497166	661773746	99.99213
## 23	23	42	666371429	670694936	658525028	662378160	99.99213
## 24	24	43	668461124	670716758	659880577	662400081	99.99449
##	aln_type		start_cs_transcript	end_cs_transcript	start_var_transcript		
## 1	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G495900	TraesCS5B02G500000	TraesLAC5B01G535100		
## 2	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G496300	TraesCS5B02G500100	TraesLAC5B01G535500		
## 3	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G496600	TraesCS5B02G500200	TraesLAC5B01G535700		
## 4	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G497100	TraesCS5B02G500300	TraesLAC5B01G536000		
## 5	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G497700	TraesCS5B02G501100	TraesLAC5B01G536500		
## 6	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G497800	TraesCS5B02G501200	TraesLAC5B01G536600		
## 7	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G497900	TraesCS5B02G501300	TraesLAC5B01G536700		
## 8	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G498000	TraesCS5B02G501400	TraesLAC5B01G537100		
## 9	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G498100	TraesCS5B02G501600	TraesLAC5B01G537200		
## 10	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G498200	TraesCS5B02G501800	TraesLAC5B01G537300		
## 11	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G498300	TraesCS5B02G501900	TraesLAC5B01G537400		
## 12	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G498400	TraesCS5B02G502100	TraesLAC5B01G537500		
## 13	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G498500	TraesCS5B02G502200	TraesLAC5B01G537600		
## 14	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G498700	TraesCS5B02G502300	TraesLAC5B01G537800		
## 15	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G498800	TraesCS5B02G503200	TraesLAC5B01G537900		
## 16	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G498900	TraesCS5B02G503300	TraesLAC5B01G538000		
## 17	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G499100	TraesCS5B02G503700	TraesLAC5B01G538200		
## 18	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G499300	TraesCS5B02G503800	TraesLAC5B01G538400		
## 19	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G499400	TraesCS5B02G503900	TraesLAC5B01G538500		
## 20	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G500000	TraesCS5B02G504000	TraesLAC5B01G539000		
## 21	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G500100	TraesCS5B02G504100	TraesLAC5B01G539100		
## 22	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G500200	TraesCS5B02G504200	TraesLAC5B01G539200		
## 23	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G500300	TraesCS5B02G504600	TraesLAC5B01G539300		
## 24	lancer->paragon		TraesCS5B02G501100	TraesCS5B02G504700	TraesLAC5B01G540400		
##	end_var_transcript		block_no				
## 1	TraesLAC5B01G539000		NA				
## 2	TraesLAC5B01G539100		NA				
## 3	TraesLAC5B01G539200		NA				
## 4	TraesLAC5B01G539300		NA				
## 5	TraesLAC5B01G540400		NA				
## 6	TraesLAC5B01G540500		NA				

## 7	TraesLAC5B01G540600	NA
## 8	TraesLAC5B01G540700	NA
## 9	TraesLAC5B01G541300	NA
## 10	TraesLAC5B01G541500	NA
## 11	TraesLAC5B01G541600	NA
## 12	TraesLAC5B01G541800	NA
## 13	TraesLAC5B01G541900	NA
## 14	TraesLAC5B01G542000	NA
## 15	TraesLAC5B01G542400	NA
## 16	TraesLAC5B01G542600	NA
## 17	TraesLAC5B01G543100	NA
## 18	TraesLAC5B01G543200	NA
## 19	TraesLAC5B01G543300	NA
## 20	TraesLAC5B01G543400	NA
## 21	TraesLAC5B01G543500	NA
## 22	TraesLAC5B01G543600	NA
## 23	TraesLAC5B01G543800	NA
## 24	TraesLAC5B01G543900	NA